

in his prime. We had some terrific players, guys like Holt Rast at end and Taterhead Nelson at tailback, both All-Americans."

Self played on the freshman team in 1941 and was redshirted the following season. Alabama did not have a football team in 1943 because of World War II, but Self was a starter in 1944 and became one of the top players in the Southeastern Conference in 1945, when he won the coveted Jacobs Blocking Trophy.

He played in Alabama's 29-26 loss to Duke in the Jan. 1, 1945 Sugar Bowl and scored two touchdowns in the Tide's last Rose Bowl appearance, a 34-14 romp over Southern California in 1946. Self scored two touchdowns against the Trojans in the final college game.

"Those were two games to remember," Self said. "Grantland Rice called the Duke game 'the greatest bowl game ever played.' The Rose Bowl was of those special memories. Nobody gave us a chance, but it was never a game, really. Harry Gilmer just went to work and they couldn't handle him. We finally cleared the bench. Late in the game, Coach Thomas turned to Nick Terlizzi, who had a cast on his leg, and said, 'Nick, you want to tell your kids some day that you played in the Rose Bowl?' Nick said sure, and he went limping into the game, wearing that cast."

At 24, Self was hired as head coach at Athens High School, where he compiled a 15-5 record. Two years later, Florence State president Ed Norton hired Self to take over the long-dormant athletic program at what would later become the University of North Alabama. For the next 21 years, Self and his lone assistant, George "Bull" Weeks, built a first-rate small college football program with limited scholarship funds. The Lions were 110-81-8 during the Self regime, which ended in 1969 when he stepped down to become the school's athletic director.

Self moved into the UNA physical education department two years later and stayed on as a full professor until his retirement in 1984.

"The thing I treasure most about my years at Florence is that in 21 years, we never had a player who participated for four years that didn't get a degree to go with it," Self said. "That, and the fact that we had more than 100 of our boys who went on to become coaches."

TRIBUTE TO JAMES M. JONES

Mr. HEFLIN. Mr. President, I rise today to commend and congratulate James M. Jones, who recently retired from his position as the clerk of court for the U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the Middle District of Alabama. Mr. Jones served with the bankruptcy court for nearly 30 years, from September 1966 through his retirement effective September 1 of this year.

James began his career as an insurance manager in 1954. After 12 years in the field, he found his true calling as a member of the judicial staff of the U.S. Bankruptcy Court, eventually rising to become clerk of the court for the middle district. He served there for 16 years with distinction, dedication, and consummate professionalism. He was an active member of the National Conference of Bankruptcy Clerks [NCBC], assisting in the incorporation of the organization and in the writing of its original bylaws. He later chaired and served on numerous committees of NCBC, and has been a featured speaker

at numerous organizational meetings and seminars on the issue of bankruptcy.

James Jones was born June 30, 1930 in Morgan County, AL to James D. and Dora Kilpatrick Jones. In 1950, he married Janene Hocutt, with whom he had four children—Sharon, Steve, Craig, and Lyn. He was educated at Auburn University and Jones Law School in Montgomery. He served in the U.S. Army during the Korean war, and represented the First Army as an observer to the second atomic bomb test at Yucca Flat, NV in 1951.

I extend my very best to James and his family as he embarks on his well-deserved retirement. I hope it is as long, healthy, and productive as his career has been.

TRIBUTE TO DR. TOM VAUGHAN

Mr. HEFLIN. Mr. President, I want to take a few moments to commend and congratulate Dr. John Thomas "Tom" Vaughan, who retired from his position as dean of the College of Veterinary Medicine at Auburn University last month. The fifth dean in the history of veterinary medicine at Auburn, he served from June 1977 until September 1995.

A Tuskegee, AL, native, Dr. Vaughan graduated with honors from Auburn's College of Veterinary Medicine in 1955. His affiliation with the field of veterinary medicine as a student, faculty member, department chair, and dean spanned an incredible 42 years.

As dean, Dr. Vaughan successfully led the college through numerous challenges. Despite major fiscal limitations, his leadership inspired dynamic instructional changes which made Auburn an internationally recognized institution in animal welfare and computerized teaching. He stimulated plans for curriculum alterations to coincide with the changes inherent to the field. As chairperson of the Auburn University Core Curriculum Commission, his was a pivotal voice in initiatives which led to the school's enhanced overall academic reputation.

Dr. Vaughan's strategic vision including the expansion of career opportunities for veterinarians in clinical practice, corporate enterprises, research projects, and in government agencies. He was committed to the Extension Service, agribusiness, and public health. His work has benefitted the public greatly through improvements in the food animal industry, research on diseases and pathology common to animals and people, expansion of graduate programs, and the training of quality veterinarians from all segments of society.

Dr. Vaughan served in several capacities on behalf of the National Association of State Universities and Land-grant Colleges. He chaired its Commission on Veterinary Medicine and served on its Commission on Food, Environment, and Renewable Resources. He is a former president of both the Amer-

ican College of Veterinary Surgeons and the American Association of Equine Practitioners.

He authored a total of 22 chapters in various veterinary textbooks, wrote numerous professional journal articles, and coauthored two books. He was selected as the Alabama Veterinary Medical Association's Veterinarian of the Year in 1985. Just last year, he received the Distinguished Service Award from the prestigious Tennessee Walking Horse Breeders and Exhibitors' Association. At Auburn University, Dr. Vaughan was an enthusiastic member of the John and Mary Franklin Foundation Lectures Committee and also a member of the University Senate.

Dr. Tom Vaughan's outstanding leadership and total dedication to his field have contributed directly in innumerable ways to the distinguished service of many graduates of Auburn's veterinary school, one of the oldest in the nation. He has established benchmarks of service and excellence that will inspire and sustain his colleagues, as well as challenge the profession for many years into the next century.

MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

Messages from the President of the United States were communicated to the Senate by Mr. Thomas, one of his secretaries.

EXECUTIVE MESSAGES REFERRED

As in executive session the Presiding Officer laid before the Senate messages from the President of the United States submitting sundry nominations which were referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

(The nominations received today are printed at the end of the Senate proceedings.)

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

At 12:05 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Ms. Goetz, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House has passed the following bills, in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate:

H.R. 629. An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to participate in the operation of certain visitor facilities associated with, but outside the boundaries of, Rocky Mountain National Park in the State of Colorado.

H.R. 1026. An act to designate the United States Post Office building located at 201 East Pikes Peak Avenue in Colorado Springs, Colorado, as the "Winfield Scott Stratton Post Office".

H.R. 1606. An act to designate the United States Post Office building located at 24 Corliss Street, Providence, Rhode Island, as the "Harry Kizirian Post Office Building".

H.R. 1715. An act respecting the relationship between workers' compensation benefits and the benefits available under the Migrant and Seasonal Agricultural Worker Protection Act.

H.R. 1743. An act to amend the Water Resources Research Act of 1984 to extend the

authorizations of appropriations through fiscal year 2000, and for other purposes.

H.R. 2070. An act to provide for the distribution within the United States of the United States Information Agency film entitled "Fragile Ring of Life".

H.R. 2353. An act to amend title 38, United States Code, to extend certain expiring authorities of the Department of Veterans Affairs relating to delivery of health and medical care, and for other purposes.

ENROLLED BILL SIGNED

The message also announced that the Speaker signed the following enrolled bill:

H.R. 1976. An act making appropriations for Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies programs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1996, and for other purposes.

The enrolled bill was signed subsequently by the President pro tempore (Mr. THURMOND).

MEASURES REFERRED

The following bills were read the first and second times by unanimous consent and referred as indicated:

H.R. 629. An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to participate in the operation of certain visitor facilities associated with, but outside the boundaries of, Rocky Mountain National Park in the State of Colorado; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

H.R. 1743. An act to amend the Water Resources Research Act of 1984 to extend the authorizations of appropriations through fiscal year 2000, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Environment and Public Works.

H.R. 2070. An act to provide for the distribution within the United States of the United States Information Agency film entitled "Fragile Ring of Life"; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

H.R. 2353. An act to amend title 38, United States Code, to extend certain expiring authorities of the Department of Veterans Affairs relating to delivery of health and medical care, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

MEASURES PLACED ON THE CALENDAR

The following measures were read the first and second times by unanimous consent and placed on the calendar:

S. 1322. A bill to provide for the relocation of the United States Embassy in Israel to Jerusalem, and for other purposes.

S. 1328. A bill to amend the commencement dates of certain temporary Federal judgeships.

MEASURE READ THE FIRST TIME

The following bill was read the first time:

H.R. 1715. An act respecting the relationship between workers' compensation benefits and the benefits available under the Migrant and Seasonal Agricultural Worker Protection Act.

EXECUTIVE AND OTHER COMMUNICATIONS

The following communications were laid before the Senate, together with

accompanying papers, reports, and documents, which were referred as indicated:

EC-1516. A communication from the Director the Office of Management and Budget, the Executive Office of the President, transmitting, pursuant to law, the annual Federal Financial Management Report and Five-Year Plan; to the Committee on Governmental Affairs.

EC-1517. A communication from the District of Columbia Auditor, transmitting, pursuant to law, a report entitled "Review of the Department of Human Services' Foster Care Reimbursement Efforts"; to the Committee on Governmental Affairs.

EC-1518. A communication from the District of Columbia Auditor, transmitting, pursuant to law, a report entitled "Financial Review of the District of Columbia's Drug Asset Forfeiture Program"; to the Committee on Governmental Affairs.

EC-1519. A communication from the District of Columbia Auditor, transmitting, pursuant to law, a report entitled "Audit of the District of Columbia's Recycling Program"; to the Committee on Governmental Affairs.

EC-1520. A communication from the Secretary of Education, transmitting, pursuant to law, the annual report entitled, "To Assure the Free Appropriate Public Education of All Children with Disabilities"; to the Committee on Labor and Human Resources.

PETITIONS AND MEMORIALS

The following petitions and memorials were laid before the Senate and were referred or ordered to lie on the table as indicated:

POM-358. A petition from a citizen of the State of Georgia for a redress of grievance; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

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POM-360. A petition from a citizen of the State of Georgia for a redress of grievance; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

POM-361. A petition from a citizen of the State of Georgia for a redress of grievance; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

POM-362. A petition from a citizen of the State of Georgia for a redress of grievance; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

POM-363. A petition from a citizen of the State of Georgia for a redress of grievance; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

POM-364. A petition from a citizen of the State of Georgia for a redress of grievance; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

POM-365. A petition from a citizen of the State of Georgia for a redress of grievance; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

POM-366. A petition from a citizen of the State of Georgia for a redress of grievance; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

POM-367. A petition from a citizen of the State of Georgia for a redress of grievance; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

POM-368. A petition from a citizen of the State of Georgia for a redress of grievance; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

POM-369. A petition from a citizen of the State of Georgia for a redress of grievance; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

POM-370. A petition from a citizen of the State of Georgia for a redress of grievance; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

POM-371. A petition from a citizen of the State of Georgia for a redress of grievance; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

POM-372. A petition from a citizen of the State of Georgia for a redress of grievance; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

POM-373. A petition from a citizen of the State of Nebraska for a redress of grievance; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

The following bills and joint resolutions were introduced, read the first and second time by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated:

By Mr. MCCAIN:

S. 1330. A bill to make available without fiscal year limitation the offsetting collections of the Federal Communications Commission for electromagnetic spectrum auctions; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

By Mr. HATCH:

S. 1331. A bill to adjust and make uniform the dollar amounts used in title 18 to distinguish between grades of offenses, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

S. 1332. A bill to clarify the application of certain Federal criminal laws to territories, possessions, and commonwealths, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

S. 1333. A bill to provide for a reduction of sentence for providing useful investigative information, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. FRIST:

S. 1334. A bill to amend chapter 28 of title 35, United States Code, to provide for noninfringing uses of patents on medical and surgical procedures; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

STATEMENTS ON INTRODUCED BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

By Mr. MCCAIN:

S. 1330. A bill to make available without fiscal year limitation the offsetting collections of the Federal Communications Commission for electromagnetic spectrum auctions; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

THE SPECTRUM AUCTION OFFSETTING COLLECTION AVAILABILITY ACT

● Mr. MCCAIN. Mr. President, today I am introducing the Spectrum Auction Offsetting Collection Availability Act. This bill is simple and would save a fiscal problem currently being faced by the Federal Communications Commission [FCC].

The FCC currently must expend funds in order to conduct spectrum auctions. When such auctions occur, the Commission is authorized to retain from the auction proceeds to offset the overhead costs of conducting the auction. This plan is logical and clearly benefits all concerned—especially the taxpayers.

However, it has been brought to my attention that when an auction is conducted late in the fiscal year, and the revenues come in too late to be expended during that fiscal year, the Commission does not have the authority to use the funds collected. This creates an unintentional monetary crisis at the FCC. Clearly, the FCC should be able to keep this money for more than 1 year in order to support spectrum auctions.

Currently there is much debate as to whether we should cut the FCC's funding or not. That is a debate for another