

that would escape cuts under the Republican budget plan.

The results also pointed to strong opposition to several other issues being promoted by the Republican leadership in Congress, such as weakening environmental protection laws, repealing the ban on assault weapons, allowing Government-sanctioned prayer in public schools, and curbing access to abortion. However, on the matter of immigration control, significant majorities supported two proposals that have more support among Republican than Democratic Members: denying automatic citizenship to U.S.-born children of illegal immigrants, and reducing the number of legal immigrants admitted to the United States each year.

The complete results of the survey follow:

CONGRESSMAN ANTHONY C. BEILENSON'S 1995 QUESTIONNAIRE RESULTS

HOW WOULD YOU CUT FEDERAL SPENDING?

From a list of the programs and activities financed by the federal government, you were asked to indicate which ones you favored cutting. Here are the results:

PROGRAM/SPENDING AREA

[In order of percentage of federal budget/amount of spending]

	1995 Percentage of Federal spending (approx.)	1995 spending in billions (est.)	Percentage who support cutting
Social Security	22	\$334	25
Defense	18	270	53
Interest on the national debt	15	234	(?)
Medicare (health care for the elderly)	10	154	24
Medicaid (health care for the poor, and nursing home care)	6	88	25
Federal civilian and military pensions	4	65	55
Transportation (highways, mass transit, railroads, airports, and safety)	3	38	16
Food stamps	2	26	55
Education and student financial aid	2	26	28
Housing subsidies	2	26	48
Supplemental Security Income (payments to impoverished elderly and disabled)	2	25	17
Unemployment compensation	1	22	25
Veterans' benefits	1	20	15
Aid to Families with Dependent Children (welfare)	1	17	55
Law enforcement, FBI, courts and prisons	1	16	14
Foreign aid	(1)	14	74
Space program (NASA)	(1)	13	40
Farm subsidies	(1)	13	73
Job training and employment-related services	(1)	13	27
General government (IRS, customs, etc.)	(1)	13	56
Health research	(1)	12	14
Community and regional development	(1)	12	43
Public health	(1)	10	13
Child nutrition (includes school lunch program)	(1)	8	27
Environmental protection and toxic waste clean-up	(1)	7	20
Energy conservation, research and development	(1)	6	22
National parks, forests and wildlife refuges	(1)	5	13
Disaster assistance	(1)	5	12
Water resource projects	(1)	4	14
Science research	(1)	4	16
Head Start	(1)	4	30
Congress	(1)	2	69
International peacekeeping	(1)	2	47
Food and drug safety	(1)	1	11
National service program (AmeriCorps)	(1)	0.50	33
Border Patrol	(1)	0.46	5
National Endowments for the Arts and Humanities	(1)	0.33	41
Public broadcasting (TV and radio)	(1)	0.29	33
The White House	(1)	0.20	46
Other	1	19	31
Total	100	1,530	

(1) Indicates less than 1% of the budget.
(?) Cannot be cut unless borrowing is cut.

Environmental protection: Do you support relaxing environmental protection laws?

Yes: 33%
No: 67%

Assault weapons: Do you support repealing the ban on assault weapons?

Yes: 21%
No: 79%

Illegal immigration: Do you support eliminating the automatic granting of citizenship to U.S.-born children of illegal immigrants?

Yes: 83%
No: 17%

Legal immigration: Do you support reducing the number of people who are allowed to legally immigrate to the U.S. each year?

Yes: 77%
No: 23%

School prayer: Do you support a Constitutional amendment that would permit government-sanctioned prayer in public schools?

Yes: 36%
No: 64%

Business subsidies: Do you support efforts to reduce tax breaks and programs that subsidize American businesses?

Yes: 66%
No: 34%

Abortion: Do you think Congress should act to restrict access to abortion?

Yes: 22%
No: 78%

DOONESBURY COUPON

HON. PATRICIA SCHROEDER

OF COLORADO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, January 23, 1996

Mrs. SCHROEDER. Mr. Speaker, one of my constituents, Tom McIntosh, has accurately remarked on efforts by this Congress to obliterate our country's natural resources.

Using a Doonesbury cartoon that clearly demonstrates current efforts by my colleagues on the other side of the aisle to sell our forests and wilderness areas, Mr. McIntosh's observations, along with Garry Trudeau's national call, are right on the dot.

Mr. Speaker, my constituent's concern for the protection of our environment—for the sake of his granddaughter's future—is quite compelling, and quite real, and I am inserting both the Doonesbury coupon and Mr. McIntosh's comments into the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD:

Aurora, CO, January 23, 1996.

MR. SPEAKER: After reading the Doonesbury cartoon in my 01/14/96 newspaper, I too want to enter my bid for your sale of America's resources for fractions of a penny on the dollar.

I didn't see a lot number, but mark me down for a bid on the capitol and both wings of it. I want to use all of the hot air (a valuable thermal resource) to help reduce the winter heating bills for various Minnesotans and Alaskans, plus residents of Maybell, CO. I bid \$25.

As for Lot number 193—Wilderness mineral rights—with an approximate street value over \$1 billion, I'll up the suggested bid of \$1,200 to \$1,201. As a deserving good citizen, I'll dutifully pay my capital gains (After you reduce capital gains taxes to a pittance) when I complete the sale to Exxon and Newmont Mining, plus a little leftovers for 3M.

Oh, let's not forget Lot number 147, the Alaskan old-growth forests. The suggested bid of \$1.60/tree seems a little high, what with the transportation costs and all. How about \$1.45? Would you mark me down for two dozen?

I missed some of the other lots. Perhaps you can send me a catalog.

Now seriously, Mr. Speaker:

What Mr. Trudeau is obviously alluding to in his cartoons of the past two weeks is the

absolutely ridiculous liquidation of this nation's most precious and most-difficult-to-replace natural resources by Congress. Have you folks no conscience and no shame? I for one would like to know that Kayla, my beloved grand-daughter will be able to live in this country without having to breathe through an oxygen mask and wear a lead-lined pants-suit to protect her from the environmental hazards brought on by the reckless actions of the 1996 Congress. Would you all please get real????

Sincerely,

TOM MCINTOSH.

U.S. NATURAL RESOURCES LIQUIDATION AUCTION BID FORM

To: Rep. Newt Gingrich.

Yes! I would like to bid on some of the choice national assets now being liquidated by Congress.

Lot #147—Alaskan Old-Growth Forests

Opportunity to clear-cut 500-year-old trees. Valued at \$50,000 a tree; suggested bid: \$1.60 a tree. My Bid: _____

Lot #183—Wilderness Mineral Rights

Opportunity to mine pristine wilderness area. Valued at \$1 billion+; suggested bid \$1,200. My Bid: _____

Lot #275—Prime Western Grazing Land

Opportunity to denude taxpayer-maintained range land. Market value: \$10.30 per cow and calf per month. Suggested bid: \$1.61.

My Bid: _____

Name: _____
Street: _____
City: _____ State _____ Zip _____

Signature: _____
Send To: The Speaker of the House, U.S. Congress, Washington, D.C. 20515; or Call: (202) 225-3121; or Fax: (202) 225-7733.

MEMORIAL TRIBUTE TO DELORA JONES-HICKS

HON. DONALD M. PAYNE

OF NEW JERSEY

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, January 23, 1996

Mr. PAYNE of New Jersey. Mr. Speaker, the death of Delora Jones-Hicks has deprived the Nation of a woman of great magnitude and capacity. To those of us who knew her personally and to those who did not, there could be no finer example of conscientious humanity. She was a woman of principle. She always looked for and welcomed the good; and when she did not find it, she tried to encourage its development.

Delora Elizabeth Crews was born to Lynwood Crews and Elizabeth Rogers Crews in Kittrell, NC, on April 29, 1937.

The family moved to East Orange, NJ, in 1942. A graduate of East Orange public schools, she was educated in the fields of social science and health administration at Rutgers University, New Brunswick and Newark campuses; New Jersey School of Alcohol and Drug Abuse Studies at Rutgers University; Bucknell University; and C.J. Post College at Long Island University.

With the late George "Specs" Hicks, she cofounded New Well, New Jersey's first private treatment center for drug addicts, with chapters in Newark, Passaic, Atlantic City, and Morristown. She served as a trustee and grants writer for the organization for more than 20 years, until its closing in 1989.

Delora was director of women's training for the Business Industrial Coordinating Council in