

WELFARE REAUTHORIZATION

(Ms. WOOLSEY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. WOOLSEY. Mr. Speaker, 35 years ago, I was a single mom with three small children, and even though I was working, I needed Aid for Dependent Children to make ends meet.

When Congress passed welfare reform in 1996, I warned that getting women off the welfare rolls and into dead-end jobs would not be enough, and that the goal of welfare must be to break the cycle of poverty, not just get women jobs that pay slightly above minimum wage.

With TANF reauthorization, we have an opportunity to fix what went wrong by allowing education and training to count as work, and by expanding child care to include weekend and evening work.

Welfare moms can only succeed if they have skills needed for a job that pays a livable wage, and if their kids have access to quality child care. Welfare must break the cycle of poverty and strengthen our families. Let us use this TANF reauthorization to make welfare a success. Learn from the last 5 years.

COPYRIGHT AWARENESS WEEK

(Mr. COBLE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. COBLE. Mr. Speaker, the Copyright Society of the USA, a nonprivate organization, has chosen the week of April 22 to foster interest in and advance the study of intellectual property, especially copyright law.

It is virtually impossible to conceive life without the arts. I can hardly imagine, Mr. Speaker, for example, what our world would be like without books, music, and movies.

As chairman of the Subcommittee on Courts, the Internet, and Intellectual Property, I am particularly aware of the important role copyright law plays in sparking the creative abilities of artists. The creative community contributes significantly to the well-being of our culture and our economy, and I urge my colleagues to join the Copyright Society in celebrating the contributions of artists to our culture and economy by supporting the copyright law.

TANF

(Mr. OLVER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. OLVER. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of America's children. The President's proposal for welfare reform reauthorization increases work requirements for parents receiving Temporary Aid for Needy Families, but

it does not provide any additional child care funding.

The research from the field of child development is indisputable: High quality child care promotes mental development and success in school. Under the current program, only one out of seven eligible children receives child care assistance.

In my State of Massachusetts, there are 18,000 eligible children on a waiting list for child care assistance.

Does the President expect the young children of temporary aid recipients and low-income working families to care for themselves? Does he expect parents to go to work when they do not have a safe place to send their children?

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The President's proposal will make what is already a bad situation worse. If we really want to reduce poverty in this country, we need to make a full commitment to the health and well-being of our poorest and most vulnerable children. Increasing Federal funding for child care will make it easier for parents to work, and it will ensure that children are better able to succeed later in life.

THE HORSESHOE BEND, IDAHO, RURAL WATER PROJECT

(Mr. OTTER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. OTTER. Mr. Speaker, I spent last Monday, Earth Day, in Horseshoe Bend, Idaho, with the mayor, Brian Davies, celebrating the announcement of their rural water project. The USDA Rural Development Agency and its Idaho director, Mike Fields, had provided a loan of \$600,000 and a grant of \$260,000 to the city. That money, coupled with \$251,000 from the citizens themselves, and an additional \$395,000 from the community development block grant from the State of Idaho, will assist Horseshoe Bend with upgrading their existing sewer treatment plant.

This is an outstanding example of initiative and partnership formed for the development of a rural community's infrastructure.

Far too often, Mr. Speaker, Federal agencies impede the needed cooperation through excessive regulation or unnecessary assertion of authority. Here is an example of a government agency recognizing a problem and then working with the community to find a solution. It is an encouraging example of government being a partner in finding a solution, rather than an impediment to the progress.

I hope more agencies of the Federal Government will follow the example of the USDA Rural Development Program.

TANF REAUTHORIZATION

(Ms. SOLIS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. SOLIS. Mr. Speaker, as we work to create welfare reform legislation, we must make sure that TANF recipients have access to higher education and suitable child care. Recipients need to earn higher wages that will lift them out of the cycle of poverty.

Forty-four percent of adults receiving TANF cash assistance in 1999 lacked a high school diploma or a GED certificate. In my district alone, the female recipients there had less than an eighth grade education. In Los Angeles County, about 41 percent of the TANF caseload are limited-English proficient. That is to say that they do not speak English. Their primary language may be Spanish or even Chinese.

Clearly, TANF recipients need educational opportunities before they can qualify for high-quality paying jobs and livable wages, not just minimum-wage jobs.

Given this reality, I am disappointed that the Bush administration has chosen to ignore the need to extend educational opportunities. We cannot get people into good jobs if they only have 12 months of training. We need to extend that to 2 years, at a minimum, so that they can go on into higher education.

REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER AS COSPONSOR OF H.R. 2142

Mr. PITTS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to have my name removed as a cosponsor of H.R. 2142.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. LATOURETTE). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Pennsylvania?

There was no objection.

KING OF MOROCCO

(Mr. PITTS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PITTS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today regarding the King of Morocco's visit to our Nation's Capital this week.

I ask the King to reflect on the statement he made to Secretary Powell earlier that Powell should "consider the plight of the Palestinian people." Yes, our Nation must act on behalf of justice for all people. But should not the King of Morocco do that as well?

What would the King say about the hundreds and thousands of Sahrawi people who have disappeared or are languishing in prison? What would the King say about the Sahrawis living in the occupied territory of Western Sahara who are arrested or shot or killed by Moroccan security officials for their peaceful protests about Morocco's policies?

Mr. Speaker, I would ask the King of Morocco to seriously consider the policies of his own country, policies that