## In the Senate of the United States,

December 21, 2017.

Resolved, That the bill from the House of Representatives (H.R. 195) entitled "An Act to amend title 44, United States Code, to restrict the distribution of free printed copies of the Federal Register to Members of Congress and other officers and employees of the United States, and for other purposes.", do pass with the following

### **AMENDMENT:**

At the end, add the following:

# 1 TITLE II—KEVIN AND AVONTE'S

- 2 **LAW OF 2017**
- 3 SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This title may be cited as the "Kevin and Avonte's
- 5 Law of 2017".

### A—Missing Subtitle Alzheimer's Disease Patient Alert Program Reauthorization 3 SEC. 211. SHORT TITLE. 5 This subtitle may be cited as the "Missing Americans 6 Alert Program Act of 2017". SEC. 212. REAUTHORIZATION OF THE MISSING ALZ-8 HEIMER'S DISEASE PATIENT ALERT PRO-9 GRAM. 10 (a) Amendments.—Section 240001 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (34 U.S.C. 12621) is amended— 13 (1) in the section header, by striking "ALZ-14 HEIMER'S DISEASE PATIENT" and inserting 15 "AMERICANS": 16 (2) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the 17 following: 18 "(a) Grant Program To Reduce Injury and Death of Missing Americans With Dementia and De-20 VELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES.—Subject to the availability 21 of appropriations to carry out this section, the Attorney 22 General, through the Bureau of Justice Assistance and in 23 consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human

24 Services—

1	"(1) shall award competitive grants to health
2	care agencies, State and local law enforcement agen-
3	cies, or public safety agencies and nonprofit organiza-
4	tions to assist such entities in planning, designing,
5	establishing, or operating locally based, proactive pro-
6	grams to prevent wandering and locate missing indi-
7	viduals with forms of dementia, such as Alzheimer's
8	Disease, or developmental disabilities, such as autism,
9	who, due to their condition, wander from safe envi-
10	ronments, including programs that—
11	"(A) provide prevention and response infor-
12	mation, including online training resources, and
13	referrals to families or guardians of such indi-
14	viduals who, due to their condition, wander from
15	a safe environment;
16	"(B) provide education and training, in-
17	cluding online training resources, to first re-
18	sponders, school personnel, clinicians, and the
19	public in order to—
20	"(i) increase the safety and reduce the
21	incidence of wandering of persons, who, due
22	to their dementia or developmental disabil-
23	ities, may wander from safe environments;
24	"(ii) facilitate the rescue and recovery
25	of individuals who, due to their dementia or

1	developmental disabilities, wander from safe
2	environments; and
3	"(iii) recognize and respond to and ap-
4	propriately interact with endangered miss-
5	ing individuals with dementia or develop-
6	mental disabilities who, due to their condi-
7	tion, wander from safe environments;
8	"(C) provide prevention and response train-
9	ing and emergency protocols for school adminis-
10	trators, staff, and families or guardians of indi-
11	viduals with dementia, such as Alzheimer's Dis-
12	ease, or developmental disabilities, such as au-
13	tism, to help reduce the risk of wandering by
14	such individuals; and
15	"(D) develop, operate, or enhance a notifi-
16	cation or communications systems for alerts,
17	advisories, or dissemination of other information
18	for the recovery of missing individuals with
19	forms of dementia, such as Alzheimer's Disease,
20	or with developmental disabilities, such as au-
21	tism; and
22	"(2) shall award grants to health care agencies,
23	State and local law enforcement agencies, or public
24	safety agencies to assist such agencies in designing,
25	establishing, and operating locative tracking tech-

1	nology programs for individuals with forms of demen-
2	tia, such as Alzheimer's Disease, or children with de-
3	velopmental disabilities, such as autism, who have
4	wandered from safe environments.";
5	(3) in subsection (b)—
6	(A) by inserting "competitive" after "to re-
7	ceive a";
8	(B) by inserting "agency or" before "orga-
9	nization" each place it appears; and
10	(C) by adding at the end the following:
11	"The Attorney General shall periodically solicit
12	applications for grants under this section by
13	publishing a request for applications in the Fed-
14	eral Register and by posting such a request on
15	the website of the Department of Justice."; and
16	(4) by striking subsections (c) and (d) and in-
17	serting the following:
18	"(c) Preference.—In awarding grants under sub-
19	section (a)(1), the Attorney General shall give preference to
20	law enforcement or public safety agencies that partner with
21	nonprofit organizations that appropriately use person-cen-
22	tered plans minimizing restrictive interventions and that
23	have a direct link to individuals, and families of individ-
24	uals, with forms of dementia, such as Alzheimer's Disease,
25	or developmental disabilities, such as autism.

1 "(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There 2 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section 3 \$2,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2018 through 2022.

4 "(e) GRANT ACCOUNTABILITY.—All grants awarded by 5 the Attorney General under this section shall be subject to 6 the following accountability provisions:

### "(1) AUDIT REQUIREMENT.—

"(A) DEFINITION.—In this paragraph, the term 'unresolved audit finding' means a finding in the final audit report of the Inspector General of the Department of Justice that the audited grantee has utilized grant funds for an unauthorized expenditure or otherwise unallowable cost that is not closed or resolved within 12 months from the date when the final audit report is issued.

"(B) AUDITS.—Beginning in the first fiscal year beginning after the date of enactment of this subsection, and in each fiscal year thereafter, the Inspector General of the Department of Justice shall conduct audits of recipients of grants under this section to prevent waste, fraud, and abuse of funds by grantees. The Inspector General shall determine the appropriate number of grantees to be audited each year.

1	"(C) Mandatory exclusion.—A recipient
2	of grant funds under this section that is found
3	to have an unresolved audit finding shall not be
4	eligible to receive grant funds under this section
5	during the first 2 fiscal years beginning after the
6	end of the 12-month period described in subpara-
7	graph(A).
8	"(D) Priority.—In awarding grants under
9	this section, the Attorney General shall give pri-
10	ority to eligible applicants that did not have an
11	unresolved audit finding during the 3 fiscal
12	years before submitting an application for a
13	grant under this section.
14	"(E) Reimbursement.—If an entity is
15	awarded grant funds under this section during
16	the 2-fiscal-year period during which the entity
17	is barred from receiving grants under subpara-
18	graph (C), the Attorney General shall—
19	"(i) deposit an amount equal to the
20	amount of the grant funds that were im-
21	properly awarded to the grantee into the
22	General Fund of the Treasury; and
23	"(ii) seek to recoup the costs of the re-
24	payment to the fund from the grant recipi-

1	ent that was erroneously awarded grant
2	funds.
3	"(2) Nonprofit organization require-
4	MENTS.—
5	"(A) Definition of nonprofit organiza-
6	TION.—For purposes of this paragraph and the
7	grant programs under this section, the term
8	'nonprofit organization' means an organization
9	that is described in section 501(c)(3) of the Inter-
10	nal Revenue Code of 1986 and is exempt from
11	taxation under section 501(a) of such Code.
12	"(B) Prohibition.—The Attorney General
13	may not award a grant under this section to a
14	nonprofit organization that holds money in off-
15	shore accounts for the purpose of avoiding pay-
16	ing the tax described in section 511(a) of the In-
17	ternal Revenue Code of 1986.
18	"(C) Disclosure.—Each nonprofit organi-
19	zation that is awarded a grant under this section
20	and uses the procedures prescribed in regulations
21	to create a rebuttable presumption of reasonable-
22	ness for the compensation of its officers, direc-
23	tors, trustees, and key employees, shall disclose to
24	the Attorney General, in the application for the

grant, the process for determining such com-

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pensation, including the independent persons involved in reviewing and approving such compensation, the comparability data used, and contemporaneous substantiation of the deliberation and decision. Upon request, the Attorney General shall make the information disclosed under this subparagraph available for public inspection.

### "(3) Conference expenditures.—

"(A) LIMITATION.—No amounts made available to the Department of Justice under this section may be used by the Attorney General, or by any individual or entity awarded discretionary funds through a cooperative agreement under this section, to host or support any expenditure for conferences that uses more than \$20,000 in funds made available by the Department of Justice, unless the head of the relevant agency or department, provides prior written authorization that the funds may be expended to host the conference.

"(B) WRITTEN APPROVAL.—Written approval under subparagraph (A) shall include a written estimate of all costs associated with the conference, including the cost of all food, bev-

1	erages, audio-visual equipment, honoraria for
2	speakers, and entertainment.
3	"(C) Report.—The Deputy Attorney Gen-
4	eral shall submit an annual report to the Com-
5	mittee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the
6	Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Rep-
7	resentatives on all conference expenditures ap-
8	proved under this paragraph.
9	"(4) Annual certification.—Beginning in the
10	first fiscal year beginning after the date of enactment
11	of this subsection, the Attorney General shall submit,
12	to the Committee on the Judiciary and the Committee
13	on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee
14	on the Judiciary and the Committee on Appropria-
15	tions of the House of Representatives, an annual cer-
16	tification—
17	"(A) indicating whether—
18	"(i) all audits issued by the Office of
19	the Inspector General under paragraph (1)
20	have been completed and reviewed by the
21	appropriate Assistant Attorney General or
22	Director;
23	"(ii) all mandatory exclusions required
24	$under\ paragraph\ (1)(C)\ have\ been\ issued;$
25	and

1	"(iii) all reimbursements required
2	$under\ paragraph\ (1)(E)\ have\ been\ made;$
3	and
4	"(B) that includes a list of any grant re-
5	cipients excluded under paragraph (1) from the
6	previous year.
7	"(f) Preventing Duplicative Grants.—
8	"(1) In general.—Before the Attorney General
9	awards a grant to an applicant under this section,
10	the Attorney General shall compare potential grant
11	awards with other grants awarded by the Attorney
12	General to determine if grant awards are or have
13	been awarded for a similar purpose.
14	"(2) Report.—If the Attorney General awards
15	grants to the same applicant for a similar purpose
16	the Attorney General shall submit to the Committee
17	on the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee on
18	the Judiciary of the House of Representatives a report
19	that includes—
20	"(A) a list of all such grants awarded, in-
21	cluding the total dollar amount of any such
22	grants awarded; and
23	"(B) the reason the Attorney General
24	awarded multiple grants to the same applicant
25	for a similar purpose.".

1	(b) Annual Report.—Not later than 2 years after the
2	date of enactment of this Act and every year thereafter, the
3	Attorney General shall submit to the Committee on the Ju-
4	diciary and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate
5	and the Committee on the Judiciary and the Committee on
6	Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report on
7	the Missing Americans Alert Program, as amended by sub-
8	section (a), which shall address—
9	(1) the number of individuals who benefitted
10	from the Missing Americans Alert Program, including
11	information such as the number of individuals with
12	reduced unsafe wandering, the number of people who
13	were trained through the program, and the estimated
14	number of people who were impacted by the program;
15	(2) the number of State, local, and tribal law en-
16	forcement or public safety agencies that applied for
17	funding under the Missing Americans Alert Program;
18	(3) the number of State, local, and tribal local
19	law enforcement or public safety agencies that re-
20	ceived funding under the Missing Americans Alert
21	Program, including—
22	(A) the number of State, local, and tribal
23	law enforcement or public safety agencies that
24	used such funding for training; and

1	(B) the number of State, local, and tribal
2	law enforcement or public safety agencies that
3	used such funding for designing, establishing, or
4	operating locative tracking technology;

- (4) the companies, including the location (city and State) of the headquarters and local offices of each company, for which their locative tracking technology was used by State, local, and tribal law enforcement or public safety agencies;
- (5) the nonprofit organizations, including the location (city and State) of the headquarters and local offices of each organization, that State, local, and tribal law enforcement or public safety agencies partnered with and the result of each partnership;
- (6) the number of missing children with autism or another developmental disability with wandering tendencies or adults with Alzheimer's being served by the program who went missing and the result of the search for each such individual; and
- (7) any recommendations for improving the
  Missing Americans Alert Program.
- 22 (c) Table of Contents.—The table of contents in 23 section 2 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforce-24 ment Act of 1994 is amended by striking the item relating 25 to section 240001 and inserting the following:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Sec. 240001. Missing Americans Alert Program.".

1	Subtitle B—Education and
2	Outreach
3	SEC. 231. ACTIVITIES BY THE NATIONAL CENTER FOR MISS-
4	ING AND EXPLOITED CHILDREN.
5	Section 404(b)(1)(H) of the Missing Children's Assist-
6	ance Act (34 U.S.C. 11293(b)(1)(H)) is amended by insert-
7	ing ", including cases involving children with develop-
8	mental disabilities such as autism" before the semicolon.
9	Subtitle C—Privacy Protections
0	SEC. 241. DEFINITIONS.
11	In this subtitle:
12	(1) CHILD.—The term "child" means an indi-
13	vidual who is less than 18 years of age.
14	(2) Indian tribe.—The term "Indian tribe" has
15	the meaning given that term in section 4(e) of the In-
16	dian Self-Determination and Education Assistance
17	$Act\ (25\ U.S.C.\ 5304(e)).$
18	(3) Law enforcement agency.—The term
19	"law enforcement agency" means an agency of a
20	State, unit of local government, or Indian tribe that
21	is authorized by law or by a government agency to
22	engage in or supervise the prevention, detection, in-
23	vestigation, or prosecution of any violation of crimi-
24	$nal\ law.$

1	(4) Non-invasive and non-permanent.—The
2	term "non-invasive and non-permanent" means, with
3	regard to any technology or device, that the procedure
4	to install the technology or device does not create an
5	external or internal marker or implant a device, such
6	as a microchip, or other trackable items.
7	(5) State.—The term "State" means each of the
8	50 States, the District of Columbia, the Common-
9	wealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Is-
10	lands, American Samoa, Guam, and the Common-
11	wealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.
12	(6) Unit of local government.—The term
13	"unit of local government" means a county, munici-
14	pality, town, township, village, parish, borough, or
15	other unit of general government below the State level.
16	SEC. 242. STANDARDS AND BEST PRACTICES FOR USE OF
17	NON-INVASIVE AND NON-PERMANENT TRACK-
18	ING DEVICES.
19	(a) Establishment.—
20	(1) In General.—Not later than 180 days after
21	the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney Gen-
22	eral, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and
23	Human Services and leading research, advocacy, self-

advocacy, and service organizations, shall establish

standards and best practices relating to the use of

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1	non-invasive and non-permanent tracking technology,
2	where a guardian or parent has determined that a
3	non-invasive and non-permanent tracking device is
4	the least restrictive alternative, to locate individuals
5	as described in subsection $(a)(2)$ of section 240001 of
6	the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act
7	of 1994 (34 U.S.C. 12621), as added by this title.
8	(2) Requirements.—In establishing the stand-
9	ards and best practices required under paragraph (1),
10	the Attorney General shall—
11	(A) determine—
12	(i) the criteria used to determine which
13	individuals would benefit from the use of a
14	$tracking\ device;$
15	(ii) the criteria used to determine who
16	should have direct access to the tracking
17	system; and
18	(iii) which non-invasive and non-per-
19	manent types of tracking devices can be
20	used in compliance with the standards and
21	best practices; and
22	(B) establish standards and best practices
23	the Attorney General determines are necessary to
24	the administration of a tracking system, includ-
25	ing procedures to—

1	(i) safeguard the privacy of the data
2	used by the tracking device such that—
3	(I) access to the data is restricted
4	to law enforcement and health agencies
5	determined necessary by the Attorney
6	General; and
7	(II) collection, use, and retention
8	of the data is solely for the purpose of
9	preventing injury to or death of the in-
10	dividual wearing the tracking device;
11	(ii) establish criteria to determine
12	whether use of the tracking device is the
13	least restrictive alternative in order to pre-
14	vent risk of injury or death before issuing
15	the tracking device, including the previous
16	consideration of less restrictive alternatives;
17	(iii) provide training for law enforce-
18	ment agencies to recognize signs of abuse
19	during interactions with applicants for
20	tracking devices;
21	(iv) protect the civil rights and lib-
22	erties of the individuals who use tracking
23	devices, including their rights under the
24	Fourth Amendment to the Constitution of
25	the United States;

1	(v) establish a complaint and inves-				
2	tigation process to address—				
3	(I) incidents of noncompliance by				
4	recipients of grants under subsection				
5	(a)(2) of section 240001 of the Violent				
6	Crime Control and Law Enforcement				
7	Act of 1994 (34 U.S.C. 12621), as				
8	added by this title, with the best prac-				
9	tices established by the Attorney Gen-				
10	eral or other applicable law; and				
11	(II) use of a tracking device over				
12	the objection of an individual; and				
13	(vi) determine the role that State agen-				
14	cies should have in the administration of a				
15	tracking system.				
16	(3) Effective date.—The standards and best				
17	practices established pursuant to paragraph (1) shall				
18	take effect 90 days after publication of such standards				
19	and practices by the Attorney General.				
20	(b) Required Compliance.—				
21	(1) In general.—Each entity that receives a				
22	grant under subsection (a)(2) of section 240001 of the				
23	Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of				
24	1994 (34 U.S.C. 12621), as added by this title, shall				
25	comply with any standards and best practices relat-				

- ing to the use of tracking devices established by the
  Attorney General in accordance with subsection (a).
- 3 (2) Determination of compliance.—The At-4 torney General, in consultation with the Secretary of 5 Health and Human Services, shall determine whether 6 an entity that receives a grant under subsection 7 (a)(2) of section 240001 of the Violent Crime Control 8 and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (34 U.S.C. 12621), 9 as added by this title, acts in compliance with the 10 standards and best practices described in paragraph 11 (1).
- 12 (c) APPLICABILITY OF STANDARDS AND BEST PRAC-13 TICES.—The standards and best practices established by the 14 Attorney General under subsection (a) shall apply only to 15 the grant programs authorized under subsection (a)(2) of 16 section 240001 of the Violent Crime Control and Law En-17 forcement Act of 1994 (34 U.S.C. 12621), as added by this 18 title.

### 19 (d) Limitations on Program.—

- 20 (1) Data storage.—Any tracking data pro-21 vided by tracking devices issued under this program 22 may not be used by a Federal entity to create a data-23 base.
- 24 (2) VOLUNTARY PARTICIPATION.—Nothing in 25 this title may be construed to require that a parent

or guardian use a tracking device to monitor the location of a child or adult under that parent or guardian's supervision if the parent or guardian does not believe that the use of such device is necessary or in

the interest of the child or adult under supervision.

Attest:

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Secretary.

# 115TH CONGRESS H.R. 195

# **AMENDMENT**