

waste will travel through 43 States on transportation routes that bring the waste within one mile of over 50 million people.

Mr. President, I know the nuclear power industry is lobbying hard for this bill. I know there is a lot of pressure on Senators to support this legislation. I also know that the nuclear power industry has spread a massive amount of disinformation about the bill.

By any objective evaluation, this legislation is completely unnecessary. In fact, the Nuclear Waste Technical Review Board, a Federal agency created by the Nuclear Waste Policy Act, and comprised of the Nation's most respected scientists, said just 1 month ago that there is simply no need for an interim storage facility at this time.

This is not the first time the industry has cried wolf. In 1980, a supporter of the industry asserted:

We are running out of reactor space at reactors for the storage of the fuel, and if we do not build what we call away-from-reactor storage, another type of interim storage, and begin soon, we could begin shutting down civilian nuclear reactors in this country as soon as 1983.

Of course, Mr. President, no U.S. reactors have closed due to lack of storage. Thirteen years have passed since the prediction that in 1983 there would result the closure of reactors.

Despite the crisis mentality created by the nuclear power industry, there is no nuclear reactor in America that will be forced to close down due to lack of storage. Every nuclear utility, if it so chooses, can take advantage of existing, NRC licensed, off the shelf dry cast storage systems to meet its spent fuel storage needs. Should the mobile Chernobyl bill come to the floor next week, I will have a lot more to say about the lack of any compelling need for this legislation.

There are, however, plenty of other reasons to oppose this bill. The bill preempts nearly every local, State, or Federal environmental protection. It creates a taxpayer liability of billions of dollars to solve the private industry's waste problem. It eliminates EPA authority to protect the health and public safety.

Mr. President, I do not know when the Senate may consider this bill. It is my hope that it never comes up. Nevertheless, I urge my colleagues to fully consider the many legitimate public health safety consequences raised by this legislation, particularly as they relate to their own constituents, and to oppose the mobile Chernobyl bill. I yield the floor.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the Senator from Alaska is recognized to speak in morning business for up to 10 minutes.

Mr. MURKOWSKI. I thank the Chair and wish the Chair a good morning.

(The remarks of Mr. MURKOWSKI pertaining to the introduction of S. 1703 are located in today's RECORD under "Statements on Introduced Bills and Joint Resolutions.")

Mr. MURKOWSKI. I thank the Chair and wish the Chair a good day. I thank the floor managers for allowing additional time in morning business.

Mr. SIMPSON. Mr. President, I believe we are at the order of business under the previous order.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. That is correct.

Mr. SIMPSON. Which is to go to the illegal immigration bill, is that correct?

The PRESIDING OFFICER. That is correct.

MEASURE PLACED ON THE CALENDAR—S. 1698

Mr. SIMPSON. Mr. President, I have business to do that has nothing to do with this bill before the Senate. I want everyone to be alert. No need to alert your staff that I am up to some giant caper.

I understand there are two bills due for their second reading.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will read the first bill.

The legislative clerk read as follows:
A bill (S. 1698), entitled the "Health Insurance Reform Act of 1996."

Mr. SIMPSON. I object to further proceedings on this matter at this time.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The objection is heard. The bill will be placed on the calendar.

MEASURE PLACED ON THE CALENDAR—H.R. 2937

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will read the second bill.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (H.R. 2937) for the reimbursement of attorney fees and costs incurred by former employees of the White House Travel Office with respect to the termination of their employment in that office on May 19, 1993.

Mr. SIMPSON. Mr. President, I object to further proceedings on this matter at this time.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The objection is heard. The bill will be placed on the calendar.

CONCLUSION OF MORNING BUSINESS

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Chair will announce that morning business is closed.

IMMIGRATION CONTROL AND FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY ACT OF 1996

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the pending business.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (S. 1664) to amend the Immigration and Nationality Act to increase control over immigration to the United States, and so forth and for other purposes.

The Senate resumed consideration of the bill.

Pending:

Simpson amendment No. 3669, to prohibit foreign students on F-1 visas from obtaining free public elementary or secondary education.

Simpson amendment No. 3670, to establish a pilot program to collect information relating to nonimmigrant foreign students.

Simpson amendment No. 3671, to create new ground of exclusion and of deportation for falsely claiming U.S. citizenship.

Simpson amendment No. 3722 (to amendment No. 3669), in the nature of a substitute.

Simpson amendment No. 3723 (to amendment No. 3670), in the nature of a substitute.

Simpson amendment No. 3724 (to amendment No. 3671), in the nature of a substitute.

Simpson motion to recommit the bill to the Committee on the Judiciary with instructions to report back forthwith.

Simpson amendment No. 3725 (to instructions of motion to recommit), to prohibit foreign students on F-1 visas from obtaining free public elementary or secondary education.

Coverdell (for Dole/Coverdell) amendment No. 3737 (to Amendment No. 3725), to establish grounds for deportation for offenses of domestic violence, stalking, crimes against children, and crimes of sexual violence without regard to the length of sentence imposed.

AMENDMENT NO. 3739 TO AMENDMENT NO. 3725

(Purpose: To provide for temporary numerical limits on family-sponsored immigrant visas, a temporary priority-based system of allocating family-sponsored immigrant visas, and a temporary per-country limit—to apply for the 5 fiscal years after enactment of S. 1664)

Mr. SIMPSON. Mr. President, I send a second-degree amendment to the desk to amendment numbered 3725 and ask for its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

The Senator from Wyoming [Mr. SIMPSON] proposes an amendment numbered 3739 to amendment No. 3725.

Mr. SIMPSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that reading of the amendment be dispensed with.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The amendment is as follows:

At the end of the amendment add the following:

SEC. . TEMPORARY WORLDWIDE LEVEL OF FAMILY-SPONSORED IMMIGRATION, ALLOCATION OF FAMILY-SPONSORED IMMIGRANT VISAS, AND PER-COUNTRY LIMIT

(A) TEMPORARY WORLDWIDE LEVEL OF FAMILY-SPONSORED IMMIGRATION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the following provisions shall temporarily supersede the specified subsections of section 201 of the Immigration and Nationality Act during the first fiscal year beginning after the enactment of this Act, and during the four subsequent fiscal years:

(1) Section 201(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act shall be temporarily superseded by the following provision:

"ALIENS NOT SUBJECT TO DIRECT NUMERICAL LIMITATIONS.—Aliens described in this subsection, who are not subject to the worldwide levels or numerical limitations of subsection (a), are as follows:

"(1) Special immigrants described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of section 101(a)(27).

"(2) Aliens who are admitted under section 207 or whose status is adjusted under section 209.

"(3) Aliens born to an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence during a temporary visit abroad."