

| | | |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| Rogers | Sherwood | Thornberry |
| Rohrabacher | Shimkus | Thune |
| Ros-Lehtinen | Shows | Thurman |
| Rothman | Shuster | Tiahrt |
| Roukema | Simpson | Toomey |
| Royal-Allard | Sisisky | Trafficant |
| Royce | Skeen | Turner |
| Rush | Skelton | Udall (NM) |
| Ryan (WI) | Smith (MI) | Upton |
| Ryun (KS) | Smith (NJ) | Vitter |
| Salmon | Smith (TX) | Walden |
| Sanchez | Smith (WA) | Walsh |
| Sanders | Snyder | Wamp |
| Sandlin | Spence | Watkins |
| Sanford | Spratt | Watt (NC) |
| Sawyer | Stabenow | Watts (OK) |
| Saxton | Stearns | Waxman |
| Scarborough | Stump | Weiner |
| Schakowsky | Sununu | Weldon (FL) |
| Scott | Talent | Weldon (PA) |
| Serrano | Tanner | Weygand |
| Sessions | Tauscher | Wilson |
| Shadegg | Tauzin | Wise |
| Shaw | Taylor (NC) | Wolf |
| Shays | Terry | Woolsey |
| Sherman | Thomas | Wynn |

NAYS—59

| | | |
|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| Aderholt | Hilliard | Slaughter |
| Baird | Hinchey | Stark |
| Bilbray | Hooley | Stenholm |
| Borski | Hulshof | Strickland |
| Brady (PA) | Jones (OH) | Stupak |
| Capuano | Kucinich | Sweeney |
| Chenoweth-Hage | LoBiondo | Taylor (MS) |
| Clay | McDermott | Thompson (CA) |
| Condit | McNulty | Thompson (MS) |
| Costello | Miller, George | Towns |
| Crane | Moore | Udall (CO) |
| DeFazio | Oberstar | Velazquez |
| Dickey | Olver | Visclosky |
| English | Peterson (MN) | Waters |
| Evans | Pickett | Weller |
| Filner | Ramstad | Whitfield |
| Gutierrez | Riley | Wicker |
| Gutknecht | Rogan | Wu |
| Hastings (FL) | Sabo | Young (FL) |
| Hefley | Schaffer | |

ANSWERED "PRESENT"—1

Tancredo

NOT VOTING—22

| | | |
|----------|------------|---------------|
| Barton | Hill (MT) | Sensenbrenner |
| Burton | Hunter | Souder |
| Coburn | Hutchinson | Tierney |
| Cook | Jefferson | Vento |
| Cummings | Kasich | Wexler |
| Danner | McIntosh | Young (AK) |
| Delahunt | Owens | |
| DeLay | Pomeroy | |

□ 1025

So the Journal was approved.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. GIBBONS). Will the gentleman from California (Mr. LANTOS) come forward and lead the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Mr. LANTOS led the Pledge of Allegiance as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Mr. Lundregan, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate has passed bills and a joint resolution of the following titles in which the concurrence of the House is requested:

S. 1507. An act to authorize the integration and consolidation of alcohol and substance

abuse programs and services provided by Indian tribal governments, and for other purposes.

S. 2722. An act to authorize the award of the Medal of Honor to Ed W. Freeman, James K. Okubo, and Andrew J. Smith.

S.J. Res. 46. Joint resolution recognizing the 225th birthday of the United States Army.

The message also announced that pursuant to Public Law 106-181, the Chair, on behalf of the Democratic Leader, appoints Ted R. Lawson of West Virginia to serve as a member of the National Commission to Ensure Consumer Information and Choice in the Airline Industry.

WELCOMING FATHER CHRISTIAN
R. ORAVEC

(Mr. SHUSTER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. SHUSTER. Mr. Speaker, I am pleased to join with my good friend and colleague, the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. MURTHA), in welcoming Father Christian Oravec. Father Christian is the President of St. Francis College, one of the oldest Catholic colleges in America, which sits atop the Allegheny Mountains in Central Pennsylvania. He is the longest serving president of that college in its history, since 1977.

In addition to doing a superb job in serving our region of the country, Father Christian is a leader in the community. Indeed, he is deeply involved in 16 different civic organizations. Beyond that, he is a beloved parish priest. It is my great pleasure to help welcome him here today.

Mr. MURTHA. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. SHUSTER. I yield to the gentleman from Pennsylvania.

Mr. MURTHA. Mr. Speaker, let me add my welcome to Father Christian. My colleague and I share Father Christian. He is right on the border at one of the finest schools in Pennsylvania, and it is just marvelous to have him here.

His prayer was so good. He said the only problem is that they limited him to 125 words, and he can not say much in 125 words.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER
PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair will entertain 15 1-minute requests on each side.

CALLING ATTENTION TO SERIOUSNESS OF MISSING NUCLEAR SECRETS

(Mr. FOLEY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. FOLEY. Mr. Speaker, I call my colleagues' attention to an editorial in The Washington Post entitled Nuclear

Nightmare: "Guarding the nation's nuclear secrets is about the most basic duty of an administration. The danger of nuclear proliferation is so serious that the United States bombs Iraq, sanctions India and Pakistan and kowtows to North Korea, all in an attempt to prevent weapons of mass destruction from falling into the wrong hands.

□ 1030

That unidentified hands could have quietly removed, at Los Alamos, two computer drives with information on dismantling nuclear bombs is shocking. That it should happen so soon after the investigation of other security labs makes it even more credible.

That is from the Washington Post.

Now, today we are witnessing the other side of the aisle having everybody sign up because they are worried about political attack ads. Is anybody demanding the information on potential nuclear attacks?

Now, over the last couple months, the Vice President has condemned everything our nominee has said as reckless and risky. Where is his voice on this particular issue affecting America's safety and security?

Yes, I agree we have to reform politics. Yes, I agree a Buddhist temple is not the right place to have a fund-raiser. But let us look at our nuclear secrets and find out and demand answers from Secretary Richardson, President Clinton, and the Vice President of the United States.

TACTICS OF KGB ARE
UNACCEPTABLE

(Mr. LANTOS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. LANTOS. Mr. Speaker, the KGB is back. Yesterday, the head of Russia's only free media was arrested; and as we meet here this morning, he is still in prison.

President Putin of Russia is in Madrid claiming not to know anything about this. He is either a puppet or he is a perpetrator.

I call on the Russian Government to release, without any further delay, the head of the only free media network in Russia. This is the network which reported accurately on the war in Chechnya. This is the network that can provide us with the hope of building a democratic society in Russia.

The tactics of the KGB are unacceptable in the 21st century.

HUMAN RIGHTS SITUATION IN
RUSSIA

(Mr. PITTS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PITTS. Mr. Speaker, I also rise out of concern for the human rights situation in Russia.

Yesterday, the Government of Russia took a giant step backwards in human

rights as Vladimir Goussinsky, the CEO of Media Most, was arrested, imprisoned and is at present being interrogated.

So much for freedom of speech and freedom of the press in Russia.

Mr. Goussinsky has been the most pro-Western and independent of Russia's media entrepreneurs and has rallied strong support for democratic reforms in Russia.

This arrest comes on the heels of the raid of Media Most offices several weeks ago and demonstrates how human rights, particularly freedom of the press, is deteriorated under the administration of President Putin.

The Putin administration has taken extreme measures to control information. Government officials report about the "problem" of the media giving airtime and print space to views of "terrorists."

Mr. Speaker, expressing political and religious views, even if it is in opposition to the government, is not terrorism. It is freedom.

I urge the Russian people to speak out against the latest abuse of freedom by the Putin administration and call on President Clinton to pressure the administration to release Mr. Goussinsky.

FACES OF GUN VIOLENCE VIGIL

(Mrs. McCARTHY of New York asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Mrs. MCCARTHY of New York. Mr. Speaker, tonight at 6 o'clock we will be seeing the faces of gun violence. We are going to have a vigil. I invite all the Members here to take part in that.

Six and a half years ago, James Gorycki and his wife, Joyce, who were friends of mine, and my husband, Dennis, were killed.

Joyce has one daughter. I have one son. Today happens to be my son's birthday, and I am very happy that he is still with me.

It has been one year since we debated on closing the gun show loophole, and we have done nothing about it. I am hoping that still before this session ends that we will meet and try to reduce gun violence in this country.

It has been one month since we have had the Million Mom March, where moms and dads and families across this Nation came and said to Congress, let us do something about gun violence.

We live in the United States of America. We can do a better job on reducing gun violence. And tonight, unfortunately, we will see the faces of so many men, women, and children that have died.

I hope that my colleagues will join us.

SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAMS

(Mr. SCHAFFER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1

minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. SCHAFFER. Mr. Speaker, part of providing our children with quality education is making sure they are healthy and well fed. School breakfast and lunch programs which provide free or discounted meals to low-income children are an integral part of a child's school day.

The program relies on families to truthfully reveal their incomes when applying for subsidized meals and schools and administrators to implement the programs honestly and efficiently. And when parents or schools fail to do this, it is the children who suffer.

Take the case of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, which overcharged the Federal Government an estimated \$23 million for its school lunch program. The Commonwealth failed to pay \$11.5 million of its share of program expenses, which were instead billed to Washington. It also served free meals to all of the schoolchildren, including those from upper and middle class and wealthy families.

Now, that \$23 million could have fed thousands of indigent schoolchildren. What a senseless waste, Mr. Speaker.

NATION THAT DOES NOT HONOR FLAG DOES NOT HONOR FREEDOM

(Mr. TRAFICANT asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. TRAFICANT. Mr. Speaker, in America it is illegal to burn trash. It is a \$10,000 fine to damage a mailbox. But even though it is Flag Day in America, we can burn the flag today, we can trash the flag, we can even urinate on the flag.

Think about it. Is it any wonder that Americans are losing respect for our Government?

Soldiers literally died carrying our flag into battle, and Congress protects mailboxes.

Beam me up, Mr. Speaker.

A Nation that does not respect nor honor their flag is a Nation that does not respect their people nor honor their freedom.

I yield back the pledge of allegiance to our flag and to the Republic for which our flag stands.

PRESCRIPTION DRUG COVERAGE

(Mr. BARTLETT of Maryland asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. BARTLETT of Maryland. Mr. Speaker, no senior citizen or disabled American should be forced to choose between buying food and paying for the prescription drugs they need. It is that simple. Yet, for thousands of seniors, this is a choice they have to make.

The average Medicare recipient uses 18 and a half prescriptions a year. Some conditions are treated very suc-

cessfully with medication, but it frequently comes at a high price.

For example, stroke patients take clot-busting jobs that can cost upward of \$1,700 a year. For seniors on a fixed income, this is a staggering sum.

The Republican plan helps seniors facing this choice. It offers affordable options that allow Medicare recipients to choose a plan best fitting their unique medical needs.

By providing prescription drug coverage for everyone, Republicans want to make sure that no senior citizen or disabled American falls through the cracks.

SECTION 527 GROUPS POSE THREAT TO DEMOCRATIC PROCESS

(Mrs. CAPPAS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Mrs. CAPPAS. Mr. Speaker, I am deeply disappointed that the House leadership has continued to delay debate on real campaign finance reform.

According to a Washington Post editorial, they claim to be seeking only to strengthen reform. In fact, their goal is to kill it. It turns out they do not like disclosure, they like the dark.

527 groups are tax-exempt, political organizations which try to influence elections. They raise and spend millions of dollars to influence our Federal campaigns, with no disclosure whatsoever.

These groups pose a grave threat to our democratic process. The American public is demanding action now.

The gentleman from Texas (Mr. DOGGETT) and the gentleman from Kansas (Mr. MOORE) have good bills that deal with a real issue at hand, plugging the loophole in the Tax Code that allows undisclosed funding and unlimited spending.

This discharge petition is about bringing these bills to the floor for a vote. We need to bring a little sunshine into this system. Let us pass a meaningful disclosure bill.

PRESCRIPTION DRUG COVERAGE FOR ALL AMERICANS

(Mr. SAM JOHNSON of Texas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. SAM JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. Speaker, in 1968, the average senior citizen spent just \$64 a year on prescription drugs. Thirty years later, the average senior spends about \$848 a year on prescription drugs.

In 1968, seniors spent about 2.4 percent of their annual income on prescription drugs. And in 1998, seniors spent a little over 4 percent. That is almost double in just 30 years.

Some seniors even have to choose between food and filling their prescriptions. This inevitably leads to higher costs for Medicare. And more importantly, some of these seniors suffer despite the fact that their illness is treatable.