

(A) TRANSPORTATION GENERALLY.—Section 2421 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking “five” and inserting “10”.

(B) COERCION AND ENTICEMENT OF MINORS.—Section 2422 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

(i) in subsection (a), by striking “five” and inserting “10”; and

(ii) in subsection (b), by striking “10” and inserting “15”.

(C) TRANSPORTATION OF MINORS.—Section 2423 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

(i) in subsection (a), by striking “ten” and inserting “15”; and

(ii) in subsection (b), by striking “10” and inserting “15”.

(3) AMENDMENT OF SENTENCING GUIDELINES.—Pursuant to the authority granted to the United States Sentencing Commission under section 994(p) of title 28, United States Code, the United States Sentencing Commission shall—

(A) review the Federal sentencing guidelines relating to chapter 117 of title 18, United States Code; and

(B) upon completion of the review under subparagraph (A), promulgate such amendments to the Federal sentencing guidelines as are necessary to provide for the amendments made by this subsection.

(f) CLARIFICATION OF DEFINITION OF DISTRIBUTION OF PORNOGRAPHY.—Pursuant to the authority granted to the United States Sentencing Commission under section 994(p) of title 28, United States Code, the United States Sentencing Commission shall—

(1) review the Federal sentencing guidelines relating to the distribution of pornography covered under chapter 110 of title 18, United States Code, relating to the sexual exploitation and other abuse of children; and

(2) upon completion of the review under paragraph (1), promulgate such amendments to the Federal sentencing guidelines as are necessary to clarify that the term “distribution of pornography” applies to the distribution of pornography—

(A) for monetary remuneration; or

(B) for a nonpecuniary interest.

(g) DIRECTIVE TO UNITED STATES SENTENCING COMMISSION.—In carrying out this section, the United States Sentencing Commission shall—

(1) with respect to any action relating to the Federal sentencing guidelines subject to this section, ensure reasonable consistency with other guidelines of the Federal sentencing guidelines; and

(2) with respect to an offense subject to the Federal sentencing guidelines, avoid duplicative punishment under the guidelines for substantially the same offense.

(h) AUTHORIZATION FOR GUARDIANS AD LITEM.—

(1) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Justice, for the purpose specified in paragraph (2), such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 1998 through 2001.

(2) PURPOSE.—The purpose specified in this paragraph is the procurement, in accordance with section 3509(h) of title 18, United States Code, of the services of individuals with sufficient professional training, experience, and familiarity with the criminal justice system, social service programs, and child abuse issues to serve as guardians ad litem for children who are the victims of, or witnesses to, a crime involving abuse or exploitation.

(i) APPLICABILITY.—This section and the amendments made by this section shall apply to any action that commences on or after the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 4. RUNAWAY AND HOMELESS YOUTH ACT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 372(a) of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention

Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5714b(a)) is amended by striking “unit of general local government” and inserting “unit of local government”.

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

(1) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—

(A) ERROR RESULTING FROM REDESIGNATION.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—Section 3(i) of the Public Law 102-586 (106 Stat. 5026) is amended by striking “Section 366” and inserting “Section 385”.

(ii) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by clause (i) shall take effect as if included in the amendments made by Public Law 102-586.

(B) ERROR RESULTING FROM REFERENCES TO NONEXISTENT PROVISIONS OF LAW.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—Section 40155 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (Public Law 103-322; 108 Stat. 1922) is amended by striking “is amended—” and all that follows through “after section 315” and inserting the following: “is amended by adding at the end”.

(ii) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by clause (i) shall take effect as if included in the amendments made by the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (Public Law 103-322).

(2) REAUTHORIZATIONS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Section 385 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5751) (as amended by section 3(i) of the Public Law 102-586 (106 Stat. 5026) (as amended by paragraph (1)(A) of this subsection)) is amended—

(i) in subsection (a)—

(I) in paragraph (1), by striking “1993 and such sums as may be necessary for fiscal years 1994, 1995, and 1996” and inserting “1998 and such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, and 2003”; and

(II) in paragraph (3), by striking subparagraphs (A) through (D) and inserting the following:

“(A) for fiscal year 1998, not less than \$957,285;

“(B) for fiscal year 1999, not less than \$1,005,150;

“(C) for fiscal year 2000, not less than \$1,055,406;

“(D) for fiscal year 2001, not less than \$1,108,177;

“(E) for fiscal year 2002, not less than \$1,163,585; and

“(F) for fiscal year 2003, not less than \$1,163,585.”;

(ii) in subsection (b), by striking “1993 and such sums as may be necessary for fiscal years 1994, 1995, and 1996” and inserting “1999 and such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 2000, 2001, 2002, and 2003”; and

(iii) in subsection (c), by striking “1993, 1994, 1995, and 1996” and inserting “1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, and 2003”.

(B) ADDITIONAL REAUTHORIZATION.—Section 316 of part A of the Runaway and Homeless Youth Act (42 U.S.C. 5712d) (as added by section 40155 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (as amended by paragraph (1)(B) of this subsection)) is—

(i) redesignated as section 315; and

(ii) amended by striking subsection (c) and inserting the following:

“(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, and 2003.”.

HONORING THE BERLIN AIRLIFT

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Foreign Relations Committee be discharged from further consideration of S. Con. Res. 81,

and further that the Senate proceed to its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered. The clerk will report.

The assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A concurrent resolution (S. Con. Res. 81) honoring the Berlin airlift.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the immediate consideration of the concurrent resolution?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the concurrent resolution.

AMENDMENT NO. 3049

(Purpose: To provide a complete substitute)

Mr. LOTT. Senator COVERDELL has a substitute amendment at the desk, and I ask for its consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

The Senator from Mississippi [Mr. LOTT], for Mr. COVERDELL, proposes an amendment numbered 3049.

Mr. LOTT. I ask unanimous consent that further reading of the amendment be dispensed with.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The amendment is as follows:

Strike all after the resolving clause and insert the following:

That it is the sense of Congress that—

(1) the Berlin Airlift, which marks its 50th anniversary of commencement in June 1998, is one of the most significant events in post-war European history; and

(2) the Berlin Sculpture Fund should be commended for commemorating the 50th anniversary of the Berlin Airlift by presenting to the citizens of the Federal Republic of Germany a gift of representational art, funded by private subscriptions from citizens of the United States.

Amend the preamble to read as follows:

Whereas the date of June 26, 1998, marks the 50th anniversary of the commencement of the Allied effort to supply the people of Berlin, Germany, with food, fuel, and supplies in the face of the illegal Soviet blockade that divided the city;

Whereas this 15 month Allied effort became known throughout the free world as the “Berlin Airlift” and ultimately cost the lives of 78 Allied airmen, of whom 31 were United States fliers;

Whereas this heroic humanitarian undertaking was universally regarded as an unambiguous statement of Western resolve to thwart further Soviet expansion;

Whereas the Berlin Airlift was an unqualified success, both as an instrument of diplomacy and as a life saving rescue of the 2,000,000 inhabitants of West Berlin, with 2,326,205 tons of supplies delivered by 277,728 flights over a 462-day period;

Whereas historians and citizens the world over view the success of this courageous action as pivotal to the ultimate defeat of international tyranny, symbolized today by the fall of the Berlin Wall; and

Whereas this inspiring act of resolve must be preserved in the memory of future generations in a positive and dramatic manner: Now, therefore, be it

Mr. COVERDELL. Mr. President, I rise today to speak on a resolution I introduced honoring the heroes of the Berlin Airlift. Today marks the fiftieth

anniversary of this great undertaking. This massive Allied effort to provide relief to a post war Berlin held hostage by the Soviet Union displayed to the world, the resolve of the western world to fight oppression and began a long fight against Soviet Communism that culminated with the collapse of the Berlin Wall.

The former Soviet Union, Britain, France and the United States occupied separate sectors of Germany after World War II. Berlin, located in the Soviet zone of Germany, was occupied in a similar fashion. In response to a failing economy the Western powers undertook an effort to reform the German currency. The Soviet Union, meanwhile, kept the old German currency from entering its zones by banning, on June 24, 1948, all travel into and out of the Western half of the city. The Soviets also cut the supply of electricity to this zone. Berlin's economy was in ruins and its citizens were under virtual siege.

The response to this blockade was one of the most heroic and monumental undertakings in history. For fifteen months Allied transport planes shipped food, coal and supplies into Berlin. During the height of this effort airplanes were taking off every three minutes, twenty four hours a day, while delivering daily 14,000 tons of supplies. All told, 2,326,205 tons of supplies were delivered by 277,728 flights in the face of Soviet efforts to thwart the Allies.

Mr. President, these numbers do not speak to the personal stories of those who organized and participated in the Berlin airlift, the sacrifices they made and the selflessness they displayed. They do not speak to the lives lost during the operation, 31 of which were American. They do not speak to the gratitude those in Berlin felt toward the Allies who were so willing after such a brutal war, to provide them with life-sustaining relief. Mr. President, let us all keep these ideas in mind as we remember the Berlin Airlift, what it meant to the world in a post World War II environment, and what it has come to mean to us today.

Finally, Mr. President I would like to note that next week, on July 2, 1998, a delegation with representatives from the Berlin Sculpture Fund will visit Berlin to present a gift of art to the citizens of the Federal Republic of Germany in commemoration of the 50th Anniversary of the Berlin Airlift. The Berlin Sculpture Fund and its Chairman, General John Mitchell, should be commended for their work to commemorate this event and the impact it made on our world's history.

Mr. LOTT. I ask unanimous consent that the amendment be agreed to, the resolution, as amended, be agreed to, the amendment to the preamble be agreed to, and the preamble, as amended, be agreed to, the amendment to the title be agreed to, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and any statements relating to this resolution

appear at the appropriate place in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The amendment (No. 3049) was agreed to.

The resolution, as amended, was agreed to.

The amendment to the preamble was agreed to.

The preamble, as amended, was agreed to.

The concurrent resolution (S. Con. Res. 81), as amended, with its preamble, as amended, reads as follows:

S. CON. RES. 81

Whereas the date of June 26, 1998, marks the 50th anniversary of the commencement of the Allied effort to supply the people of Berlin, Germany, with food, fuel, and supplies in the face of the illegal Soviet blockade that divided the city;

Whereas this 15 month Allied effort became known throughout the free world as the "Berlin Airlift" and ultimately cost the lives of 78 Allied airmen, of whom 31 were United States fliers;

Whereas this heroic humanitarian undertaking was universally regarded as an unambiguous statement of Western resolve to thwart further Soviet expansion;

Whereas the Berlin Airlift was an unqualified success, both as an instrument of diplomacy and as a life saving rescue of the 2,000,000 inhabitants of West Berlin, with 2,326,205 tons of supplies delivered by 277,728 flights over a 462-day period;

Whereas historians and citizens the world over view the success of this courageous action as pivotal to the ultimate defeat of international tyranny, symbolized today by the fall of the Berlin Wall; and

Whereas this inspiring act of resolve must be preserved in the memory of future generations in a positive and dramatic manner: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That it is the sense of Congress that—

(1) the Berlin Airlift, which marks its 50th anniversary of commencement in June 1998, is one of the most significant events in post-war European history; and

(2) the Berlin Sculpture Fund should be commended for commemorating the 50th anniversary of the Berlin Airlift by presenting to the citizens of the Federal Republic of Germany a gift of representational art, funded by private subscriptions from citizens of the United States.

The title was amended so as to read: "Concurrent Resolution Honoring the Berlin Airlift and Commending the Berlin Sculpture Fund."

CHILD SUPPORT PERFORMANCE AND INCENTIVE ACT OF 1998

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent the Chair lay before the Senate a message from the House of Representatives on the bill (H.R. 3130) to provide for an alternative penalty procedure for States that fail to meet Federal child support data processing requirements, to reform Federal incentive payments for effective child support performance, and to provide for a more flexible penalty procedure for States that violate interjurisdictional adoption requirements.

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate the following message from the House of Representatives:

Resolved, That the House agree to the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 3130) entitled "An Act to provide for an alternative penalty procedure for States that fail to meet Federal child support data processing requirements, to reform Federal incentive payments for effective child support performance, to provide for a more flexible penalty procedure for States that violate interjurisdictional adoption requirements, to amend the Immigration and Nationality Act to make certain aliens determined to be delinquent in the payment of child support inadmissible and ineligible for naturalization, and for other purposes", with the following amendments:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Child Support Performance and Incentive Act of 1998".

SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

The table of contents of this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title.

Sec. 2. Table of contents.

TITLE I—CHILD SUPPORT DATA PROCESSING REQUIREMENTS

Sec. 101. Alternative penalty procedure.

Sec. 102. Authority to waive single statewide automated data processing and information retrieval system requirement.

TITLE II—CHILD SUPPORT INCENTIVE SYSTEM

Sec. 201. Incentive payments to States.

TITLE III—ADOPTION PROVISIONS

Sec. 301. More flexible penalty procedure to be applied for failing to permit interjurisdictional adoption.

TITLE IV—MISCELLANEOUS

Sec. 401. Elimination of barriers to the effective establishment and enforcement of medical child support.

Sec. 402. Safeguard of new employee information.

Sec. 403. Limitations on use of TANF funds for matching under certain Federal transportation program.

Sec. 404. Clarification of meaning of high-volume automated administrative enforcement of child support in interstate cases.

Sec. 405. General Accounting Office reports.

Sec. 406. Data matching by multistate financial institutions.

Sec. 407. Elimination of unnecessary data reporting.

Sec. 408. Clarification of eligibility under welfare-to-work programs.

Sec. 409. Study of feasibility of implementing immigration provisions of H.R. 3130, as passed by the House of Representatives on March 5, 1998.

Sec. 410. Technical corrections.

TITLE I—CHILD SUPPORT DATA PROCESSING REQUIREMENTS

SEC. 101. ALTERNATIVE PENALTY PROCEDURE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 455(a) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 655(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(A)(A)(i) If—

"(I) the Secretary determines that a State plan under section 454 would (in the absence of this paragraph) be disapproved for the failure of the State to comply with a particular subparagraph of section 454(24), and that the State has made and is continuing to make a good faith effort to so comply; and

"(II) the State has submitted to the Secretary a corrective compliance plan that describes how, by when, and at what cost the State will achieve such compliance, which has been approved by the Secretary,

then the Secretary shall not disapprove the State plan under section 454, and the Secretary