

comply with the standard sales provisions applicable to purchasers of petroleum product at competitive sales.

“(7) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraphs (B) and (C) and notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph, if the Governor of the State of Hawaii certifies to the Secretary that the State has entered into an agreement with an eligible entity to carry out this Act, the eligible entity may act on behalf of the State of Hawaii to carry out this subsection.

“(B) LIMITATION.—The Governor of the State of Hawaii shall not certify more than 1 eligible entity under this paragraph for each notice of sale.

“(C) BARRED COMPANY.—If the Secretary has notified the Governor of the State of Hawaii that a company has been barred from bidding (either prior to, or at the time that a notice of sale is issued), the Governor shall not certify the company under this paragraph.

“(7) SUPPLIES OF PETROLEUM PRODUCTS.—At the request of the governor of an insular area, the Secretary shall, for a period not to exceed 180 days following a drawdown of the Strategic Petroleum Reserve, assist the insular area or the President of a Freely Associated State in its efforts to maintain adequate supplies of petroleum products from traditional and non-traditional suppliers.”

(b) REGULATIONS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy shall issue such regulations as are necessary to carry out the amendment made by subsection (a).

(2) ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE.—Regulations issued to carry out the amendment made by subsection (a) shall not be subject to—

(A) section 523 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6393); or

(B) section 501 of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7191).

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) takes effect on the earlier of—

(1) the date that is 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act; or

(2) the date that final regulations are issued under subsection (a).

SEC. 10. INDIAN ENERGY RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT.

Section 2603 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (25 U.S.C. 3503) is amended in subsection (c) by striking “and 1997” each place it appears and inserting “1999, 2000, 2001, 2002 and 2003” in lieu thereof.

SEC. 11. REMEDIAL ACTION.

(a) Section 1001(b)(2)(C) of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 2296a) is amended by striking “\$65,000,000” and inserting “\$140,000,000”.

(b) Section 1003(a) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 2296a-2) is amended by striking “\$415,000,000” and inserting “\$490,000,000”.

(c) Section 1802(a) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2297g-1) is amended by striking “\$480,000,000” and inserting “\$488,333,333”.

VITIATION OF PASSAGE OF H.R. 3903

Mr. JEFFORDS. I ask unanimous consent that passage of H.R. 3903 be vitiated.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

GLACIER BAY NATIONAL PARK BOUNDARY ADJUSTMENT ACT OF 1998

Mr. JEFFORDS. Mr. President, I now ask unanimous consent that the Sen-

ate proceed to the consideration of H.R. 3903.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The clerk will report.

A bill (H.R. 3903) to provide for an exchange of lands near Gustavus, Alaska, and for other purposes.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the immediate consideration of the bill?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

AMENDMENT NO. 3794

(Purpose: To make technical and clarifying changes)

Mr. JEFFORDS. Mr. President, I send an amendment to the desk and ask for its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

The Senator from Vermont [Mr. JEFFORDS], for Mr. MURKOWSKI, proposes an amendment numbered 3794.

Mr. JEFFORDS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that reading of the amendment be dispensed with.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The amendment is as follows:

On page 2 line 8 strike “paragraph [4]” and insert “paragraph [2]”.

On page 2 line 9 strike “paragraph [3]” and insert “paragraph [4]”.

On page 4 line 1 strike “838.66” and insert “1191.75”.

On page 11 line 19 strike “units” and insert “units resulting from this Act”.

On page 11 line 20 strike “considered in applying” and insert “charged against”.

On page 12 line 1 strike “units” and insert “units resulting from this Act”.

On page 12 beginning on line 1 strike “be considered in applying” and insert “be charged against”.

Mr. JEFFORDS. Mr. President, I ask that the amendment be agreed to, the bill be read the third time and passed, and the motion to reconsider laid upon the table.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The amendment (No. 3794) was agreed to.

The bill (H.R. 3903) was read the third time, and passed.

MAHATMA GANDHI MEMORIAL

Mr. JEFFORDS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Energy Committee be discharged from further consideration of H.R. 4284, and that the Senate then proceed to its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (H.R. 4284) to authorize the government of India to establish a memorial to honor Mahatma Gandhi in the District of Columbia.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the immediate consideration of the bill?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. MACK. Mr. President, last year I joined the distinguished senior Senator from New York, Mr. MOYNIHAN, in introducing a bill to authorize the placement of a memorial to Mohandas K.—Mahatma—Gandhi, on Federal land in the District of Columbia in the vicinity of the Indian Embassy. A similar bill was introduced in the House of Representatives.

I am pleased to report that the House unanimously passed their version of this bill on September 15 and it now rests here in the Senate awaiting our action. It is my hope that the Senate will pass this bill and it is for this reason that I rise today.

The proposed memorial will comply with the Commemorative Works Act and will be placed at no cost to the U.S. government; the Indian government will be responsible for the construction and maintenance of the memorial. In addition, the National Capital Memorial Commission and the National Park Service have designated and approved the site.

At midnight on August 15, 1947, 400 million people received their independence and an institution in world history came to an end. This is the date that India became a free nation, and the mighty British empire, in effect, ceased to exist. One man more than any other is credited with bringing this profound change to the world. Dressed in white homespun cloth, with only a handful of worldly possessions, Mohandas Gandhi—known as Mahatma, or “Great Soul”—showed the world that dedication to principles, and belief in reconciliation, can prevail over otherwise insurmountable odds. Best known for his civil disobedience characterized by nonviolence and passive resistance, Mahatma Gandhi is revered by millions throughout the world for his dedication to personal freedom, justice, and human rights.

Gandhi is not only the father of modern India, but a leader whose impact changed the world forever. Gandhi influenced great champions of freedom throughout the world including Lech Walesa of Poland, the Dalai Lama of Tibet and Aung San Suu Kyi of Burma. Albert Einstein said of Gandhi, “Generations to come will scarcely believe that such a one as this walked the earth in flesh and blood.” Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., said of Gandhi’s importance to the world, “We may ignore Gandhi at our own risk.” And Gandhi himself had strong ties to the United States. He acknowledged being influenced in his own thinking by Henry David Thoreau, as well as by the U.S. Constitution.

Mr. President, the story of India’s recent history is the story of people struggling for freedom—and this struggle is universal. Gandhi has made us all richer in our freedom through his life’s work and sacrifice. The right thing for this body to do is to support the Indian government’s efforts to erect this memorial; it will be a gift to the American people symbolic of the greater gift

we received more than fifty years ago from Mahatma Gandhi.

Mr. MOYNIHAN. Mr. President, today the United States Congress acts to authorize the placement of a statute of Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi—Mahatma Gandhi—on Federal land across the street from the Indian embassy in Washington D.C. Such a tribute to Mahatma Gandhi, often called the father of the Indian nation, would serve as a fitting tribute to Indian democracy which has survived—in fact, thrived—despite enormous challenges. It will stand as a symbol of the growing strength of the bonds between our two countries.

The Government of India has offered a statute of Gandhi as a gift to the United States. In order to place it on Federal land, an act of Congress is required. This bill will fulfill just that purpose, and I thank the Senator from Florida, Mr. MACK and the Senator from Maryland, Mr. SARBANES for joining me in this endeavor.

It is particularly appropriate that a statute of Mahatma Gandhi be selected as a symbol of our ties. The effects of Gandhi's non-violent actions and the philosophy that guided him, were not limited to his country, or his time. Perhaps less known is that Gandhi drew inspiration from an American. While in South Africa, Gandhi read Thoreau's essay "Civil Disobedience," which confirmed his view that an honest man is duty-bound to violate unjust laws. He took this view home with him, and in the end the British raj gave way to an independent Republic of India. Then Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. repatriated the idea, and so began the great American civil rights movement of this century.

Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. has written of the singular influence Gandhi's message of non-violent resistance had on him when he first learned of it while studying at Crozier Theological seminary in Philadelphia. He would later describe Gandhi's influence on him in, "Stride Toward Freedom":

As I read I became deeply fascinated by [Gandhi's] philosophy of non-violent resistance . . . as I delved deeper into the philosophy of Gandhi, my skepticism concerning the power of love gradually diminished, and I came to see its potency in the area of social reform . . . prior to reading Gandhi, I had concluded that the love ethics of Jesus were only effective in individual relationships . . . but after reading Gandhi, I saw how utterly mistaken I was.

. . . It was in this Gandhian emphasis on love and non-violence that I discovered the method for social reform that I had been seeking for so many months . . . I came to feel that this was the only morally and practically sound method open to oppressed people in their struggle for freedom . . . this principle became the guiding light of our movement. Christ furnished the spirit and motivation and Gandhi furnished the method.

Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. believed that Gandhi's philosophy of non-violent resistance was the "guiding light" of the American civil rights movement. As Dr. King explained, "Gandhi fur-

nished the message." A statue of Gandhi, given as a gift from the Government of India, on a small plot of Federal land along Massachusetts Avenue in front of the Indian embassy, will stand not only as a tribute to the shared values of the two largest democracies in the world, but will also pay tribute to the lasting influence of Gandhian thought on the United States.

Mr. JEFFORDS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the bill be read the third time and passed, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements relating to the bill be printed at this point in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The bill (H.R. 4284) was read the third time, and passed.

PATRIOTIC AND NATIONAL OBSERVANCES, CEREMONIES, AND ORGANIZATIONS

Mr. JEFFORDS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate now proceed to the consideration of Calendar No. 680, S. 2524.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (S. 2524) to codify without substantive change laws related to Patriotic and National Observances, Ceremonies, and Organizations and to improve the United States Code.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the immediate consideration of the bill?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. JEFFORDS. I ask unanimous consent that the bill be considered read a third time and passed, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements relating to the bill appear in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The bill (S. 2524) was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed; as follows:

S. 2524

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. TITLE 36, UNITED STATES CODE.

Title 36, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) In section 902, strike subsections (b) and (c) and substitute the following:

"(b) REQUIRED DISPLAY.—The POW/MIA flag shall be displayed at the locations specified in subsection (d) of this section on POW/MIA flag display days. The display serves—

"(1) as the symbol of the Nation's concern and commitment to achieving the fullest possible accounting of Americans who, having been prisoners of war or missing in action, still remain unaccounted for; and

"(2) as the symbol of the Nation's commitment to achieving the fullest possible accounting for Americans who in the future may become prisoners of war, missing in action, or otherwise unaccounted for as a result of hostile action.

"(c) DAYS FOR FLAG DISPLAY.—(1) For purposes of this section, POW/MIA flag display days are the following:

"(A) Armed Forces Day, the third Saturday in May.

"(B) Memorial Day, the last Monday in May.

"(C) Flag Day, June 14.

"(D) Independence Day, July 4.

"(E) National POW/MIA Recognition Day.

"(F) Veterans Day, November 11.

"(2) In addition to the days specified in paragraph (1) of this subsection, POW/MIA flag display days include—

"(A) in the case of display at medical centers of the Department of Veterans Affairs (required by subsection (d)(7) of this section), any day on which the flag of the United States is displayed; and

"(B) in the case of display at United States Postal Service post offices (required by subsection (d)(8) of this section), the last business day before a day specified in paragraph (1) that in any year is not itself a business day.

"(d) LOCATIONS FOR FLAG DISPLAY.—The locations for the display of the POW/MIA flag under subsection (b) of this section are the following:

"(1) The Capitol.

"(2) The White House.

"(3) The Korean War Veterans Memorial and the Vietnam Veterans Memorial.

"(4) Each national cemetery.

"(5) The buildings containing the official office of—

"(A) the Secretary of State;

"(B) the Secretary of Defense;

"(C) the Secretary of Veterans Affairs; and

"(D) the Director of the Selective Service System.

"(6) Each major military installation, as designated by the Secretary of Defense.

"(7) Each medical center of the Department of Veterans Affairs.

"(8) Each United States Postal Service post office.

"(e) COORDINATION WITH OTHER DISPLAY REQUIREMENT.—Display of the POW/MIA flag at the Capitol pursuant to subsection (d)(1) of this section is in addition to the display of that flag in the Rotunda of the Capitol pursuant to Senate Concurrent Resolution 5 of the 101st Congress, agreed to on February 22, 1989 (103 Stat. 2533).

"(f) DISPLAY TO BE IN A MANNER VISIBLE TO THE PUBLIC.—Display of the POW/MIA flag pursuant to this section shall be in a manner designed to ensure visibility to the public.

"(g) LIMITATION.—This section may not be construed or applied so as to require any employee to report to work solely for the purpose of providing for the display of the POW/MIA flag."

(2) In section 2102(b), strike "designated personnel" and substitute "personnel made available to the Commission".

(3) In section 2501(2), insert "solicit," before "accept,".

(4)(A) Insert after chapter 201 the following:

"CHAPTER 202—AIR FORCE SERGEANTS ASSOCIATION

"Sec.

"20201. Definition.

"20202. Organization.

"20203. Purposes.

"20204. Membership.

"20205. Governing body.

"20206. Powers.

"20207. Restrictions.

"20208. Duty to maintain corporate and tax-exempt status.

"20209. Records and inspection.

"20210. Service of process.

"20211. Liability for acts of officers and agents.

"20212. Annual report.

"§ 20201. Definition

"For purposes of this chapter, 'State' includes the District of Columbia and the territories and possessions of the United States.