

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95-384—22
U.S.C. 1754(b), CODEL FRIST FOR TRAVEL FROM AUG. 19 TO AUG. 29, 2003—Continued

| Name and country | Name of currency | Per diem | | Transportation | | Miscellaneous | | Total | |
|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|---|------------------|---|------------------|---|------------------|---|
| | | Foreign currency | U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency | Foreign currency | U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency | Foreign currency | U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency | Foreign currency | U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency |
| Namibia | Dollar | | 368.00 | | | | | | 368.00 |
| Nick Smith: | | | | | | | | | |
| South Africa | Rand | | 597.00 | | | | | | 597.00 |
| Mozambique | Metical | | 460.00 | | | | | | 460.00 |
| Botswana | Pula | | 421.00 | | | | | | 421.00 |
| Namibia | Dollar | | 368.00 | | | | | | 368.00 |
| George Tolbert: | | | | | | | | | |
| South Africa | Rand | | 497.00 | | | | | | 497.00 |
| Mozambique | Metical | | 360.00 | | | | | | 360.00 |
| Botswana | Pula | | 421.00 | | | | | | 421.00 |
| Namibia | Dollar | | 312.00 | | | | | | 312.00 |
| Sally Walsh: | | | | | | | | | |
| South Africa | Rand | | 697.00 | | | | | | 697.00 |
| Mozambique | Metical | | 460.00 | | | | | | 460.00 |
| Botswana | Pula | | 421.00 | | | | | | 421.00 |
| Namibia | Dollar | | 368.00 | | | | | | 368.00 |
| Delegation expenses*: | | | | | | | | | |
| South Africa | Rand | | | | | 29,129.59 | | | 29,129.59 |
| Mozambique | Metical | | | | | 11,638.77 | | | 11,638.77 |
| Botswana | Pula | | | | | 11,941.09 | | | 11,941.09 |
| Namibia | Dollar | | | | | 11,638.77 | | | 11,638.77 |
| Total | | | 20,430.00 | | 13,710.97 | 64,348.22 | | | 98,489.19 |

*Delegation expenses include payments and reimbursements to the Department of State, and the Department of Defense under the authority of Sec. 502(b) of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended by Sec. 22 of P.L. 95-384, and S. Res. 179 agreed to May 25, 1977.

BILL FRIST,
Majority Leader, Oct. 11, 2003.

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95-384—22
U.S.C. 1754(b), BILL FRIST, MAJORITY LEADER FOR TRAVEL FROM JULY 1 TO SEPT. 30, 2003

| Name and country | Name of currency | Per diem | | Transportation | | Miscellaneous | | Total | |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|---|------------------|---|------------------|---|------------------|---|
| | | Foreign currency | U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency | Foreign currency | U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency | Foreign currency | U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency | Foreign currency | U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency |
| Rohit Kumar: | | | | | | | | | |
| Mexico | Pesos | | 708.00 | | | | | | 708.00 |
| Total | | | 708.00 | | | | | | 708.00 |

BILL FRIST,
Majority Leader, Nov. 5, 2003.

101ST AIRBORNE

Mr. FRIST. Mr. President, "Iraqi Destiny," which is the 101st Airborne Division's weekly newsletter, runs a feature on its last page called "Man on the Street." The 101st Airborne is based in Tennessee and Kentucky, right on the border. I and my colleague, LAMAR ALEXANDER, and the distinguished colleagues from Kentucky have a particular interest in the men and the women with the 101st Airborne and their families and their support groups. It is fascinating to receive this weekly newsletter. In it was run a feature on the last page called "Man on the Street." It features the 101st soldiers and Iraqi citizens answering a question of the week. The questions range from light hearted to the much more serious, such as, "What will you do with the extra money you are making?" to, "What do you think of the new schools that are opening?"

A few weeks ago, soldiers were asked, "What Arabic words have you learned while in Iraq?" Most had conventional responses, things you would expect: "Hello, how are you." But I was very interested to learn that a certain Screaming Eagle, Sergeant Thomas Baker, has learned the word, "Habibi," Arabic for "Sweetheart." Now, I won't speculate as to how or why Sergeant Baker has learned the word, "Habibi." But I do think we can take it as an en-

couraging sign of the progress that is being made in Iraq.

I take special, home State pride in the 101st Airborne Division. It is based at Fort Campbell, 60 percent of which is located in Tennessee. It goes without saying that Fort Campbell is integral to the Tennessee community, and especially to Clarksville where many of Fort Campbell's families reside.

I've had the privilege of visiting Fort Campbell numerous times, actually staying overnight in the army barracks and traveling to Fort Campbell on another occasion with the President of the United States.

Under the leadership of Major General David Petraeus, a friend and someone I had known prior to coming to the Senate, the 101st is doing extraordinary work. You may remember that it was the 101st that found and dispatched Uday and Qusay Hussein in Mosul. Since then, the 101st has moved more quickly than any other American unit in training guards and policeman for the new Iraqi Civil Defense Corps.

They've also shown the Iraqi people tremendous generosity and heart in helping to rebuild Iraq's infrastructure, civic institutions and, even more fundamentally, the people's pride and hope in their future.

Take for example the story of the Avgani Clinic. Located in the north, the clinic serves 60,000 Iraqis from the

town of Avgani and 50 outlying villages. Under Saddam Hussein, the clinic was allowed to fall into disrepair. It had cracking walls, poor electricity, no bathroom. The clinic's director says that the clinic was "a sad place." That, however, was before the arrival of First Lieutenant Michael Lefler and the Screaming Eagles.

In 3 months time, with just \$25,000—in America, the price of a mid-size sedan—Lefler and his team led the renovation of the entire facility.

They installed new desks, chairs, computers, curtains, and yard tiles. They constructed several new rooms and bathrooms. The clinic is now fully operational, with twice the funds it previously had. The director of the clinic says the facility is now a "very happy place."

The 101st soldiers list among their values: "Duty, Respect, Selfless-Service, Honor, Integrity, Personal Courage, and Professionalism." All of these virtues have been on sterling display. From organizing book drives for Iraqi schoolchildren, to restoring water and power, everyday the 101st is showing the Iraqi people exceptional character and America's commitment to Iraq's future.

I'd like to close with a story about a soccer game, not too long ago, in the town of Al Qosh. With the help of the 101st, the Lady Virgin Orphanage of Al

Qosh hosted the championship soccer tournament of the season. For the event, army engineers cleared an area adjacent to the orphanage to create a soccer field.

Seven teams from around the region, along with their families, gathered at the new field, cheering and blowing kazooes as the Screaming Eagles faced off against the Iraqi Sharafeya team. The Screaming Eagles won 2 to 1, and the crowd of spectators ran onto the field with cheers and laughter.

Among the happy fans were children from the orphanage wearing personalized soccer uniforms. Earlier in the summer, the 101st had given each child their own soccer uniform with the child's name printed across the back, and "Screaming Eagles" in Arabic emblazoned across the front. I suspect those uniforms will be treasured for years to come, and that is what this struggle is all about—the years to come. We have undertaken an extraordinary task to change the course of history, to bring peace and democracy to Iraq. We know that democracies do not export terror. Tyrannies do. So, we have toppled a despotic, terror-sponsoring regime and set out to transform a brutalized nation.

It is an ambitious undertaking worthy of a great country. America is a great country, and through the noble efforts of men and women like those of the 101st, Iraq is on the road to freedom.

Not too long ago, President Bush signed the historic \$87 billion wartime supplemental that will help the Iraqis realize their dream. He also gave a very important speech to remind us of the fundamental nature of democracy, and America's role in the world.

He said:

The advance of freedom is the calling of our time; it is the calling of our country. We believe that freedom is not for us alone, it is the right and the capacity of all mankind. The establishment of a free Iraq in the heart of the Middle East will be a watershed event in the global revolution.

President Bush has set a brave and courageous course. And I am confident that twenty years from now, Iraqis will fondly recall moments, like the Al Qosh championship soccer match of 2003, with the special pride of having been there when the liberation came.

Mr. President, I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will call the roll.

The legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. FRIST. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

VISION 100—CENTURY OF AVIATION REAUTHORIZATION ACT—CONFERENCE REPORT

Mr. FRIST. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate

proceed to consideration of the conference report to accompany H.R. 2115, the Century of Aviation Reauthorization Act.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendment of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 2115), to amend title 49, United States Code, to reauthorize programs for the Federal Aviation Administration, and for other purposes, having met, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate and agree to the same with an amendment and the Senate agree to the same, signed by a majority of the conferees on the part of both Houses.

(The text of the Conference Report is printed in the proceedings of the House in the RECORD of October 29, 2003.)

CLOTURE MOTION

Mr. FRIST. To my understanding, we are unable to reach a time agreement on this conference report. I now send a cloture motion to the desk.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The cloture motion having been presented under rule XXII, the Chair directs the clerk to report the motion to invoke cloture on the conference report to accompany H.R. 2115, the Vision 100—Century of Aviation Reauthorization Act.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

CLOTURE MOTION

We the undersigned Senators, in accordance with the provisions of rule XXII of the Standing Rules of the Senate, do hereby move to bring to a close debate on the conference report to accompany H.R. 2115, the Flight 100—Century of Aviation Reauthorization Act.

Bill Frist, John McCain, Conrad Burns, Ben Nighthorse Campbell, A. Wayne Allard, Jeff Sessions, M. Crapo, Larry E. Craig, Kay Bailey Hutchison, John E. Sununu, George Allen, Saxby Chambliss, Rick Santorum, Norm Coleman, Craig Thomas, Pat Roberts, Trent Lott.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The minority leader.

Mr. DASCHLE. Mr. President, if I could just intercede for a moment, I have been discussing this matter with the distinguished majority leader. It is regrettable that, at least at this point, we have not reached a time agreement on the FAA conference report. A lot of work has gone into the bill on both sides. A lot of negotiation has gone into the conference agreement itself.

Because there is no public assurance on the part of the administration that they are not prepared to at least examine the impact of privatization, we are unable to reach agreement with regard to the time on the FAA conference report at this time. I am still hopeful that perhaps before the time we reach the cloture vote, the scheduled time for the cloture vote on Monday, the administration will at least give additional thought to a proposal that has been made now on both sides of the

aisle that they simply join with us in examining more carefully the implications of privatization prior to the time it is decided.

A 1-year moratorium, an examination of the ramifications of privatization is what we are seeking. With that assurance I think we could get a vote of 100 to 0, perhaps, on this bill. I am very hopeful that is still within the realm of possibility. If it were not for that, I think we would have agreement this afternoon. So I only note that, given the fact that we still have time before next Monday to come to some agreement with regard to how to proceed on privatization.

I thank the majority leader for his intervention. I will await further word. I yield the floor.

Mr. FRIST. Mr. President, the Democratic leader and I were just talking about that prior to my taking the floor. I will discuss this with the appropriate people, as well as Senator LOTT, who has worked very hard on the conference report.

Mr. DASCHLE. I thank the majority leader.

Mr. FRIST. I now ask, notwithstanding rule XXII, this vote occur at 5:30 on Monday, and that the time from 4:30 to 5:30 be equally divided between the two leaders or their designees for debate prior to the vote. Finally, I ask the quorum under rule XXII be waived.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

EXECUTIVE CALENDAR

Mr. FRIST. I ask unanimous consent the Senate now proceed to executive session for the consideration of Calendar Nos. 237 and 238, en bloc.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The nominations will be stated.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

The legislative clerk read the nomination of Thomas C. Dorr, of Iowa, to be Under Secretary of Agriculture for Rural Development.

The legislative clerk read the nomination of Thomas C. Dorr, of Iowa, to be a Member of the Board of Directors of the Commodity Credit Corporation.

CLOTURE MOTIONS

Mr. FRIST. This nomination was reported by the Agriculture Committee on June 18. We have been unable to reach a consent on its consideration. Therefore, I send two cloture motions to the desk and ask they be reported consecutively.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The cloture motions having been presented under rule XXII, the Chair directs the clerk to read the motions.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

CLOTURE MOTION

We the undersigned Senators, in accordance with the provisions of rule XXII of the