

amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Messrs. BUYER, BOOZMAN, and Ms. HERSETH.

#### MEASURES PLACED ON THE CALENDAR

The following bills were read the second time, and placed on the calendar:

S. 3861. A bill to facilitate bringing to justice terrorists and other unlawful enemy combatants through full and fair trials by military commissions, and for other purposes.

S. 3873. A bill to protect private property rights.

S. 3874. A bill to provide in statute for the conduct of electronic surveillance of suspected terrorists for the purposes of protecting the American people, the Nation, and its interests from terrorist attack while ensuring that the civil liberties of United States citizens are safeguarded, and for other purposes.

S. 3875. A bill to provide real national security, restore United States leadership, and implement tough and smart policies to win the war on terror, and for other purposes.

S. 3876. A bill entitled the National Security Surveillance Act.

S. 3877. A bill entitled the "Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Improvement and Enhancement Act of 2006".

#### MEASURES READ THE FIRST TIME

The following bills were read the first time:

H.R. 503. An act to amend the Horse Protection Act to prohibit the shipping, transporting, moving, delivering, receiving, possessing, purchasing, selling, or donation of horses and other equines to be slaughtered for human consumption, and for other purposes.

S. 3882. A bill to amend title 18, United States Code, to support the war on terrorism, and for other purposes.

#### REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

The following reports of committees were submitted:

By Ms. COLLINS, from the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs:

Report to accompany S. 2590, a bill to require full disclosure of all entities and organizations receiving Federal funds (Rept. No. 109-329).

By Mr. ROBERTS, from the Select Committee on Intelligence:

Special Report entitled "The Use by the Intelligence Community of Information Provided by the Iraqi National Congress." (Rept. No. 109-330). Additional and Minority views filed.

By Mr. ROBERTS, from the Select Committee on Intelligence:

Special Report entitled "Postwar Findings About Iraq's WMD Programs and Links to Terrorism and How They Compare with Prewar Assessments" (Rept. No. 109-331). Additional and Minority views filed.

#### INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

The following bills and joint resolutions were introduced, read the first and second times by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated:

By Mr. INHOFE:

S. 3879. A bill to implement the Convention on Supplementary Compensation for Nuclear

Damage, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

By Mr. INHOFE (for himself, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. THUNE, and Mr. ISAKSON):

S. 3880. A bill to provide the Department of Justice the necessary authority to apprehend, prosecute, and convict individuals committing animal enterprise terror; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. ISAKSON (for himself and Mr. LAUTENBERG):

S. 3881. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to encourage private philanthropy; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. KYL (for himself, Mr. DEWINE, Mr. CORNYN, and Mr. SANTORUM):

S. 3882. A bill to amend title 18, United States Code, to support the war on terrorism, and for other purposes; read the first time.

#### SUBMISSION OF CONCURRENT AND SENATE RESOLUTIONS

The following concurrent resolutions and Senate resolutions were read, and referred (or acted upon), as indicated:

By Mr. CHAFEE (for himself, Mr. REED, Mr. KERRY, and Mr. KENNEDY):

S. Res. 562. A resolution paying tribute to the Reverend Waitstill Sharp and Martha Sharp for their recognition by the Yad Vashem Holocaust Martyrs' and Heroes' Remembrance Authority as Righteous Among the Nations for their heroic efforts to save Jews during the Holocaust; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. INHOFE (for himself and Mr. NELSON of Nebraska):

S. Res. 563. A resolution designating September 13, 2006, as "National Celiac Disease Awareness Day"; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. DEWINE (for himself and Mr. KOHL):

S. Res. 564. A resolution designating September 10 through September 16, 2006, as "National Polycystic Kidney Disease Awareness Week" and supporting the goals and ideals of a National Polycystic Kidney Disease Awareness Week to raise public awareness and understanding of the impact polycystic kidney disease has on patients and future generations of their families; considered and agreed to.

#### ADDITIONAL COSPONSORS

S. 666

At the request of Mr. DEWINE, the name of the Senator from Vermont (Mr. LEAHY) was added as a cosponsor of S. 666, a bill to protect the public health by providing the Food and Drug Administration with certain authority to regulate tobacco products.

S. 1934

At the request of Mr. DAYTON, his name was added as a cosponsor of S. 1934, a bill to reauthorize the grant program of the Department of Justice for reentry of offenders into the community, to establish a task force on Federal programs and activities relating to the reentry of offenders into the community, and for other purposes.

S. 2010

At the request of Mr. NELSON of Florida, his name was added as a cosponsor of S. 2010, a bill to amend the Social Security Act to enhance the Social Security of the Nation by ensuring ade-

quate public-private infrastructure and to resolve to prevent, detect, treat, intervene in, and prosecute elder abuse, neglect, and exploitation, and for other purposes.

S. 2250

At the request of Mr. GRASSLEY, the names of the Senator from New Mexico (Mr. BINGAMAN) and the Senator from Connecticut (Mr. DODD) were added as cosponsors of S. 2250, a bill to award a congressional gold medal to Dr. Norman E. Borlaug.

S. 2592

At the request of Mr. HARKIN, the name of the Senator from New York (Mr. SCHUMER) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2592, a bill to amend the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 to improve the nutrition and health of schoolchildren by updating the definition of "food of minimal nutritional value" to conform to current nutrition science and to protect the Federal investment in the national school lunch and breakfast programs.

S. 2643

At the request of Mr. BINGAMAN, the name of the Senator from Iowa (Mr. GRASSLEY) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2643, a bill to amend the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 to clarify that Indian tribes are eligible to receive grants for confronting the use of methamphetamine.

S. 3239

At the request of Mr. DAYTON, the name of the Senator from New Jersey (Mr. LAUTENBERG) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3239, a bill to require full disclosure of insurance coverage and noncoverage by insurance companies and provide for Federal Trade Commission enforcement.

S. 3456

At the request of Mr. MENENDEZ, the name of the Senator from Indiana (Mr. BAYH) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3456, a bill to ensure the implementation of the recommendations of the National Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United States.

S. 3496

At the request of Mr. DEMINT, the name of the Senator from Idaho (Mr. CRAIG) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3496, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to eliminate the limitation on the foreign earned income exclusion, and for other purposes.

S. 3696

At the request of Mr. BROWNBACK, the name of the Senator from Oklahoma (Mr. INHOFE) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3696, a bill to amend the Revised Statutes of the United States to prevent the use of the legal system in a manner that extorts money from State and local governments, and the Federal Government, and inhibits such governments' constitutional actions under the first, tenth, and fourteenth amendments.

S. 3744

At the request of Mr. DURBIN, the names of the Senator from Rhode Island (Mr. REED) and the Senator from

Arkansas (Mrs. LINCOLN) were added as cosponsors of S. 3744, a bill to establish the Abraham Lincoln Study Abroad Program.

S. 3768

At the request of Mr. LEAHY, the names of the Senator from California (Mrs. FEINSTEIN), the Senator from Vermont (Mr. JEFFORDS), the Senator from Illinois (Mr. DURBIN), the Senator from Maryland (Ms. MIKULSKI), the Senator from Nebraska (Mr. HAGEL) and the Senator from Nevada (Mr. REID) were added as cosponsors of S. 3768, a bill to prohibit the procurement of victim-activated landmines and other weapons that are designed to be victim-activated.

S. 3774

At the request of Mr. BOND, the names of the Senator from Alabama (Mr. SESSIONS), the Senator from Virginia (Mr. ALLEN) and the Senator from North Carolina (Mrs. DOLE) were added as cosponsors of S. 3774, a bill to amend title 18, United States Code, to prohibit the unauthorized disclosure of classified information.

S. 3788

At the request of Mr. BROWNBACK, the name of the Senator from Pennsylvania (Mr. SANTORUM) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3788, a bill to clarify Federal law to prohibit the dispensing, distribution, or administration of a controlled substance for the purpose of causing, or assisting in causing, the suicide, euthanasia, or mercy killing of any individual.

S. 3807

At the request of Mr. ENZI, the name of the Senator from Minnesota (Mr. DAYTON) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3807, a bill to amend the Public Health Service Act and the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to improve drug safety and oversight, and for other purposes.

S. 3871

At the request of Mr. THUNE, the name of the Senator from Oklahoma (Mr. INHOFE) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3871, a bill to amend the Solid Waste Disposal Act to direct the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to establish a hazardous waste electronic manifest system.

S. RES. 537

At the request of Mr. FRIST, his name was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 537, a resolution supporting the National Sexual Assault Hotline and commending the Hotline for counseling and supporting more than 1,000,000 callers.

AMENDMENT NO. 4915

At the request of Mr. BINGAMAN, the name of the Senator from Oregon (Mr. WYDEN) was added as a cosponsor of amendment No. 4915 proposed to H.R. 5631, a bill making appropriations for the Department of Defense for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2007, and for other purposes.

## STATEMENTS ON INTRODUCED BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

By Mr. INHOFE (for himself, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. THUNE, and Mr. ISAKSON):

S. 3880. A bill to provide the Department of Justice the necessary authority to apprehend, prosecute, and convict individuals committing animal enterprise terror; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mrs. FEINSTEIN. Mr. President, today along with Senator INHOFE, I am pleased to introduce the Animal Enterprise Terrorism Act. This legislation is crucial to respond to the expanded scope of terrorist activity that has threatened to impede important medical research and scientific innovation.

The legislation we introduce today would: clarify that it is a crime to damage or interfere with an "animal enterprise"—which includes legitimate companies and non-profit organizations that use animals for education, research or testing; expand Federal law to also make it illegal to harm or cause property loss to anyone connected with an animal enterprise;

Criminalize threats, harassment, and other illegal activity that uses interstate commerce to intentionally cause fear of death or injury to anyone connected with an animal enterprise;

Establish graded penalties of up to 20 years depending on the financial damage or level of bodily injury caused by such illegal conduct, and up to life imprisonment if death results; establish that a convicted animal enterprise terrorist can also be ordered as restitution to pay the animal enterprise's cost of repeating experiments and other losses resulting from the criminal conduct; and clarify that all legitimate protest activities protected by the First Amendment are exempted out from any prosecution under the bill.

The need for this bill is obvious.

On June 30 of this year, extremist activists, acting in the name of animal rights, attempted to firebomb a Los Angeles home thought to belong to a prominent UCLA primate researcher.

The home actually belonged to a 70-year-old woman, and thankfully, the device did not ignite. But the desired impact was nonetheless achieved.

Just weeks later, a colleague of the targeted researcher announced that he will discontinue his important research at UCLA. He had two words for the terrorists who orchestrated the failed bombing: "You win."

While I recognize that reasonable people might disagree about animal research, and believe in the right to legitimate protest, it is outrageous that violent acts, threats and extortion have ended a legitimate medical research career.

Unfortunately, similar incidents have occurred throughout the State of California for several years, including the two bombs placed at the Emeryville offices of Chiron Corporation, a pharmaceutical company in the Bay area, that employs 4400 employees

as our Nation's 2nd largest manufacturer of flu vaccines.

Agents believe the second bomb was timed to go off as first-responders arrived.

Yet extremist organizations, such as the Animal Liberation Front, defend these actions around the country as morally justifiable, and shamelessly take credit for these heinous acts.

Their tactics have evolved in the face of our current laws, and consequently, the scope of their terror is widening.

In recent years, animal rights extremists have expanded their campaigns to include secondary and tertiary targets, such that businesses and associates who maintain even highly-attenuated relationships with animal research facilities have found themselves the targets of terror and harassment.

These targets include banks, insurance companies, stockbrokers, customers, construction services, food services, Internet service providers, telecom companies, and even janitorial services.

No matter how remote the relationship, anyone who does business with an organization engaged in animal research is at risk.

But these indirect attacks are outside the scope of our current laws, and threaten to slow the progress of one of our Nation's largest and most valuable industries.

We must recognize that scientific research is not only a legitimate career, but also an invaluable facet of medical advancement, conducted by respectable professionals deserving of our support.

The deplorable actions of these terrorists threaten to impede important medical progress toward lifesaving cures and medical innovation.

They threaten to dishearten noble researchers, and to discourage promising young scientists and graduate students from ever entering these important fields of research.

It is in light of these dangerous threats that Senator INHOFE and I today introduce the Animal Enterprise Terrorism Act.

This legislation addresses the changing tactics of these terrorists, and provides law enforcement officials with the tools necessary to protect our Nation's researchers more effectively.

This new legislation will expressly outlaw the targeting of secondary and tertiary targets, by including within the scope of prosecution terrorists who act against any "person or entity having a connection to, relationship with, or transactions with an animal enterprise."

This is an important step toward combating the modern tactics of animal rights extremists and eco-terrorists, and toward protecting vital business relationships that foster and support the research industry.

At the same time, however, this legislation confronts these terrorist threats in manner that gives due protections under the First Amendment.