

Ney	Ross	Sullivan
Northup	Rothman	Sweeney
Nunnes	Royce	Tancredó
Nussle	Ruppersberger	Tanner
Oberstar	Ryan (OH)	Tauscher
Obey	Ryan (WI)	Taylor (MS)
Olver	Ryun (KS)	Taylor (NC)
Ortiz	Sabo	Thomas
Osborne	Salazar	Thompson (CA)
Otter	Sánchez, Linda	Thornberry
Owens	T.	Tiahrt
Pallone	Sanchez, Loretta	Tiberi
Pascrell	Sanders	Tierney
Pastor	Saxton	Towns
Paul	Schakowsky	Turner
Payne	Schiff	Udall (NM)
Pelosi	Schmidt	Upton
Pence	Schwartz (PA)	Van Hollen
Peterson (MN)	Schwartz (MI)	Velázquez
Peterson (PA)	Scott (GA)	Visclosky
Petri	Scott (VA)	Walden (OR)
Pickering	Sensenbrenner	Walsh
Pitts	Serrano	Wamp
Platts	Sessions	Wasserman
Poe	Shadegg	Schultz
Pomeroy	Shaw	Waters
Porter	Sherman	Watson
Price (GA)	Sherwood	Watt
Price (NC)	Shimkus	Waxman
Pryce (OH)	Shuster	Weiner
Putnam	Simmons	Weldon (FL)
Radanovich	Simpson	Weldon (PA)
Rahall	Skelton	Weller
Ramstad	Slaughter	Westmoreland
Rangel	Smith (NJ)	Wexler
Regula	Smith (TX)	Whitfield
Rehberg	Smith (WA)	Wicker
Reichert	Snyder	Wilson (NM)
Renzi	Sodrel	Wilson (SC)
Reyes	Solis	Wolf
Reynolds	Souder	Woolsey
Rogers (AL)	Stark	Wu
Rogers (KY)	Stearns	Young (AK)
Rogers (MI)	Strickland	Young (FL)
Ros-Lehtinen	Stupak	

president of the U.S. Association of Former Members of Congress, he was well-known and well-loved by all of us. Our hearts and prayers go out to his wife Dorothy and his wonderful family.

FURTHER MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A further message from the Senate by Ms. Curtis, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate has passed without amendment a bill of the House of the following title:

H.R. 2967. An act to designate the Federal building located at 333 Mt. Elliott Street in Detroit, Michigan, as the "Rosa Parks Federal Building".

ALBERT HAROLD QUIE POST OFFICE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. COLE of Oklahoma). The pending business is the question of suspending the rules and passing the bill, H.R. 3989, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the bill. The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Minnesota (Mr. GUTKNECHT) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 3989, as amended, on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 391, nays 1, not voting 41, as follows:

[Roll No. 558]
YEAS—391

Andrews	Ford	Murtha
Berman	Gallegly	Norwood
Boswell	Gutierrez	Oxley
Brown, Corrine	Hall	Pearce
Brown-Waite,	Hastings (FL)	Pombo
Ginny	Herseth	Rohrabacher
Capuano	Hinchev	Royal-Allard
Costello	Hoyer	Rush
Cubin	Hyde	Shays
Cummins	Istook	Spratt
Davis (FL)	Jackson (IL)	Terry
Davis (TN)	Jenkins	Thompson (MS)
DeLay	Maloney	Udall (CO)
Dingell	McCollum (MN)	Wynn
Doyle	Miller, Gary	

□ 1854

Mr. RADANOVICH changed his vote from "nay" to "yea."

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

ANNOUNCING THE PASSING OF FORMER CONGRESSMAN JOHN N. ERLENBORN OF ILLINOIS

(Mrs. BIGGERT asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mrs. BIGGERT. Mr. Speaker, it is with sadness that I rise to inform the House of the passing on Sunday of one of our beloved former colleagues, John Erlenborn of Illinois.

John Erlenborn served the people of the southwest suburbs of Chicago from 1956 to 1985. After his service in Congress, he served on the board and as president of the Legal Services Corporation from 1989 until 2001. A former

Ackerman	Buyer	Dicks
Aderholt	Calvert	Doggett
Akin	Camp	Doolittle
Alexander	Cannon	Drake
Allen	Cantor	Dreier
Baca	Capito	Duncan
Bachus	Capps	Edwards
Baird	Cardin	Ehlers
Baker	Cardoza	Emanuel
Baldwin	Carnahan	Emerson
Barrett (SC)	Carson	Engel
Barrow	Carter	English (PA)
Bartlett (MD)	Case	Eshoo
Barton (TX)	Castle	Etheridge
Bass	Chabot	Evans
Bean	Chandler	Everett
Beauprez	Chocola	Farr
Becerra	Clay	Fattah
Berkley	Cleaver	Feeney
Berman	Clyburn	Ferguson
Berry	Coble	Filner
Biggert	Cole (OK)	Fitzpatrick (PA)
Bilirakis	Conaway	Flake
Bishop (GA)	Conyers	Foley
Bishop (NY)	Cooper	Forbes
Bishop (UT)	Costa	Fortenberry
Blackburn	Cramer	Fossella
Blumenauer	Crenshaw	Fox
Blunt	Crowley	Frank (MA)
Boehlert	Cuellar	Franks (AZ)
Boehner	Culberson	Frelinghuysen
Bonilla	Cunningham	Garrett (NJ)
Bonner	Davis (AL)	Gerlach
Bono	Davis (CA)	Gibbons
Boozman	Davis (IL)	Gilchrest
Boren	Davis (KY)	Gillmor
Boucher	Davis (TN)	Gingrey
Boustany	Davis, Jo Ann	Gohmert
Boyd	Davis, Tom	Gonzalez
Bradley (NH)	Deal (GA)	Goode
Brady (PA)	DeFazio	Goodlatte
Brady (TX)	DeGette	Gordon
Brown (OH)	Delahunt	Granger
Brown (SC)	DeLauro	Graves
Burgess	Dent	Green (WI)
Burton (IN)	Diaz-Balart, L.	Green, Al
Butterfield	Diaz-Balart, M.	Green, Gene

Grijalva	McCaul (TX)	Ruppersberger
Gutknecht	McCotter	Ryan (OH)
Harman	McCrery	Ryan (WI)
Hart	McDermott	Ryun (KS)
Hastings (WA)	McGovern	Sabo
Hayes	McHenry	Salazar
Hayworth	McHugh	Sánchez, Linda
Hefley	McIntyre	T.
Hensarling	McKeon	Sanchez, Loretta
Herger	McKinney	Sanders
Higgins	McMorris	Saxton
Hinchev	McNulty	Schakowsky
Hinojosa	Meehan	Schiff
Hobson	Meek (FL)	Schmidt
Hoekstra	Meeks (NY)	Schwartz (PA)
Holden	Melancon	Schwarz (MI)
Holt	Menendez	Scott (GA)
Honda	Mica	Scott (VA)
Hooley	Michaud	Sensenbrenner
Hostettler	Millender-	Serrano
Hulshof	McDonald	Sessions
Hunter	Miller (FL)	Shadegg
Inglis (SC)	Miller (MI)	Shaw
Inslie	Miller (NC)	Sherman
Israel	Miller, George	Sherwood
Issa	Mollohan	Shimkus
Jackson (IL)	Moore (KS)	Shuster
Jackson-Lee	Moore (WI)	Simmons
(TX)	Moran (KS)	Simpson
Jefferson	Moran (VA)	Skelton
Jindal	Murphy	Slaughter
Johnson (CT)	Musgrave	Smith (NJ)
Johnson (IL)	Myrick	Smith (TX)
Johnson, E. B.	Nadler	Smith (WA)
Johnson, Sam	Napolitano	Snyder
Jones (NC)	Neal (MA)	Sodrel
Jones (OH)	Neugebauer	Solis
Kanjorski	Ney	Souder
Kaptur	Northup	Stark
Keller	Nunes	Stearns
Kelly	Nussle	Stupak
Kennedy (MN)	Oberstar	Sullivan
Kennedy (RI)	Obey	Sweeney
Kildee	Olver	Tancredó
Kilpatrick (MI)	Ortiz	Tanner
Kind	Osborne	Tauscher
King (IA)	Otter	Taylor (MS)
King (NY)	Owens	Taylor (NC)
Kingston	Pallone	Thomas
Kirk	Pascrell	Thompson (CA)
Kline	Pastor	Thornberry
Knollenberg	Paul	Tiahrt
Kolbe	Payne	Tiberi
Kucinich	Pelosi	Tierney
Kuhl (NY)	Pence	Towns
LaHood	Peterson (MN)	Turner
Langevin	Peterson (PA)	Udall (NM)
Lantos	Petri	Upton
Larsen (WA)	Pickering	Van Hollen
Larson (CT)	Pitts	Velázquez
Latham	Platts	Visclosky
LaTourette	Poe	Walden (OR)
Leach	Pomeroy	Walsh
Lee	Porter	Wamp
Levin	Price (GA)	Wasserman
Lewis (CA)	Price (NC)	Schultz
Lewis (GA)	Pryce (OH)	Waters
Lewis (KY)	Putnam	Watson
Linder	Radanovich	Watt
Lipinski	Rahall	Waxman
LoBiondo	Ramstad	Weiner
Lofgren, Zoe	Rangel	Weldon (FL)
Lowey	Regula	Weldon (PA)
Lucas	Rehberg	Weller
Lungren, Daniel	Reichert	Westmoreland
E.	Renzi	Wexler
Lynch	Reyes	Whitfield
Mack	Reynolds	Wicker
Manzullo	Rogers (AL)	Wilson (NM)
Marchant	Rogers (KY)	Wilson (SC)
Markey	Rogers (MI)	Wolf
Marshall	Ros-Lehtinen	Woolsey
Matheson	Ross	Wu
Matsui	Rothman	Young (AK)
McCarthy	Royce	Young (FL)

NAYS—1

Abercrombie
NOT VOTING—41

Andrews	Davis (FL)	Hastings (FL)
Boswell	DeLay	Herseth
Brown, Corrine	Dingell	Hoyer
Brown-Waite,	Doyle	Hyde
Ginny	Ford	Istook
Capuano	Gallegly	Jenkins
Costello	Gutierrez	Maloney
Cubin	Hall	McCollum (MN)
Cummings	Harris	Miller, Gary

Murtha
Norwood
Oxley
Pearce
Pombo

Rohrabacher
Roybal-Allard
Rush
Shays
Spratt

Strickland
Terry
Thompson (MS)
Udall (CO)
Wynn

□ 1913

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The title of the bill was amended so as to read: "A bill to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 37598 Goodhue Avenue in Dennison, Minnesota, as the 'Albert H. Quie Post Office'."

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I regret that I missed two votes on November 1st, 2005. Had I been present I would have voted "yes" on both H.R. 3548 (the Heinz Ahlmeyer Jr. Post Office Building Designation Act) and H.R. 3989 (the Albert Harold Quie Post Office Designation Act).

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. POMBO. Mr. Speaker, on November 1, 2005 I missed recorded votes and would like my intentions included in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on both H.R. 3548 and H.R. 3989.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. GUTIERREZ. Mr. Speaker, I was unavoidably absent from this Chamber today. I would like the RECORD to show that, had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall votes No. 557 and No. 558.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. OXLEY. Mr. Speaker, I was attending events in my congressional district during today's rollcall votes on H.R. 3548, the Heinz Ahlmeyer, Jr., Post Office Building Designation Act, and H.R. 3989, the Albert Harold Quie Post Office Designation Act.

Had I been present, I would have voted in favor of both bills.

PERMISSION FOR MEMBER TO BE CONSIDERED AS FIRST SPONSOR OF H.R. 2216

Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that I may hereafter be considered as the first sponsor of H.R. 2216, a bill originally introduced by Representative COX of California, for the purposes of adding cosponsors and requesting reprintings pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. COLE of Oklahoma). Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from Florida?

There was no objection.

AVIAN FLU

(Mr. DEFAZIO asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. DEFAZIO. Mr. Speaker, the President has finally discovered that there is a threat of an avian bird flu pandemic despite the fact that it was discovered about 8 years ago. Experts have been talking about the threat of the pandemic for a number of years. Last year the President in his budget spent \$182 million on chastity education and \$100 million on preparation for a pandemic. That is for all investment in flus, vaccines, and antivirals and research.

I am glad that he has had a change of heart now. Now he is going to begin to adequately fund the threat, but it is getting pretty late. The U.S. does not make the vaccines. In fact, there is not a very good vaccine available. And we do not make the antivirals. And we are going to have to get in line behind every other country in the world that had better foresight than this administration.

ACROSS-THE-BOARD SPENDING CUTS

(Mrs. BLACKBURN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Mrs. BLACKBURN. Mr. Speaker, the other day the President spoke out in support of across-the-board spending cuts as an option for reducing Federal spending. I want to applaud the President for joining us on this issue. On October 20, I wrote a letter of thanks to the President, thanking him for supporting across-the-board spending reductions.

In September, along with two of my colleagues, I introduced H.R. 3903, H.R. 3904, and H.R. 3906, 1, 2, and 5 percent across-the-board reduction bills for nondefense, non-Homeland Security discretionary spending. We have 18 members signed as co-sponsors, and I hope to continue building support for the reductions. Every Member in this body should be able to support at least a 1 percent reduction.

This House leadership has actively pushed to rein in spending, and I hope my colleagues will join me in supporting these bills.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, DC, October 20, 2005.

Hon. GEORGE W. BUSH,
The White House,
Washington, DC.

DEAR PRESIDENT BUSH: Thank you for promising to work with Congress to offset costs for Gulf Coast reconstruction with spending cuts. I know that you and I are committed to act in a fiscally responsible way in paying for the reconstruction efforts.

In your speech on October 4th from the Rose Garden, you stated that you want Congress to pay for as much of the hurricane relief as possible by cutting spending and that you will work with Congress to identify offsets to free up money for the reconstruction efforts. You also called on Congress to make real cuts in non-security spending.

Mr. President, I have introduced three bills that are significant first steps towards meeting your goals. The bills would enact across-the-board 1%, 2%, and 5% reductions in non-defense and non-homeland security discretionary spending. I believe that by working together on these proposals we can show the American people that you and I are dedicated to exercising spending restraint to prevent more federal debt passing on to future generations.

Thank you for your attention to this matter, and I look forward to working with you during the coming months.

Sincerely,

MARSHA BLACKBURN,
Member of Congress.

SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. COLE of Oklahoma). Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 4, 2005, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. JONES) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. JONES of North Carolina addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

EXCHANGE OF SPECIAL ORDER TIME

Mr. OSBORNE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take the Special Order time of the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. JONES).

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Nebraska?

There was no objection.

TRADE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Nebraska (Mr. OSBORNE) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. OSBORNE. Mr. Speaker, yesterday a subcommittee of the Japanese Food Safety Commission, on Prions, which deals primarily with BSE, or mad cow disease, voted to pursue a course designed to open Japan's borders to U.S. beef. This is something that the beef industry has been waiting for for about 1 year, 1½ years now. And the full committee will vote tomorrow on opening trade with the United States, and then this will begin a 4-week comment period, after which it is assumed that borders will open. So we are hoping that by the end of the year we will see U.S. beef going to Japan.

This is certainly important for our beef industry because Japan was buying at one time roughly \$1.7 billion of U.S. beef annually. So it is a huge portion of our beef trade.

Getting the border open has been surprisingly difficult, however. We had two cases of BSE in North America that shut off trade with Japan. Japan