

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF EXPENDITURE OF FOREIGN CURRENCIES AND APPROPRIATED FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95-384—22 U.S.C. 1754(b), FOR TRAVEL AUTHORIZED BY THE MAJORITY LEADER FROM APR. 1 TO JUNE 30, 1998—Continued

Name and country	Name of currency	Per diem		Transportation		Miscellaneous		Total	
		Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency

Total 2,866.00 2,866.00

TRENT LOTT,
Majority Leader, July 20, 1998.

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF EXPENDITURE OF FOREIGN CURRENCIES AND APPROPRIATED FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95-384—22 U.S.C. 1754(b), FOR TRAVEL AUTHORIZED BY THE MAJORITY AND MINORITY LEADERS FROM MAY 23 TO MAY 31, 1998

Name and country	Name of currency	Per diem		Transportation		Miscellaneous		Total	
		Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency

Senator Don Nickles:									
United States	Dollar				4,873.52				4,873.52
Israel	Dollar		660.00						660.00
Cyprus	Pound	99.84	192.00					99.84	192.00
Italy	Dollar		210.00						210.00
	Lire	158,067	91.00					158,067	91.00
Senator Joseph Lieberman:									
United States	Dollar				4,777.48				4,777.48
Israel	Dollar		969.60						969.60
Cyprus	Pound	88.54	170.00					88.54	170.00
Senator Jack Reed:									
United States	Dollar				4,994.20				4,994.20
Israel	Dollar		684.00						684.00
Bret Bernhardt:									
United States	Dollar				3,396.52				3,396.52
Israel	Dollar		667.00						667.00
Cyprus	Pound	99.84	192.00					99.84	192.00
Italy	Dollar		210.00						210.00
	Lire	158,067	91.00					158,067	91.00
Sherry Brown:									
United States	Dollar				2,553.78				2,553.78
Israel	Dollar		1,126.40						1,126.40
Cyprus	Pound	99.76	191.93					99.76	191.93
Sally Walsh:									
United States	Dollar				5,028.20				5,028.20
Israel	Dollar		860.00						860.00
Delegation Expenses: ¹									
Israel							3,937.46		3,937.46
Jordan							368.36		368.36
Cyprus							609.82		609.82
Bosnia-Herzegovina							285.03		285.03
Italy							945.41		945.41
Total			6,314.93		25,623.70		6,146.08		38,084.71

¹ Delegation expenses include direct payments and reimbursements to the Department of State and the Department of Defense under authority of Section 502(b) of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended by Sec. 22 of P.L. 95-384, and Senate Resolution 179, agreed to May 25, 1977.

TOM DASCHLE, Democratic Leader, Sept. 9, 1998.

MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

Messages from the President of the United States were communicated to the Senate by Mr. Williams, one of his secretaries.

EXECUTIVE MESSAGES REFERRED

As in executive session the Presiding Officer laid before the Senate messages from the President of the United States submitting sundry nominations which were referred to the appropriate committees.

(The nominations received today are printed at the end of the Senate proceedings.)

REPORT CONCERNING THE CONTINUATION OF THE NATIONAL EMERGENCY WITH RESPECT TO UNITA—MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT—PM 159

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate the following message from the President of the United States, together with an accompanying report; which was referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.

To the Congress of the United States:

Section 202(d) of the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1622(d)) provides for the automatic termination of a national emergency unless, prior to the anniversary date of its declaration, the President publishes in the *Federal Register* and transmits to the Congress a notice stating that the emergency is to continue in effect beyond the anniversary date. In accordance with this provision, I have sent the enclosed notice, stating that the emergency declared with respect to the National Union for the Total Independence of Angola ("UNITA") is to continue in effect beyond September 26, 1998, to the *Federal Register* for publication.

The circumstances that led to the declaration on September 26, 1993, of a national emergency have not been resolved. The actions and policies of UNITA pose a continuing unusual and extraordinary threat to the foreign policy of the United States. United Nations Security Council Resolutions 864 (1993), 1127 (1997), 1173 (1998), and 1176 (1998) continue to oblige all member states to maintain sanctions. discontinuation of the sanctions would have a prejudicial effect on the Angolan peace process. For these reasons, I

have determined that it is necessary to maintain in force the broad authorities necessary to apply economic pressure to UNITA to reduce its ability to pursue its aggressive policies of territorial acquisition.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON.

THE WHITE HOUSE, September 23, 1998.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

ENROLLED BILLS SIGNED

At 6:02 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Mr. Hays, one of its reading clerks, announced that the Speaker has signed the following enrolled bills:

S. 1695. An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to study the suitability and feasibility of designating the Sand Creek Massacre National Historic Site in the State of Colorado as a unit of the National Park System, and for other purposes.

H.R. 1856. An act to amend the Fish and Wildlife Act of 1956 to promote volunteer programs and community partnerships for the benefits of national wildlife refuges, and for other purposes.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEE

The following report of committee was submitted:

By Mr. STEVENS, from the Committee on Appropriations:

Special Report entitled "Further Revised Allocation to Subcommittees of Budget Totals for Fiscal Year 1999" (Rept. No. 105-345).

EXECUTIVE REPORTS OF COMMITTEE

The following executive reports of committees were submitted:

By Mr. JEFFORDS, from the Committee on Labor and Human Resources:

Henry L. Solano, of Colorado, to be Solicitor of the Department of Labor.

Jane E. Henney, of New Mexico, to be Commissioner of Food and Drugs, Department of Health and Human Services.

Thomasina V. Rogers, of Maryland, to be a Member of the Occupational Safety and Health Review Commission for a term expiring April 27, 2003.

Joseph E. Stevens, Jr., of Missouri, to be a Member of the Board of Trustees of the Harry S Truman Scholarship Foundation for a term expiring December 10, 2003. (Reappointment)

Paul M. Igasaki, of California, to be a Member of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission for a term expiring July 1, 2002, (Reappointment), to which position he was appointed during the last recess of the Senate.

Ida L. Castro, of New York, to be a Member of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission for a term expiring July 1, 2003.

Paul Steven Miller, of California, to be a Member of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission for the remainder of the term expiring July 1, 1999.

Joy Harjo, of New Mexico, to be a Member of the National Council on the Arts for a term expiring September 3, 2002.

Joan Specter, of Pennsylvania, to be a Member of the National Council on the Arts for a term expiring September 3, 2002.

Patricia T. Montoya, of New Mexico, to be Commissioner on Children, Youth, and Families, Department of Health and Human Services.

(The above nominations were reported with the recommendation that they be confirmed, subject to the nominees' commitment to respond to requests to appear and testify before any duly constituted committee of the Senate.)

By Mr. CHAFEE, from the Committee on Environment and Public Works:

Romulo L. Diaz, Jr., of the District of Columbia, to be an Assistant Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency.

J. Charles Fox, of Maryland, to be an Assistant Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency.

Norine E. Noonan, of Florida, to be an Assistant Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency.

Terrence L. Bracy, of Virginia, to be a Member of the Board of Trustees of the Morris K. Udall Scholarship and Excellence in National Environmental Policy for a term expiring October 6, 2004. (Reappointment)

(The above nominations were reported with the recommendation that they be confirmed, subject to the nominees' commitment to respond to requests to appear and testify before any duly constituted committee of the Senate.)

By Mr. MURKOWSKI, from the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources:

Charles G. Groat, of Texas, to be Director of the United States Geological Survey.

Gregory H. Friedman, of Maryland, to be Inspector General of the Department of Energy.

(The above nominations were reported with the recommendation that they be confirmed, subject to the nominees' commitment to respond to requests to appear and testify before any duly constituted committee of the Senate.)

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

The following bills and joint resolutions were introduced, read the first and second time by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated:

By Mr. KEMPTHORNE:

S. 2512. A bill to establish a National Resources Institute at the Idaho National Engineering and Environmental Laboratory; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

By Mr. SMITH of Oregon:

S. 2513. A bill to transfer administrative jurisdiction over certain Federal land located within or adjacent to Rogue River National Forest and to clarify the authority of the Bureau of Land Management to sell and exchange other Federal land in Oregon; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

SUBMISSION OF CONCURRENT AND SENATE RESOLUTIONS

The following concurrent resolutions and Senate resolutions were read, and referred (or acted upon), as indicated:

By Mr. LOTT (for himself and Mr. DASCHLE):

S. Res. 281. A resolution to authorize testimony and representation of employees of the Senate in *United States v. Alphonso Michael Espy*; considered and agreed to.

STATEMENTS ON INTRODUCED BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

By Mr. KEMPTHORNE:

S. 2512. A bill to establish a National Resources Institute at the Idaho National Engineering and Environmental Laboratory; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

NATIONAL RESOURCES INSTITUTE LEGISLATION

• Mr. KEMPTHORNE. Mr. President, today I introduce the Natural Resources Institute legislation. Congressman CRAPO, who represents the second Congressional district in my state of Idaho, introduced the Natural Resources Institute legislation in the House, on September 17, 1998. I believe this legislation will help find solutions to many of the problems that affect the health of our environment.

This country is faced with the challenge of protecting the environment, while maintaining economic growth. The use of our nation's natural resources touches all of our lives every day. However, this use has left a legacy of fragmented land-use and regions of environmental degradation, including areas in my home state of Idaho.

Unfortunately, there has not been a comprehensive and coordinated effort to address these environmental issues or an organized effort to help other communities from making similar mistakes. I believe that many of these problems could be avoided if the communities faced with land-use decisions had access to sound scientific research.

The Natural Resources Institute Act, utilizing expertise from national laboratories and universities, will provide communities with access to sound scientific research when making environmental and land-use decisions. In addition, the Natural Resources Institute Act will coordinate research efforts to solve real-world environmental problems. It will be particularly helpful in addressing problems associated with agriculture, logging, grazing, hydro-power, fishing, mining, recreation and other natural resource activities.

Mr. President, I believe this important legislation gives state and local governments the necessary tools to make sound informed decisions regarding land-use decisions. I would like to commend Congressman CRAPO for his leadership on this important issue.●

By Mr. SMITH of Oregon:

S. 2513. A bill to transfer administrative jurisdiction over certain Federal land located within or adjacent to Rogue River National Forest and to clarify the authority of the Bureau of Land Management to sell and exchange other Federal land in Oregon; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

OREGON PUBLIC LAND TRANSFER AND PROTECTION ACT OF 1998

• Mr. SMITH of Oregon. Mr. President, today I am introducing legislation to transfer the administrative jurisdiction over certain lands within or adjacent to the Rogue River National Forest and to clarify the authority of the Bureau of Land Management to sell and exchange Oregon and California Railroad grant lands (O and C lands) in Oregon. The bill represents a thoughtfully crafted compromise agreed to by the majority and minority in the other body, and the O and C counties and the timber industry in my state.

Title I of the bill would consolidate the management over certain parcels of federal land by transferring jurisdiction over these parcels between the Forest Service and the Bureau of Land Management. The status of any O and C lands transferred will not change, regardless of which agency has jurisdiction over the lands following the transfer. This is not a land exchange in the traditional sense, but rather the transfer of jurisdiction between two agencies of lands already in federal ownership. It is my understanding that the Administration supports this transfer.

Title II of the bill provides that, over successive ten-year periods, there will be no net loss of acres designated as O and C lands. These lands are somewhat unique in the federal inventory, and are managed in accordance with the