

## SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 237—WELCOMING THE PUBLIC APOLOGIES ISSUED BY THE PRESIDENT OF SERBIA AND MONTENEGRO AND THE PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF CROATIA AND URGING OTHER LEADERS IN THE REGION TO PERFORM SIMILAR CONCRETE ACTS OF RECONCILIATION

Mr. LIEBERMAN (for himself, Mr. MCCAIN, and Mr. BIDEN) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

## S. RES. 237

Whereas the President of Serbia and Montenegro and the President of the Republic of Croatia each issued on September 10, 2003, a public statement of apology for the crimes committed by citizens of each country against citizens of the other country; and

Whereas the countries of Southeast Europe are struggling to move beyond the problems of the past and toward a brighter future that includes membership in both the European Union and NATO: Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved*, That the Senate—

(1) welcomes the public apologies issued on September 10, 2003, by the President of Serbia and Montenegro and the President of the Republic of Croatia;

(2) commends the initiative and personal courage demonstrated by their actions;

(3) recognizes the value of such apologies in the important process of reconciliation in Southeast Europe;

(4) notes public support within the region for these efforts;

(5) calls upon the governments in the region to continue their efforts to encourage and advance reconciliation; and

(6) reiterates the importance of resolving post-conflict issues, including—

(A) by ensuring that refugees and internally displaced persons have the right to return home; and

(B) by bringing persons indicted for war crimes to justice, including through cooperation with the International Criminal Tribunal on the Former Yugoslavia.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 1794. Mr. BYRD proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes.

SA 1795. Mr. MCCONNELL (for himself and Mr. ALEXANDER) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1689, *supra*.

SA 1796. Mr. BIDEN (for himself, Mr. KERRY, Mr. CHAFEE, Mr. CORZINE, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, and Mr. LAUTENBERG) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1689, *supra*.

SA 1797. Mr. VOINOVICH (for himself and Mr. LOTT) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1689, *supra*; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1798. Mrs. HUTCHISON (for herself, Mr. GRAHAM, of South Carolina, Ms. COLLINS, Mr. CRAIG, and Mr. CHAMBLISS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 1689, *supra*; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1799. Mr. COLEMAN (for himself, Mr. DAYTON, Mr. STEVENS, Mr. DORGAN, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. JOHNSON, Mr. CORZINE, Ms. COL-

LINS, Mr. GRAHAM, of South Carolina, and Mr. ENZI) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1689, *supra*; which was ordered to lie on the table.

## TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 1794. Mr. BYRD proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; as follows:

On page 25, line 7, strike “rehabilitation and reconstruction in Iraq” and all that follows through page 28, line 15 and insert “in Iraq, \$5,136,000,000, to remain available until expended, for security, including public safety requirements, national security and justice: Provided, That these funds may be transferred to any Federal account for any Federal government activity to accomplish the purposes provided herein: Provided further, That notwithstanding any provision of this chapter, none of the funds appropriated under this heading may be made available to enter into any contract or follow-on contract that uses other than full and open competitive contracting procedures as defined in 41 U.S.C. 403(6).”

SA 1795. Mr. MCCONNELL (for himself and Mr. ALEXANDER) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

**SEC. COMMENDING THE ARMED FORCES FOR EFFORTS IN OPERATION ENDURING FREEDOM AND OPERATION IRAQI FREEDOM.**

Recognizing and commending the members of the United States Armed Forces and their leaders, and the allies of the United States and their armed forces, who participated in Operation Enduring Freedom in Afghanistan and Operation Iraqi Freedom in Iraq and recognizing the continuing dedication of military families and employers and defense civilians and contractors and the countless communities and patriotic organizations that lent their support to the Armed Forces during those operations.

Whereas the September 11, 2001, terrorist attacks on the United States, which killed thousands of people from the United States and other countries in New York, Virginia, and Pennsylvania, inaugurated the Global War on Terrorism;

Whereas the intelligence community quickly identified Al Qaeda as a terrorist organization with global reach and the President determined that United States national security required the elimination of the Al Qaeda terrorist organization;

Whereas the Taliban regime of Afghanistan had long harbored Al Qaeda, providing members of that organization a safe haven from which to attack the United States and its friends and allies, and the refusal of that regime to discontinue its support for international terrorism and surrender Al Qaeda's leaders to the United States made it a threat to international peace and security;

Whereas Saddam Hussein and his regime's longstanding sponsorship of international terrorism, active pursuit of weapons of mass destruction, use of such weapons against Iraq's own citizens and neighboring countries, aggression against Iraq's neighbors,

and brutal repression of Iraq's population made Saddam Hussein and his regime a threat to international peace and security;

Whereas the United States pursued sustained diplomatic, political, and economic efforts to remove those threats peacefully;

Whereas on October 7, 2001, the Armed Forces of the United States and its coalition allies launched military operations in Afghanistan, designated as Operation Enduring Freedom, that quickly caused the collapse of the Taliban regime, the elimination of Afghanistan's terrorist infrastructure, and the capture of significant and numerous members of Al Qaeda;

Whereas on March 19, 2003, the Armed Forces of the United States and its coalition allies launched military operations, designated as Operation Iraqi Freedom, that quickly caused the collapse of Saddam Hussein's regime, the elimination of Iraq's terrorist infrastructure, the end of Iraq's illicit and illegal programs to acquire weapons of mass destruction, and the capture of significant international terrorists;

Whereas in those campaigns in the Global War on Terrorism, as of September 27, 2003, nearly 165,000 members of the United States Armed Forces, comprised of active, reserve, and National Guard members and units, had mobilized for Operation Enduring Freedom and Operation Iraqi Freedom;

Whereas success in those two campaigns in the Global War on Terrorism would not have been possible without the dedication, courage, and service of the members of the United States Armed Forces and the military and irregular forces of the friends and allies of the United States;

Whereas the support, love, and commitment from the families of United States service personnel participating in those two operations as well as that of the communities and patriotic organizations which provided support through the United Services Organization (USO), Operation Dear Abby, and Operation UpLink, helped to sustain those service personnel and enabled them to eliminate significant threats to United States national security while liberating oppressed peoples from dictatorial regimes;

Whereas the civilian employees of the Department of Defense, through their hard work and dedication, enabled United States military forces to quickly and effectively achieve the United States military missions in Afghanistan and Iraq;

Whereas the commitment of companies making their employees available for military service, the creativity and initiative of contractors equipping the Nation's Armed Forces with the best and most modern equipment, and the ingenuity of service companies assisting with the global overseas deployment of the Armed Forces demonstrates that the entrepreneurial spirit of the United States is an extraordinarily valuable defense asset; and

Whereas the Nation should pause to recognize with appropriate tributes and days of remembrance the sacrifice of those members of the Armed Forces who died or were wounded in Operation Enduring Freedom and Operation Iraqi Freedom, as well as all who served in or supported either of those operations: Now, therefore, be it

Therefore, the Senate

(1) conveys its deepest sympathy and condolences to the families and friends of the members of United States and coalition forces who have been injured, wounded, or killed during Operation Enduring Freedom and Operation Iraqi Freedom;

(2) commends President George W. Bush, Secretary of Defense Donald H. Rumsfeld, and United States Central Command Commander General Tommy Franks, Unites

States Army, for their planning and execution of enormously successful military campaigns in Operation Enduring Freedom and Operation Iraqi Freedom;

(3) expresses its highest commendation and most sincere appreciation to the members of the United States Armed Forces who participated in Operation Enduring Freedom and Operation Iraqi Freedom;

(4) commends the Department of Defense civilian employees and the defense contractor personnel whose skills made possible the equipping of the greatest Armed Force in the annals of modern military endeavor;

(5) supports the efforts of communities across the Nation—

(A) to prepare appropriate homecoming ceremonies to honor and welcome home the members of the Armed Forces participating in Operation Enduring Freedom and Operation Iraqi Freedom and to recognize their contributions to United States homeland security and to the Global War on Terrorism; and

(B) to prepare appropriate ceremonies to commemorate with tributes and days of remembrance the service and sacrifice of those service members killed or wounded during those operations;

(6) expresses the deep gratitude of the Nation to the 21 steadfast allies in Operation Enduring Freedom and to the 49 coalition members in Operation Iraqi Freedom, especially the United Kingdom, Australia, and Poland, whose forces, support, and contributions were invaluable and unforgettable; and

(7) recommits the United States to ensuring the safety of the United States homeland, to preventing weapons of mass destruction from reaching the hands of terrorists, and to helping the people of Iraq and Afghanistan build free and vibrant democratic societies.

**SA 1796.** Mr. BIDEN (for himself, Mr. KERRY, Mr. CHAFEE, Mr. CORZINE, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, and Mr. LAUTENBERG) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. \_\_\_\_ (a) PROVISION OF FUNDS FOR SECURITY AND STABILIZATION OF IRAQ THROUGH PARTIAL SUSPENSION OF REDUCTIONS IN HIGHEST INCOME TAX RATE FOR INDIVIDUAL TAXPAYERS.—Section 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to tax imposed) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(j) PROVISION OF FUNDS FOR SECURITY AND STABILIZATION OF IRAQ THROUGH PARTIAL SUSPENSION OF REDUCTIONS IN HIGHEST INCOME TAX RATE.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any taxable year beginning in 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, and 2010, the 35 percent rate of tax under subsections (a), (b), (c), and (d) shall be adjusted to the percentage determined by the Secretary to result in an increase in revenues into the Treasury for all taxable years beginning in 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, and 2010 equal to \$87,000,000,000.

“(2) ADJUSTMENT OF TABLES.—The Secretary shall adjust the tables prescribed under subsection (f) to carry out this subsection.”

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning in 2005.

**SA 1797.** Mr. VOINOVICH (for himself and Mr. LOTT) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him

to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 38, between lines 20 and 21, insert the following new section:

SEC. 2313. Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to Congress a report on the efforts of the Government of the United States to increase the resources contributed by foreign countries and international organizations to the reconstruction of Iraq and the feasibility of repayment of funds contributed for infrastructure projects in Iraq. The report shall include—

(1) a description of efforts by the Government of the United States to increase the resources contributed by foreign countries and international organizations to the reconstruction of Iraq;

(2) an accounting of the funds contributed to assist in the reconstruction of Iraq, disaggregated by donor;

(3) an assessment of the effect that—

(A) the bilateral debts incurred during the regime of Saddam Hussein have on Iraq's ability to finance essential programs to rebuild infrastructure and restore critical public services, including health care and education, in Iraq; and

(B) forgiveness of such debts would have on the reconstruction and long-term prosperity in Iraq;

(4) a description of any commitment by a foreign country or international organization to forgive any part of a debt owed by Iraq if such debt was incurred during the regime of Saddam Hussein; and

(5) an assessment of the feasibility of repayment by Iraq of any of the funds contributed by the United States to finance infrastructure projects in Iraq.

**SA 1798.** Mrs. HUTCHISON (for herself, Mr. GRAHAM of South Carolina, Ms. COLLINS, Mr. CRAIG, and Mr. CHAMBLISS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 38, between lines 20 and 21, insert the following new title:

### TITLE III—IRAQ RECONSTRUCTION TRUST FUND

#### SEC. 3001. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the “Iraq Reconstruction Trust Fund Act”.

#### SEC. 3002. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

(1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term “appropriate congressional committees” means the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on International Relations and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(2) BOARD OF TRUSTEES.—The term “Board of Trustees” means the Board of Trustees of the Trust Fund referred to in section 3004(b)(1).

(3) COALITION PROVISIONAL AUTHORITY.—The term “Coalition Provisional Authority” means the entity charged by the President with directing reconstruction efforts in Iraq.

(4) COMPTROLLER.—The term “Comptroller” means the Comptroller General of the United States.

(5) GOVERNING COUNCIL IN IRAQ.—The term “Governing Council in Iraq” means the Governing Council established in Iraq on July 13, 2003, or any successor governing authority in Iraq.

(6) PURPOSES OF THE TRUST FUND.—The term “purposes of the Trust Fund” means the purposes set out in section 3004(a).

(7) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Treasury.

(8) TRUST FUND.—The term “Trust Fund” means the Iraq Reconstruction Trust Fund referred to in section 3003.

(9) WORLD BANK.—The term “World Bank” means the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development.

#### SEC. 3003. LIMITATION OF USE OF FUNDS.

Of the funds appropriated in title II under the subheading “IRAQ RELIEF AND RECONSTRUCTION FUND” under the heading “OTHER BILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT” other than amounts appropriated under such subheading for security and for refugees, human rights, democracy, and civil society, \$10,000,000,000 may not be obligated or expended before the Secretary negotiates with the World Bank, in consultation with the Coalition Provisional Authority, the member nations of the World Bank, and other interested parties, for the establishment within the World Bank of—

(1) the Iraq Reconstruction Trust Fund in accordance with the provisions of this title; and

(2) the Advisory Board to the Trust Fund in accordance with section 3007.

#### SEC. 3004. DESCRIPTION OF THE TRUST FUND.

(a) PURPOSES.—The purposes of the Trust Fund shall be to use contributed funds to—

(1) assist in restoration of infrastructure and essential services in Iraq;

(2) assist in the creation of civil society in Iraq; and

(3) ensure a secure environment for the people of Iraq.

(b) BOARD OF TRUSTEES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—

(A) COMPOSITION.—The Trust Fund shall be governed by a Board of Trustees, which shall be composed of—

(i) 1 representative from the United States; and

(ii) 1 representative of each of the 5 countries, other than the United States, that provide the highest amount of money to the Trust Fund.

(B) QUALIFICATIONS.—Individuals appointed to such Board shall have demonstrated knowledge and experience that will assist in the carrying out of the purposes of the Trust Fund.

(2) UNITED STATES REPRESENTATION.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Upon the effective date of this paragraph, there shall be a United States member of the Board of Trustees, who shall be appointed by the President, and who shall have the knowledge and experience described in paragraph (1).

(B) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This paragraph shall take effect on the date the Secretary certifies to Congress that an agreement establishing the Trust Fund and providing for a United States member of the Board of Trustees is in effect.

(C) TERMINATION DATE.—The position established by subparagraph (A) is abolished upon the date of termination of the Trust Fund.

(3) CONSULTATION.—The Board of Trustees shall consult with the Coalition Provisional Authority in carrying out the purposes set out in subsection (a).

(c) APPOINTMENT OF AN ADMINISTRATOR.—The Board of Trustees, in consultation with

the appropriate officials of the World Bank, shall appoint an Administrator who is responsible for managing the day-to-day operations of the Trust Fund.

(d) **TERMINATION OF THE TRUST FUND.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—As part of the negotiations required by section 3003, the Secretary shall negotiate with the World Bank to establish conditions under which the Trust Fund will be terminated.

(2) **REPAYMENT OF CONTRIBUTIONS.**—Upon the termination of the Trust Fund, any amounts contributed to the Fund that have not been expended shall be returned to the countries that contributed funds to the Trust Fund, on a pro rata basis.

**SEC. 3005. USE OF FUNDS.**

(a) **LOANS AND LOAN GUARANTEES.**—In carrying out the purposes set out in section 3004(a), the Board of Trustees shall use the Trust Fund to provide loans and loan guarantees to eligible entities under terms that will facilitate economic development in Iraq.

(b) **ELIGIBLE ENTITY.**—The Board of Trustees shall determine if an entity is eligible to receive a loan or a loan guarantee from the Trust Fund.

(c) **ACTIVITIES SUPPORTED.**—The funds in the Trust Fund shall be used to provide loans and loan guarantees that carry out the purposes of the Trust Fund, including projects to—

- (1) create or repair infrastructure to—
  - (A) produce and distribute electricity;
  - (B) extract, refine, and distribute oil;
  - (C) provide drinking water;
  - (D) treat and dispose of wastewater;
  - (E) provide transportation; and
  - (F) facilitate communications;
- (2) promote public health;
- (3) provide housing;
- (4) ensure public safety; and
- (5) develop a private sector economy.

**SEC. 3006. CONTRIBUTIONS AND ACCOUNTABILITY.**

(a) **AUTHORITY TO SOLICIT AND ACCEPT CONTRIBUTIONS.**—The Trust Fund shall be authorized to solicit and accept contributions from governments, the private sector, and nongovernmental entities of all kinds.

(b) **ACCOUNTABILITY OF FUNDS AND CRITERIA FOR PROGRAMS.**—The Secretary shall, consistent with subsection (c)—

(1) take such actions as are necessary to ensure that adequate procedures and standards are in place to account for and monitor the use of funds contributed to the Trust Fund, including the cost of administering the Trust Fund; and

(2) seek agreement with the World Bank on the criteria to be used to determine the programs and activities to be assisted by the Trust Fund.

(c) **SELECTION OF PROJECTS AND RECIPIENTS.**—The Board of Trustees shall establish—

(1) criteria for the selection of projects to receive support from the Trust Fund;

(2) standards and criteria regarding qualifications of recipients of such support;

(3) such rules and procedures as may be necessary for cost-effective management of the Trust Fund; and

(4) such rules and procedures as may be necessary to ensure transparency and accountability in the process of making loans and loan guarantees.

(d) **TRANSPARENCY OF OPERATIONS.**—The Board of Trustees shall ensure full and prompt public disclosure of the proposed objectives, financial organization, and operations of the Trust Fund.

(e) **ACCESS TO RECORDS.**—The Comptroller or any duly authorized representatives of the Comptroller shall have access to any books, documents, papers, and records of the Trust Fund for the purpose of preparing the reports required in section 3008(b).

**SEC. 3007. ADVISORY BOARD.**

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Board of Trustees, in consultation with the appropriate officials of the World Bank, shall appoint an Advisory Board to the Trust Fund.

(b) **APPOINTMENTS.**—The members of the Advisory Board should be drawn from—

(1) a broad range of individuals with experience and leadership in the fields of civil engineering, provision of utilities, oil production, public works, transportation, and communications;

(2) representatives of relevant United Nations agencies and nongovernmental organizations with on-the-ground experience in Iraq or other countries in the Middle East; and

(3) representatives of the Coalition Provisional Authority.

(c) **RESPONSIBILITIES.**—The Advisory Board shall provide advice and guidance to the Board of Trustees on the development and implementation of programs and projects to be assisted by the Trust Fund and on leveraging donations to the Trust Fund.

(d) **PROHIBITION ON PAYMENT OF COMPENSATION.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Except for travel expenses (including per diem in lieu of subsistence), no member of the Advisory Board shall receive compensation for services performed as a member of the Advisory Board.

(2) **UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE.**—Notwithstanding any other provision of law (including an international agreement), a representative of the United States on the Advisory Board may not accept compensation for services performed as a member of the Advisory Board, except that such representative may accept travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, while away from the representative's home or regular place of business in the performance of services for the Advisory Board.

**SEC. 3008. REPORTS TO CONGRESS.**

(a) **ANNUAL REPORTS BY SECRETARY.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for the duration of the Trust Fund, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the Trust Fund.

(2) **REPORT ELEMENTS.**—Each report required by paragraph (1) shall include a description of—

(A) the goals of the Trust Fund;

(B) the programs, projects, and activities supported by the Trust Fund;

(C) private and governmental contributions to the Trust Fund; and

(D) the criteria that have been established that would be used to determine the programs and activities to be assisted by the Trust Fund.

(b) **GAO REPORT ON TRUST FUND EFFECTIVENESS.**—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for the duration of the Trust Fund, the Comptroller shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report evaluating the effectiveness of the Trust Fund, including—

(1) the effectiveness of the programs, projects, and activities described in subsection (a)(2)(B) in the reconstruction in Iraq; and

(2) an assessment of the merits of continued United States financial contributions to the Trust Fund.

**SEC. 3009. AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.**

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—In addition to any other funds available for multilateral or bilateral programs related to the purposes of the Trust Fund, of the amounts appropriated in title II under the subheading "IRAQ RELIEF AND RECONSTRUCTION FUND" under the heading "OTHER BILATERAL ECONOMIC AS-

SISTANCE FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT", other than amounts appropriated under such subheading for security and for refugees, human rights, democracy, and civil society, \$10,000,000,000 shall be made available for the fiscal year 2004 for contribution to the Trust Fund.

(b) **MATCHING CONTRIBUTIONS.**—Subject to the maximum amount available for contribution to the Trust Fund under this Act, the United States shall contribute to the Trust Fund out of the additional amount made available under subsection (a), the amount that equals the total amount contributed by foreign countries to the Trust Fund during the 180-day period that begins on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(c) **TRANSFER OF FUNDS.**—On the date that is 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, any amount made available for the Trust Fund under subsection (a) that exceeds the amount required to be contributed to the Trust Fund under subsection (b) shall cease to be available for transfer to the Trust Fund and shall be transferred to an account to be available to the Coalition Provisional Authority for use as loans to, or to guarantee loans made by, the Governing Council in Iraq.

**SEC. 3010. CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.**

Not later than 15 days prior to the initial obligation or expenditure of funds appropriated pursuant to section 3009, the Secretary shall certify to the appropriate congressional committees that—

(1) the Trust Fund has been created in accordance with the provisions of this title; and

(2) adequate procedures and standards have been established to ensure accountability for and monitoring of the use of funds contributed to the Trust Fund, including the cost of administering the Trust Fund.

**SA 1799.** Mr. COLEMAN (for himself, Mr. DAYTON, Mr. STEVENS, Mr. DORGAN, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. JOHNSON, Mr. COLLINS, Mr. GRAHAM of South Carolina, and Mr. ENZI) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1689, making emergency supplemental appropriations for Iraq and Afghanistan security and reconstruction for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for others purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page , between lines and , insert the following:

**SEC. .** Of the funds in the Iraq Freedom Fund, such funds as necessary shall be available for the reimbursement of the cost of one round trip air fare incurred in fiscal year 2003 or 2004 by members of the United States Armed Forces only in connection with the Department of Defense Rest and Recuperation Leave Program for travel within the United States while on leave from deployment overseas in support of Operation Iraqi Freedom.

**NOTICES OF HEARINGS/MEETINGS**

**COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS**

Mr. CAMPBELL. Mr. President, I would like to announce that the Committee on Indian Affairs will meet on Thursday, October 2, 2003, at 2 p.m. in room 485 of the Russell Senate Office Building to conduct a hearing on S. 1438, a bill to provide for equitable compensation of the Spokane Tribe of Indians of the Spokane Reservation in settlement of claims of the Tribe concerning the contribution of the Tribe