

the citizens of Jerusalem and of Israel, wish to show solidarity with our friends in the United States of America.

We remember the victims of the war waged by the sons of darkness against the sons of light, whether they fell on September 11 in America, or during the three years in Israel and in Jerusalem. We, the citizens of Jerusalem and of Israel, are determined to continue to create a free society, thirsty for knowledge and culture, tolerant and enlightened, rooted in our own heritage but open to the cultures of the world, aspiring to peace, committed to its values even though it may seem to some that to give them up would help in the war.

I truly believe that these principles must prevail.

U.S. AMBASSADOR TO ISRAEL DANIEL C. KURTZER REMARKS AT THE JERUSALEM SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA CONCERT IN MEMORY OF VICTIMS OF SEPTEMBER 11

Mount Scopus Amphitheater, Hebrew University, Jerusalem September 11, 2003

Professor Menachem Magidor, the President of the Hebrew University, Maestro Dr. Leon Botstein, the Jerusalem Symphony Orchestra, the Philharmonia Singers, ladies and gentlemen. It is always a great privilege to represent the United States of America and the American people here in Israel. And it is a singular privilege to represent my country here tonight, in this evening of solidarity in memory of the victims of September 11th.

I want to thank the Hebrew University, the Jerusalem Symphony Orchestra, Dr. Leon Botstein and all of you for joining us here this evening. Dr. Botstein's creativity and energy are enviable. As you know, he assumes the role of the leader of this orchestra while simultaneously serving as the President of Bard College, the music director and principal conductor of the American Symphony Orchestra, and having undertaken myriad other tasks.

Some years ago, Dr. Botstein wrote that, "Music occurs in time. Its logic is revealed over the course of a performance." In 1967, I was privileged to come to Israel as a volunteer after The Six Day War and to help clean up this amphitheater in preparation for a concert conducted by Leonard Bernstein, and the concert played the music of Mahler, "The Resurrection."

The connection to tonight is obvious. For 36 years have passed since 1967, and in some respects what we have witnessed is a single performance performed in time. Tonight's "Requiem" by Dvořák complements the "Resurrection" of Mahler in 1967. And this single performance is also drawn together by the composer. For not only is Dvořák the composer of tonight's piece, but as you know, he loved America, and his "New World Symphony" represents that love in beautiful music.

Time, however much we see singularity in this connection of performances, will never truly heal the wounds of those who have suffered as a result of terrorism. We will never forget the 3000 Americans, and citizens of 90 other countries who lost their lives in New York, Washington, and Pennsylvania two years ago. We will always remember each victim, not as a number, not as faces in the crowd, but as fathers and mothers, sons and daughters, friends and co-workers.

We, Americans and Israelis, will always also mourn the hundreds of victims of terrorism here in Israel including the 36 Americans who have been killed in the Intifada. We mourn tonight those who lost their lives just two nights ago in Tzrifin and Jerusalem, and we mourn those who lost their lives on this university campus one year ago.

Even after great destruction we strive for rebirth and renewal in a most important connection between "Requiem" and "Resurrection". And so tonight, the process of remembering and recovery continues, as we reflect on the beautiful music and the unseen audience that it honors. Thank you very much.

IN RECOGNITION OF MR. WARREN PLUM

HON. FRANK PALLONE, JR.

OF NEW JERSEY

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, October 28, 2003

Mr. PALLONE. Mr. Speaker, I rise to applaud the accomplishments of Mr. Warren Plum, someone who exemplifies the spirit of those workmen and women who make America great.

Mr. Plum began his career with the United Parcel Service in November of 1966 as a Christmas peak hire. After working through the holiday season, and proving himself to be a devoted employee, Mr. Plum was called back to work in downtown Spring Lake, New Jersey. He has remained on duty for a 37-year span, and has become known around town as "the mayor" for his affable personality and extreme work ethic. Often at times, when Mr. Plum is delivering packages, it is customary to hear local citizens greet him up and down Main Street.

Mr. Plum has accomplished many great milestones in his UPS career. His driving record is exemplary. Having spent 36 years driving over 500,000 miles without a single accident is a remarkable accomplishment. Mr. Plum has successfully delivered well over 3,000,000 packages during his career at UPS. Knowing what kind of person Mr. Plum is, I am certain each package delivery and pickup was made with a smile, hello, and wave.

Mr. Speaker, it is important that we give recognition to America's workers for the many years they sacrifice to help keep America so strong. It is the dedication and devotion of men and women like Mr. Plum that allow the United States to remain one of the wealthiest countries in the world. As such, I would ask my colleagues to rise up in honoring America's workers, and especially the distinguished Mr. Warren Plum.

CONGRATULATING FIVE U.S. HEROES

HON. PETER J. VISCLOSKY

OF INDIANA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, October 28, 2003

Mr. VISCLOSKY. Mr. Speaker, it is my distinct privilege and honor to recognize and congratulate five United States heroes. Mr. Raymond Fary, Mr. Donald Erwin, Mr. Albert Fehlberg, Mr. Adalbert Wszolek, and Mr. Ernest Latta are World War II Army and Army Air Force veterans who risked their lives for the freedom of our great country. These dedicated and brave men will be honored on Sunday, November 2, 2003 at the Salute 2003 Ceremony at Munster High School in Munster, Indiana.

Raymond Fary joined the United States Army at Fort Benjamin Harrison on March 23,

1943. Raymond quickly earned his glider badge and participated in the Rhineland, Central Europe, Normandy, and Ardennes campaigns as a Glider Trooper with the 82nd Airborne. He earned many prestigious honors throughout his career including the American Theater Ribbon, Holland and Belgium Fourragere, as well as the Victory Medal, just to name a few.

Donald Erwin entered into the United States Army on October 23, 1942 at Camp Atterbury in Indianapolis, Indiana. During his campaigns in New Guinea, Leyte, and the Philippines, Donald served with Company C of the 19th Infantry Division. During his time of service, Donald received the Purple Heart, the Asiatic Pacific Theater Ribbon with two Battle Stars, the Philippine Liberation Ribbon with one Bronze Star, the Good Conduct Medal, as well as many other honorable medals.

Albert Fehlberg, on December 1, 1942 also joined the United States Army at Camp Atterbury in Indianapolis, Indiana. Albert's three major campaigns were in North Africa, Salerno-Cassino, and Rome, Italy. Due to his extensive understanding of the German language, he was advanced into the 143rd Infantry. He received the Purple Heart with Four Oak Leaf Clusters, after being wounded five different times during his 15 months in combat. Among his many prestigious awards for his service were the EAME Theater Ribbon and the Bronze Star Medal.

Adalbert Wszolek entered into active service on June 9, 1941 in Chicago, Illinois as the bottom ball turret gunner on a B-17 Bomber for the United States Army Air Force. While on his 4th mission in Germany, Adalbert was seriously wounded on June 21, 1944 but continued to fire upon the enemy. His valiant and selfless efforts inspired his crew to join together to return their damaged aircraft to safety. Adalbert received many awards for his bravery and courage including the Good Conduct Medal, Purple Heart Medal, Air Medal, Silver Star Medal, and countless others.

Ernie Latta joined the United States Army at Fort Benjamin Harrison in Indianapolis, Indiana on October 2, 1940. He was first stationed at Scofield Barracks in Hawaii during the attack on Pearl Harbor. He was awarded the Silver Star for his brave rescue of one of his comrades as they were heavily under fire. Sergeant Latta received the Asian Pacific Theater Ribbon with three Bronze Stars, the American Defense Service Medal, Good Conduct Ribbon, along with many other awards for his courage.

Mr. Speaker, I ask that you and my other distinguished colleagues join me in honoring and thanking these five brave men, as well as all the former and current members of the United States military for their courageous and selfless dedication to the American people. These men have put their own lives in danger to protect our way of life, and for that they should be applauded and revered.

COMMENDING DR. BELLE WEI

HON. DAVID WU

OF OREGON

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, October 28, 2003

Mr. WU. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to commend the achievements of Professor Belle