

the California wild heritage act of 2002; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 52

Whereas, California's public lands contain an invaluable and irreplaceable diversity of ecosystems; and

Whereas, Increasing population growth and expansion of urban and suburban developments threaten the integrity of many of these ecosystems; and

Whereas, These ecosystems provide critical habitat to native flora and fauna, 293 of which are listed as rare, threatened, or endangered; and

Whereas, Protection and maintenance of these wildlands preserves the health of watersheds essential to safe and good quality water for agricultural uses and human consumption; and

Whereas, Many of California's wild lands include sites, including flora and fauna sacred and spiritually valuable to Native American tribes; and

Whereas, The deserts, coasts, riparian areas, mountains, valleys, and chaparral of California have shaped the history and the cultural heritage of California; and

Whereas, Protection and maintenance of California's wild and scenic rivers is an essential component of the survival and recovery of threatened salmon and other fish species; and

Whereas, Conservation and restoration of California's natural resources also benefits our recreation and tourism industries; and

Whereas, Senator Barbara Boxer has authored the California Wild Heritage Act of 2002 to protect 81 areas, totaling 2.5 million publicly held acres of the State scattered throughout 36 counties; and

Whereas, The California Wild Heritage Act of 2002 designates 22 wild and scenic rivers totaling 440 miles of riparian systems; and

Whereas, The California Wild Heritage Act of 2002 protects the ancient Bristlecone Pine Forest where the oldest living trees have flourished in the harsh environment of the White-Inyo Mountain range for over 4,000 years; and

Whereas, The California Wild Heritage Act of 2002 provides enhanced protections critical for the continued conservation of unique and fragile areas of coastal, chaparral, pinon-juniper, mountain, forest and desert habitat currently classified as National Forest, National Park, or Bureau of Land Management Lands; and

Whereas, The California Wild Heritage Act of 2002 designates Cache Creek and the East Fork of the Carson River as "Wild and Scenic Rivers Study Areas"; and

Whereas, The California Wild Heritage Act of 2002 establishes the "Sacramento River National Conservation Area"; and

Whereas, The California Wild Heritage Act of 2002 balances the needs of the military, agricultural, law enforcement, firefighting, and recreational use communities with the intrinsic environmental value of the wilderness areas; Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved by the Senate and Assembly of the State of California, jointly,* that the Legislature respectfully memorializes the President and the United States Congress to enact S. 2535, the California Wild Heritage Act of 2002, as introduced by Senator Barbara Boxer, and to be introduced by Representatives Hilda Solis and Mike Thompson; and be it further

*Resolved,* That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of this resolution to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Chairpersons of the House and Senate Taxation Committees, and to each Senator and Representative from California in the Congress of the United States.

POM-48. A joint resolution adopted by the Senate of the State of California relative to

the United Nation's Population Fund; to the Committee on Appropriations.

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 51

Whereas, The Bush Administration has determined that the \$34 million appropriated by Congress shall not be provided at this time to the United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA) due to the Kemp-Kasten Amendment, which provides that none of the funds made available under the Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriations Act of 1985 "may be made available to any organization or program which, as determined by the President of the United States, supports or participates in the management of a program of coercive abortion or involuntary sterilization"; and

Whereas, The UNFPA strives to establish universal access to reproductive health, promote awareness of population and human development issues, and support population and human development; and

Whereas, The UNFPA provides 142 countries with health services during pregnancy and birth, voluntary family planning, teen-pregnancy prevention, and services to protect women and families from HIV/AIDS and other sexually transmitted infections; and

Whereas, The UNFPA addresses the issues of population, family planning, women's empowerment, and HIV intervention; and

Whereas, These issues are paramount to the United nations' goals of reducing poverty, increasing global stability and prosperity, and creating a sustainable population; and

Whereas, The UNFPA programs not only provide benefits to women, but also their families, their communities, and their nations; and

Whereas, The UNFPA is committed to a voluntary, human rights-based approach to reproductive health and family planning stipulated by the 1994 Cairo International Conference on Population and Development; and

Whereas, A fact-finding mission to China conducted by the United States found no evidence that the UNFPA had supported or participated in programs involving coercive abortion or involuntary sterilization in China; and

Whereas, Past funds to the UNFPA from the United States were restricted so that they did not fund programs in China; and

Whereas, Congress had already approved sending \$34 million to the UNFPA in 2002; and

Whereas, The United States funding, estimated by the UNFPA, would be enough to prevent 2 million unwanted pregnancies, nearly 800,000 induced abortions, 4,700 maternal deaths, nearly 60,000 cases of serious maternal illness, and over 77,000 infant and child deaths; Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved by the Senate and Assembly of the State of California, jointly,* That the Legislature of the State of California memorializes the President and Congress of the United States to reinstate the \$34 million in funding for the United Nations Population Fund; and be it further

*Resolved,* That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of this resolution to the President and Vice President of the United States, to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and to each Senator and Representative from California in the Congress of the United States.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

The following reports of committees were submitted:

By Mr. COCHRAN, without amendment:

S. Res. 47. An original resolution authorizing expenditures by the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

EXECUTIVE REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

The following executive reports of committees were submitted:

Mr. LUGAR. Mr. President, for the Committee on Foreign Relations I report favorably the following nomination lists which were printed in the RECORDS on the dates indicated, and ask unanimous consent, to save the expense of reprinting on the Executive Calendar that these nominations lie at the Secretary's desk for the information of Senators.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection it is so ordered.

\*Foreign Service nominations beginning Russell J. Nicely and ending George Adams Moore, Jr., which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on January 15, 2003.

\*Foreign Service nominations beginning Nicholas R. Kuckova and ending Richard W. Johnston, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on January 15, 2003.

\*Nomination was reported with recommendation that it be confirmed subject to the nominee's commitment to respond to requests to appear and testify before any duly constituted committee of the Senate.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

The following bills and joint resolutions were introduced, read the first and second times by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated:

By Mr. FEINGOLD:

S. 301. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide that reimbursements for costs of using passenger automobiles for charitable and other organizations are excluded from gross income, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mrs. FEINSTEIN (for herself and Mrs. BOXER):

S. 302. A bill to revise the boundaries of the Golden Gate National Recreation Area in the State of California, to restore and extend the term of the advisory commission for the recreation area, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

By Mr. HATCH (for himself, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. SPECTER, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. HARKIN, and Mr. MILLER):

S. 303. A bill to prohibit human cloning and protect stem cell research; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. DODD (for himself, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. INOUE, Mr. AKAKA, Mr. CORZINE, Mrs. MURRAY, Ms. MIKULSKI, Mr. KERRY, Mrs. CLINTON, and Mr. LAUTENBERG):

S. 304. A bill to amend the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 to expand the scope of the Act, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

By Mr. KERRY (for himself and Mr. HATCH):

S. 305. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to include in the criteria for selecting any project for the low-income housing credit whether such project has high-speed Internet infrastructure; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. SMITH (for himself, Mr. REID, Mr. WYDEN, Mr. ENSIGN, Mrs. CLINTON, Mr. SCHUMER, Mrs. BOXER, Mrs.