

to show the Syrian people that it can deliver results in the international community. The establishment of a Friends of the Syrian People group, a contact group as I said before, and the deployment of international humanitarian monitors, would demonstrate that the Syrian National Council is effective, and it would send a critical message to the Syrian people. Our options to leverage change in Syria are limited but they do exist. We should be making every effort to build increased international pressure on and isolation of the Assad regime.

Mr. HALLEK and his family and thousands of other families across Syria have suffered enough. They have suffered so much and they deserve nothing less than our support, our solidarity, and our help in this dark hour.

I yield the floor and suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. BEGICH). The clerk will call the roll.

The assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

MORNING BUSINESS

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent we move to a period of morning business with Senators allowed to speak therein for up to 10 minutes each.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

TRIBUTE TO DANIEL NICHOLS

Mr. REID. Mr. President, today I rise to recognize the extraordinary work of Daniel Nichols who served the U.S. Capitol Police with great distinction for 28 years.

Chief Nichols entered duty with the U.S. Capitol Police in 1983. After training, his first duty assignment was providing security and law enforcement at the U.S. Capitol, and in 1984, he was transferred to street patrol duties within the Capitol Complex and the adjoining neighborhoods.

In 1986, Chief Nichols was appointed as the first dedicated public information officer for the department. As spokesperson, he managed all media interaction during events and incidents occurring within the Capitol Complex. Most notably, he represented the U.S. Capitol Police with great poise and unwavering calmness during key events that attracted intense, widespread media attention including the 1998 shooting at the Capitol that claimed the lives of two police officers; the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001, and the 2001 anthrax attack against Congress.

In 2002, after being promoted to lieutenant, Chief Nichols was given command of the canine section. His accomplishments include expanding the

training program, increasing the number of explosive detection teams to 43, reintroducing the street police service dog program, and creating a K-9 search and rescue team to locate victims of building collapses. In addition, he overhauled the concept of operations for the Off-Site Delivery Center. He also created the department's first horse mounted unit.

In August of 2004, he was promoted to captain and named chairman of the 2005 U.S. Capitol Police Inaugural Task Force. As such, then Captain Nichols managed the overall planning, coordination, logistics, and execution of the U.S. Capitol Police responsibility for the 2005 swearing-in ceremony. This task was particularly challenging due to the fact that this was the first inauguration to take place in a post 9/11 threat environment. He worked closely with the Joint Congressional Committee on Inaugural Ceremonies, the Capitol Police Board, and multiple law enforcement and public safety agencies to ensure the safety and security of the Nation's leaders and the public. While serving as chairman, Chief Nichols was promoted to the rank of inspector.

In February 2005, Chief Nichols assumed command of the House division and led a team of over 400 police officers who provided law enforcement and security operations at the House office buildings, the Capitol Powerplant and the House Page Dorm. In 2006, he was transferred to the Capitol division where he managed over 450 police personnel who perform various security, law enforcement, and emergency response duties to protect the Capitol, the Capitol Visitors Center, and the House and Senate Chambers and leadership offices.

In January 2007, Chief Nichols became the assistant chief of police and served as the chief of operations, providing great leadership to the department. Chief Nichols provided operational support to the department, responsible for the Uniformed, Operations, Protective, and Security Services Bureaus; overseeing the Office of Plans, Operations, and Homeland Security and serving as acting chief when the chief of police was unavailable.

Chief Nichols is recognized as an accomplished leader who builds effective teams, has strong communication skills, and uses innovative approaches to improve the protection of the Capitol, the congressional community, and visitors. He also works to develop the skills and capabilities of the department's personnel and was a key proponent of sending managers and officers to the Police Executive Leadership Program. A native of Fort Washington, MD, Chief Nichols holds a bachelor's and master's degree in management from the Johns Hopkins University.

Chief Nichols is a notable member of the law enforcement community and a fine citizen. On behalf of the U.S. Senate, I congratulate him on his retirement and salute his distinguished career.

RECOGNIZING THE ARSHT FAMILY

Mr. CARPER. Mr. President, on behalf of Senator CHRIS COONS, Congressman JOHN CARNEY, and myself, we remember today the lives and lasting gifts of late Delawareans, the Honorable Roxana Cannon Arsht and her husband S. Samuel Arsht, and we recognize as well the extraordinary philanthropy of their daughter, Ms. Adrienne Arsht. As role models of integrity and giving, the Arsht family has served and enriched the lives of Delawareans for decades.

Like many American families, Roxana Cannon's and Samuel Arsht's parents immigrated to the United States from Russia a century ago, seeking survival and a better life. In this land of opportunity, they worked hard, they valued education, and set high standards for themselves—standards which they met and ultimately exceeded.

Samuel Arsht was a 1931 graduate of the University of Pennsylvania Wharton School and a 1934 graduate of the University's law school. Upon graduation, Sam joined the firm that later became Morris, Nichols, Arsht & Tunnell in Wilmington, DE. Over time he became well known in corporate law circles as one of the architects of the modern Delaware general corporation law and was described as the master of Delaware's influential corporate statutes. In 1953, he led efforts to update the entire body of statutory law, making Delaware the Nation's most favorable place for businesses to incorporate. His work helped to transform the State's economy by later opening the door to national banks and to credit card operations, along with other financial services.

His wife, a Delaware native, Judge Roxana Cannon Arsht, graduated from the University of Pennsylvania's law school as well, where she met her future husband Sam. In 1931, Roxana became the fifth woman to pass the Delaware bar. She made history again when she was appointed by then-Governor Russell W. Peterson as a judge of the family court in 1971, becoming the first female judge in the State of Delaware.

She retired from the bench in 1983, and began a second career in philanthropy. She was a founding member of the Cancer Care Connection and supported numerous community interests, including Planned Parenthood, the Visiting Nurse Association, the First Stage at Tower Hill School, the Winterthur Museum exhibition hall, and the Christiana Care Health System. Roxana was inducted into the Hall of Fame of Delaware Women in 1986.

Roxana and Sam Arsht shared their love of lifelong learning by providing the first and last gifts to the construction of Arsht Hall for the Academy of Lifelong Learning at the Wilmington campus of the University of Delaware. In 2003, Roxana created the Arsht-Cannon Fund at the Delaware Community Foundation to carry out her and Sam's