

to the public who are watching us as we begin to draw our attention now to something that has been ailing our economy, and that is a discussion of unemployment. It is about time, Members, that we start addressing this issue. When we left this House almost a month ago, we forgot about the 800,000 workers that right after Christmas were given a Christmas gift: they were given no unemployment insurance. Their families are suffering. We are here today now to talk about what we can do to improve upon that.

In the State that I represent, one of the largest, California, we saw well over 1.3 million people out of work. This recession that hit our area began in March of 2001. We need to help all workers, especially families.

This past month, I had the opportunity to visit several of our shelters and food pantries and saw something that was very surprising, children now, small children, 3 and 2 years old and infants, women that just lost their jobs that have no place to go and no food. They are not asking for just a handout. They are asking for jobs. They are asking for also a replenishment of their unemployment insurance. We have a chance now to extend that to 26 weeks.

Let us support the Democratic alternative. I plan to do that today.

CALLING FOR PERMANENT REPEAL OF THE DEATH TAX

(Mr. GIBBONS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. GIBBONS. Mr. Speaker, our Nation's economy is lagging behind the needed economic recovery that we all seek. Just yesterday President Bush announced a sensible economic growth package that will grow our economy and create jobs for the American people. The President also again called upon Congress to permanently repeal the unfair death tax. As we all know, the 10-year sunset provision on the tax relief bill passed in 2001 has added a level of anxiety and uncertainty into our already complicated Tax Code. The current sunset has made estate planning as unpredictable as our own inevitable fate.

Also, Mr. Speaker, as unemployment levels continue to rise, it is important to note that, according to the Heritage Foundation, just the repeal of the death tax will help to create an additional 145,000 jobs. In turn, the U.S. economy could produce \$11 billion per year in extra output. So not only is the elimination of the death tax fair, it just makes common economic sense.

Mr. Speaker, our President has again asked Congress to do the right thing, and I urge my colleagues to act now to permanently eliminate the death tax.

RECOGNIZING 50 YEARS OF TIRE- LESS WORK FOR WEST VIRGINIA BY SENATOR ROBERT C. BYRD

(Mr. RAHALL asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. RAHALL. Mr. Speaker, this year marks the 50th anniversary of West Virginia's senior Senator's service to the people of West Virginia in the United States Congress. It was Winston Churchill who perhaps best foresaw the defining nature of the tenure of Senator ROBERT BYRD'S tireless work on behalf of the State of West Virginia, our Nation, the House and the Senate and, of course, our Federal Constitution. Churchill said, "Success is not final. Failure is not fatal. It is the courage to continue that counts."

Senator BYRD has seen success. He has never lost an election. But ROBERT C. BYRD does not measure success by personal standards, but by the public good. He does not seek success, only to serve. And through his service, West Virginians have prospered, America has been strengthened, the Congress has been ennobled, and the Constitution secured. Failure has been rare and momentary but always used as a catapult to advance the next charge for the cause of the day.

It is common to celebrate milestones in our Nation's capital, Mr. Speaker; but tenure no matter the length is temporary. What matters, what measures the man, Mr. Speaker, is not the number of terms but the depth of his determination, not the years but the heights of his horizons and not one more sunrise but the courage of his convictions.

By this measure, Mr. Speaker, ROBERT C. BYRD'S record can never be outdone.

PRaising PRESIDENT BUSH'S INITIATIVES ON MISSILE DEFENSE

(Mr. WILSON of South Carolina asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. WILSON of South Carolina. Mr. Speaker, President George W. Bush made history when he announced to the world on December 17, 2002, that America would deploy a national missile defense shield to protect our country. My friend and mentor, the late Congressman Floyd Spence, continually warned us about the urgency of having a missile defense system in place to protect the homeland. President Bush has demonstrated tremendous leadership by taking action to work with our allies to create such a system inspired by Ronald Reagan.

As my colleague and chairman of the Committee on Armed Services, the gentleman from California (Mr. HUNTER), recently stated, "The case for deploying a national missile defense system has never been more clear. Today, the United States cannot stop a single ballistic missile headed for an American city."

I wholeheartedly agree, and I believe Congress should work in a bipartisan fashion to successfully implement a missile defense shield that will protect the American people and our allies.

EXTENDING UNEMPLOYMENT BEN- EFITS SHOULD BE FIRST PRI- ORITY

(Mr. HONDA asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. HONDA. Mr. Speaker, last November, President Bush and the Republican leadership turned their backs on over 1 million Americans. Despite repeated efforts by Democrats, President Bush and the Republican leadership refused to pass legislation that would have prevented unemployment benefits from expiring on December 28. Due to their inaction, over 800,000 Americans faced a holiday season full of uncertainty. I repeat, President Bush and the Republican leadership allowed over 800,000 Americans to lose their unemployment benefits on December 28. Mr. Speaker, this is unacceptable. In my district of Santa Clara County alone, over 7,000 unemployed workers were cut off from their benefits, and an additional 13,000 unemployed workers will lose their benefits if Congress does not act now.

Mr. Speaker, 1.5 million Americans have lost their jobs since President Bush took office. Congress cannot continue to callously ignore their needs. I call on the Bush administration and the Republican leadership to make the extension of unemployment benefits the first priority of the 108th Congress.

EMERGENCY AGRICULTURAL DIS- ASTER ASSISTANCE ACT OF 2003

(Mr. BURNS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. BURNS. Mr. Speaker, farmers of the 12th District of Georgia, as well as those across the Nation, are hurting. Disastrous yields and poor crop quality are the result of the weather of 2002. To respond to these needs, to work for Georgia farmers and with the Georgia Farm Bureau and its president, Wayne Dollar, today I will introduce the Emergency Agricultural Disaster Assistance Act. I urge my colleagues to take steps toward aiding some of America's finest in these difficult times by cosponsoring and supporting this bill.

INVITING MEMBERS TO JOIN CAU- CUS ON MISSING AND EX- PLOITED CHILDREN

(Mr. LAMPSON asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. LAMPSON. Mr. Speaker, we are all too familiar with the names Elizabeth Smart and Danielle Van Dam.

As founder of the Congressional Caucus on Missing and Exploited Children, I invite all of our colleagues to join our caucus and help protect America's children.

During the 105th Congress, a family in the Ninth Congressional District of Texas experienced an unthinkable tragedy. Laura Kate Smither, a 12-year-old, was abducted and brutally murdered. In Laura's name, the Congressional Caucus on Missing and Exploited Children was founded. What Laura's dreadful tragedy has taught us is that we must do more to protect our children.

As a society, our efforts to prevent crimes against children have not kept pace with the increasing vulnerability of our young citizens. Please join this very important caucus, if you have not already, and all of our new Members, please do so quickly. You have a letter coming to you today or tomorrow. Our children, our grandchildren, our nieces and nephews are counting on you to give them a voice in Washington.

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TAX RELIEF AND FRIVOLOUS LAWSUIT REFORM

(Mr. GRAVES asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. GRAVES. Mr. Speaker, I want to urge my colleagues to focus on returning more Americans to work. Although our economy continues to grow, I believe we should accelerate the economic recovery to help get more Americans back to work as soon as possible by focusing on two priorities, tax relief designed to get Americans working again and frivolous lawsuit reform. High taxes continue to be a burden on American families. Now is the time to accelerate the tax relief we passed last Congress, provide incentives to businesses to invest in new workers, and provide fair investor tax relief to boost our economic recovery.

We also look for fairness in the legal system. Frivolous lawsuits not only clog our court systems, but they cause higher prices for consumers and threaten robust job creation. As a result, too many businesses, especially small businesses, are investing too much money and paying excessive and frivolous punitive damages and not enough money invested in health care benefits for workers and new job creation. We must protect the rights of individuals who have been wronged, but we should not permit frivolous lawsuits at the expense of the American worker and consumer.

Frivolous lawsuit reform and tax relief are the key to healthy economic recovery and job creation. The sooner we act, the faster we can begin to get Americans back to work.

A NEW VISION FOR THE ECONOMY

(Mr. PENCE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1

minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PENCE. Mr. Speaker, like many people across eastern Indiana, I was shocked and dismayed yesterday to learn of the complete elimination of over 400 manufacturing jobs from Anderson, Indiana. It is therefore altogether fitting that we would as our first priority in Congress in this majority, Mr. Speaker, pass an extension of unemployment benefits to help Americans like those in Anderson who will be beset by these layoffs. I also applaud the President of the United States, who outlined a jobs package yesterday that I believe is a good start.

But it is written, Mr. Speaker, that without a vision the people perish, and I would paraphrase by saying that without a vision economies perish as well. I would challenge this Congress and leadership in my own party to not just be content, Mr. Speaker, with unemployment insurance extensions, helping those that are laid off, or passing legislation that simply alleviates a recession. We need a new vision for an economy that is abundant and growing at historic levels. We need to bring additional tax relief that will unleash the entrepreneurial energy of the American economy as never before, and part of that must be tax relief designed at encouraging and promoting capital formation.

CLONING BAN

(Mr. PITTS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PITTS. Mr. Speaker, recently a religious group called the Raelians announced that they had cloned a human being, and despite all the press coverage they have received most observers are convinced this is a hoax. But true or not, this episode underscores the fact that human cloning is no longer limited to B movie science fiction. The technology exists. It may take hundreds of tries and it may result in dozens of horribly mutated human embryos and the violation of every standard of ethics and decency, but human cloning is very close to happening.

Congress must act before it is too late. We need to pass a comprehensive human cloning ban into law immediately. The House did its job last year, passed a bill that died in the Senate. Now both Houses of Congress need to pass a comprehensive cloning ban. We need to stop this horror before it happens.

The bill is being introduced today by the gentleman from Florida (Mr. WELDON). I urge my colleagues to co-sponsor this important bill, and I urge the House to pass it as soon as possible. It is still not too late for us to act.

HONORING JOE FOSS

(Mr. HAYWORTH asked and was given permission to address the House

for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. HAYWORTH. Mr. Speaker, tomorrow afternoon in Scottsdale, Arizona at 2 o'clock Mountain Standard Time, there will be a memorial service held for the man described as the ace of aces, a genuine hero, Congressional Medal of Honor recipient Joe Foss.

Joe Foss accomplished much in his life. Indeed Tom Brokaw in his book *The Greatest Generation* devoted an entire chapter to the life of Joe Foss. It was a remarkable life, not only in wartime but in winning the peace. A two-term governor of South Dakota, the first commissioner of the American Football League, president of the National Rifle Association, a television personality in his own right, and finally in retirement Joe Foss relocated to Arizona.

It was my privilege to know this great and good man, this genuine American hero who despite the reputation of fliers had none of the swagger but all of the humility and humble nature that a man could possess.

The story goes once a journalist asked Joe Foss about his many earthly accomplishments, and Joe said "Yeah, I guess I have done a lot of things but nothing compares to the day when I met the Lord." Now Joe Foss is with the Lord, and I know the people of Arizona along with the gentleman from South Dakota (Mr. JANKLOW), the people of South Dakota, and all of America remember and revere this great American. At ease, Joe, rest in peace.

REMOVING THE TAX ON DIVIDENDS

(Mr. SESSIONS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. SESSIONS. Mr. Speaker, President Bush this week announced plans to make sure that in the tax proposals that this Congress will address that as part of that tax package we will not tax dividends, and I want to stand up and say how proud I am of what the President is doing because it is furthering the commitment that I believe this House of Representatives should have as well as the President to where we do not tax savings or investment in America.

I believe as the vigorous debate takes place across this country and in this body we will find out that this will be good for people who will be able to save money, save money, and not have it taxed in between that period of time every year for tax purposes but will see their savings grow. I am proud of what this President is doing. I plan to support not only his tax bill but the things the President does, and I offer a hearty congratulations to the President of the United States, George W. Bush.

MERCURY IN VACCINATIONS

(Mr. BURTON of Indiana asked and was given permission to address the