

Hoeffel	McNulty	Sanders
Holden	Meehan	Sandlin
Holt	Meek (FL)	Sawyer
Hookey	Meeks (NY)	Schakowsky
Hoyer	Menendez	Scott
Jackson (IL)	Millender-	Serrano
Jackson-Lee	McDonald	Sherman
(TX)	Miller, George	Shows
Jefferson	Minge	Sisisky
John	Mink	Skelton
Johnson, E. B.	Moakley	Slaughter
Jones (OH)	Mollohan	Snyder
Kanjorski	Moore	Spratt
Kaptur	Moran (VA)	Stabenow
Kennedy	Murtha	Stark
Kildee	Nadler	Stenholm
Kilpatrick	Napolitano	Strickland
Kind (WI)	Neal	Stupak
Klecza	Oberstar	Tanner
Klink	Obey	Tauscher
Kucinich	Olver	Taylor (MS)
LaFalce	Ortiz	Thompson (CA)
Lampson	Owens	Thompson (MS)
Lantos	Pallone	Thurman
Larson	Pascrell	Tierney
Lee	Pastor	Towns
Levin	Payne	Turner
Lewis (GA)	Pelosi	Udall (CO)
Lipinski	Peterson (MN)	Udall (NM)
Lofgren	Phelps	Velazquez
Lowey	Pickett	Visclosky
Lucas (KY)	Pomeroy	Waters
Luther	Price (NC)	Watt (NC)
Maloney (CT)	Rahall	Waxman
Maloney (NY)	Rangel	Weiner
Markey	Reyes	Wexler
Mascara	Rivers	Weygand
Matsui	Rodriguez	Wilson
McCarthy (MO)	Roemer	Wise
McCarthy (NY)	Rothman	Woolsey
McDermott	Roybal-Allard	Wu
McGovern	Rush	Wynn
McIntyre	Sabo	
McKinney	Sanchez	

NAYS—222

Aderholt	Dickey	Jenkins
Archer	Doolittle	Johnson (CT)
Armey	Dreier	Johnson, Sam
Bachus	Duncan	Jones (NC)
Baker	Dunn	Kasich
Ballenger	Ehlers	Kelly
Barcia	Ehrlich	King (NY)
Barr	Emerson	Kingston
Barrett (NE)	English	Knollenberg
Bartlett	Everett	Kolbe
Barton	Ewing	Kuykendall
Bass	Fletcher	LaHood
Bateman	Foley	Largent
Bereuter	Forbes	Latham
Biggert	Fossella	LaTourette
Bilbray	Fowler	Lazio
Bilirakis	Franks (NJ)	Leach
Bliley	Frelinghuysen	Lewis (CA)
Blunt	Gallegly	Lewis (KY)
Boehlert	Ganske	Linder
Boehner	Gekas	LoBiondo
Bonilla	Gibbons	Lucas (OK)
Bono	Gilchrest	Manzullo
Brady (TX)	Gillmor	Martinez
Burr	Gilman	McCrey
Burr	Goode	McHugh
Burton	Goodlatte	McInnis
Buyer	Goodling	McKeon
Callahan	Goss	Metcalf
Calvert	Graham	Mica
Camp	Granger	Miller (FL)
Canady	Green (WI)	Miller, Gary
Cannon	Greenwood	Moran (KS)
Castle	Gutknecht	Morella
Chabot	Hansen	Myrick
Chambliss	Hastings (WA)	Nethercutt
Chenoweth-Hage	Hayes	Ney
Coble	Hayworth	Northup
Coburn	Hefley	Norwood
Collins	Herger	Nussle
Combust	Hill (MT)	Ose
Cook	Hilleary	Oxley
Cooksey	Hobson	Packard
Cox	Hoekstra	Paul
Crane	Hostettler	Pease
Cubin	Houghton	Peterson (PA)
Cunningham	Hulshof	Petri
Danner	Hunter	Pickering
Davis (VA)	Hutchinson	Pitts
Deal	Hyde	Pombo
DeLay	Inslee	Portman
DeMint	Isakson	Pryce (OH)
Diaz-Balart	Istook	Quinn

Radanovich	Shaw	Thomas
Ramstad	Shays	Thornberry
Regula	Sherwood	Thune
Reynolds	Shimkus	Tiahrt
Riley	Shuster	Toomey
Rogan	Simpson	Traficant
Rogers	Skeen	Upton
Rohrabacher	Smith (MI)	Vitter
Ros-Lehtinen	Smith (NJ)	Walden
Roukema	Smith (TX)	Walsh
Royce	Souder	Wamp
Ryan (WI)	Spence	Watkins
Ryun (KS)	Stearns	Watts (OK)
Salmon	Stump	Weldon (FL)
Sanford	Sununu	Weldon (PA)
Saxton	Sweeney	Weller
Scarborough	Talent	Whitfield
Schaffer	Tancred	Wicker
Sensenbrenner	Tauzin	Wolf
Sessions	Taylor (NC)	Young (AK)
Shadegg	Terry	Young (FL)

NOT VOTING—9

Boswell	Horn	Porter
Brown (OH)	McCollum	Smith (WA)
Campbell	McIntosh	Vento

□ 1812

Messrs. EWING, BONILLA, TANCREDO and GOODLATTE changed their vote from “yea” to “nay”.

Ms. WOOLSEY, Mr. DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. RUSH and Mrs. MCCARTHY of New York changed their vote from “nay” to “yea”.

So the motion to instruct was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. LAHOOD). Without objection, the Chair appoints the following conferees:

Messrs. ARCHER, ARMEY and RANGEL.

There was no objection.

□
ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the Chair will reduce to 5 minutes the minimum time for electronic voting on the motion to suspend the rules.

□

DEBT RELIEF RECONCILIATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2001

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The pending business is the question of suspending the rules and passing the bill, H.R. 4866, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Iowa (Mr. NUSSLE) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 4866, as amended, on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 422, nays 1, not voting 11, as follows:

[Roll No. 409]
YEAS—422

Abercrombie	Armey	Baldwin
Ackerman	Baca	Ballenger
Aderholt	Bachus	Barcia
Allen	Baird	Barr
Andrews	Baker	Barrett (NE)
Archer	Baldacci	Barrett (WI)

Bartlett	Evans	Largent
Barton	Everett	Larson
Bass	Ewing	Latham
Bateman	Farr	LaTourette
Becerra	Fattah	Lazio
Bentsen	Filner	Leach
Bereuter	Fletcher	Lee
Berkley	Foley	Levin
Berman	Forbes	Lewis (CA)
Berry	Ford	Lewis (GA)
Biggert	Fossella	Lewis (KY)
Bilbray	Fowler	Linder
Bilirakis	Frank (MA)	Lipinski
Bishop	Franks (NJ)	LoBiondo
Blagojevich	Frelinghuysen	Lofgren
Bliley	Frost	Lowey
Blumenauer	Gallegly	Lucas (KY)
Blunt	Ganske	Lucas (OK)
Boehlert	Gejdenson	Luther
Boehner	Gekas	Maloney (CT)
Bonilla	Gephardt	Maloney (NY)
Bonior	Gibbons	Manzullo
Bono	Gilchrest	Markey
Borski	Gillmor	Martinez
Boucher	Gilman	Mascara
Boyd	Gonzalez	Matsui
Brady (PA)	Goode	McCarthy (MO)
Brady (TX)	Goodlatte	McCarthy (NY)
Brown (FL)	Gooding	McCrey
Bryant	Goss	McGovern
Burr	Graham	McHugh
Burton	Granger	McInnis
Buyer	Green (TX)	McIntyre
Callahan	Green (WI)	McKeon
Calvert	Greenwood	McKinney
Camp	Gutierrez	McNulty
Canady	Gutknecht	Meehan
Cannon	Hall (OH)	Meek (FL)
Castle	Hall (TX)	Meeks (NY)
Chabot	Hansen	Menendez
Chambliss	Hastings (FL)	Metcalf
Chenoweth-Hage	Hastings (WA)	Mica
Clay	Hayes	Millender-
Clayton	Hayworth	McDonald
Clement	Hefley	Miller (FL)
Clyburn	Herger	Miller, Gary
Coble	Hill (IN)	Miller, George
Coburn	Hill (MT)	Minge
Collins	Hilleary	Mink
Combust	Hilliard	Moakley
Condit	Hinche	Mollohan
Conyers	Hinojosa	Moore
Cook	Hobson	Moran (KS)
Cooksey	Hoefel	Moran (VA)
Costello	Hoekstra	Morella
Cox	Holden	Myrick
Coyne	Holt	Napolitano
Cramer	Hookey	Neal
Crane	Hostettler	Nethercutt
Crowley	Houghton	Ney
Cubin	Hoyer	Northup
Cummings	Hulshof	Norwood
Cunningham	Hunter	Nussle
Danner	Hutchinson	Oberstar
Davis (FL)	Hyde	Obey
Davis (IL)	Inslee	Olver
Davis (VA)	Isakson	Ortiz
Deal	Istook	Ose
DeFazio	Jackson (IL)	Owens
DeGette	Jackson-Lee	Oxley
Delahunt	(TX)	Packard
DeLauro	Jefferson	Pallone
DeLay	Jenkins	Pascrell
DeMint	John	Pastor
Deutsch	Johnson (CT)	Paul
Diaz-Balart	Johnson, E. B.	Payne
Dickey	Johnson, Sam	Pease
Dicks	Jones (NC)	Pelosi
Dingell	Jones (OH)	Peterson (MN)
Dixon	Jones (OK)	Peterson (PA)
Doggett	Kanjorski	Petri
Dooley	Kaptur	Phelps
Doolittle	Kasich	Pickering
Doyle	Kelly	Pickett
Dreier	Kennedy	Pitts
Duncan	Kildee	Pombo
Dunn	Kilpatrick	Pomeroy
Edwards	Kind (WI)	Porter
Ehlers	King (NY)	Portman
Ehrlich	Kingston	Price (NC)
Emerson	Kleczka	Pryce (OH)
Engel	Klink	Quinn
English	Knollenberg	Quinn
Eshoo	Kolbe	Radanovich
Etheridge	Kucinich	Rahall
	Kuykendall	Ramstad
	LaFalce	Rangel
	LaHood	Regula
	Lampson	Reyes
	Lantos	Reynolds

Riley	Shuster	Tierney
Rivers	Simpson	Toomey
Rodriguez	Sisisky	Towns
Roemer	Skeen	Trafficant
Rogan	Skelton	Turner
Rogers	Slaughter	Udall (CO)
Rohrabacher	Smith (MI)	Udall (NM)
Ros-Lehtinen	Smith (NJ)	Upton
Rothman	Smith (TX)	Velazquez
Roukema	Snyder	Visclosky
Roybal-Allard	Souder	Vitter
Royce	Spence	Walden
Rush	Spratt	Walsh
Ryan (WI)	Stabenow	Wamp
Ryun (KS)	Stark	Waters
Sabo	Stearns	Watkins
Salmon	Stenholm	Watt (NC)
Sanchez	Strickland	Watts (OK)
Sanders	Stump	Waxman
Sandlin	Stupak	Weiner
Sanford	Sununu	Weldon (FL)
Sawyer	Sweeney	Weldon (PA)
Saxton	Talent	Weller
Scarborough	Tancredo	Wexler
Schaffer	Tanner	Weygand
Schakowsky	Tauscher	Whitfield
Scott	Tauzin	Wicker
Sensenbrenner	Taylor (MS)	Wilson
Serrano	Taylor (NC)	Wise
Sessions	Terry	Wolf
Shadegg	Thomas	Woolsey
Shaw	Thompson (CA)	Wu
Shays	Thompson (MS)	Wynn
Sherman	Thornberry	Young (AK)
Sherwood	Thune	Young (FL)
Shimkus	Thurman	
Shows	Tiahrt	

NAYS—1

Nadler

NOT VOTING—11

Boswell	Horn	Murtha
Brown (OH)	McCollum	Smith (WA)
Campbell	McDermott	Vento
Gordon	McIntosh	

□ 1821

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

□

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. McDERMOTT. Mr. Speaker, I was unavoidably detained on official business and was unable to vote. I would have voted in favor of the motion to instruct conferees on H.R. 4810 (rollcall No. 408). I would have voted in favor of H.R. 4866 (rollcall No. 409).

□

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. BOSWELL. Mr. Speaker, because of illness in the family, I was necessarily absent on the following votes and had I been present I would have voted in the following manner: Rollcall No. 405—NAY on H.J. Res. 103; Rollcall No. 406—YEA on H.R. 3113; Rollcall No. 407—YEA on H.R. 4517; Rollcall No. 408—YEA on Motion to Instruct Conferees on H.R. 4810; and Rollcall No. 409—YEA on H.R. 4866.

□

PERIODIC REPORT ON NATIONAL EMERGENCY WITH RESPECT TO TALIBAN IN AFGHANISTAN—MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES (H. DOC. NO. 106-268)

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. LAHOOD) laid before the House the fol-

lowing message from the President of the United States; which was read and, together with the accompanying papers, without objection, referred to the Committee on International Relations and ordered to be printed:

To the Congress of the United States:

As required by section 401(c) of the National Emergencies Act, 50 U.S.C. 1641(c), and section 204(c) of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (IEEPA), 50 U.S.C. 1703(c), I transmit herewith a 6-month periodic report on the national emergency with respect to the Taliban (Afghanistan) that was declared in Executive Order 13129 of July 4, 1999.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON.
THE WHITE HOUSE, July 17, 2000.

□

SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 6, 1999, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

□

CORPS OF ENGINEERS REFORM ACT OF 2000

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. KIND) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. KIND. Mr. Speaker, today, I, along with the gentleman from Oregon (Mr. BLUMENAUER) and the gentlewoman from Wisconsin (Ms. BALDWIN), introduced the Corps of Engineers Reform Act of 2000.

The purpose of this legislation is to reform the project review and authorization procedures at the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and let the sun shine in through greater civilian oversight of Corps projects. Through this legislation we hope to persuade our fellow Members of Congress to act this session to clarify the mission of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and to restore the public's severely eroded trust in the Corps.

The Corps of Engineers is the primary Federal agency responsible for construction and maintenance of our Nation's water resources infrastructure. The Corps' civil works mission is large and vital, with projects in the areas of flood protection, navigation, irrigation, hydropower and recreation. In recent years, the Corps has assumed a more significant role in the areas of environmental protection and restoration.

Despite its historic reputation for professionalism and integrity, the Corps is at present an embattled agency. Over the past 6 months, the Corps has come under intense fire because of alleged improprieties in connection with its multiyear, \$50 million Upper Mississippi River-Illinois waterway system navigation study. Earlier this year, Congress also learned of efforts by top Corps officials to increase the Corps' civil works budget from its cur-

rent level of \$4 billion a year to over \$6 billion by 2005.

Reports about the Corps' attempts to push through projects that lack a sound economic justification or that contain inadequate environmental provisions point to the breakdowns in the Corps' process for planning and approving water resources projects. This bill attempts to fix that problem, and with these reforms to lift the cloud of distrust and suspicion that currently hangs over the Corps of Engineers.

Last year, the National Research Council of the National Academy of Sciences published a report entitled *New Directions in Water Resources Planning for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers*. This study was the product of 2 years of careful input and analysis by leading economists, engineers, environmental scientists, and water resource planners, including former high-level Corps of Engineers officials. The bill we introduced today builds on many of the key recommendations contained in the study.

Specifically, it clarifies congressional intent with respect to the Corps' broad mission in water resources planning. The bill states that, and I quote, "It is the intent of Congress that economic development and the environmental protection and restoration be coequal goals of water resources planning and development."

The bill creates new advisory and review procedures through the establishment of an environmental advisory board, an independent review panel, and a stakeholder advisory group.

The legislation also calls for the ongoing monitoring of the economic and environmental results of all Corps projects exceeding \$25 million. The purpose of this monitoring program is to establish the baseline data needed to evaluate current and future Corps projects and to ensure that all Corps projects meet high standards of fiscal responsibility.

Finally, the bill seeks to ensure that environmental damages caused by projects are fully mitigated. Under this legislation, the Corps would also be required to mitigate damages to wildlife on a one-to-one basis.

The overarching purpose of this legislation, Mr. Speaker, is to restore trust and confidence in the Army Corps of Engineers and to enable the Corps to get on with its important work on our Nation's rivers, lakes, coastlines and harbors. The best way to achieve this goal is to increase the level of transparency, and through transparency create greater accountability in the Corps' planning process, and to establish guidelines that strike a genuine balance between economic development and other social and environmental priorities.

In closing, I would urge my colleagues on the House Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure to work to build significant reforms into this year's reauthorization of the Water Resources and Development Act.