

and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule regarding residue tolerances for the pesticide tebufenozide; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

EC-5656. A communication from the Chief of the Programs and Legislation Division, Office of Legislative Liaison, Department of the Air Force, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a cost comparison of base supply functions at Kirkland Air Force Base, New Mexico; to the Committee on Armed Services.

EC-5657. A communication from the Chief of the Programs and Legislation Division, Office of Legislative Liaison, Department of the Air Force, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a cost comparison on communications functions at Vandenberg Air Force Base, California; to the Committee on Armed Services.

EC-5658. A communication from the Director of the Defense Security Assistance Agency, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report on goods and services provided to the multinational coalition to restore democracy to Haiti; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

EC-5659. A communication from the Secretary of Agriculture, transmitting, a report on Administration views regarding Committee action on USDA funding and allocations for fiscal year 1999; to the Committee on Appropriations.

EC-5660. A communication from the Executive Director of the Committee For Purchase From People Who Are Blind Or Severely Disabled, transmitting, pursuant to law, a report of additions and deletions to the procurement list dated June 10, 1998; to the Committee on Governmental Affairs.

EC-5661. A communication from the Chief of Staff, Office of the Commissioner, Social Security Administration, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule regarding the extension of expiration dates on listings of medical criteria used to determine certain types of disability received on June 19, 1998; to the Committee on Finance.

EC-5662. A communication from the Chief of the Regulations Unit of the Internal Revenue Service, Department of the Treasury, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Treatment of Hybrid Arrangements Under Subpart F" (Notice 98-35) received on June 22, 1998; to the Committee on Finance.

EC-5663. A communication from the Chief of the Regulations Unit of the Internal Revenue Service, Department of the Treasury, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Low-Income Housing Credit" (Rev. Rul. 98-31) received on June 22, 1998; to the Committee on Finance.

EC-5664. A communication from the Director of the Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement, Department of Interior, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Missouri Abandoned Mine Land Reclamation Plan" [MO-034-FOR] received on June 22, 1998; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

EC-5665. A communication from the Director of the Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement, Department of Interior, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Mississippi Regulatory Program" [MS-014-FOR] received on June 22, 1998; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

EC-5666. A communication from the Director of the Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement, Department of Interior, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Virginia Regulatory Program" [VA-112-FOR] received on June 22, 1998; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

EC-5667. A communication from the Administrator of the Agricultural Marketing Service, Department of Agriculture, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Tobacco Inspection; Growers' Referendum Results" (Docket TB-97-16) received on June 19, 1998; to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

EC-5668. A communication from the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Farm Credit Administration, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Assessment and Apportionment of Administrative Expenses; Technical Change" (RIN-3052-AB83) received on June 22, 1998; to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

EC-5669. A communication from the Secretary of Health and Human Services, transmitting, pursuant to law, a report entitled "Study on Health, Safety, and Equipment Standards for Boxing"; to the Committee on Labor and Human Resources.

EC-5670. A communication from the Chairman of the National Skill Standards Board, transmitting, the annual report for calendar year 1997; to the Committee on Labor and Human Resources.

PETITIONS AND MEMORIALS

The following petitions and memorials were laid before the Senate and were referred or ordered to lie on the table as indicated:

POM-487. A resolution adopted by the Senate of the Legislature of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; to the Committee on Appropriations.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 216

Whereas, The Delaware River represents one of Pennsylvania's and one of the nation's most important water resources, serving as a water supply for 17 million persons in the states of New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware; and

Whereas, The Delaware River is an interstate stream forming the boundary between states for its entire length of 330 miles; and

Whereas, Two major sections of the Delaware River have been designated under the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act; and

Whereas, The remaining section of the Delaware River has been studied and is now in the process of being designated under the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act; and

Whereas, The Delaware River and the Pennsylvania tributaries serve as a major recreational facility for the large population of the New York/Pennsylvania Metropolitan Area; and

Whereas, The Congress of the United States created the Delaware River Basin Compact (Compact) in recognition of the need to coordinate the efforts of the four states and Federal agencies and to establish a management system to oversee the use of water and related natural resources of the Delaware River Basin; and

Whereas, The Compact was enacted by the legislatures of New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, and Delaware and by Congress and was signed into law on September 27, 1961, to provide a mechanism to guide the conservation, development and administration of water resources of the river basin; and

Whereas, The Compact established the Delaware River Basin Commission (Commission) as the agency to coordinate the water resources efforts of the four states and the Federal Government and provided the Commission with authority for management and protection of flood plains, water supplies, water quality, watersheds, recreation, fish and wildlife and cultural, visual and other amenities; and

Whereas, The Commission has provided for equitable treatment of all parties without regards to political boundary; and

Whereas, The Commission includes both the Delaware River and Delaware Bay, which serve the port of Pennsylvania, a port that handles the largest volume of petroleum of all United States' ports; and

Whereas, Sections 3.3 and 3.4 of the Compact specifically provide for the Commission, with the consent of the parties in the matter of state of New Jersey v. state of New York et al. 347 U.S. 995 (1954) to apportion the water to and among the states; and

Whereas, The Commission has successfully negotiated all disputes or conflicts between parties without any appeal to the United States Supreme Court; and

Whereas, Section 13.3 of the Compact calls for the adoption and apportionment of the Commission's annual expense budget among the signatory parties to the Compact; and

Whereas, The United States is a duly constituted signatory party to the Compact; and

Whereas, In fiscal years 1996, 1997 and 1998, the Commission duly submitted its approved budgets to the President's Office of Management and Budget (OMB) and Congress; and

Whereas, The Federal Government failed to provide full funding in fiscal year 1996 and failed to provide any funding in fiscal years 1997 and 1998 for the Commission's current expense budget and has, therefore, not met the funding requirement of section 13.3 of the Compact; and

Whereas, The Commission also has adopted and duly submitted to OMB a current expense budget for fiscal year 1999 that includes an apportionment for the Federal Government in the amount of no dollars; and

Whereas, The fair share apportionment of the Commission's annual expense budget for the Federal Government for fiscal year 1999 is \$628,000; and

Whereas, The cumulative shortfall of Federal funding for the Commission since fiscal year 1996 to \$1.716 billion; and

Whereas, The Commission pays the Federal Government approximately \$1.3 million per year to purchase storage in the Blue Marsh and Beltzville multipurpose reservoirs; and

Whereas, The Commission is the agent of Congress in the allocation of the waters of the basin among the signatory states; and

Whereas, The Commission, through its regulations and programs, protects interstate waters and the Delaware Bay and provides a forum for the prevention and settlement of interstate disputes that arise over the use of interstate waters; and

Whereas, Through these interstate functions and many other programs and activities, such as the coordination of the basin flood and drought forecasting and warning system, the Commission saves the Federal Government time, resources and money, thus advancing the welfare of the nation; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Senate of Pennsylvania urge the President of the United States and Congress to provide the Commission with funding in an amount equal to what is owed for the Federal Government's share of the Commission's operating budgets for fiscal years 1996, 1997, 1998 and 1999; and be it further

Resolved, That the Senate of Pennsylvania urge the President of the United States and Congress to fulfill the Federal Government's obligation under the Delaware River Basin Compact to annually contribute the apportioned share of the Commission's future operating budgets; and be it further

Resolved, That copies of this resolution be transmitted to the President of the United States, to the presiding officers of each house of Congress and to each member of Congress from Pennsylvania.

POM-488. A resolution adopted by the Senate of the Legislature of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania; to the Committee on Appropriations.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 183

Whereas, The Susquehanna River represents one of Pennsylvania's and one of the mid-Atlantic region's most important water resources, draining an area of 27,510 square miles and flowing through the states of New York, Pennsylvania and Maryland; and

Whereas, The Susquehanna River provides 50% of the freshwater flowing to the Chesapeake Bay and is classified by the Federal Government as a navigable waterway, factors which emphasize its significance to state, regional and national interests; and

Whereas, The Congress of the United States created the Susquehanna River Basin compact in recognition of the need to coordinate the efforts of the three states and Federal agencies and to establish a management system to oversee the use of water and related natural resources of the Susquehanna River; and

Whereas, The Compact was enacted by the legislatures of New York State, Pennsylvania and Maryland and Congress and was signed into law on December 24, 1970, to provide a mechanism to guide the conservation, development and administration of the water resources of the river basin; and

Whereas, The Compact established the Susquehanna River Basin Commission as the agency to coordinate the water resources efforts of the three states and the Federal Government and provided the Commission with authority for management and protection of flood plains, water supplies, water quality, watersheds, recreation, fish and wildlife, and cultural, visual and other amenities; and

Whereas, Section 14.3 of the Compact calls for an equitable apportionment of the Commission's annual expense budget among the signatory parties to the Compact; and

Whereas, The United States of America is a duly constituted signatory party to the Compact; and

Whereas, In Fiscal Years 1996, 1997 and 1998, the Commission duly submitted its approved budgets to the President's Office of Management and Budget (OMB) and Congress; and

Whereas, The United States failed to provide full funding in Fiscal Year 1996 and failed to provide any funding in Fiscal Years 1997 and 1998 for the Commission's current expense budget and has therefore not met the "equitable" funding requirement of section 14.3 of the Compact; and

Whereas, The Commission also has adopted and duly submitted to OMB a current expense budget for Fiscal Year 1999 that includes an apportionment for the Federal Government in the amount of \$400,000; and

Whereas, The cumulative shortfall of Federal funding to the Commission since Fiscal Year 1996 is \$1.218 million; and

Whereas, The Commission pays the Federal Government approximately \$3.8 million per year to purchase storage in the Cowanesque and Curwensville Flood Control Reservoirs; and

Whereas, The Commission is the agent of Congress in the allocation of the waters of the basin among the signatory states; and

Whereas, The Commission, through its regulations and programs, protects interstate waters and the Chesapeake Bay and provides a forum for the prevention and settlement of interstate disputes that arise over the use of interstate waters; and

Whereas, Through these interstate functions and many other of its programs and activities such as the coordination of the basin flood forecasting and warning system, the Commission saves the Federal Government time, resources and money, thus advancing the welfare of the nation; and

Whereas, On January 15, 1998, the members of the Commission adopted Resolution No. 98-01, authorizing the Commission to offset from payment of moneys made to the Federal Government a sum not to exceed the amount apportioned to the United States in the Commission's officially adopted current expense budget and unpaid by the Federal Government since Fiscal Year 1996; and

Whereas, Resolution No. 98-01 provides that this offset authority will continue in force as long as the United States fails to fund the amount apportioned to the Federal Government in the Commission's current expense budget; and

Whereas, Resolution 98-01 stipulates that the amount to be withheld in the current fiscal year is \$1.218 million; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Senate of Pennsylvania support the Commission's decision is withheld from the Federal Government a portion of its reservoir storage payments equal to the amount owed by the Federal Government for its share of the Commission's operating budgets for Fiscal Years 1996, 1997, 1998 and 1999 until such time as the Federal Government provides these funds; and be it further

Resolved, That the Senate of Pennsylvania urge the President of the United States and Congress to provide the Commission with funding in amount equal to what is owed for the Federal Government's share of the Commission's operating budgets for Fiscal Years 1996, 1997, 1998 and 1999; and be it further

Resolved, That the Senate of Pennsylvania urge the President of the United States and Congress to fulfill the Federal Government's obligation under the Susquehanna River Basin Compact to annually contribute an equitable apportioned share of the Commission's future operating budgets, and be it further

Resolved, That copies of this resolution be transmitted to the President of the United States, to the presiding officers of each house of Congress and to each member of Congress from Pennsylvania.

POM-489. A resolution adopted by the Council of the City of Miami Springs, Florida relative to renaming the Everglades National Park; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

POM-490. A resolution adopted by the Senate of the Legislature of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 218

Whereas, The Marine Corps' Iwo Jima Memorial honors the marines who fought on that island during WWII; and

Whereas, The memorial depicts six men as they struggle to raise an American flag atop a mountain, signaling defeat to their enemy and hope to their comrades below; and

Whereas, The battle was the most costly in Marine history. The 36 days of fighting led to 25,851 casualties, over a third of the landing force, including more than 1,000 dead per square mile. More Medals of Honor were won on Iwo Jima than during any other battle in United States history. Admiral Nimitz remarked that among the sailors and marines on Iwo Jima, "uncommon valor was a common virtue"; and

Whereas, The Iwo Jima Memorial may be obscured by an Air Force Memorial—a sprawling 20,000 square-foot, five-story, high-tech, interactive multimedia complex. Such a structure would be appropriate in front of the heavily trafficked Air and Space Museum, the site first approved for the structure; and

Whereas, During National Capital Planning Commission (NCPC) hearings, the location changed abruptly to ground 500 feet in front of the Marines' memorial. Though the

NCPC originally noted twice, 7-4 against the site, it reversed its decision in a little-publicized meeting; and

Whereas, The Marine Corps was only informed after the fact. No public hearings were held. The proposal clearly violates a United States law that says, "A commemorative work shall (not encroach) upon any existing commemorative work."; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Senate of Pennsylvania urge the Congress of the United States to consider and pass S-1284, HR-3188 or HR-2313, each of which would prohibit future memorials in the area desired by the Air Force; and be it further

Resolved, That copies of this resolution be transmitted to the presiding officers of each house of Congress and to each member of Congress from Pennsylvania.

POM-491. A concurrent resolution adopted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona; to the Committee on Finance.

SENATE CONCURRENT MEMORIAL 1006

A Concurrent Memorial urging the President and the Congress of the United States to refuse to authorize, endorse, ratify or adopt any international treaty or federal designation that would usurp the authority of the states to establish their own environmental standards.

To the President and the Congress of the United States: Your memorialist respectfully represents:

Whereas, the environmental side agreement to the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) creates the Commission for Environmental Cooperation (CEC), which is charged with promoting sustainable development, encouraging improved pollution prevention policies, enhancing compliance with environmental laws and regulations and facilitating cooperative environmental efforts among the NAFTA parties. A nongovernmental organization has requested the CEC to prepare a report addressing the cumulative effects of groundwater pumping, grazing and mining on the San Pedro River, the San Pedro Riparian National Conservation Area and the wildlife species that live in this southeastern Arizona area. The CEC has agreed to this petition and has undertaken an independent report examining alleged water problems in the San Pedro River watershed; and

Whereas, this study of the San Pedro River watershed does not in any way relate to the trade relations between Canada, Mexico and the United States that are the stated purpose of the NAFTA environmental arm. Further, the Congress of the United States specifically addressed the San Pedro watershed in 1988 when it passed federal legislation establishing the San Pedro Riparian National Conservation Area to protect the riparian habitat and the area's wildlife, scientific, educational and recreational resources; and

Whereas, although the objectives behind NAFTA are sound and the agreement will continue to create tremendous economic opportunity for this state, the NAFTA environmental side agreement, or any other international treaty or negotiation, should not place states' environmental rights under international authority nor override the states' jurisdiction over their own environmental matters. The CEC study and report represent an unnecessary intrusion of an international environmental entity into state matters that excessively limits the use of both private and public lands in this state; and

Whereas, in 1997 President Bill Clinton established, by Executive Order 13061, the American Heritage Rivers Initiative with three objectives, including natural resource

and environmental protection. The initiative requires executive agencies to coordinate federal plans, functions, programs and resources to preserve, protect and restore rivers and their associated resources that are important to our nation's history, culture and natural heritage; and

Whereas, various federal and state authorities are already charged with regulating water resources within the State of Arizona, and numerous grassroots organizations across the nation have been founded to protect and conserve the nation's rivers and watersheds. Designation of additional areas subject to federal involvement in land use management would be unduly restrictive on both the privately and publicly owned land bordering rivers, much of which is already restrictively managed for perceived environmental benefits through designation or proposed designation as wilderness areas, primitive areas, critical habitat or potential habitat for endangered species, conservation areas, areas of critical environmental concern and wild or scenic rivers; and

Whereas, riparian and general conservation efforts are best administered and managed at state or local levels of government, not by an international council or federal entity that is neither familiar with nor affected by the areas in question.

Wherefore your memorialist, the Senate of the State of Arizona, the House of Representatives concurring, prays:

1. That the Congress of the United States take any steps within its power to rectify the situation in southeastern Arizona regarding the intrusion by the international CEC into the affairs of the San Pedro River watershed.

2. That the Congress of the United States refuse to ratify or adopt future treaties making the states of this nation subject to international intrusion or authority over states' environmental matters.

3. That the President of the United States not authorize or endorse the designation of any river, watershed or river segment within the State of Arizona as an American Heritage River.

4. That the Secretary of State of the State of Arizona transmit copies of this Memorial to the President of the United States, the President of the United States Senate, the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives and each Member of Congress from the State of Arizona.

POM-492. A resolution adopted by the Legislature of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

RESOLUTION—

Whereas, The United States is a signatory to the 1992 United Nations Framework Convention on Global Climate Change (FCCC); and

Whereas, Protocol to expand the scope of the FCCC was negotiated in December 1997, in Kyoto, Japan (Kyoto Protocol), requiring the United States to reduce emissions of greenhouse gases by 7% from 1990 levels during the period 2008 to 2012, with potentially larger emission reductions thereafter; and

Whereas, The Kyoto Protocol would require other major industrial nations to reduce emissions from 1990 levels by 6% to 8% during the period 2008 to 2012, with potentially larger emission reductions thereafter; and

Whereas, President William J. Clinton pledged on October 22, 1997, that "The United States will not assume binding obligations (in Kyoto) unless key developing nations meaningfully participate in this effort"; and

Whereas, On July 25, 1997, the United States Senate adopted Senate Resolution No.

98 by a vote of 95-0 expressing the Sense of the Senate that, inter alia, "the United States should not be signatory to any protocol to, or other agreement regarding, the Framework Convention on Climate Change . . . which would require the advice and consent of the Senate to ratification, and which would mandate new commitments to mitigate greenhouse gas emissions for the Developed Country Parties, unless the protocol or other agreement also mandates specific scheduled commitments within the same compliance period to mitigate greenhouse gas emissions for Developing Country Parties"; and

Whereas, Developing nations who are exempt from greenhouse gas emission limitation requirements in the FCCC refused in the Kyoto negotiations to accept any new commitments for greenhouse gas emission limitations through the Kyoto Protocol or other agreements; and

Whereas, The Kyoto Protocol fails to meet the tests established for acceptance of new climate change commitments by President Clinton and by United States Senate Resolution No. 98; and

Whereas, The United States relies on carbon-based fossil fuels for more than 90% of its total energy supply; and

Whereas, Achieving the emission reductions proposed by the Kyoto Protocol would require more than 35% reduction in projected United States carbon dioxide emissions during the period 2008 to 2012; and

Whereas, Developing countries exempt from emission limitations under the Kyoto Protocol are expected to increase their rates of fossil fuel use over the next two decades and to surpass the United States and other industrialized countries in total emissions of greenhouse gases; and

Whereas, Economic impact studies by the Federal Government estimate that legally binding requirements for the reduction of United States greenhouse gases to 1990 emission levels would result in the loss of more than 900,000 jobs in the United States, sharply increase energy prices, reduce family incomes and wages and cause severe losses of output in energy intensive industries such as aluminum, steel, rubber, chemicals and utilities; and

Whereas, The failure to provide for commitments by developing countries in the Kyoto Protocol creates an unfair competitive imbalance between industrial and developing nations, potentially leading to the transfer of jobs and industrial development from the United States to developing countries; and

Whereas, Increased emissions of greenhouse gases by developing countries would offset any environmental benefits associated with emissions reductions achieved by the United States and by other industrial nations; therefore be it

Resolved (the House of Representatives concurring), That the General Assembly memorialize the President of the United States not to sign the Kyoto Protocol; and be it further

Resolved, That in the event he signs the Kyoto Protocol, the President promptly submit the Kyoto Protocol to the Senate of the United States for its timely consideration; and be it further

Resolved, That the Senate of the United States reject any proposed protocol or other amendment to the FCCC that is inconsistent with this resolution or that does not comply fully with United States Senate Resolution No. 98; and be it further

Resolved, That copies of this resolution be transmitted to the President of the United States, the presiding officers of each house of Congress and to each member of Congress from Pennsylvania.

POM-493. A resolution adopted by the Legislature of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

RESOLUTION—

Whereas, During the 104th Congress, Second Session, H.R. 3328 was introduced in the United States House of Representatives; and

Whereas, The legislation, also referred to as the Collegiate Athletics Integrity Act of 1996, prohibited sports agents from influencing college athletes; and

Whereas, The legislation was not enacted by the Congress of the United States; and

Whereas, In the current session of the 105th Congress, legislation needs to be enacted that will prohibit sports agents from influencing college athletes; and

Whereas, It is appropriate to urge Congress to enact such legislation; therefore be it

Resolved (the House of Representatives concurring), That the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania memorialize Congress to enact legislation prohibiting sports agents from influencing college athletes; and be it further

Resolved, That copies of this resolution be transmitted to the presiding officers of each house of Congress and to each member of Congress from Pennsylvania.

POM-494. A resolution adopted by the Board of Trustees of Worth Township, Illinois relative to a constitutional amendment protecting the American flag; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

POM-495. A concurrent resolution adopted by the Legislature of the State of Michigan; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION No. 42

Whereas, In many situations, the difficulties facing family farming operations are numerous and challenging. The number of farms has declined steadily for many years, both in Michigan and throughout the entire country. For Black farmers across this nation, however, the obstacles to survival are staggering. Recent investigations through the Congressional Black Caucus and organizations like the National Black Farmers Association have revealed the extent of discrimination against African American farm operations. These civil rights violations were contained in recommendations of a task force within the United States Department of Agriculture; and

Whereas, Access to capital, vital component of any farming operation, has been denied to many Black farmers. When not denied outright, through loans refused and ultimate foreclosures, loans for Black farmers often take far longer to be approved. The result of a delay for a farm loan is often financial ruin; and

Whereas, According to the National Black Farmers Association, the USDA foreclosed on 1,000 Black farms in the last several months. Black farmers are losing land at a rate of 9,000 acres a week. At this rate, according to the chair of the Congressional Black Caucus, Black farms will vanish by the year 2000; and

Whereas, The USDA, through its civil rights study group, has identified specific legislative changes to combat discrimination in its policies and programs. Any delay in implementing needed changes and in revamping the department's response to Black farmers is too long; and

Whereas, In April 1998, the Justice Department ruled that most of the approximately 2,000 cases brought by Black farmers with complaints of discrimination between 1983 and 1996 would expire due to the statute of limitations. It is essential that Congress take actions to enable the federal government to respond appropriately to the legitimate claims of these citizens; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring). That we urge the United States Department of Agriculture to take strong steps to halt all discrimination against Black farmers, to settle pending claims, and to memorialize the Congress of the United States to enact legislation to waive the statute of limitations for the discrimination cases brought against the Department of Agriculture between 1983 and 1996; and be it further

Resolved. That copies of this resolution be transmitted to the United States Department of Agriculture, the President of the United States Senate, the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, and the members of the Michigan congressional delegation.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

The following reports of committees were submitted:

By Mr. JEFFORDS, from the Committee on Labor and Human Resources, with an amendment in the nature of a substitute:

S. 1754. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to consolidate and reauthorize health professions and minority and disadvantaged health education programs, and for other purposes (Rept. No. 105-220).

By Mr. HELMS, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, without amendment and with a preamble:

S. Res. 237. A resolution expressing the sense of the Senate regarding the situation in Indonesia and East Timor.

EXECUTIVE REPORTS OF COMMITTEE

The following executive reports of committees were submitted:

By Mr. THURMOND, from the Committee on Armed Services:

Louis Caldera, of California, to be Secretary of the Army.

(The above nomination was reported with the recommendation that he be confirmed, subject to the nominee's commitment to respond to requests to appear and testify before any duly constituted committee of the Senate.)

By Mr. HELMS, from the Committee on Foreign Relations:

Nancy E. Soderberg, of the District of Columbia, to be an Alternate Representative of the United States of America to the Sessions of the General Assembly of the United Nations during her tenure of service as Alternate Representative of the United States of America for Special Political Affairs in the United Nations, to which position she was appointed during the last recess of the Senate.

Nancy E. Soderberg, of the District of Columbia, to be Alternate Representative of the United States of America for Special Political Affairs in the United Nations, with the rank of Ambassador, to which position she was appointed during the last recess of the Senate.

Vivian Lowery Derryck, of Ohio, to be an Assistant Administrator of the Agency for International Development.

Shirley Elizabeth Barnes, of New York, a Career Member of the Senior Foreign Service, Class of Counselor, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to the Republic of Madagascar.

Federal Campaign Contribution Reports

Nominee: Shirley E. Barnes.

Post: Madagascar.

The following is a list of all members of my immediate family and their spouses. I have asked each of these persons to inform me of the pertinent contributions made by them. To the best of my knowledge, the information contained in this report is complete and accurate.

Contributions, amount, date, and donee

1. Self: none.
2. Spouse: not married.
3. Children and Spouses: no children.
4. Parents: deceased.
5. Grandparents: deceased.
6. Brothers and spouses: deceased.
7. Sister: none.

Charles Richard Stith, of Massachusetts, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to the United Republic of Tanzania.

Nominee: Charles Richard Stith.

Post: Ambassador to Tanzania.

The following is a list of all members of my immediate family and their spouses. I have asked each of these persons to inform me of the pertinent contributions made by them. To the best of my knowledge, the information contained in this report is complete and accurate.

Contributions, amount, date, and donee

1. Self: \$500, 12/7/93, Alan Wheat; \$250, 2/17/94, Ted Kennedy.
2. Spouse: \$1000, 12/17/96, Clinton/Gore; \$100, 10/17/96, Harvey Gant.
3. Children and Spouses: Percy & Mary, none.
4. Parents: Dorothy McLean (Father deceased) none.
5. Grandparents: deceased.
6. Brothers and spouses: deceased.
7. Sisters and spouses: Rebecca Fanning, none.

Eric S. Edelman, of Virginia, a Career Member of the Senior Foreign Service, Class of Counselor, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to the Republic of Finland.

Nominee: Eric Steven Edelman.

Post: Republic of Finland.

The following is a list of all members of my immediate family and their spouses. I have asked each of these persons to inform me of the pertinent contributions made by them. To the best of my knowledge, the information contained in this report is complete and accurate.

Contributions, amount, date, and donee

1. Self: none.
2. Spouse: Patricia D. Edelman, none.
3. Children and spouses: Alexander, Stephanie, Terence, Robert, none.
4. Parents: Milton and Frederica Edelman, none.
5. Grandparents: Abraham and Molly Edelman (deceased); Abraham and Cecile Aubry (deceased), none.
6. Brothers and spouses: Marc Edelman and Luanne Fisi: \$500,¹ 1994, Steve Stockman²; \$200, 1995, Pat Hallisey³; \$6,000, 1996, Pat Hallisey; \$100, 1996, NRA Victory Fund; \$3,200, 1997, Jeff Harrison.⁵

¹ Gifts in Kind.

² Congressional Candidate, Texas.

³ Mayoral Candidate, League City, Texas.

⁴ Gifts in Kind.

⁵ City Council Candidate, At-Large seat, League City Texas.

7. Sisters and spouses: Alexandra Edelman, none.

Nancy Halliday Ely-Raphel, of the District of Columbia, a Career Member of the Senior Executive Service, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to the Republic of Slovenia.

Nominee: Nancy Halliday Ely-Raphel.

Post: Slovenia.

The following is a list of all members of my immediate family and their spouses. I have asked each of these persons to inform me of the pertinent contributions made by them. To the best of my knowledge, the information contained in this report is complete and accurate.

Contributions, amount, date, and donee

1. Self: Nancy Ely-Raphel, none.
2. Spouse: N/A.
3. Children and spouses: John Duff Ely, Sigrid Mueller, Robert Duff Ely, Stephanie Joyce Raphel, none.
4. Parents: Margaret Merritt Halliday, Thomas Clarkson Halliday (deceased), none.
5. Grandparents: Thomas Clarkson Halliday, Petranella Halliday (deceased); William John Merritt, Anna M. Merritt (deceased).
6. Brothers and spouses: Thomas Clarkson Halliday III, Brenda Halliday, none.
7. Sisters and spouses: N/A.

Edward L. Romero, of New Mexico, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to Spain.

Edward L. Romero, of New Mexico, to serve concurrently and without additional compensation as Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to Andorra.

Nominee: Ed L. Romero.

Post: U.S. Ambassador to Spain.

The following is a list of all members of my immediate family and their spouses. I have asked each of these persons to inform me of the pertinent contributions made by them. To the best of my knowledge, the information contained in this report is complete and accurate.

Contributions, Amount, Date, and Donee

1. Self: see exhibit A.
2. Spouse: see exhibit B.
3. Children and Spouses: see exhibit C.
4. Parents: Isaac Romero (deceased), and Ramona Romero, none.
5. Grandparents: Faustin Romero (deceased), Talpita Romero (deceased); and Lucas Pacheco (deceased), Juanita Pacheco (deceased).
6. Brothers and Spouses: Isaac Romero, none; Jean Malone, none; Randolph Romero, none; and Mary Ann Romero, none.
7. Sisters and Spouses: Elizabeth Martinez, none; and Benjamin Martinez, none.

EXHIBIT A: EDWARD L. ROMERO, FEDERAL CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTIONS, 1993-PRESENT

Recipient and election	Amount	Date
E. Shirley Baco for Congress (General)	\$200	10/21/96
People for Domenici (Primary)	1,000	9/08/95
A Lot of People Who Support Jeff Bingaman (2000 Election) (Primary)	200	8/22/96
Pastor for Arizona (Primary)	1,000	8/02/96
Keefe for Congress 1996 (Primary)	500	07/30/96
John Wertheim for Congress (General)	1,000	03/27/96
Wyden for Senate (General)	500	01/25/96
Senator Gene Green Cong. Campaign (Primary)	500	12/01/95
People for Patty Murray, U.S. Senate Campaign (Primary)	500	07/24/95
Clinton/Gore '96 Primary Comm. (Primary)	1,000	06/14/95
Committee for Congressman Ronald V. Dellums (General)	1,000	10/18/94
Leadership for the Future (Democratic National Comm.) (N/A)	1,000	07/27/94
New Mexicans for Bill Richardson (General)	1,000	07/22/94
Ben Reyes for Congress (Primary)	1,000	02/22/94
Byrne for Congress Committee (Primary)	500	01/05/94
Comm. to Re-Elect Tom Foley (Primary)	1,000	12/23/93
A Lot of People Who Support Jeff Bingaman (1994 Election):		
Primary	1,000	06/25/93
General	1,000	06/25/93
Becerra for Congress (Primary)	250	06/07/93
Espy for Congress (Special)	250	03/30/93
Bob Kreuger Campaign (Special)	1,000	03/25/93

EXHIBIT B: CAYETANNA ("TANNA") ROMERO (SPOUSE), FEDERAL CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTIONS, 1993-PRESENT

Recipient and election	Amount	Date
New Mexicans for Bill Richardson (General)	\$1,000	07/22/94