

[Roll No. 406]

AYES—396

Abercrombie Dixon Kilpatrick  
Ackerman Doggett Kind (WI)  
Aderholt Doolittle King (NY)  
Allen Doyle Kleczka  
Andrews Dreier Klink  
Archer Duncan Knollenberg  
Army Dum Kolbe  
Bachus Edwards Kucinich  
Baird Ehlers Kuykendall  
Baker Ehrlich LaFalce  
Baldacci Emerson LaHood  
Baldwin Engel Lampton  
Ballenger English Larson  
Barr Eshoo Latham  
Barrett (NE) Etheridge LaTourette  
Barrett (WI) Evans Lazio  
Bartlett Everett Leach  
Barton Ewing Lee  
Bass Farr Levin  
Bateman Fattah Lewis (CA)  
Becerra Filner Lewis (GA)  
Bentsen Fletcher Lewis (KY)  
Bereuter Foley Linder  
Berkley Forbes Lipinski  
Berman Ford LoBiondo  
Berry Fossella Lofgren  
Biggart Fowler Lowey  
Billray Frank (MA) Lucas (KY)  
Billirakis Franks (NJ) Lucas (OK)  
Bishop Frelinghuysen Luther  
Blagojevich Frost Maloney (CT)  
Blumenauer Gallegly Maloney (NY)  
Blunt Ganske Markey  
Boehlert Gejdenson Martinez  
Boehner Gekas Mascara  
Bonilla Gibbons Matsui  
Bonior Gilchrist McCarthy (MO)  
Bono Gillmor McCarthy (NY)  
Borski Gilman McCollum  
Boswell Gonzalez McDermott  
Boucher Goode McGovern  
Boyd Goodlatte McHugh  
Brady (PA) Goodling McInnis  
Brady (TX) Gordon McIntyre  
Brown (OH) Goss McKeon  
Bryant Graham McKinney  
Burr Granger McNulty  
Burton Green (TX) Meehan  
Buyer Green (WI) Meek (FL)  
Callahan Greenwood Meeks (NY)  
Calvert Gutierrez Menendez  
Camp Gutknecht Metcalf  
Campbell Hall (OH) Mica  
Canady Hall (TX) Millender-  
Cannon Hastings (WA) McDonald  
Capps Hayes Miller (FL)  
Capuano Hayworth Miller, Gary  
Cardin Hefley Miller, George  
Castle Herger Minge  
Chabot Hill (IN) Mink  
Chambliss Hill (MT) Mollohan  
Clayton Hilleary Moore  
Clement Hilliard Moran (KS)  
Clyburn Hinchey Moran (VA)  
Coburn Hinojosa Morella  
Collins Hobson Murtha  
Combest Hoeffel Myrick  
Condit Hoekstra Nadler  
Conyers Holden Napolitano  
Cook Holt Nethercutt  
Cooksey Hooley Ney  
Costello Horn Northup  
Cox Hostettler Norwood  
Coyle Houghton Nussle  
Cramer Hoyer Oberstar  
Crane Hunter Obey  
Crowley Hutchinson Olver  
Cubin Hyde Ortiz  
Cummings Insee Ose  
Cunningham Isakson Owens  
Danner Istook Oxley  
Davis (FL) Jackson (IL) Packard  
Davis (IL) Jackson-Lee Pallone  
Davis (VA) Jackson-Lee Pascrell  
Deal Jenkins Pastor  
DeFazio John Payne  
DeGette Johnson (CT) Pease  
Delahunt Johnson, E. B. Pelosi  
DeLauro Jones (NC) Peterson (MN)  
DeLay Jones (OH) Peterson (PA)  
DeMint Kanjorski Petri  
Deutsch Kaptur Phelps  
Diaz-Balart Kasich Pickering  
Dickey Kelly Pickett  
Dicks Kennedy Pitts  
Dingell Kildee Pombo

Pomeroy Sherwood  
Portman Shimkus  
Price (NC) Shows  
Quinn Simpson  
Radanovich Sisisky  
Rahall Skeen  
Ramstad Skelton  
Rangel Slaughter  
Regula Smith (MI)  
Reyes Smith (NJ)  
Reynolds Smith (TX)  
Riley Smith (WA)  
Rivers Snyder  
Rodriguez Souder  
Roemer Spence  
Rogers Spratt  
Rohrabacher Stabenow  
Rothman Stark  
Roukema Stearns  
Roybal-Allard Stenholm  
Rush Strickland  
Ryan (WI) Stump  
Ryun (KS) Stupak  
Sabo Sununu  
Salmon Sweeney  
Sanchez Talent  
Sanders Tancredo  
Sandlin Tanner  
Sawyer Tauscher  
Saxton Tauzin  
Lowe Taylor (MS)  
Schaffer Terry  
Schakowsky Thomas  
Scott Thompson (CA)  
Sessions Wynn  
Shadegg Thompson (MS)  
Shays Thornberry  
Sherman Thune

NOES—6

Chenoweth Paul Sanford  
Coble Royce Sensenbrenner

NOT VOTING—31

Barcia Johnson, Sam Rogan  
Bliley Kingston Ros-Lehtinen  
Brown (FL) Lantos Scarborough  
Carson Largent Serrano  
Clay Manzullo Shaw  
Dooley McCrery Shuster  
Gephardt McIntosh Taylor (NC)  
Hansen Moakley Wicker  
Hastings (FL) Neal Wu  
Hulshof Porter  
Jefferson Pryce (OH)

□ 1846

Mr. SENSENBRENNER changed his vote from "aye" to "no."

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

#### ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. SHIMKUS). Pursuant to the provisions of clause 8 of rule XX, the Chair announces that he will reduce to a minimum of 5 minutes the period of time within which a vote by electronic device may be taken on the additional motion to suspend the rules on which the Chair has postponed further proceedings.

#### SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING IMPORTANCE OF FAMILY FRIENDLY TELEVISION PROGRAMMING

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The pending business is the question of suspending the rules and agreeing to the concurrent resolution, House Concurrent Resolution 184.

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. PORTMAN) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution, H. Con. Res. 184.

The question was taken.

RECORDED VOTE

Mr. PORTMAN. Mr. Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 396, noes 0, not voting 37, as follows:

[Roll No. 407]

AYES—396

Abercrombie	Coyne	Hall (OH)
Ackerman	Cramer	Hall (TX)
Aderholt	Crane	Hastings (WA)
Allen	Crowley	Hayes
Andrews	Cubin	Hayworth
Archer	Cummings	Hefley
Army	Cunningham	Herger
Bachus	Danner	Hill (IN)
Baird	Davis (FL)	Hill (MT)
Baker	Davis (IL)	Hilleary
Baldacci	Davis (VA)	Hilliard
Baldwin	Deal	Hinchey
Ballenger	DeFazio	Hinojosa
Barr	DeGette	Hobson
Barrett (NE)	Delahunt	Hoefel
Barrett (WI)	DeLauro	Hoekstra
Bartlett	DeLay	Holden
Barton	DeMint	Holt
Bass	Deutsch	Hooley
Bateman	Diaz-Balart	Horn
Becerra	Dickey	Hostettler
Bentsen	Dicks	Houghton
Bereuter	Dingell	Hoyer
Berkley	Dixon	Hunter
Berman	Doggett	Hutchinson
Berry	Doolittle	Hyde
Biggart	Doyle	Insee
Billray	Dreier	Isakson
Billirakis	Duncan	Istook
Bishop	Dunn	Jackson (IL)
Blagojevich	Edwards	Jackson-Lee
Blumenauer	Ehlers	(TX)
Blunt	Ehrlich	Jenkins
Boehlert	Emerson	John
Boehner	Engel	Johnson (CT)
Bonilla	English	Johnson, E. B.
Bonior	Eshoo	Jones (NC)
Bono	Etheridge	Jones (OH)
Borski	Evans	Kanjorski
Boswell	Everett	Kaptur
Boucher	Ewing	Kasich
Boyd	Farr	Kelly
Brady (PA)	Fattah	Kennedy
Brady (TX)	Filner	Kildee
Brown (OH)	Fletcher	Kilpatrick
Bryant	Foley	Kind (WI)
Burr	Forbes	King (NY)
Burton	Ford	Kleczka
Buyer	Fossella	Klink
Callahan	Fowler	Knollenberg
Calvert	Frank (MA)	Kolbe
Camp	Franks (NJ)	Kucinich
Campbell	Frelinghuysen	Kuykendall
Canady	Frost	LaFalce
Cannon	Gallegly	LaHood
Capps	Ganske	Lampton
Capuano	Gejdenson	Larson
Cardin	Gekas	Latham
Castle	Gibbons	LaTourette
Chabot	Gilchrist	Lazio
Chambliss	Gillmor	Leach
Chenoweth	Gilman	Lee
Clayton	Gonzalez	Levin
Clement	Goode	Lewis (CA)
Clyburn	Goodlatte	Lewis (GA)
Coble	Goodling	Lewis (KY)
Coburn	Gordon	Linder
Collins	Goss	Lipinski
Combest	Graham	LoBiondo
Condit	Granger	Lofgren
Conyers	Green (TX)	Lowey
Cook	Green (WI)	Lucas (KY)
Cooksey	Greenwood	Lucas (OK)
Costello	Gutierrez	Luther
Cox	Gutknecht	Maloney (CT)

Maloney (NY)	Peterson (PA)	Souder
Markey	Petri	Spence
Martinez	Phelps	Stabenow
Mascara	Pickering	Stark
Matsui	Pickett	Stearns
McCarthy (MO)	Pitts	Stenholm
McCarthy (NY)	Pombo	Strickland
McCollum	Pomeroy	Stump
McDermott	Portman	Stupak
McGovern	Price (NC)	Sununu
McHugh	Quinn	Sweeney
McInnis	Radanovich	Talent
McIntosh	Rahall	Tancredo
McIntyre	Ramstad	Tanner
McKeon	Rangel	Tauscher
McKinney	Regula	Tauzin
McNulty	Reyes	Taylor (MS)
Meek (FL)	Reynolds	Terry
Meeks (NY)	Riley	Thomas
Menendez	Rivers	Thompson (CA)
Metcalf	Rodriguez	Thompson (MS)
Mica	Roemer	Thornberry
Millender-	Rogers	Thune
McDonald	Rohrabacher	Thurman
Miller (FL)	Rothman	Tiahrt
Miller, Gary	Royce	Tierney
Miller, George	Rush	Toomey
Minge	Ryan (WI)	Towns
Mink	Ryun (KS)	Trafficant
Mollohan	Sabo	Turner
Moore	Salmon	Udall (CO)
Moran (KS)	Sanchez	Udall (NM)
Moran (VA)	Sanders	Upton
Morella	Sandlin	Velazquez
Murtha	Sanford	Vento
Myrick	Sawyer	Visclosky
Nadler	Saxton	Vitter
Napolitano	Schaffer	Walden
Nethercutt	Schakowsky	Walsh
Ney	Scott	Wamp
Northup	Sensenbrenner	Waters
Norwood	Sessions	Watkins
Nussle	Shadegg	Watt (NC)
Oberstar	Shays	Watts (OK)
Obey	Sherman	Waxman
Olver	Sherwood	Weldon (FL)
Ose	Shimkus	Weldon (PA)
Owens	Shows	Weller
Oxley	Simpson	Wexler
Packard	Sisisky	Weygand
Pallone	Skeen	Whitfield
Pascarell	Skelton	Wilson
Pastor	Slaughter	Wise
Paul	Smith (MI)	Wolf
Payne	Smith (NJ)	Woolsey
Pease	Smith (TX)	Young (AK)
Pelosi	Smith (WA)	Young (FL)
Peterson (MN)	Snyder	

NOT VOTING—37

Barcia	Lantos	Roybal-Allard
Bliley	Largent	Scarborough
Brown (FL)	Manzullo	Serrano
Carson	McCrery	Shaw
Clay	Meehan	Shuster
Dooley	Moakley	Spratt
Gephardt	Neal	Taylor (NC)
Hansen	Ortiz	Weiner
Hastings (FL)	Porter	Wicker
Hulshof	Pryce (OH)	Wu
Jefferson	Rogan	Wynn
Johnson, Sam	Ros-Lehtinen	
Kingston	Roukema	

□ 1856

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the concurrent resolution was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN. Mr. Speaker, due to the threat of Hurricane Floyd to South Florida I found it necessary to stay in my district to attend to the needs of my constituents. However, I wish to be recorded as a "yes" vote on the motion to close the conference on H.R. 2561, the Fiscal Year 2000 Defense Appropriations bill due to national security reasons.

I also wish to be recorded as a "yes" vote on H. Con. Res. 184 and H.R. 658.

SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 6, 1999, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

ENHANCING INFRASTRUCTURE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Washington (Mr. METCALF) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. METCALF. Mr. Speaker, citizens chronically complain about the state of America's public capital, about dilapidated school buildings, condemned highway bridges, contaminated water supplies, and other shortcomings of the public infrastructure.

In addition to inflicting inconvenience and endangering health, the inadequacy of public infrastructure adversely affects productivity and the growth of our economy. Public investment, private investment, and productivity are intimately linked.

For more than two decades, Washington has retreated from public investment as the costs of entitlements and of the interest payable on rapidly rising debt have mounted.

State and local governments, albeit to a lesser extent, have also slowed investments. Their taxpayers were frequently reluctant to approve bond issues to finance the infrastructure.

Whereas, in the early 1970s, non-defense public investment accounted for 3.2 percent of GDP, it now accounts for only 2.5 percent. That is a huge loss. Widespread neglect of maintenance has contributed substantially to the failure of the stock of public capital assets to keep pace with the Nation's needs.

□ 1900

For instance, the real nondefense public capital stock expanded in the past two decades at a pace only half that set earlier in the post-World War II period.

Evidence of failures to maintain and improve infrastructure is seen every day in such problems as unsafe bridges, urban decay, dilapidated and overcrowded schools, and inadequate airports. A General Accounting Office study finds that education is seriously handicapped by deteriorating school buildings and that an investment of \$110 billion is needed to bring them up to minimally acceptable.

The problems take a toll in less visible and perhaps even more important ways, in unsatisfactory gains in private sector productivity and a diminished rise in real income for the Nation at large. Seemingly endless traffic jams, disruptions to commuter service and backed-up airport runways, everyday experiences for Americans, spell waste and inefficiency for the economy at large. Congestion on the Nation's

highways alone costs the Nation over \$100 billion a year according to the Competitiveness Policy Council estimate. That estimate does not include the cost of added pollution and the wear and tear on vehicles.

This legislation is designed to help the Nation take a significant step both toward overcoming its infrastructure debt and promoting the productivity needed to meet the competitive challenges of the 21st century.

The plan is fiscally sound. It follows the best accounting procedures of the private sector and is designed to recognize the statutes that mandate a balanced Federal budget. In salient ways, it advances sound fiscal operation. The plan would provide \$50 billion a year for mortgage loans to State and local governments for capital investment in types of projects specified by Congress and the President. These mortgage loans would be at zero interest. They would thereby cut the overall cost of projects about in half, depending on the prevailing interest rates, for State and local taxpayers.

We have a plan, the opportunity to rebuild and maintain our infrastructure for the 21st century. By using an innovative and logical approach to sound public financing without debt and without huge interest payments.

IMMIGRATION RESTRUCTURING AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT OF 1999

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. SIMPSON). Under a previous order of the House, the gentlewoman from Texas (Ms. JACKSON-LEE) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I rise this evening to talk about the Immigration Restructuring and Accountability Act of 1999 that I have offered along with the gentleman from Michigan (Mr. CONYERS), the gentleman from California (Mr. BERMAN) and others.

Partly this discussion this evening is prompted by a very effective hearing, field hearing, that was held today that I just came from in Chicago, Illinois, called by the chairman of the Committee on the Judiciary, the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. HYDE) and attended by the chairman of the subcommittee, the gentleman from Texas (Mr. SMITH) and myself, the ranking Democrat on the Subcommittee on Immigration and Claims of the House Committee on the Judiciary.

What I was most struck by is the consensus of all those who had gathered that this is a Nation of laws but it is also a Nation of immigrants. We all have come from somewhere. And we all stand willing and waiting, if you will, to be patriotic and to love this country if given the opportunity. In fact, one of the statements made by the witnesses was that many immigrants and most of them come to this land for a better way of life. We heard testimony from