

grade indicated under title 10, U.S.C., section 12203:

To be major general

Brig. Gen. Lawrence W. Brock

The following Army National Guard of the United States officer for appointment in the Reserve of the Army to the grade indicated under title 10, U.S.C., section 12203 and 12211:

To be major general

Brig. Gen. Reynold N. Hoover

The following named officer for appointment in the United States Army to the grade indicated while assigned to a position of importance and responsibility under title 10, U.S.C., section 601:

To be lieutenant general

Maj. Gen. James O. Barclay, III

The following named officer for appointment in the United States Army to the grade indicated while assigned to a position of importance and responsibility under title 10, U.S.C., section 601:

To be lieutenant general

Lt. Gen. Donald M. Campbell, Jr.

The following named officer for appointment as the Chief of the National Guard Bureau and for appointment to the grade indicated in the Reserve of the Army under title 10, U.S.C., sections 10502 and 601:

To be general

Lt. Gen. Frank J. Grass

The following named officer for appointments in the United States Army to the grade indicated while assigned to a position of importance and responsibility under title 10, U.S.C., section 601:

To be lieutenant general

Maj. Gen. David R. Hogg

The following Army National Guard of the United States officer for appointment in the Reserve of the Army to the grade indicated under title 10, U.S.C., section 12203 and 12211:

To be major general

Brig. Gen. Joyce L. Stevens

IN THE NAVY

The following named officer for appointment in the United States Navy to the grade indicated while assigned to a position of importance and responsibility under title 10, U.S.C., section 601:

To be vice admiral

Vice Adm. Allen G. Myers

The following named officers for appointment in the United States Navy to the grade indicated under title 10, U.S.C., section 624:

To be rear admiral (lower half)

Captain John D. Alexander
 Captain Bret C. Batchelder
 Captain Ronald A. Boxall
 Captain Robert P. Burke
 Captain David J. Hahn
 Captain Alexander L. Krongard
 Captain Andrew L. Lewis
 Captain Bruce H. Lindsey
 Captain Dee L. Mewbourne
 Captain John P. Neagley
 Captain Partick A. Piercey
 Captain Markham K. Rich
 Captain Charles A. Richard
 Captain Cynthia M. Thebaud
 Captain Brad Williamson
 Captain Ricky L. Williamson

The following named officer for appointment to the grade of Admiral in the United States Navy while assigned to a position of importance and responsibility under title 10, U.S.C., section 601 and title 42, U.S.C., section 7158;

To be admiral

Vice Adm. John M. Richardson

The following named officer from appointment in the United States Navy to the grade indicated while assigned to a position of importance and responsibility under title 10, U.S.C., section 601:

To be vice admiral

Rear Adm. David A. Dunaway

IN THE MARINE CORPS

The following named officer for appointment to the grade of general in the United States Marine Corps while assigned to a position of importance and responsibility under title 10, U.S.C., section 601:

To be general

Lt. Gen. John F. Kelly

NOMINATIONS PLACED ON THE SECRETARY'S DESK

IN THE AIR FORCE

PN1545 AIR FORCE nominations (89) beginning JOLENE A. AINSWORTH, and ending DAVID C. ZIMMERMAN, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of April 23, 2012.

PN1781 AIR FORCE nominations (2) beginning UCHEENNA L. UMEH, and ending DANIEL X. CHOI, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of June 25, 2012.

PN1782 AIR FORCE nominations (14) beginning CATHERINE M. FAHLING, and ending LE T. ZIMMERMAN, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of June 25, 2012.

PN1821 AIR FORCE nominations (3) beginning SEAN J. HISLOP, and ending LUCAS P. NEFF, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of July 17, 2012.

IN THE ARMY

PN1785 ARMY nomination of Karen A. Baldi, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of June 25, 2012.

PN1786 ARMY nomination of Christopher W. Soika, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of June 25, 2012.

PN1787 ARMY nomination of Luis A. Riveraberrios, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of June 25, 2012.

PN1788 ARMY nomination of Kimon A. Nicolaidis, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of June 25, 2012.

PN1789 ARMY nominations (2) beginning PENNY P. KALUA, and ending JOSEPH A. TRINIDAD, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of June 25, 2012.

PN1822 ARMY nominations (333) beginning CHAD S. ABBEY, and ending JARED K. ZOTZ, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of July 17, 2012.

PN1823 ARMY nominations (58) beginning JEFFREY E. AYCOCK, and ending ERIC W. YOUNG, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of July 17, 2012.

PN1824 ARMY nominations (8) beginning BRENT A. BECKLEY, and ending STEPHEN J. WARD, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of July 17, 2012.

PN1825 ARMY nomination of Brian J. Eastridge, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of July 17, 2012.

IN THE NAVY

PN1809 NAVY nominations (106) beginning JOEL A. AHLGRIM, and ending MARK L. WOODBRIDGE, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of July 11, 2012.

PN1810 NAVY nominations (15) beginning JOHN E. BISSELL, and ending STEPHEN S. YUNE, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of July 11, 2012.

PN1811 NAVY nominations (37) beginning ROBERT L. ANDERSON, II, and ending CAROL B. ZWIEBACH, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of July 11, 2012.

PN1812 NAVY nominations (15) beginning MARC S. BREWEN, and ending DUSTIN E. WALLACE, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of July 11, 2012.

PN1813 NAVY nominations (87) beginning LUCELINA B. BADURA, and ending WILLIAM A. YOUNG, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of July 11, 2012.

PN1814 NAVY nominations (20) beginning JASON W. ADAMS, and ending SHAWN M. TRIGGS, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of July 11, 2012.

PN1815 NAVY nominations (20) beginning DAVID L. CLINE, and ending DAVID S. YANG, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of July 11, 2012.

PN1816 NAVY nominations (25) beginning EMILY Z. ALLEN, and ending JONATHAN P. WITHAM, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of July 11, 2012.

LEGISLATIVE SESSION

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the Senate resumes legislative session.

HAQQANI NETWORK TERRORIST DESIGNATION ACT OF 2012

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, I ask the Chair to lay before the Senate a message from the House with respect to S. 1959.

The Presiding officer laid before the Senate the following message from the House of Representatives:

Resolved, That the bill from the Senate (S. 1959) entitled "An Act to require a report on the designation of the Haqqani Network as a foreign terrorist organization and for other purposes," do pass with the following amendment:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Haqqani Network Terrorist Designation Act of 2012".

SEC. 2. REPORT ON DESIGNATION OF THE HAQQANI NETWORK AS A FOREIGN TERRORIST ORGANIZATION.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) A report of the Congressional Research Service on relations between the United States and Pakistan states that "[t]he terrorist network led by Jalaluddin Haqqani and his son Sirajuddin, based in the FATA, is commonly identified as the most dangerous of Afghan insurgent groups battling U.S.-led forces in eastern Afghanistan".

(2) The report further states that, in mid-2011, the Haqqanis undertook several high-visibility attacks in Afghanistan. First, a late June assault on the Intercontinental Hotel in Kabul by 8 Haqqani gunmen and suicide bombers left 18 people dead. Then, on September 10, a truck bomb attack on a United States military base by Haqqani fighters in the Wardak province injured 77 United States troops and killed 5 Afghans. A September 13 attack on the United

States Embassy compound in Kabul involved an assault that sparked a 20-hour-long gun battle and left 16 Afghans dead, 5 police officers and at least 6 children among them.

(3) The report further states that “U.S. and Afghan officials concluded the Embassy attackers were members of the Haqqani network”.

(4) In September 22, 2011, testimony before the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate, Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Admiral Mullen stated that “[t]he Haqqani network, for one, acts as a veritable arm of Pakistan’s Inter-Services Intelligence agency. With ISI support, Haqqani operatives plan and conducted that [September 13] truck bomb attack, as well as the assault on our embassy. We also have credible evidence they were behind the June 28th attack on the Intercontinental Hotel in Kabul and a host of other smaller but effective operations”.

(5) In October 27, 2011, testimony before the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, Secretary of State Hillary Clinton stated that “we are taking action to target the Haqqani leadership on both sides of the border. We’re increasing international efforts to squeeze them operationally and financially. We are already working with the Pakistanis to target those who are behind a lot of the attacks against Afghans and Americans. And I made it very clear to the Pakistanis that the attack on our embassy was an outrage and the attack on our forward operating base that injured 77 of our soldiers was a similar outrage.”

(6) At the same hearing, Secretary of State Clinton further stated that “I think everyone agrees that the Haqqani Network has safe havens inside Pakistan; that those safe havens give them a place to plan and direct operations that kill Afghans and Americans.”

(7) On November 1, 2011, the United States Government added Haji Mali Kahn to a list of specially designated global terrorists under Executive Order 13224. The Department of State described Khan as “a Haqqani Network commander” who has “overseen hundreds of fighters, and has instructed his subordinates to conduct terrorist acts.” The designation continued, “Mali Khan has provided support and logistics to the Haqqani Network, and has been involved in the planning and execution of attacks in Afghanistan against civilians, coalition forces, and Afghan police”. According to Jason Blazakis, the chief of the Terrorist Designations Unit of the Department of State, Khan also has links to al-Qaeda.

(8) Five other top Haqqani Network leaders have been placed on the list of specially designated global terrorists under Executive Order 13224 since 2008, and three of them have been so placed in the last year. Sirajuddin Haqqani, the overall leader of the Haqqani Network as well as the leader of the Taliban’s Mira shah Regional Military Shura, was designated by the Secretary of State as a terrorist in March 2008, and in March 2009, the Secretary of State put out a bounty of \$5,000,000 for information leading to his capture. The other four individuals so designated are Nasiruddin Haqqani, Khalil al Rahman Haqqani, Badruddin Haqqani, and Mullah Sangeen Zadrani.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) the Haqqani Network meets the criteria for designation as a foreign terrorist organization as set forth in section 219 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1189); and

(2) the Secretary of State should so designate the Haqqani Network as a foreign terrorist organization under such section 219.

(c) REPORT.—

(1) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress—

(A) a detailed report on whether the Haqqani Network meets the criteria for designation as a foreign terrorist organization as set forth in sec-

tion 219 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1189); and

(B) if the Secretary determines that the Haqqani Network does not meet the criteria set forth under such section 219, a detailed justification as to which criteria have not been met.

(2) FORM.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

(3) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(A) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate; and

(B) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.

(d) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this Act may be construed to infringe upon the sovereignty of Pakistan to combat militant or terrorist groups operating inside the boundaries of Pakistan.

Mr. SCHUMER. I make a motion to concur in the House amendment, and I know of no further debate on this measure.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the motion. The motion was agreed to.

Mr. SCHUMER. I ask unanimous consent that the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table and that any statements relating to the bill be printed at this point in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

LIONS CLUBS INTERNATIONAL CENTURY OF SERVICE COMMEMORATIVE COIN ACT

Mr. SCHUMER. I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs be discharged from further consideration of S. 1299 and that the Senate proceed to its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered. The clerk will report the bill by title.

The bill clerk read as follows:

A bill (S. 1299) to require the Secretary of the Treasury to mint coins in commemoration of the centennial of the establishment of Lions Clubs International.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. SCHUMER. I ask unanimous consent that the bill be read a third time and passed, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements relating to the bill be printed in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The bill (S. 1299) was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, was read the third time, and passed, as follows:

S. 1299

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Lions Clubs International Century of Service Commemorative Coin Act”.

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

The Congress finds as follows:

(1) Lions Clubs International is the world’s largest service club organization founded in 1917 by Chicago business leader Melvin Jones. Lions Clubs International empowers volunteers to serve their communities, meet humanitarian needs, encourage peace and promote international understanding through Lions clubs.

(2) Today, Lions Clubs International has over 1.35 million members in more than 45,000 clubs globally, extending its mission of service throughout the world every day.

(3) In 1945, Lions Clubs International became one of the first nongovernmental organizations invited to assist in drafting the United Nations Charter and has enjoyed a special relationship with the United Nations ever since.

(4) In 1968, Lions Clubs International Foundation was established to assist with global and large-scale local humanitarian projects and has since then awarded more than \$700 million to fund five unique areas of service: preserving sight, combating disability, promoting health, serving youth and providing disaster relief.

(5) In 1990, the Lions Clubs International Foundation launched the SightFirst program to build comprehensive eye care systems to fight the major causes of blindness and care for the blind or visually impaired. Thanks to the generosity of Lions worldwide, over \$415 million has been raised, resulting in the prevention of serious vision loss in 30 million people and improved eye care for hundreds of millions of people.

(6) On June 7, 2017, Lions Clubs International will celebrate 100 years of community service to men, women, and children in need throughout the world.

SEC. 3. COIN SPECIFICATIONS.

(a) \$1 SILVER COINS.—The Secretary of the Treasury (hereafter in this Act referred to as the “Secretary”) shall mint and issue not more than 400,000 \$1 coins in commemoration of the centennial of the founding of the Lions Clubs International, each of which shall—

(1) weigh 26.73 grams;

(2) have a diameter of 1.500 inches; and

(3) contain 90 percent silver and 10 percent copper.

(b) LEGAL TENDER.—The coins minted under this Act shall be legal tender, as provided in section 5103 of title 31, United States Code.

(c) NUMISMATIC ITEMS.—For purposes of sections 5134 and 5136 of title 31, United States Code, all coins minted under this Act shall be considered to be numismatic items.

SEC. 4. DESIGN OF COINS.

(a) DESIGN REQUIREMENTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The design of the coins minted under this Act shall be emblematic of the centennial of the Lions Clubs International.

(2) DESIGNATION AND INSCRIPTIONS.—On each coin minted under this Act, there shall be—

(A) a designation of the value of the coin;

(B) an inscription of the year “2017”; and

(C) inscriptions of the words “Liberty”, “In God We Trust”, “United States of America”, and “E Pluribus Unum”.

(b) SELECTION.—The design for the coins minted under this Act shall be—

(1) chosen by the Secretary after consultation with Lions Clubs International Special Centennial Planning Committee and the Commission of Fine Arts; and

(2) reviewed by the Citizens Coinage Advisory Committee.

SEC. 5. ISSUANCE OF COINS.

(a) QUALITY OF COINS.—Coins minted under this Act shall be issued in uncirculated and proof qualities.

(b) MINT FACILITY.—Only one facility of the United States Mint may be used to