

out for the neighborhood kids and was excited to serve his country. He joined the U.S. Army immediately following high school, graduating from helicopter pilot school and arriving in Vietnam in 1967. While he only served a little over a year before his death, Schultz earned many honors, including a Purple Heart, Good Conduct Medal, National Defense Service Medal, Army Aviator Wings, and an Expert Marksmanship Badge. In addition, Schultz's name is engraved on the Vietnam Veterans Memorial.

Sheldon Schultz's return home brings comfort and relief to his family, who went years without much information about his death. Madam Speaker, Sheldon Schultz dedicated his life to serving his country. His homecoming is a solemn reminder of the sacrifices our soldiers make in service to our Nation. Our thoughts are with his family, his fellow Vietnam veterans and members of his community. Another soldier has been brought home.

RECOGNIZING LOYD LEROY
SPICER

HON. SAM GRAVES

OF MISSOURI

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, September 4, 2007

Mr. GRAVES. Madam Speaker, I proudly ask you to join me in recognizing Loyd Leroy Spicer of Guilford, Missouri. Loyd celebrated his 90th birthday and it is my privilege to offer him my warmest regards on achieving this important milestone. Loyd is a fine citizen of Missouri and the Guilford community. It is an honor to represent Loyd in the United States Congress, and I wish him all the best on this birthday and many more in the future.

NEW DIRECTION FOR ENERGY
INDEPENDENCE, NATIONAL SECURITY,
AND CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT

SPEECH OF

HON. JANICE D. SCHAKOWSKY

OF ILLINOIS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Saturday, August 4, 2007

The House in Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union had under consideration the bill (H.R. 3221) moving the United States toward greater energy independence and security, developing innovative new technologies, reducing carbon emissions, creating green jobs, protecting consumers, increasing clean renewable energy production, and modernizing our energy infrastructure:

Ms. SCHAKOWSKY. Mr. Chairman, I rise in strong support of the Udall-Platts amendment. This amendment allows the United States to adopt a renewable portfolio standard of 15 percent by 2020 that fulfills our obligation as the world's lone superpower to be at the forefront in protecting the environment.

The need for a renewable portfolio standard is clear. With only 5 percent of the world population, the United States produces nearly 25 percent of annual global heat-trapping emissions. Electricity generation accounts for fully one-third of these emissions. We have a responsibility and a compelling interest to signifi-

cantly reduce these harmful emissions. Renewable electricity standards offer a smart, affordable climate solution with a proven track record.

Passing a renewable fuel standard not only reduces our nation's harmful impact on the environment, it also makes us more secure. Today, the United States imports nearly 60 percent of its oil from the Middle East and politically unstable nations such as Algeria, Nigeria and Venezuela. As alarming as this statistics is, evidence suggests that unless we change our behavior, the situation will only become more dire. In fact, a recent study found that if the United States continues its current consumption without increasing its domestic production, by 2010 we will have to import 75 percent of our fuel.

To prevent this sort of prediction from becoming a reality, it is crucial, that the United States takes steps to decrease its dependence on foreign oil. The 15 by 20 principle is the answer to this challenge. It can be achieved by tapping a multitude of natural resources. We can harvest the sun and wind to produce new energy. We can grow a wide variety of crops to produce ethanol and biodiesel and we can utilize livestock wastes to produce biogas and generate new power sources.

In addition to the advantages that renewable energy holds in terms of environmental and national security issues, there is also a strong economic incentive as well. Many renewable energy facilities are located near key regions across rural America. These facilities provide good jobs, often near small towns which have suffered from population declines.

Currently, renewable energy accounts for about 14 percent of the world's energy consumption. While this number is encouraging, the United States lags behind. According to a September 2006 report by the Center for American Progress, just over 6 percent of our electricity needs come from renewable energy sources.

We can do better, and, Americans want us to do better. I believe that setting a goal of 15 percent of America's total energy needs from renewable sources by 2020 sets us on the right path. I strongly endorse this amendment and I urge my colleagues to support it.

TRIBUTE TO VIOLET MOORHOUSE,
U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

HON. ROBERT A. BRADY

OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, September 4, 2007

Mr. BRADY of Pennsylvania. Madam Speaker, as chairman of the Committee on House Administration and of the Joint Committee on Printing, I want to recognize Ms. Violet Moorhouse, a long-time map cataloger at the Government Printing Office, who retired on July 31, 2007, following nearly 40 years of dedicated service.

Ms. Moorhouse went to work at the GPO in 1968 committed to serve the public, a commitment strengthened by a desire to do something positive following the assassinations of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., and Senator Robert F. Kennedy in 1968. During her long career, Ms. Moorhouse worked in almost every type of library, including public, school, univer-

sity, and special libraries. Prior to GPO, she cataloged documents at the New York Public Library. After working on cataloging general monographs, Ms. Moorhouse turned to map cataloging when maps were brought into GPO's Federal Depository Library Program in the 1970's. She cataloged all types of Federal maps, including serial maps and maps on microfiche and CD-ROM from the U.S. Geological Survey, the U.S. Forest Service, and the National Park Service. She pioneered many currently used cataloging practices for maps while welcoming advances in technology and cataloging that allowed more timely access to these important materials. She also trained incoming librarians in map cataloging, and was generous in sharing her expertise and detailed knowledge of the nuances of Federal maps with others.

During her career, Ms. Moorhouse contributed more than 100,000 bibliographic records to the Catalog of United States Government Publications and initiated many geographic name authority records in the Library of Congress authority database, providing a deep contribution to the field of geophysical data. Her prodigious talents were so valued that in 1998 she received the American Library Association's Map and Geography Round Table (MAGERT) award, which is presented to librarians for outstanding service to map librarianship. Her articles on GPO map cataloging appeared regularly in the MAGERT publication "base line" and in GPO's "Administrative Notes" newsletter. She also wrote the chapter on the Superintendent of Documents classification of maps in GPO's Classification manual. Ms. Moorhouse was active in the ALA's Government Documents Round Table and in the Cartographic Users Advisory Council, as well as in MAGERT.

Ms. Moorhouse earned a B.A. in English and comparative literature at the University of California, Berkeley. She earned an M.L.S. while on a one-year fellowship at Berkeley. She also did graduate work in Far Eastern Regional studies, with an emphasis on China, at the University of the Pacific, and continued her academic studies in the computer and cartographic fields in Washington, D.C.

I ask my colleagues to join me in thanking Ms. Moorhouse for her significant contributions to the GPO through her distinguished service in the Federal Depository Library Program, and extending best wishes for her well-earned retirement.

HONORING CODY GRATER OF
SPRING HILL, FLORIDA

HON. GINNY BROWN-WAITE

OF FLORIDA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, September 4, 2007

Ms. GINNY BROWN-WAITE of Florida. Madam Speaker, I rise today to honor an American soldier who gave his life in service to our Nation.

Army Private First Class Cody C. Grater of Spring Hill, Florida was killed in action when he was struck by a rocket-propelled grenade near Baghdad, Iraq. Pfc. Grater is survived by his mother, Anita Lewis, stepfather Larry Decker of Spring Hill and sister Cheyanne Decker.

While standing guard duty on the rooftop of an outpost in Baghdad, Cody's position was