

other side of the aisle strongly supported that \$300 billion number as sufficient to pay for a Medicare drug benefit. If we were to trend that \$300 billion forward one year, we would be looking at a \$350 billion drug package. This year, the budget resolution that was reported by the Senate Budget Committee, but never passed by the full Senate, contains \$500 billion over 10 years for a Medicare prescription drug benefit and for increased Medicare provider payments and for providing health coverage to the uninsured. How is it that we are even considering a \$600 billion bill that would only provide prescription drug coverage?

I am firmly in the camp of those who believe that we should not add a prescription drug benefit to Medicare without also making much-needed changes to strengthen the program. The Medicare and Social Security Trustees advise us that we can make relatively small changes now to put the Medicare and Social Security programs on sound financial footing for the future. But, the longer we wait, the harder it will be. This debate over a Medicare prescription drug benefit provides us with an excellent opportunity to begin taking steps that will make Medicare sustainable over the long term.

I want to commend the members of the tri-partisan group for their efforts to put us on the path toward a strengthened Medicare program. They have worked hard for more than a year to craft their bill to provide a reasonable and permanent drug benefit, unlike the proposal of my colleague from Florida. And, they have drafted the only proposal that makes any meaningful improvements to the Medicare program. I believe that the tri-partisan proposal would provide greater security for today's seniors and for tomorrow's seniors. The new fee-for-service plan, Medicare Part E, would make the transition to Medicare more seamless for those Americans who are beginning to age into the Medicare program by providing them with a benefit that more closely resembles the private health plan they are used to. The tri-partisan bill would also provide seniors with protection from unusually high health care costs for the first time.

I am deeply disappointed that the Finance Committee has not been given the opportunity to mark up either the tri-partisan bill or any other Medicare prescription drug bill. It is a shame that the Majority Leader has decided once again to by-pass the committee process, which might have yielded a product that could garner the 60 votes needed to pass a Medicare prescription drug benefit. Even more important is that we would not be in the current parliamentary situation of needing 60 votes to waive a budget point of order on these bills if the Senate had passed a budget this year.

In the likely event that neither of two comprehensive prescription drug proposals garners 60 votes, then I would

hope we could at least pass the Hagel/Ensign proposal. The Hagel/Ensign amendment would provide the neediest seniors with assistance with their prescription drug costs. It would allow all seniors to benefit from group discounts. And, it would provide all seniors with protection from unusually high drug costs. These benefits could be implemented immediately, and the proposal would buy us time to find bipartisan consensus on an affordable, comprehensive Medicare prescription drug benefit.

I hope we can carry forward the spirit of the tri-partisan group and work together to address the needs of our seniors who lack prescription drug coverage, bring Medicare into the 21st century and set it on sound financial footing, and do so while recognizing the new budget world in which we live.

I suggest the absence of a quorum. The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mrs. CARNAHAN). The clerk will call the roll. The bill clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. GRASSLEY. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. GRASSLEY. Madam President, I yield back our 3 minutes.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. All time is yielded back.

CONCLUSION OF MORNING BUSINESS

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Morning business is closed.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

NOMINATION OF RICHARD H. CARMONA, OF ARIZONA, TO BE MEDICAL DIRECTOR IN THE REGULAR CORPS OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE, AND SURGEON GENERAL OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

CLOTURE MOTION

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the Senate will now go into executive session and proceed to the cloture vote on Executive Calendar No. 921, which the clerk will report.

The bill clerk read as follows:

CLOTURE MOTION

We, the undersigned Senators, in accordance with the provisions of rule XXII of the Standing Rules of the Senate, hereby move to bring to a close debate on Executive Calendar No. 921, the nomination of Richard H. Carmona, of Arizona, to be the Surgeon General of the Public Health Service:

Edward M. Kennedy, Debbie Stabenow, Tom Daschle, Harry Reid, Jack Reed, Richard J. Durbin, Barbara Mikulski, Patrick Leahy, Jean Carnahan, Tom Carper, Byron L. Dorgan, Paul Wellstone, Jon Corzine, Jeff Bingaman, Daniel Inouye, Kent Conrad.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. By unanimous consent, the mandatory quorum call has been waived.

The question is, Is it the sense of the Senate that debate on Executive Calendar No. 921, the nomination of Richard H. Carmona, of Arizona, to be Medical Director in the Regular Corps of the Public Health Service, and to be Surgeon General of the Public Health Service, shall be brought to a close?

The yeas and nays are required under the rule.

The clerk will call the roll.

The assistant legislative clerk called the roll.

Mr. NICKLES. I announce that the Senator from North Carolina (Mr. HELMS) and the Senator from Pennsylvania (Mr. SPECTER) are necessarily absent.

The yeas and nays resulted—yeas 98, nays 0, as follows:

[Rollcall Vote No. 185 Exe.]

YEAS—98

| | | |
|-----------|------------|-------------|
| Akaka | Dorgan | Lugar |
| Allard | Durbin | McCain |
| Allen | Edwards | McConnell |
| Baucus | Ensign | Mikulski |
| Bayh | Enzi | Miller |
| Bennett | Feingold | Murkowski |
| Biden | Feinstein | Murray |
| Bingaman | Fitzgerald | Nelson (FL) |
| Bond | Frist | Nelson (NE) |
| Boxer | Graham | Nickles |
| Breaux | Gramm | Reed |
| Brownback | Grassley | Reid |
| Bunning | Gregg | Roberts |
| Burns | Hagel | Rockefeller |
| Byrd | Harkin | Santorum |
| Campbell | Hatch | Sarbanes |
| Cantwell | Hollings | Schumer |
| Carnahan | Hutchinson | Sessions |
| Carper | Hutchison | Shelby |
| Chafee | Inhofe | Smith (NH) |
| Cleland | Inouye | Smith (OR) |
| Clinton | Jeffords | Snowe |
| Cochran | Johnson | Stabenow |
| Collins | Kennedy | Stevens |
| Conrad | Kerry | Thomas |
| Corzine | Kohl | Thompson |
| Craig | Kyl | Thurmond |
| Crapo | Landrieu | Torricelli |
| Daschle | Leahy | Voinovich |
| Dayton | Levin | Warner |
| DeWine | Lieberman | Wellstone |
| Dodd | Lincoln | Wyden |
| Domenici | Lott | |

NOT VOTING—2

Helms Specter

The PRESIDING OFFICER. On this vote, the yeas are 98, the nays are 0. Three-fifths of the Senators duly chosen and sworn having voted in the affirmative, the motion is agreed to.

The Senator from Arizona.

Mr. MCCAIN. Thank you, Madam President. It is my understanding we are now in postcloture debate time; is that correct?

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator is correct.

THE ANDEAN TRADE PREFERENCE ACT

Mr. MCCAIN. Madam President, I want to take a few minutes to talk about the failure of the Congress to enact the Andean Trade Preference Act, the importance of this issue in our hemisphere, and the absolute criticality of us acting before we go out for the August recess on the Andean Trade Preference Act.

Madam President, America is facing a crisis in its relations with our Latin