

The bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under the following provisions of the United States Constitution:

Article I, Section 1;
Article I, Section 8, Clause 1; and
Article I, Section 8, Clause 18.

By Mr. FATTAH:
H.R. 1340.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Congress shall have Power to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.

By Mr. FINCHER:

H.R. 1341.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

By Mr. FLEMING:

H.R. 1342.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Pursuant to Article I, Section 8, Clause 1, Congress has the ability to lay and collect taxes and to provide for the general welfare of the United States, and Amendment XVI.

By Ms. FUDGE:

H.R. 1343.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, §8, clause 3, the Commerce Clause.

By Ms. GABBARD:

H.R. 1344.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The U.S. Constitution including Article 1, Section 8.

By Mr. GOSAR:

H.R. 1345.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill addresses management of federal land. Accordingly, we turn to the following constitutional authority:

Article IV, Section 3, Clause 2.

The Congress shall have Power to dispose of and make all needful Rules and Regulations respecting the Territory or other Property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to Prejudice any Claims of the United States, or of any particular State.

Currently, the federal government possesses approximately 1.8 billion acres of land. The U.S. Constitution specifically addresses the relationship of the federal government to lands. Article IV, §3, Clause 2—the Property Clause—gives Congress plenary power and full authority over federal property. The U.S. Supreme Court has described Congress's power to legislate under this Clause as "without limitation." This bill falls squarely within the express Constitutional power set forth in the Property Clause. Congress has the right, if not the duty, to properly manage its public lands, including establishing forestation policies, and tree harvesting and tree salvaging.

By Mr. GRAYSON:

H.R. 1346.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3

"The Congress shall have Power . . . To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes."

By Mr. GRIJALVA:

H.R. 1347.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article IV, Section 3

By Mr. GRIJALVA:

H.R. 1348.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article IV, Section 3

By Mr. GRIJALVA:

H.R. 1349.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article IV, Section 3

By Mr. GRIJALVA:

H.R. 1350.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article IV, Section 3

By Mr. GRIJALVA:

H.R. 1351.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Section Article IV, Section 3

By Mr. GRIJALVA:

H.R. 1352.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article IV, Section 3

By Mr. HANNA:

H.R. 1353.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 1 of Section 8 of Article I of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. HECK of Nevada:

H.R. 1354.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8.1

By Mr. HUELSKAMP:

H.R. 1355.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This legislation is introduced under the authority of Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 and the Tenth Amendment to the United States Constitution. This bill restores the proper balance of power between the federal and state governments as intended under the Tenth Amendment to the United States Constitution by devolving the responsibility of providing food assistance for low income citizens to the states. It reinforces the founding constitutional principle that state governments are properly situated with attending to their citizens' health, safety, and general welfare.

By Mr. HUNTER:

H.R. 1356.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 7

By Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio:

H.R. 1357.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, section 8 of the Constitution of the United States.

By Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas:

H.R. 1358.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, section 8 of the Constitution of the United States.

By Mr. JONES:

H.R. 1359.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 5 of the U.S. Constitution, which grants Congress the authority to determine the rules of its own proceedings, and Article 1, Section 8 of the U.S. Constitution, which grants Congress the authority to make rules for the government and regulation of the armed forces.

By Mr. JONES:

H.R. 1360.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article 1, section 8 of the United States Constitu-

tion (clauses 12, 13, 14, and 16), which grants Congress the power to raise and support an Army; to provide and maintain a Navy; to make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces; and to provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia.

By Mr. KIND:

H.R. 1361.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 12:

To raise and support Armies, but no Appropriation of Money to that Use shall be for a longer Term than two Years;

By Mr. KING of New York:

H.R. 1362.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 6

The Congress shall have Power . . . To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. LABRADOR:

H.R. 1363.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article IV, Section 3 of the Constitution

By Mr. LARSON of Connecticut:

H.R. 1364.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 1 of Section 8 of Article I of the Constitution

Clause 3 of Section 8 of Article I of the Constitution

Amendment XVI of the Constitution

By Ms. LOFGREN:

H.R. 1365.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 4 of the Constitution.

By Mr. LYNCH:

H.R. 1366.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 section 8 Clause 3 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. LYNCH:

H.R. 1367.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 and Article I, Section 8, Clause 18

By Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York:

H.R. 1368.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3

The Congress shall have Power * * * To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.

By Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York:

H.R. 1369.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 the Commerce Clause

By Mr. MARKEY:

H.R. 1370.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 Section 8.

By Ms. MCCOLLUM:

H.R. 1371.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18, which gives Congress the power "To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing powers."

By Mr. MICHAUD:

H.R. 1372.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18: The Congress shall have Power to make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by the Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California:

H.R. 1373.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 3 & 18 of Section 8, Article I, of the U.S. Constitution

By Ms. MOORE:

H.R. 1374.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8

By Mr. MULLIN:

H.R. 1375.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article IV, Section 3 of the Constitution.

By Mr. PAYNE:

H.R. 1376.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority on which this bill rests is the power of Congress to make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 14 of the United States Constitution

By Mr. PEARCE:

H.R. 1377.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3 of the Constitution of the United States grants Congress the power to enact this law.

By Mr. PETERS of California:

H.R. 1378.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

By Mr. PIERLUISI:

H.R. 1379.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority on which this bill rests is the power of the Congress to provide for the general welfare of the United States, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the United States Constitution; to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution such power, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the Constitution; and to make rules and regulations respecting the U.S. territories, as enumerated in Article IV, Section 3, Clause 2 of the Constitution.

By Mr. QUIGLEY:

H.R. 1380.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

By Mr. ROKITA:

H.R. 1381.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1

The Congress shall have Power to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.

By Mr. RUPPERSBERGER:

H.R. 1382.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, §8, clause 3, the Commerce Clause.

By Mr. SABLAN:

H.R. 1383.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Under Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the Constitution, Congress has the power to collect taxes and expend funds to provide for the general welfare of the United States. Congress may also make laws that are necessary and proper for carrying into execution their powers enumerated under Article I.

By Mr. SABLAN:

H.R. 1384.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Under Article I, section 8 of the Constitution.

By Ms. SCHAKOWSKY:

H.R. 1385.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

By Mr. SCHOCK:

H.R. 1386.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority on which this bill rests is the power of Congress as stated in Article I, Section 8 of the Constitution of the United States.

By Mr. SCHRADER:

H.R. 1387.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution.

By Ms. SHEA-PORTER:

H.R. 1388.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8

By Ms. SLAUGHTER:

H.R. 1389.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

the constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article I, section 8 of the United States Constitution (clauses 12, 13, 14, 16, and 18).

By Mr. SMITH of New Jersey:

H.R. 1390.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority on which this bill is based is Congress's power under Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the Constitution.

By Mr. STIVERS:

H.R. 1391.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority on which this bill rests is the power of Congress to establish Post Offices and post roads, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 7 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. STIVERS:

H.R. 1392.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority on which this bill rests is the power of Congress to establish Post Offices and post roads, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 7 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. STIVERS:

H.R. 1393.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority on which this bill rests is the power of Congress to establish Post Offices and post roads, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 7 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. TIPTON:

H.R. 1394.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article IV Section 3 clause 2 of the United States Constitution.

By Ms. TITUS:

H.R. 1395.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. VALADAO:

H.R. 1396.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 of Section 8 of Clause 7 and Article 1 of Section 8 of Clause 18 of the Constitution.

By Ms. WATERS:

H.R. 1397.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clauses I, III, and XVIII of the Constitution of the United States.

By Mr. WITTMAN:

H.R. 1398.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article IV, Section 3 of the Constitution.

By Mr. YOUNG of Alaska:

H.R. 1399.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3

By Mr. YOUNG of Florida:

H.R. 1400.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, section 8 of the Constitution of the United States.

Mr. PASTOR of Arizona:

H.R. 1401.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, section 8, clause 4

ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions as follows:

H.R. 3: Mrs. ROBY and Mr. STEWART.

H.R. 24: Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. LANKFORD, and Mr. LIPINSKI.

H.R. 39: Mr. PIERLUISI and Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California.

H.R. 45: Mr. CARTER and Mr. DESANTIS.

H.R. 138: Mr. HASTINGS of Florida.

H.R. 139: Mr. PERLMUTTER.

H.R. 148: Mr. JONES.

H.R. 164: Mr. SWALWELL of California.

H.R. 223: Mr. COSTA.

H.R. 258: Mr. DEFAZIO and Mr. HUDSON.

H.R. 262: Mr. BARLETTA.

H.R. 280: Ms. MOORE.

H.R. 309: Mrs. HARTZLER, Mr. WENSTRUP, Mr. SHIMKUS, Mr. FLEISCHMANN, Mr. DESJARLAIS, Mrs. NOEM, Mr. HALL, Mr. ROE of Tennessee, Mr. SOUTHERLAND, Mr. KING of Iowa, and Mr. ROSS.

H.R. 311: Mrs. ROBY.

H.R. 312: Mr. VARGAS.

H.R. 324: Mr. ANDREWS, Mr. DEUTCH, Mr. FARR, Mr. ISSA, Mr. LARSON of Connecticut, Mr. LATHAM, Mr. MORAN, Mr. OLSON, Ms. SEWELL of Alabama, Mr. THOMPSON of California, Mr. WELCH, Mr. WOLF, Ms. CASTOR of Florida, Mr. COLLINS of Georgia, Mr. CONNOLLY, Mr. CULBERSON, Mr. DEFAZIO, Mr. FORTENBERRY, Mr. GENE GREEN of Texas, Ms. HANABUSA, Mr. HANNA, Mr. HOLDING, Mr. HUELSKAMP, Mr. KIND, Mrs. LOWEY, Mr. McDERMOTT, Mr. PAULSEN, Mr. PERLMUTTER, Mr. PETERS of California, Mr. PRICE of North Carolina, Mr. RIBBLE, Mr. VAN HOLLEN, Mr. TAKANO, Mr. SIREY, Mr. SCHWEIKERT, Mr. RUIZ, Mr. ROTHFUS, Mr. HARPER, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. PASTOR of Arizona, and Mr. O'ROURKE.