

Recently, at least 32 people were killed in a day-long attack by Muslims on an outlying village in Ambon, the capital of the Maluku Islands. Eyewitnesses stated that the Jihad attackers were aided by government soldiers during the attack on the village of Hatiwe Besar.

Many who were killed died violently. Most of them, including a 10-month-old infant, were shot and their bodies were tossed in the fires of houses burned by the attackers.

In a different account of recent violence, families in one village that refused to fight were killed and their bodies were found deposited in the wells in the village.

Yet another account tells of women and girls who, at the sound of gunfire, "were desperately clawing at the small yellow buses, hammering on the side for the driver to stop and let them on. As we slowed down, they tried to board our vehicle. I had never seen such fear in people's faces, people who knew the sound of automatic guns meant that the army was in action and that death was not far away."

More eyewitness accounts reveal that even 3 weeks ago Jihad warriors were still moving by boat into the Malukus from Java and surrounding islands.

One man said, "We desperately need weapons to defend ourselves. Nobody cares about us. Nobody offers to help us. We cannot trust the army because they are often supporting the Jihad fighters. The politicians and authorities talk a lot, but their words and promises are not translated into action."

Many people who witness the violent attacks confirmed that, although the Indonesian Army was present during the attacks, either nothing was done to protect the villagers or some of the soldiers actually joined the aggressors in shooting at the escaping villagers.

Unfortunately, even people such as the current leader of the People's Consultative Assembly, Dr. Armién Rais, openly supported calls for Jihad or an Islamic holy war against the Christians and other religious believers in Indonesia.

However, there are other Islamic leaders who clearly state that this jihad should not be happening. "A.T. Zees, a Muslim leader in Minahasa, told a crowd of Protestant, Catholic, Hindu, and Buddhist leaders Sept. 14 that the jihad fighters should leave . . . In Islam, jihad is a holy war against all evils—not murdering Christians, destroying their houses and churches, robbing, and doing other contemptible deeds," he said. "A number of peaceful Muslims have tried to protect Christians."

Why does the world not pay attention to the continued violence in which reportedly over 4,000 people have been killed and over 350,000 are now refugees?

When the three U.N. workers were killed in East Timorese refugee camps, the whole world raised their voices and condemned the killings—rightly so. Yet, thousands have died in the Malukus, but instead of outrage, silence has reverberated.

Church leaders and other community leaders are pleading for the international community to send aid and protect the people against death from the Jihad fighters. Church leaders say that, if the U.N. will not send peacekeepers, the least we ask is that ships be kept ready to evacuate the surviving Christians. Otherwise they will be forced to choose between Islam and death.

Mr. Speaker, a whole population has been targeted and is slowly being wiped out or forced out of their homeland. Why will the Indonesian Government not act so that the killing stops? Where is the outrage in the international community? Something must be done, or we will see the destruction of an entire society.

Both Christians and Muslims from this area want peace. They have lived in peace for many years and in friendship with their neighbors.

We should ask that the IMF, the World Bank, U.N. officials take appropriate action to let the Indonesian Government know that they must take steps to stop the killing. It is not simply an internal Indonesian affair. The Indonesian people are crying out for help from the international community because they are not receiving it from their own government.

Delegations from the U.N. and other countries need to visit the Malukus to investigate and report on the bloodshed and destruction throughout the area.

In addition, our government needs to seriously consider the implications of resuming the close military ties with the Indonesian Government. The record of human rights abuses by the Indonesian military is well documented.

Further, our government needs to examine the religious nature of these killings. This is not simply a local economic conflict. Declarations of Jihad underscore the religious aspects to the violence, and this must be considered in terms of U.S. Government actions.

I enjoyed my visit to Indonesia earlier this year. Indonesia is a land of many resources in its people and its abundance of natural resources. We are friends of the Indonesian people. It is our hope that all the people in Indonesia will be able to live in peace.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Texas (Mr. STENHOLM) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. STENHOLM addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. LAHOOD) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. LAHOOD addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

EDUCATION ACHIEVEMENTS OF CLINTON ADMINISTRATION

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Texas (Mr. HINOJOSA) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. HINOJOSA. Mr. Speaker, there is much good news in higher education this year, and we should take a few moments in the House of Representatives to take notice of it.

Education Secretary Dick Riley appeared today before the last Committee on Education and the Workforce hearing of the 106th Congress. Although the stated purpose of the hearing was a sad commentary on presidential politics, it was an excellent opportunity to highlight the educational achievements of the past 8 years under Secretary Riley. He has been a true friend to all American children during his tenure, and especially to the Hispanic community, as no other Education Secretary before him.

On behalf of all American children, I want to commend Secretary Riley for his tireless dedication to improving both education programs and the Education Department. I know I for one have greatly enjoyed the opportunity to work with such a great and inspirational figure.

I am very glad to have worked with Secretary Riley personally, who visited my district twice over the past 4 years. It has afforded us both valuable experience because each time he has had the opportunity to witness the beneficial impact of Federal programs such as the E-Rate, bilingual education, or Gear-up in my south Texas congressional district.

For example, we have reaped a great benefit from the \$75 million given to date to the Region One Education Service Center, which oversees 38 school districts in south Texas, serving 298,000 students, 95 percent of whom are Hispanic.

I know each time he visited he raised the morale of our students, strengthening the appreciation for education among Hispanic, low-income, and extremely motivated and bright students.

While many of the Department's achievements were noted in his testimony, there are others worthy of note here tonight. For example, \$18 billion has been added to the annual Federal education spending since 1995. Math SAT scores are at an all-time high. NAEP, the National Assessment of Education Progress, reading achievement scores have significantly improved in all grades tested, and ACT scores increased from 1992 to 1999. Better still, the numbers of females and minorities taking the ACT test increased five-fold.

Secretary Riley is the undisputed champion of minority education. Under his tenure, the Department of Education has helped more than 200 colleges and universities, middle and high schools form Gear-up partnerships to help 480,000 students and their families to attend college. Many of the beneficiaries are minority students.