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REMOVAL OF INJUNCTION OF SECRECY—TREATY DOCUMENT NO. 107-19 AND TREATY DOCUMENT NO. 107-20

Mr. REID. I ask unanimous consent that the injunction of secrecy be removed from the following treaties transmitted to the Senate on November 14, 2002, by the President of the United States:

Convention with Great Britain and Northern Ireland regarding Double Taxation and Prevention of Fiscal Evasion (Treaty Doc. 107-19); and

Protocol Amending Convention with Australia regarding Double Taxation and Prevention of Fiscal Evasion (Treaty Doc. 107-20).

I further ask that the treaties be considered as having been read the first time; that they be referred, with accompanying papers, to the Committee on Foreign Relations and ordered to be printed; and that the President's message be printed in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The messages of the President are as follows:

To the Senate of the United States:

I transmit herewith, for Senate advice and consent to ratification, the Convention Between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion with Respect to Taxes on Income and on Capital Gains, signed at London on July 24, 2001, together with an exchange of notes, as amended by the

Protocol signed at Washington on July 19, 2002 (the "Convention"). I also transmit the report of the Department of State concerning the Convention.

The proposed Convention transmitted herewith would replace the Convention Between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion with Respect to Taxes on Income and Capital Gains, signed at London on December 31, 1975, as modified by a subsequent agreement and protocols.

This Convention, which is similar to tax treaties between the United States and other developed nations, provides for maximum rates of tax to be applied to various types of income, protection from double taxation of income, and for the exchange of information. The Convention also contains rules making its benefits unavailable to persons who are engaged in treaty shopping. The proposed Convention is the first U.S. income tax convention to provide a zero rate of withholding on certain direct investment dividends.

I recommend that the Senate give early and favorable consideration to this Convention, and that the Senate give its advice and consent to ratification.

To the Senate of the United States:

I transmit herewith, for Senate advice and consent to ratification, a Protocol Amending the Convention Between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of Australia for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion with Respect to Taxes on Income, signed at Canberra on September 27, 2001 (the "Protocol"). I also transmit, for the information of the Senate, the report of the Department of State concerning the Protocol.

The Convention, as amended by the Protocol, would be similar to recent tax treaties between the United States and other developed nations. It provides maximum rates of tax to be applied to various types of income and protection from double taxation of income. The Convention, as amended by the Protocol, also provides for resolution of disputes and sets forth rules making its benefits unavailable to residents that are engaged in treaty shopping.

I recommend that the Senate give early and favorable consideration to this Protocol, and that the Senate give its advice and consent to ratification.

TREATY WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF HONDURAS FOR THE RETURN OF STOLEN, ROBBED, OR EMBEZZLED VEHICLES AND AIRCRAFT

Mr. REID. I ask unanimous consent the Senate proceed to consider Executive Calendar No. 12, the Treaty with Honduras, the treaty be advanced through its parliamentary stages up to

and including the presentation of the resolution of the ratification, and the Senate now vote on the resolution of ratification.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The question is on agreeing to the resolution of ratification.

Senators in favor of the resolution, please stand. (After a pause.) All those opposed, please stand.

In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds of the Senators present having voted in the affirmative, the resolution of ratification is agreed to.

The resolution of ratification is as follows:

Resolved, (two-thirds of the Senators present concurring therein), That the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of the Treaty between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Republic of Honduras for the Return of Stolen, Robbed, or Embezzled Vehicles and Aircraft, with Annexes and a related exchange of notes, signed at Tegucigalpa on November 23, 2001 (Treaty Doc. 107-15).

EXTRADITION TREATY WITH PERU

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent the Senate proceed to Executive Calendar No. 13, Extradition Treaty with Peru, the treaty be advanced through its parliamentary stages up through and including the presentation of the resolution of ratification, and that the understanding and the condition be agreed to, and the Senate vote on the resolution of ratification.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The question is on agreeing to the resolution of ratification. Senators in favor of the resolution, please stand. (After a pause.) All those opposed, please stand.

In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds of those present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the resolution of ratification is agreed to.

The resolution of ratification and condition are as follows:

Resolved, (two-thirds of the Senators present concurring therein),

Section 1. Advice and Consent to Ratification of the Extradition Treaty with Peru, subject to an understanding and a condition.

The Senate advises and consents to the ratification of the Extradition Treaty Between the United States of America and the Republic of Peru, signed at Lima on July 26, 2001 (Treaty Doc. 107-6; in this resolution referred to as the "Treaty"), subject to the understanding in section 2 and the condition in section 3.

Section 2. Understanding.

The advice and consent of the Senate under section 1 is subject to the following understanding, which shall be included in the instrument of ratification:

PROHIBITION OF EXTRADITION TO THE INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL COURT.—The United States understands that the protections contained in Article XIII concerning the Rule of Speciality would preclude the surrender of any person extradited to the Republic of Peru from the United States to the International Criminal Court, unless the United States consents to such surrender; and the United States shall not consent to any such

resurrender unless the Statute establishing that Court has entered into force for the United States by and with the advice and consent of the Senate in accordance with Article II, section 2 of the United States Constitution.

Section 3. Condition.

The advice and consent of the Senate under section 1 is subject to the condition that nothing in the Treaty requires or authorizes legislation or other action by the United States that is prohibited by the Constitution of the United States as interpreted by the United States.

EXTRADITION TREATY WITH
LITHUANIA

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent the Senate proceed to Executive Calendar No. 14, extradition treaty with Lithuania, that the treaty be advanced through its parliamentary stages, up to and including the presentation of the resolution of ratification; that the condition be agreed to and the Senate now vote on the resolution of ratification.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered. The question is on agreeing to the resolution of ratification. Senators in favor of the resolution of ratification, please stand. (After a pause.) Senators opposed, please stand.

In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds of those voting having voted in the affirmative, the resolution is agreed to.

The resolution of ratification and condition are as follows:

Resolved, (two-thirds of the Senators present concurring therein),

Section 1. Advice and Consent to Ratification of the Extradition Treaty with Lithuania, subject to a condition.

The Senate advises and consents to the ratification of the Extradition Treaty Between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Republic of Lithuania, signed at Vilnius on October 23, 2001 (Treaty Doc. 107-4; in this resolution referred to as the "Treaty"), subject to the condition in section 2.

Section 2. Condition.

The advice and consent of the Senate under section 1 is subject to the condition that nothing in the Treaty requires or authorizes legislation or other action by the United States that is prohibited by the Constitution of the United States as interpreted by the United States.

SECOND PROTOCOL AMENDING EX-
TRADITION TREATY WITH CAN-
ADA

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent the Senate proceed to Executive Calendar No. 15, the Second Protocol Amending Extradition Treaty with Canada; that the treaty be advanced through its parliamentary stages up to and including the presentation of the resolution of ratification; and that the Senate now vote on the resolution of ratification.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Senators in favor of the resolution of ratification will rise and stand until

counted. (After a pause.) Those opposed will rise and stand until counted.

On a division, two-thirds of the Senators present and voting and having voted in the affirmative, the resolution of ratification is agreed to.

The resolution of ratification is as follows:

Resolved, (two-thirds of the Senators present concurring therein), That the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of the Second Protocol Amending the Treaty on Extradition Between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of Canada, signed at Ottawa on January 12, 2001 (Treaty Doc. 107-11).

TREATY WITH BELIZE ON MUTUAL
LEGAL ASSISTANCE IN CRIMI-
NAL MATTERS

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent the Senate proceed to Executive Calendar No. 16, the treaty with Belize on mutual legal assistance in criminal matters; that the treaty be advanced through parliamentary stages up to and including the presentation of the resolution of ratification; that the understanding and conditions be agreed to; and that the Senate now vote on the resolution of ratification.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Senators in favor of the resolution of ratification will rise and stand until counted. (After a pause.) Those opposed will rise and stand until counted.

On a division, two-thirds of the Senators present and voting, having voted in the affirmative, the resolution is agreed to.

The resolution of ratification and conditions are as follows:

Resolved, (two-thirds of the Senators present concurring therein),

Section 1. Advice and Consent to Ratification of the Treaty with Belize on Mutual Legal Assistance in Criminal Matters, subject to an understanding and conditions.

The Senate advises and consents to the ratification of the Treaty Between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of Belize on Mutual Legal Assistance in Criminal Matters, signed at Belize, on September 19, 2000, and a related exchange of notes (Treaty Doc. 107-13; in this resolution referred to as the "Treaty"), subject to the understanding in section 2 and the conditions in section 3.

Section 2. Understanding.

The advice and consent of the Senate under section 1 is subject to the following understanding, which shall be included in the instrument of ratification:

PROHIBITION ON ASSISTANCE TO THE INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL COURT.—The United States shall exercise its rights to limit the use of assistance that it provides under the Treaty so that any assistance provided by the Government of the United States shall not be transferred to or otherwise used to assist the International Criminal Court unless the treaty establishing the Court has entered into force for the United States by and with the advice of the Senate in accordance with Article II, Section 2 of the United States Constitution, or unless the President has waived any applicable prohibition on provision of such assistance in accordance with applicable United States law.

Section 3. Conditions.

The advice and consent of the Senate under section 1 is subject to the following conditions:

(1) LIMITATION ON ASSISTANCE.—Pursuant to the right of the United States under the Treaty to deny legal assistance that would prejudice the essential public policy or interests of the United States, the United States shall deny any request for such assistance if the Central Authority of the United States (as designated in Article 2(2) of the Treaty), after consultation with all appropriate intelligence, anti-narcotic, and foreign policy agencies, has specific information that a senior Government official of the requesting party who will have access to information to be provided as part of such assistance is engaged in a felony, including the facilitation of the production or distribution of illegal drugs.

(2) SUPREMACY OF THE CONSTITUTION.—Nothing in the Treaty requires or authorizes legislation or other action by the United States that is prohibited by the Constitution of the United States as interpreted by the United States.

TREATY WITH INDIA ON MUTUAL
LEGAL ASSISTANCE IN CRIMI-
NAL MATTERS

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate now proceed to Executive Calendar No. 17, the treaty with India on mutual legal assistance in criminal matters; that the treaty be advanced through its parliamentary stages up to and including the presentation of the resolution of ratification; that the understanding and conditions be agreed to; and that the Senate now vote on the resolution of ratification.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Senators in favor of the resolution of ratification will rise and stand until counted. (After a pause.) Those opposed will rise and stand until counted.

On a division, two-thirds of the Senators present and voting, having voted in the affirmative, the resolution of ratification is agreed to.

The resolution of ratification and understanding and conditions are as follows:

Resolved, (two-thirds of the Senators present concurring therein),

Section 1. Advice and Consent to Ratification of the Treaty with India on Mutual Legal Assistance in Criminal Matters, subject to an understanding and conditions.

The Senate advises and consents to the ratification of the Treaty Between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Republic of India on Mutual Legal Assistance in Criminal Matters, signed at New Delhi on October 17, 2001 (Treaty Doc. 107-3; in this resolution referred to as the "Treaty"), subject to the understanding in section 2 and the conditions in section 3.

Section 2. Understanding.

The advice and consent of the Senate under section 1 is subject to the following understanding, which shall be included in the instrument of ratification:

PROHIBITION ON ASSISTANCE TO THE INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL COURT.—The United States shall exercise its rights to limit the use of assistance that it provides under the Treaty so that any assistance provided by the Government of the United States shall not be transferred to or otherwise used to assist the International Criminal Court unless the treaty establishing the Court has entered into force for the United States by and with