writing to endorse, the "Seniors Have Eyes, Ears and Teeth Act." It is our hope that action will be taken on your legislation during the current 115th Congress.

The "Seniors Have Eyes, Ears and Teeth Act" would help millions of Medicare beneficiaries who need vision, hearing and dental care, which is not covered by Medicare. Paying for these services is a hardship for many Medicare beneficiaries, half of whom live on incomes below \$24,150 per year. Medicare households spend on average 15 percent of their income, over two times more than younger households, on Medicare cost sharing and for services not covered by Medicare.

Routine dental services are very important to the overall health of Medicare beneficiaries, and today, many Medicare beneficiaries suffer isolation and severe health problems because they cannot afford to pay for vision and hearing examinations or to buy eyeglasses or hearing aids. For these reasons, the National Committee's current Legislative Agenda includes support for expanding Medicare benefits to cover vision, hearing and dental health services and equipment, which are important for healthy aging.

Thank you for your leadership on this important issue. We look forward to working with you to secure enactment of the "Seniors Have Eyes, Ears and Teeth Act," which would improve the Medicare program for today's seniors as well as future generations of beneficiaries.

Sincerely,

MAX RICHTMAN, President and CEO.

IMPROVING CUSTOMER SERVICE FOR VETERANS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Florida (Mr. YOHO) for 5 minutes.

Mr. YOHO. Mr. Speaker, today I will reintroduce the WINGMAN Act, a vital veterans' bill that will expedite the claims process for veterans who come to our congressional offices seeking assistance with their benefit claims. The current process leaves thousands of veterans and their families remaining in limbo awaiting resolution on their claims. The status quo is unacceptable, and it must change.

No servicemember should have to wait to receive benefits they have more than earned. This ends with the passage of the WINGMAN Act, which removes the middle man and allows staff to access these records directly, after obtaining a privacy release form without having to wait on the VA bureaucracy. I think if we just listen, this is about customer service. Yes, they are constituents, but they are also customers. Every Member of this Congress—all 535 Members—represents approximately 700,000 constituents, and I like to think that we are in the customer service business as is the VA, the Veterans Administration.

If we can't service our customers, where else can they go?

Last Congress, WINGMAN passed this House unanimously. It passed the Veterans' Affairs Committee unanimously, but it was held up by one Senator who thought he know more than the 435 Members of this body and that he knew more than the Veterans' Af-

fairs Committee. Fortunately, that Senator from Nevada is no longer here, and we are resubmitting this. I am hopeful that this Congress—the Members of this Chamber—will, once again, reform the veterans' claims process and that our colleagues in the upper Chamber will as well.

Before I close, I would also like to take a moment to recognize Representatives RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois, KYRSTEN SINEMA, and JOHN DELANEY for being coleads on this bill. All three of my colleagues have demonstrated their commitment to fighting for our veterans every day of every year that they have served in Congress.

We have right now right over 150 cosponsors of this bill, and it is a privilege to have their support. I thank them for helping to lead the charge to enact this change and others that are so desperately needed to better assist veterans and their families. Without their support, WINGMAN would not have the broad, bipartisan support that it does now. I urge the remainder of our colleagues to support WINGMAN as well. Let our Nation's veterans know that we've got their six.

PROTECT THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from California (Mr. CORREA) for 5 minutes.

Mr. CORREA. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to protect the Affordable Care Act. Today I urge you to give the Affordable Care Act the same chance we gave America's other great healthcare program, Medicare, way back in 1965.

Today Medicare covers over 55 million Americans and is a staple for senior care. But let's go back in time and remember what people were saying about Medicare in 1965. The American Medical Association said Medicare is an "invasion of the voluntary relationship between the patient and the physician."

The then-Republican leadership said the bill will cost too much. It will never cover enough seniors. It will make taxes too high, and we will be broke within 2 years.

Those are some of the quotes from The New York Times in 1965.

Today, 52 years later, Medicare is one of the most efficient healthcare systems in our country. Why? Because we gave it a chance to flourish.

Mr. Speaker, when we come together on behalf of the American people, we get things done. I ask my colleagues today: Do not repeal the Affordable Care Act. Instead, let's move past the politics of repealing the ACA. Let's learn from five decades of Medicare. Let's give Americans the healthcare coverage they want and they deserve, because in 60 years, it won't really matter whose name is on the program. But what will matter is that we came together and stopped the repeal. What will matter is that we fixed the ACA and made it work for every American.

The American people deserve good health care. If folks have issues with the ACA, then let's fix those issues. Let's make the ACA better. But to rip coverage from 30 million people, to destroy 2.6 million jobs, and to add \$350 billion to our deficit is not a good thing.

I ask my colleagues today to keep the ACA.

CITIZEN LEGISLATORS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. FITZPATRICK) for 5 minutes.

Mr. FITZPATRICK. Mr. Speaker, I rise today for the very first time in this Chamber as a servant of Pennsylvania's Eighth District-the good people of Bucks and Montgomery Counties-serving as their independent voice. The weight of this responsibility should not be lost on any of us. It is my sincere hope that each one of us hereregardless of where we come from or what our past experiences have been or how long we have been here-will do what the American people are demanding of us at this time: to work together as problem-solvers, not work against each other as ideologues.

Our Founders envisioned citizen legislators chosen from their peers to work on their behalf and to serve honorably with a focus on solutions, and then return home and live under the laws they helped pass, making way for a new generation of leadership with new ideas and a fresh perspective. Unfortunately, Mr. Speaker, we as a nation have strayed from that vision.

Today too many Americans feel left out. They see a system that does more to preserve the status quo than it does to solve our most pressing challenges. They see a class of career politicians and elite insiders. I wish I could tell my constituents—my bosses—that this problem is exaggerated and that this mess in Washington doesn't affect them or their families or their businesses.

But as a former anticorruption FBI special agent, I have seen the brokenness in our system, and I know the real-life impact that it has, which is both soft and hard corruption that tilts the legislative agenda towards special interests, electoral complacency that allows lawmakers to focus on accumulating power rather than serving their constituents, and an entrenched partisanship that grinds the gears of government to a halt.

Mr. Speaker, this does not have to be the fate of this Congress. It does not. The 115th Congress can be remembered as the one that buried party labels for good and focused on fixing the system. To that end, I have introduced legislative proposals to begin that process: a constitutional amendment enacting term limits for all Members of Congress and a constitutional amendment preventing Members of Congress from being paid unless a budget is passed.