

law. This painless collection method was described by one Senator as the best way to "get the greatest amount of money with the least amount of squawks."

Unfortunately for us all, he was right.

In fact, a recent poll showed that 54 percent of America's taxpayers have no idea how much of their income is withheld. It is the ultimate hidden tax, the best way to obscure the truth about taxes and the best way to obscure the cost of governing.

I want Americans to see what their Government costs. So I've introduced legislation that would allow workers to pay their taxes monthly, writing a check to the IRS just like they pay their mortgages, their car payments, and their rents.

In this way, taxpayers could see how much the Government is taking from their paychecks and how expensive their Government is. They would be able to determine for themselves whether or not they are getting their money's worth.

I urge my colleagues to cosponsor this legislation, which simply lets the taxpayers see how much their Government really costs.

AMERICANS HAVE WON A VICTORY WITH REGARD TO BUDGET NEGOTIATIONS

(Mr. DOGGETT asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. DOGGETT. Mr. Speaker, the American people have won a victory with reference to these budget negotiations. We are reversing the deficit spiral under Republican administrations in the 1980's. We are making continued progress toward balancing the budget. It is, as my Republican colleagues have said this morning, a historic moment. It is just that they miss what the historic moment is all about. For, as my colleagues can see, all of this could have been accomplished last year without the Gingrich goofs, without the Government shutdowns that cost the American people \$1.5 billion, without the pain that that caused people all over this country.

Today we have achieved this negotiation without taking cops off the street, as they wanted to, without savaging the School Lunch Program, without wrecking the environment. We have accomplished this because the American people have spoken out and said they have had enough of extremism. We Democrats did not have a majority of votes to accomplish this, but we had a majority of right on our side, and thanks to the involvement of the American people we have said no to the Gingrich extremisms and achieved a victory.

VIETNAM VETERANS AND MEN OF CONSCIENCE CANNOT VOTE FOR THE APPROPRIATIONS BILL

(Mr. DORNAN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. DORNAN. Mr. Speaker, item in this week's April 29 U.S. News & World Report. "Clinton Won't Dodge Vietnam." That is their word, "dodge," not mine.

Although Bill Clinton went to great lengths to avoid going to Vietnam during his draft age years, try three times, the President, who made a round-the-world swing last week, has put the southeast Asian nation, that is Communist Vietnam, at the top of his must see list next year if he gets reelected.

Then the paragraph closes, like every other recent President, Clinton, they say, wants to be remembered mainly as a peacemaker. Well, at Oxford, ditching classes and flunking out and not getting his degree, he made sure that the killing fields would prevail in Cambodia and Laos and 68,000 of our friends would be executed in Vietnam.

I cannot vote, Mr. Speaker, for the appropriations bill today, not because my HIV language was taken out. I would have traded that off for the two great pro-life provisions, but Clinton thinks with his infanticide vote he has locked up all the abortion industry. He wanted to get back the homosexual industry. It is this POW bracelet. Any veteran or man of conscience cannot vote for the appropriations bill today.

WAIVING REQUIREMENT OF CLAUSE 4(b) OF RULE XI WITH RESPECT TO CONSIDERATION OF CERTAIN RESOLUTIONS

Mr. MCINNIS. Mr. Speaker, by direction of the Committee on Rules, I call up House Resolution 412 and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the resolution, as follows:

H. RES. 412

Resolved, That the requirement of clause 4(b) of rule XI for a two-thirds vote to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported from that committee before April 27, 1996, and providing for consideration or disposition of any of the following measures:

(1) A bill making general appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1996, any amendment thereto, any conference report thereon, or any amendment reported in disagreement from a conference thereon.

(2) A bill or joint resolution that includes provisions making further continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 1996, any amendment thereto, any conference report thereon, or any amendment reported in disagreement from a conference thereon.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from Colorado [Mr. MCINNIS] is recognized for 1 hour.

Mr. MCINNIS. Mr. Speaker, for purposes of debate only, I yield the customary 30 minutes to the gentleman from Massachusetts [Mr. MOAKLEY],

pending which I yield myself such time as I may consume. During consideration of this resolution, all time yielded is for the purpose of debate only.

(Mr. MCINNIS asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks and include extraneous material.)

Mr. MCINNIS. Mr. Speaker, House Resolution 412 is a simple resolution. The proposed rule merely waives the requirement of clause 4(b) of rule XI for a two-thirds vote to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House for resolutions reported from the committee before April 27, 1996, under certain conditions.

This narrow, short-term, waiver will only apply to special rules providing for the consideration or disposition of measures, amendments, conference reports, or items in disagreement from a conference that: make general appropriations for fiscal year 1996, or provisions making continuing appropriations for fiscal year 1996.

Mr. Speaker, House Resolution 412 is straightforward, and it was reported by the Committee on Rules with unanimous voice vote. The distinguished Member, Mr. MOAKLEY, stated in the Committee on Rules that he had no objections to this rule. The committee recognized the need for expedited procedures to bring these legislative measures forward as soon as possible. Simply put, we must move quickly before temporary spending authority expires at midnight tonight. Mr. Speaker, we have reached an agreement with the White House and it is time to move forward.

The agreement we reached last night will result in 1996 discretionary spending being \$23 billion less than last year's level, and the additional funding for the administration's programs is offset by reductions and saving in other areas. I urge my colleagues to support House Resolution 412.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. MOAKLEY. Mr. Speaker, I thank my colleague from Colorado, Mr. MCINNIS, for yielding me the customary one-half hour and I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, this rule waiving the two-thirds requirement for same day consideration of a bill will finally enable the House to bring up the omnibus appropriations bill.

After 6 months of waiting for my Republican colleagues to pass the 13 appropriations bills, we are finally going to be able to bypass their Appropriations Committees and get our Government back on its feet.

Federal workers won't have to worry about being furloughed; military retirees won't have to worry about their benefits; and students headed for college won't have to wait any longer than they already have for their student loans to be processed.

I support this two-thirds rule, Mr. Speaker, because I wouldn't do anything to slow the appropriations process any more than it already has been