

many citizens of the Gulf Coast simply cannot start the process of trying to rebuild their lives, because, without protection against flood and storm surge, they may be unable to obtain affordable flood insurance, mortgages, or other financial arrangements necessary to begin the process of rebuilding.

This fact is especially true for the residents of St. Bernard Parish, which I inspected on foot this past April, and Lower Plaquemines Parish, Louisiana—the communities that bore the initial force of Hurricane Katrina. In Plaquemines Parish, close to one-half of all residents experienced some flooding or structural damage to their homes, and in St. Bernard Parish and the Lower 9th Ward, this number is close to 100 percent of homes.

It is inconceivable that this administration would walk away from communities that experienced such a traumatic devastation, especially after reassuring citizens that the government would help rebuild their communities “better and stronger than before the storm.” We, in Congress, need to stand with one voice in support of rebuilding all of the communities affected by this storm.

The second reason for supporting this motion is that it draws attention to the fact that hurricanes are more than just high wind events, but also carry the threat of massive storm surges. It is these “walls of water” that caused the greatest extent of the damage from Hurricane Katrina.

Those most affected by the hurricane are well aware of the impact of storm surges, and the headaches that have ensued in the aftermath trying to rebuild these communities. I have heard numerous stories of the difficulty in convincing insurance companies that hurricane damage can take the form both of wind damage and flooding damage. Any Member of Congress that has visited this region has heard that insurance companies are balking at settling claims for water damage, arguing that these damages are not covered by storm policies, because they are not wind damage.

However, a storm surge is the direct result of wind-driven water. As Hurricane Katrina moved into the Gulf of Mexico, it pushed water in front of the storm, and caused the sea to rise by as much as 25 feet in areas of coastal Mississippi. But for the hurricane, there would have been no storm surge.

As we move forward with efforts to protect communities along the Gulf Coast, we must be mindful of the impact both from a hurricane's winds, but also of the impact that such massive storms can cause from wind-driven waters. In authorizing new or restored flood protection projects to protect the communities of the Gulf region, the Corps must ensure that projects are designed and constructed to protect against both the dangers of hurricane force winds, but also the threat of massive storm-driven waters resulting from these storms.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to support this motion to instruct, and to renew the Congressional commitment to restore the lives and livelihoods of all residents impacted by Hurricane Katrina.

**GROUND BREAKING CELEBRATION
FOR THE GEORGE P. PITKIN, MD
EMERGENCY CARE CENTER AT
HOLY NAME HOSPITAL IN TEA-
NECK, NEW JERSEY**

HON. STEVEN R. ROTHMAN

OF NEW JERSEY

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, September 14, 2006

Mr. ROTHMAN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to applaud the groundbreaking for the new George P. Pitkin, MD Emergency Care Center at Holy Name Hospital in Teaneck, New Jersey.

Holy Name Hospital was founded in 1925 by the Sisters of St. Joseph of Peace. To assist the sick and indigent of Bergen County, New Jersey, Dr. George Pitkin and Dr. Frank McCormack worked with Mother General Agatha Brown of the Sisters of St. Joseph of Peace to purchase a suitable hospital site to provide administrative and nursing care. In 1925, Holy Name Hospital opened with 115 beds.

Today, Dr. George Pitkin's far-reaching vision is realized in an institution known locally, statewide and nationally for health care excellence, dedicated and skilled nursing care, and cutting-edge technological advances. Each year more than 17,000 inpatients, 44,000 Emergency Department patients, and 18,000 outpatients receive state-of-the-art diagnostic, treatment, and health management services in cancer care, cardiovascular services, dialysis treatment, women's health care and neurology services.

The new George P. Pitkin, MD Emergency Care Center at Holy Name Hospital will feature 21,000 square feet of space, 41 patient treatment rooms, patient- and family-friendly facilities, leading-edge trauma procedure rooms, contiguous radiology and laboratory services.

My congratulations and very best wishes to the President and CEO, Michael Maron, and Board of Directors at Holy Name Hospital, and to all of their health care professionals and associates as the outstanding new George P. Pitkin, MD Emergency Care Center is dedicated.

**HONORING GOVERNOR ANN
RICHARDS**

HON. TAMMY BALDWIN

OF WISCONSIN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, September 14, 2006

Ms. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, it is with a deep sense of loss that I rise today in tribute to Governor Ann Richards of Texas whose death leaves a void in the national scene and in the lives of all of us who knew and admired her.

Governor Richards was a woman of tremendous achievement and her professional accomplishments are well-documented: teacher, state treasurer, governor, chair of a national political convention. She was also a loving mother, a loyal friend, and a strong woman who bravely faced all adversaries, both political and personal. Whether confronting the demons of illness or the disappointment of political defeat, she emerged from each struggle

wiser, wittier, and ever more welcome on the public stage.

For me, and many women in and out of politics, Ann Richards was a role model and a mentor. She showed us by example that a woman could succeed in what appeared to be a man's world. For those of us who share her commitment to education, equal opportunity, social justice and the rule of law, she carved a path for us to follow . . . and left big shoes (and boots) for us to fill.

When I was first running for Congress in 1998, and then during my re-election campaign in 2000, Governor Richards made time in her schedule to come to Madison, Wisconsin on my behalf. Her support was invaluable. In her inimitable Texas twang, she knew how to rally a crowd, work a room, and deliver a message better than any politician, male or female, I've ever seen. To a young woman coming into the national political arena, her wisdom and warmth were a priceless gift for which I will always be grateful.

I shall miss her incredibly and emphatically. Today, I remember Ann Richards in my heart and in these words. But I know she would prefer all of us to remember her in future deeds . . . deeds that push and prod us to be better people and better citizens.

I send heartfelt condolences to Governor Richards' family and sincere thanks for sharing this remarkable woman with us.

**TRIBUTE TO MR. JOSE "PEPE" L.
GONZALEZ**

HON. HENRY CUELLAR

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, September 14, 2006

Mr. CUELLAR. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor Mr. Jose "Pepe" L. Gonzalez who recently passed away on September 8, 2006, at 82 years of age. He will be forever remembered for his passion for higher education for our youth and his commitment to public service.

Mr. Gonzalez was born in the City of Laredo on June 16, 1924 and left the city to serve in World War II with the U.S. Army Air Force in the Aleutian Islands, and later served with the United States Naval Reserve as a Lieutenant in Laredo. He then attended the University of Notre Dame and graduated with a Bachelor of Science degree in Civil Engineering in 1950, followed by a Master of Public Health degree from Johns Hopkins University in 1964.

Thus began his legacy of providing health care services to the citizens of Laredo by developing the Laredo-Webb County Health Department, often cited for its achievements in disease control, health promotion and chronic disease prevention, and innovative programs in environmental health. He will be forever remembered for his work in promoting environmental health through his collaboration with organizations such as the Pan-American Health Organization, the Centers for Disease Control, the U.S.-Mexico Border Health Association, the Texas Health Advisory Committee, and the Henry J. Kaiser Foundation. The last project he was involved in was the Rio Bravo Foundation, which aims to improve the health of residents along the border region along with the "Nuestra Gente" project which focused on improving living standards for the colonias along the border.

In addition to his public service, he was dedicated to his Roman Catholic faith as a Papal Knight of the Equestrian Order of the Holy Sepulchre and as a parishioner of Blessed Sacrament Church in Laredo. Mr. Gonzalez was also a large part of community events such as the famous Washington Birthday Celebrations Associations and established the bridge ceremony that is one of the hallmarks of the Washington Birthday Celebration. Mr. Gonzalez was also a proud alumnus of the University of Notre Dame and dedicated his life to the University by being the Notre Dame recruiter of South Texas, passionately recruiting young scholars for the past 21 years to attend Notre Dame in addition to being on the Hispanic Board of Alumni for 15 years.

Mr. Gonzalez was preceded in death by his wonderful wife, Margarita V. Gonzalez, and is survived by his daughters, Alejandra G. Brady, Gabriela G. Tawil and his grandchildren, Ryan Joseph Brady, Joseph Jakob, and Elliot James Tawil. He is also survived by his brother, Ignacio Gonzalez, brother and sister-in-law, Jorge and Olga Verduzco, and the rest of his family. He has left behind a remarkable legacy, and without that legacy, the City of Laredo has suffered a sad loss in one of its greatest members of the community.

Mr. Speaker, I am honored to have had this time to recognize the legacy of Mr. Jose "Pepe" L. Gonzalez.

THE ANNIVERSARY OF SAN FRANCISCO'S JAPANTOWN

HON. NANCY PELOSI

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, September 14, 2006

Ms. PELOSI. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to our San Francisco Japantown and celebrate with them on their 100th anniversary as a community. Affectionately called J-town, San Francisco Japantown is the oldest and joins San Jose and Los Angeles as the only remaining Japantowns in the continental United States. A century ago, there were more than 50 in California, Washington, Oregon, Idaho, and Utah. Japantown is more than just a physical location where Japanese people migrated after the Great San Francisco Earthquake of 1906, a distinctive area where Japanese culture is on display, or a tourist destination. Japantown represents more than 100 years of a unique immigrant experience, which started with the arrival of the first generation—the Issei.

Prior to 1906, Japanese immigrants gravitated to ethnic enclaves where rents were affordable and they felt accepted. The arrival of picture brides through Angel Island Immigration Station in San Francisco Bay after 1906, many of them meeting their future husbands for the first time, was the genesis of the second generation—the Nisei. The 100 years included the emergence of the activist third generation the Sansei—who are now "baby boomers" and the parents and grandparents of the fourth and fifth generations—the Yonsei and Gosei.

As the younger generation makes their mark on our global society, I hope they will recognize the critical role of family and community in their successes. I was recently made aware of an example of what is possible. NASA As-

tronaut Daniel Tani represents the next generation of Japanese Americans in space, following the tradition of Astronaut Ellison Onizuka, who tragically lost his life on the same mission as teacher Christa McAuliffe in 1986. Astronaut Tani flew the 2001 *Endeavour* mission. He is a shining example of the boundless possibilities of the immigrant experience. His family has roots in J-town.

The road was not always easy: in fact, Japanese Americans often persevered under great hardship to overcome prejudice. In its 100 years in San Francisco's Western Addition, the community suffered segregation in local schools, a racially motivated exclusionist immigration policy, and a shrinking community with each redevelopment. During World War II, eligible Nisei men volunteered for military duty while their families remained behind barbed wire without due process, many of them United States citizens. Our government under the guise of war forced Japanese Americans from their homes and escorted them under armed guard to internment camps throughout the United States. Most of the San Francisco Japantown community was interned in Topaz, Utah. It took three generations until redress was made in the form of monetary reparations and our government's apology, though no amount of compensation or apology could ever adequately replace or repair what Japanese Americans lost. The lessons that we learned during the internment should serve as a reminder of how we must continue to fight for our freedoms today. Protecting civil liberties must be a constant priority of our government.

As San Francisco's Representative in Congress, and House Democratic Leader, I am grateful that I can count on the steadfast strength of our San Francisco Japantown community and its extraordinary leaders, too many to name individually.

Congratulations Japantown for more than 100 years in San Francisco.

RECOGNIZING LINCOLN UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI DURING NATIONAL HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES WEEK

HON. IKE SKELTON

OF MISSOURI

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, September 14, 2006

Mr. SKELTON. Mr. Speaker, I'm pleased to join my colleagues today in recognition of National Historically Black Colleges and Universities Week.

Missouri's Fourth Congressional District is the home of Lincoln University, located in Jefferson City, Missouri. Yesterday, I was fortunate to have the opportunity to meet with Dr. Carolyn Mahoney, the President of Lincoln University, during her visit to Washington, DC.

Like all HBCUs, Lincoln University has a proud history. The school was founded in 1966 by soldiers of the 62nd and 65th Colored Infantries who established Lincoln Institute for African Americans interested in continuing their education. Today, Lincoln University has the most diverse population of colleges and universities in the state of Missouri. U.S. News and World Report ranks Lincoln University as fourth in the Midwest for campus diversity and

seventh in the Midwest for its international student population.

Although the University has many outstanding academic programs, I have been particularly impressed with Lincoln University's Cooperative Extension and Research programs, which provide valuable outreach to under served populations. I am also very proud of the University's ROTC programs, which train tomorrow's military leaders and continue Lincoln University's military heritage. I look forward to participating in the Blue Tiger Battalion's Veterans' Day commemorations this November, just as I have done for more years than I can remember. Lincoln also hosts an outstanding public radio station, KJLU-FM. In April 2006, KJLU was named the Black College Radio Station of the Year at the 28th Annual Black College Radio and Television Conference in Atlanta, Georgia.

Mr. Speaker, I am certain that the Members of the House will join me in congratulating the students and staff of Lincoln University for their accomplishments and in wishing them the best as we celebrate National Historically Black Colleges and Universities Week.

EXTENDING THANKS TO DEFENSE POW/MISSIONG PERSONEL OFFICE FOR EFFORCTS TO ACHIEVE ACCOUNTING OF ALL AMERICANS UNACCOUNTED FOR AS A RESULT OF THE VIETNAM WAR

SPEECH OF

HON. G.K. BUTTERFIELD

OF NORTH CAROLINA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, September 13, 2006

Mr. BUTTERFIELD. Mr. Speaker, I was pleased to learn of the recovery of one of our Nation's fighting women who had been missing in Kyrgyzstan for more than 3 days. After being kidnapped, Maj. Metzger spent 80 hours in captivity before escaping her abductors. Her resilience is remarkable and her resolve serves as another example of the superior character of the men and women of our Air Force and our other Armed Services.

I am most pleased to hear of her safe return. I wish the very best for the Metzger family, and continue to pray for the safe return of Sergeant Keith "Matt" Maupin, United States Army Reserves, who has been missing since April of 2004.

TRIBUTE TO SERGEANT NATHANIEL "BRAD" LINDSEY

HON. DARLENE HOOLEY

OF OREGON

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, September 14, 2006

Ms. HOOLEY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor a fallen hero. Sergeant Nathaniel "Brad" Lindsey was a family man, a fellow Oregonian, and a proud American. He understood the actions that needed to be taken so that his countrymen could continue to enjoy the blessings of freedom.

Last Saturday, Brad made his final sacrifice on behalf of a grateful nation while on patrol in the Zabul province of Afghanistan.