

Burton (IN)	Herger	Poe (TX)	Hochul	Meeks	Schakowsky	Connolly (VA)	Jones	Rehberg
Calvert	Herrera Beutler	Pompeo	Holden	Michaud	Schiff	Cooper	Jordan	Reichert
Camp	Huelskamp	Posey	Holt	Miller (NC)	Schrader	Courtney	Kaptur	Reyes
Campbell	Huizenga (MI)	Price (GA)	Honda	Moore	Schwartz	Crawford	Kelly	Richardson
Canseco	Hultgren	Quayle	Hoyer	Moran	Scott (VA)	Crenshaw	Kildee	Richmond
Cantor	Hunter	Reed	Israel	Murphy (CT)	Scott, David	Crowley	King (NY)	Rivera
Capito	Hurt	Rehberg	Jackson Lee	Nadler	Serrano	Cuellar	Kingston	Roby
Carter	Issa	Reichert	(TX)	Napolitano	Sewell	Culberson	Kissell	Rogers (AL)
Cassidy	Jenkins	Renacci	Johnson (GA)	Neal	Sherman	Cummings	Kline	Rogers (KY)
Chabot	Johnson (IL)	Ribble	Johnson, E. B.	Olver	Shuler	Davis (CA)	Labrador	Rogers (MI)
Chaffetz	Johnson (OH)	Rigell	Kaptur	Owens	Sires	Davis (IL)	Lamborn	Rohrabacher
Coble	Johnson, Sam	Rivera	Keating	Pallone	Slaughter	Davis (KY)	Lance	Rokita
Coffman (CO)	Jones	Roby	Kildee	Pascrell	Smith (WA)	DeGette	Langevin	Ros-Lehtinen
Cole	Jordan	Roe (TN)	Kind	Pastor (AZ)	Speier	DeLauro	Lankford	Roskam
Conaway	Kelly	Rogers (AL)	Kucinich	Pelosi	Stark	DesJarlais	Larsen (WA)	Ross (AR)
Cravaack	King (NY)	Rogers (KY)	Langevin	Perlmutter	Sutton	Deutch	LaTourette	Ross (FL)
Crawford	Kingston	Rogers (MI)	Larsen (WA)	Peters	Thompson (CA)	Diaz-Balart	Latta	Rothman (NJ)
Crenshaw	Kinzingler (IL)	Rohrabacher	Larson (CT)	Peterson	Thompson (MS)	Dicks	Levin	Royal-Allard
Culberson	Kissell	Rokita	Lee (CA)	Pingree (ME)	Tierney	Dingell	Lewis (CA)	Royce
Davis (KY)	Kline	Rooney	Levin	Polis	Tonko	Doggett	Lipinski	Runyan
Denham	Labrador	Ros-Lehtinen	Lewis (GA)	Price (NC)	Towns	Dreier	Loeback	Ruppersberger
Dent	Lamborn	Roskam	Lipinski	Quigley	Tsongas	Duncan (SC)	Lofgren, Zoe	Rush
DesJarlais	Lance	Ross (AR)	Loeback	Rahall	Van Hollen	Duncan (TN)	Long	Ryan (WI)
Diaz-Balart	Landry	Ross (FL)	Lofgren, Zoe	Rangel	Velázquez	Edwards	Lucas	Sarbanes
Dold	Lankford	Royce	Lowe	Reyes	Visclosky	Ellmers	Luetkemeyer	Scalise
Dreier	Latham	Ryunan	Luján	Richardson	Walz (MN)	Emerson	Luján	Schiff
Duffy	LaTourette	Ryan (WI)	Lynch	Richmond	Wasserman	Engel	Lungren, Daniel	Schmidt
Duncan (SC)	Latta	Scalise	Maloney	Rothman (NJ)	Schultz	Eshoo	E.	Schock
Duncan (TN)	Lewis (CA)	Schilling	Markey	Roybal-Allard	Waters	Farr	Mack	Schrader
Ellmers	LoBiondo	Schmidt	Matheson	Ruppersberger	Watt	Fattah	Maloney	Schwartz
Emerson	Long	Schock	Matsui	Rush	Waxman	Fincher	Manzullo	Schweikert
Farenthold	Lucas	Schweikert	McCarthy (NY)	Ryan (OH)	Welch	Flake	Marchant	Scott (SC)
Fincher	Luetkemeyer	Scott (SC)	McCollum	Sánchez, Linda	Wilson (FL)	Fleischmann	Marino	Scott (VA)
Fitzpatrick	Lummis	Scott, Austin	McDermott	T.	Woolsey	Fleming	Markey	Scott, Austin
Flake	Lungren, Daniel	Sensenbrenner	McGovern	Sanchez, Loretta	Yarmuth	Flores	Matsui	Scott, David
Fleischmann	E.	Sessions	McNerney	Sarbanes		Fortenberry	McCarthy (CA)	Sensenbrenner
Fleming	Mack	Shimkus				Frank (MA)	McCarthy (NY)	Serrano
Flores	Manzullo	Shuster	Akin	Gutierrez	King (IA)	Franks (AZ)	McCaul	Sessions
Forbes	Marchant	Simpson	Bishop (NY)	Hirono	Miller, George	Frelinghuysen	McClintock	Sewell
Fortenberry	Marino	Smith (NE)	Bonner	Jackson (IL)	Woodall	Fudge	McCollum	Sherman
Fox	McCarthy (CA)	Smith (NJ)				Gallely	McHenry	Shimkus
Franks (AZ)	McCaul	Smith (TX)				Garamendi	McIntyre	Shuler
Frelinghuysen	McClintock	Southerland				Gibbs	McKeon	Shuster
Gallely	McHenry	Stearns				Gingrey (GA)	McKinley	Simpson
Gardner	McIntyre	Stivers				Gonzalez	McMorris	Smith (NE)
Garrett	McKeon	Stutzman				Goodlatte	Rodgers	Smith (NJ)
Gerlach	McKinley	Sullivan				Gosar	McNerney	Smith (TX)
Gibbs	McMorris	Terry				Gowdy	Meeks	Smith (WA)
Gibson	Rodgers	Thompson (PA)				Granger	Mica	Southerland
Gingrey (GA)	Meehan	Thornberry				Graves (GA)	Michaud	Speier
Gohmert	Mica	Tiberi				Green, Al	Miller (FL)	Stark
Goodlatte	Miller (FL)	Tipton				Griffith (VA)	Miller (MI)	Stearns
Gosar	Miller (MI)	Turner (NY)				Grimm	Miller (NC)	Stutzman
Gowdy	Miller, Gary	Turner (OH)				Guthrie	Miller, Gary	Sullivan
Granger	Mulvaney	Upton				Hahn	Moran	Sutton
Graves (GA)	Murphy (PA)	Walberg				Hall	Mulvaney	Thompson (PA)
Graves (MO)	Myrick	Walden				Hanabusa	Murphy (CT)	Thornberry
Griffin (AR)	Neugebauer	Walsh (IL)				Harper	Myrick	Tiberi
Griffith (VA)	Noem	Webster				Harris	Nadler	Tierney
Grimm	Nugent	West				Hartzler	Napolitano	Tonko
Guinta	Nunes	Westmoreland				Hastings (WA)	Neal	Tsongas
Guthrie	Nunnelee	Whitfield				Hayworth	Neugebauer	Turner (NY)
Hall	Olson	Wilson (SC)				Heinrich	Noem	Turner (OH)
Hanna	Palazzo	Wittman				Hensarling	Nunes	Upton
Harper	Paul	Wolf				Herger	Nunnelee	Van Hollen
Harris	Paulsen	Womack				Higgins	Olson	Walz (MN)
Hartzler	Pearce	Yoder				Himes	Palazzo	Wasserman
Hastings (WA)	Pence	Young (AK)				Hinojosa	Pascrell	Wasserman
Hayworth	Petri	Young (FL)				Hochul	Paul	Schultz
Heck	Pitts	Young (IN)				Holden	Pearce	Waters
Hensarling	Platts					Honda	Pence	Watt

## NAYS—182

Ackerman	Chandler	Dingell
Altmire	Chu	Doggett
Andrews	Cielline	Donnelly (IN)
Baca	Clarke (MI)	Doyle
Baldwin	Clarke (NY)	Edwards
Barber	Clay	Ellison
Barrow	Cleaver	Engel
Bass (CA)	Clyburn	Eshoo
Becerra	Cohen	Farr
Berkley	Connolly (VA)	Fattah
Berman	Conyers	Filner
Bishop (GA)	Cooper	Frank (MA)
Blumenauer	Costa	Fudge
Bonamici	Costello	Garamendi
Boswell	Courtney	Gonzalez
Brady (PA)	Critz	Green, Al
Braley (IA)	Crowley	Green, Gene
Brown (FL)	Cuellar	Grijalva
Butterfield	Cummings	Hahn
Capps	Davis (CA)	Hanabusa
Capuano	Davis (IL)	Hastings (FL)
Cardoza	DeFazio	Heinrich
Carnahan	DeGette	Higgins
Carney	DeLauro	Himes
Carson (IN)	Deutch	Hinchev
Castor (FL)	Dicks	Hinojosa

## NOT VOTING—9

Akin	Gutierrez	King (IA)
Bishop (NY)	Hirono	Miller, George
Bonner	Jackson (IL)	Woodall

## ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). There are 2 minutes remaining.

□ 1446

So the resolution was agreed to. The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

## THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the question on agreeing to the Speaker's approval of the Journal, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The question is on the Speaker's approval of the Journal.

This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 312, nays 105, answered "present" 3, not voting 11, as follows:

[Roll No. 458]

YEAS—312

Ackerman	Bishop (GA)	Canseco
Aderholt	Bishop (UT)	Cantor
Alexander	Black	Capito
Altmire	Blackburn	Capps
Amodei	Blumenauer	Carnahan
Austria	Bonamici	Carney
Baca	Bono Mack	Carson (IN)
Bachmann	Boren	Carter
Bachus	Boustany	Cassidy
Barber	Brady (TX)	Castor (FL)
Barletta	Braley (IA)	Chabot
Bartlett	Brooks	Chaffetz
Barton (TX)	Brown (GA)	Chu
Bass (NH)	Buchanan	Cielline
Becerra	Bucshon	Clarke (NY)
Berg	Buerkle	Clay
Berkley	Burton (IN)	Cleaver
Berman	Butterfield	Clyburn
Biggest	Calvert	Coble
Bilbray	Camp	Cohen
Bilirakis	Campbell	Cole

## NAYS—105

Adams	Chandler	Dold
Andrews	Clarke (MI)	Donnelly (IN)
Baldwin	Coffman (CO)	Doyle
Barrow	Conaway	Duffy
Bass (CA)	Conyers	Ellison
Benishek	Costa	Filner
Boswell	Costello	Fitzpatrick
Brady (PA)	Cravaack	Forbes
Brown (FL)	Critz	Foxx
Burgess	DeFazio	Gardner
Capuano	Denham	Garrett
Cardoza	Dent	Gerlach

Gibson	Matheson	Sánchez, Linda
Graves (MO)	McDermott	T.
Green, Gene	McGovern	Sanchez, Loretta
Griffin (AR)	Meehan	Schakowsky
Guinta	Moore	Schilling
Hanna	Murphy (PA)	Sires
Hastings (FL)	Nugent	Slaughter
Heck	Olver	Stivers
Herrera Beutler	Pallone	Terry
Hinchev	Pastor (AZ)	Thompson (CA)
Holt	Paulsen	Thompson (MS)
Hoyer	Pelosi	Tipton
Israel	Peters	Towns
Johnson (OH)	Peterson	Velázquez
Keating	Quayle	Vislosky
Kind	Rahall	Walberg
Kinzinger (IL)	Reed	Walden
Kucinich	Renacci	Walsh (IL)
Larson (CT)	Ribble	Welch
Latham	Rigell	Wittman
Lee (CA)	Roe (TN)	Woodall
LoBiondo	Rooney	Yoder
Lowey	Ryan (OH)	Young (AK)

ANSWERED "PRESENT"—3

Amash	Gohmert	Owens
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NOT VOTING—11

Akin	Gutierrez	Landry
Bishop (NY)	Hirono	Lewis (GA)
Bonner	Jackson (IL)	Miller, George
Grijalva	King (IA)	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1453

So the Journal was approved.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. AKIN. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 456, 457 and 458 I was delayed and unable to vote. Had I been present I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 456, "yea" on rollcall No. 457 and "yea" on rollcall No. 458.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. GUTIERREZ. Mr. Speaker, I was unavoidably absent in the House chamber for votes yesterday and today. I would like the RECORD to show that, had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall votes 452, 453, 454 and 455 and "nay" on rollcall votes 456, 457 and 458.

REPORT ON H.R. 6091, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2013

Mr. SIMPSON, from the Committee on Appropriations, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 112-589) making appropriations for the Department of the Interior, environment, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2013, and for other purposes, which was referred to the Union Calendar and ordered to be printed.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 1, rule XXI, all points of order are reserved on the bill.

REPEAL OF OBAMACARE ACT

Mr. UPTON. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to House Resolution 724, I call up the bill (H.R. 6079) to repeal the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and health care-related provisions in the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the title of the bill. The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 724, the bill is considered read.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 6079

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Repeal of Obamacare Act".

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

Congress finds the following with respect to the impact of Public Law 111-148 and related provisions of Public Law 111-152 (collectively referred to in this section as "the law"):

(1) President Obama promised the American people that if they liked their current health coverage, they could keep it. But even the Obama Administration admits that tens of millions of Americans are at risk of losing their health care coverage, including as many as 8 in 10 plans offered by small businesses.

(2) Despite projected spending of more than two trillion dollars over the next 10 years, cutting Medicare by more than one-half trillion dollars over that period, and increasing taxes by over \$800 billion dollars over that period, the law does not lower health care costs. In fact, the law actually makes coverage more expensive for millions of Americans. The average American family already paid a premium increase of approximately \$1,200 in the year following passage of the law. The Congressional Budget Office (CBO) predicts that health insurance premiums for individuals buying private health coverage on their own will increase by \$2,100 in 2016 compared to what the premiums would have been in 2016 if the law had not passed.

(3) The law cuts more than one-half trillion dollars in Medicare and uses the funds to create a new entitlement program rather than to protect and strengthen the Medicare program. Actuaries at the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) warn that the Medicare cuts contained in the law are so drastic that "providers might end their participation in the program (possibly jeopardizing access to care for beneficiaries)". CBO cautioned that the Medicare cuts "might be difficult to sustain over a long period of time". According to the CMS actuaries, 7.4 million Medicare beneficiaries who would have been enrolled in a Medicare Advantage plan in 2017 will lose access to their plan because the law cuts \$206 billion in payments to Medicare Advantage plans. The Trustees of the Medicare Trust Funds predict that the law will result in a substantial decline in employer-sponsored retiree drug coverage, and 90 percent of seniors will no longer have access to retiree drug coverage by 2016 as a result of the law.

(4) The law creates a 15-member, unelected Independent Payment Advisory Board that is empowered to make binding decisions regarding what treatments Medicare will cover and how much Medicare will pay for treatments solely to cut spending, restricting access to health care for seniors.

(5) The law and the more than 13,000 pages of related regulations issued before July 11, 2012, are causing great uncertainty, slowing economic growth, and limiting hiring opportunities for the approximately 13 million Americans searching for work. Imposing higher costs on businesses will lead to lower wages, fewer workers, or both.

(6) The law imposes 21 new or higher taxes on American families and businesses, including 12 taxes on families making less than \$250,000 a year.

(7) While President Obama promised that nothing in the law would fund elective abortion, the law expands the role of the Federal Government in funding and facilitating abortion and plans that cover abortion. The law appropriates billions of dollars in new funding without explicitly prohibiting the use of these funds for abortion, and it provides Federal subsidies for health plans covering elective abortions. Moreover, the law effectively forces millions of individuals to personally pay a separate abortion premium in violation of their sincerely held religious, ethical, or moral beliefs.

(8) Until enactment of the law, the Federal Government has not sought to impose specific coverage or care requirements that infringe on the rights of conscience of insurers, purchasers of insurance, plan sponsors, beneficiaries, and other stakeholders, such as individual or institutional health care providers. The law creates a new nationwide requirement for health plans to cover "essential health benefits" and "preventive services", but does not allow stakeholders to opt out of covering items or services to which they have a religious or moral objection, in violation of the Religious Freedom Restoration Act (Public Law 103-141). By creating new barriers to health insurance and causing the loss of existing insurance arrangements, these inflexible mandates jeopardize the ability of institutions and individuals to exercise their rights of conscience and their ability to freely participate in the health insurance and health care marketplace.

(9) The law expands Government control over health care, adds trillions of dollars to existing liabilities, drives costs up even further, and too often puts Federal bureaucrats, instead of doctors and patients, in charge of health care decisionmaking.

(10) The path to patient-centered care and lower costs for all Americans must begin with a full repeal of the law.

SEC. 3. REPEAL OF OBAMACARE.

(a) PPACA.—Effective as of the enactment of Public Law 111-148, such Act (other than subsection (d) of section 1899A of the Social Security Act, as added and amended by sections 3403 and 10320 of such Public Law) is repealed, and the provisions of law amended or repealed by such Act (other than such subsection (d)) are restored or revived as if such Act had not been enacted.

(b) HEALTH CARE-RELATED PROVISIONS IN THE HEALTH CARE AND EDUCATION RECONCILIATION ACT OF 2010.—Effective as of the enactment of the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (Public Law 111-152), title I and subtitle B of title II of such Act are repealed, and the provisions of law amended or repealed by such title or subtitle, respectively, are restored or revived as if such title and subtitle had not been enacted.

SEC. 4. BUDGETARY EFFECTS OF THIS ACT.

The budgetary effects of this Act, for the purpose of complying with the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010, shall be determined by reference to the latest statement titled "Budgetary Effects of PAYGO Legislation" for this Act, submitted for printing in the Congressional Record by the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the House of Representatives, as long as such statement has been submitted prior to the vote on passage of this Act.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The bill shall be debatable for 5 hours, with 30 minutes equally divided and controlled by the majority leader and minority leader or their designees, 60 minutes equally divided and controlled by the chair and ranking minority member of the Committee on Education and the