

(Mr. BOOZMAN) was added as a cosponsor of S. Con. Res. 36, a concurrent resolution expressing support of the goal of ensuring that all Holocaust victims live with dignity, comfort, and security in their remaining years, and urging the Federal Republic of Germany to reaffirm its commitment to that goal through a financial commitment to comprehensively address the unique health and welfare needs of vulnerable Holocaust victims, including home care and other medically prescribed needs.

S. RES. 349

At the request of Mr. ROBERTS, the name of the Senator from South Dakota (Mr. THUNE) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 349, a resolution congratulating the Farm Credit System on the celebration of its 100th anniversary.

S. RES. 466

At the request of Mr. GRASSLEY, the names of the Senator from Missouri (Mr. BLUNT) and the Senator from Oregon (Mr. WYDEN) were added as cosponsors of S. Res. 466, a resolution recognizing National Foster Care Month as an opportunity to raise awareness about the challenges of children in the foster-care system, and encouraging Congress to implement policy to improve the lives of children in the foster-care system.

AMENDMENT NO. 3897

At the request of Mr. LEE, the name of the Senator from Alabama (Mr. SESSIONS) was added as a cosponsor of amendment No. 3897 proposed to H.R. 2577, a bill making appropriations for the Departments of Transportation, and Housing and Urban Development, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2016, and for other purposes.

AMENDMENT NO. 3916

At the request of Ms. AYOTTE, the name of the Senator from New Hampshire (Mrs. SHAHEEN) was added as a cosponsor of amendment No. 3916 intended to be proposed to H.R. 2577, a bill making appropriations for the Departments of Transportation, and Housing and Urban Development, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2016, and for other purposes.

AMENDMENT NO. 3922

At the request of Mrs. FEINSTEIN, the names of the Senator from New Jersey (Mr. MENENDEZ), the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. MARKEY) and the Senator from Vermont (Mr. SANDERS) were added as cosponsors of amendment No. 3922 proposed to H.R. 2577, a bill making appropriations for the Departments of Transportation, and Housing and Urban Development, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2016, and for other purposes.

AMENDMENT NO. 3925

At the request of Mr. GRASSLEY, the names of the Senator from Kentucky (Mr. PAUL), the Senator from Idaho (Mr. CRAPO) and the Senator from Mis-

issippi (Mr. WICKER) were added as cosponsors of amendment No. 3925 intended to be proposed to H.R. 2577, a bill making appropriations for the Departments of Transportation, and Housing and Urban Development, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2016, and for other purposes.

STATEMENTS ON INTRODUCED BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

By Mr. DAINES (for himself, Mr. ENZI, and Mr. BARRASSO):

S. 2938. A bill to direct the Secretary of the Interior to reestablish the Royalty Policy Committee in order to further a more consultative process with key Federal, State, tribal, environmental, and energy stakeholders, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

Mr. DAINES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the text of the bill be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the text of the bill was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

S. 2938

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Certainty for States and Tribes Act".

SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act:

(1) COMMITTEE.—The term "Committee" means the Royalty Policy Committee reestablished under section 3(a).

(2) BOARD.—The term "Board" means the State and Tribal Resources Board established under section 3(c).

(3) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term "Indian tribe" has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450b).

(4) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior.

SEC. 3. RECONSTITUTION OF THE ROYALTY POLICY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall reestablish the Royalty Policy Committee in accordance with the charter of the Secretary dated March 26, 2010, except as otherwise provided in this Act.

(b) CORRECTIONS AND UPDATES.—In reestablishing the Committee, the Secretary shall make appropriate technical corrections and updates to the charter of the Committee, including by revising—

(1) all references to the Minerals Management Service or the Minerals Revenue Management so as to refer to the Office of Natural Resources Revenue;

(2) the estimated number and frequency of meetings of the Committee so that the Committee shall meet not less frequently than once each year; and

(3) the non-Federal membership of the Committee to include—

(A) not fewer than 5 members representing Governors of States that receive more than \$10,000,000 annually in royalty revenues from Federal leases; and

(B) not more than 5 members representing Indian tribes that are mineral-producing Indian tribes under—

(i) the Act of May 11, 1938 (commonly known as the "Indian Mineral Leasing Act of 1938") (25 U.S.C. 396a et seq.);

(ii) title XXVI of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (25 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.);

(iii) the Indian Mineral Development Act of 1982 (25 U.S.C. 2101 et seq.); or

(iv) any other law relating to mineral development that is specific to 1 or more Indian tribes.

(c) ESTABLISHMENT OF SUBCOMMITTEE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish a subcommittee of the Committee, to be known as the "State and Tribal Resources Board".

(2) MEMBERSHIP.—The Board shall be comprised of the non-Federal members of the Committee described in subsection (b)(3).

SEC. 4. REVIEW OF REGULATIONS AND POLICIES.

(a) CONSULTATION AND REPORT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—With respect to any proposed regulation or policy relating to mineral leasing policy for Federal land or Indian land for exploration, development, or production of oil, gas, or coal (including valuation methodologies and royalty and lease rates for oil, gas, or coal), not later than 180 days after the applicable date described in paragraph (2), the Committee shall—

(A) assess the proposed regulation or policy; and

(B) issue a report that describes the potential impact of the proposed regulation or policy, including any State and tribal budgetary and economic impacts described in subsection (b).

(2) DATE DESCRIBED.—The date referred to in paragraph (1) is, as applicable—

(A) with respect to a proposed regulation or policy issued on or after the date of enactment of this Act, the date of the issuance by the Secretary of the proposed regulation or policy; and

(B) with respect to a proposed regulation or policy that is pending as of the date of enactment of this Act, the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) STATE AND TRIBAL IMPACT DETERMINATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—To the maximum extent practicable, before any proposed regulation described in subsection (a)(1) is issued as a final rule, the Board shall publish a determination of the impact of the regulation on school funding, public safety, and other essential State or Indian tribal government services.

(2) DELAY REQUEST.—If the Board determines that a regulation described in paragraph (1) will have a negative State or tribal budgetary or economic impact, the Board may request a delay in the issuance of the proposed regulation as a final rule for the purposes of further—

(A) stakeholder consultation;

(B) budgetary review; and

(C) development of a proposal to mitigate the negative budgetary or economic impact.

(3) LIMITATION.—A delay under paragraph (2) shall not exceed a 180-day period beginning on the date on which the Board requested the delay.

(c) REVISION OF PROPOSED REGULATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Before any proposed regulation described in subsection (a)(1) may be issued as a final rule, the Secretary shall take into account any negative State or tribal budgetary or economic impact determined by the Committee under subsection (a)(1) and revise the proposed regulation to avoid the negative impact.

(2) FINAL RULE.—Any final regulation subject to paragraph (1) shall include—

(A) a summary of the report required under subsection (a)(1)(B); and

(B) a clear explanation of why the recommendations of that report (including the State and tribal determination under subsection (b)(1)) were or were not taken into account in the finalization of the regulation.

(d) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary shall submit to the Chairmen and Ranking Members of the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources and the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives a report regarding the explanation under subsection (c)(2)(B) of why the recommendations of the report under subsection (a)(1)(B) (including the State and tribal determination under subsection (b)(1)) were or were not taken into account in the finalization of the regulation.

SEC. 5. SPECIAL REVIEW OF PROGRAMMATIC ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT.

(a) PARTICIPANTS IN PROGRAMMATIC REVIEW.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the programmatic review of coal leasing on Federal land as described in section 4 of Secretarial Order 3338, issued by the Secretary on January 15, 2016, and entitled “Discretionary Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement to Modernize the Federal Coal Program”, the Secretary shall confer with, and take into consideration the views of, representatives appointed to the review board described in paragraph (2).

(2) REVIEW BOARD.—Each Governor of a State in which more than \$10,000,000 in revenue is collected annually by the United States as bonus bids, royalties, and rentals, and fees for production of coal under leases of Federal land, may appoint not more than 3 representatives to a review board to carry out the programmatic review described in paragraph (1), not fewer than 1 of whom shall be a member of the Board.

(3) DEADLINE.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall complete the programmatic review described in paragraph (1) not later than January 15, 2019.

(B) FAILURE TO MEET DEADLINE.—If the programmatic review is not completed by the deadline described in subparagraph (A), the programmatic review shall be considered to be complete as of that deadline.

(b) TERMINATION OF OTHER PROGRAMMATIC REVIEW.—Beginning on January 16, 2019, no Federal funds may be used to carry out the programmatic review described in subsection (a)(1).

(c) NO IMPLEMENTATION REQUIREMENT.—Nothing in this section requires the Secretary to conduct or complete the programmatic review or keep in effect the pause or moratorium on the issuance of new Federal coal leases under the Secretarial order described in subsection (a)(1) after January 20, 2017.

(d) TERMINATION OF MORATORIUM.—Effective January 16, 2019—

(1) the pause or moratorium on the issuance of new Federal coal leases under the Secretarial order referred to in subsection (a)(1) is terminated; and

(2) that Secretarial order shall have no force or effect.

SEC. 6. GRANDFATHERING OF COAL LEASES ON APPLICATION AND COAL LEASE MODIFICATIONS.

Nothing in Secretarial Order 3338, issued by the Secretary on January 15, 2016, and entitled “Discretionary Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement to Modernize the Federal Coal Program” shall be considered to prohibit or restrict any issuance of a coal lease on application, or modification to a coal lease on application pursuant to subpart 3432 of part 3430 of title 43, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor regulations), for which the Bureau of Land Management has begun a review under section 102 of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332) as of January 15, 2016.

SEC. 7. DEADLINE FOR COAL LEASE SALES AND MODIFICATIONS.

Not later than 1 year after the date on which the Secretary completes the analysis

required under section 102 of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332) for an application for a coal lease, or an application for a modification to a coal lease pursuant to subpart 3432 of part 3430 of title 43, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor regulations), accepted by the Secretary, the Secretary shall conduct the lease sale and issue the lease, or approve the modification, unless the applicant indicates in writing that the applicant no longer seeks the lease or modification to the lease.

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 468—DESIGNATING THE WEEK OF MAY 15 THROUGH MAY 21, 2016, AS “NATIONAL POLICE WEEK”

Mr. GRASSLEY (for himself, Mr. LEAHY, Mr. MCCONNELL, Mr. PETERS, Mr. COCHRAN, Ms. HEITKAMP, Mr. PORTMAN, Mr. KING, Ms. AYOTTE, Ms. WARREN, Mr. ENZI, Mr. BROWN, Mr. BURR, Mr. SCHATZ, Mr. COTTON, Ms. HIRONO, Ms. MURKOWSKI, Mr. BOOKER, Mr. BOOZMAN, Mr. NELSON, Mr. CRAPO, Mrs. GILLIBRAND, Mr. DAINES, Mr. CARPER, Mr. MORAN, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. TILLIS, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. CORNYN, Ms. KLOBUCHAR, Mrs. FISCHER, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Mr. GARDNER, Mr. BENNETT, Mrs. CAPITO, Mr. DONNELLY, Mr. HATCH, Mr. CASEY, Mr. JOHNSON, Mr. COONS, Mr. CRUZ, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. BLUNT, Mr. MANCHIN, Mr. ISAKSON, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. RUBIO, Mr. FRANKEN, Mr. WICKER, Mr. SCHUMER, Mr. SESSIONS, Mr. HOEVEN, Mr. GRAHAM, Mr. VITTER, Mr. MENENDEZ, Mr. LANKFORD, and Ms. COLLINS) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 468

Whereas, in 1962, John Fitzgerald Kennedy signed the Joint Resolution entitled “Joint Resolution to authorize the President to proclaim May 15 of each year as Peace Officers Memorial Day and the calendar week of each year during which such May 15 occurs as Police Week” (36 U.S.C. 136);

Whereas Federal, State, local, and tribal police officers, sheriffs, and other law enforcement officers across the United States serve with valor, dignity and integrity;

Whereas law enforcement officers are charged with pursuing justice for all individuals and performing their duties with fidelity to the constitutional and civil rights of the individuals that the law enforcement officers serve;

Whereas, in 2016, the Senate solemnly commemorates the 25th anniversary of the National Law Enforcement Officers Memorial, a national monument that pays homage to the more than 20,000 law enforcement heroes who made the ultimate sacrifice for the safety and protection of the United States and its people;

Whereas, in 2016, on the 15th anniversary of the September 11th terrorist attacks against the United States, the Senate honors the memory of those who perished, including the 72 law enforcement officers who were lost on that fateful day, and recognizes the tireless efforts of the law enforcement community to protect the citizenry and homeland through diligent investigations that disrupt terrorist plots, stem the flow of financing to terrorist networks, and bring evildoers to justice;

Whereas law enforcement officers selflessly serve their neighborhoods, often at the risk

of their own personal safety, and remain resolute in responding to calls for help despite their badges, at times, serving as a target for senseless acts of violence;

Whereas the vigilance, compassion, and decency of law enforcement officers are the best defense of society against individuals who prowl communities seeking to do harm;

Whereas Peace Officers Memorial Day, 2016, honors 123 law enforcement officers recently killed in the line of duty, including Joseph James Abdella, Gregory Thomas Alia, Darrell Lamond Allen, Adrian Arellano, James Matthew Bava, Gregg Anthony Benner, James Arthur Bennett, Jr., Sean Michael Bolton, Louis Michael Bonacasa, Robert James Bowling, Michael Alan Brandle, Vernell Brown, Jr., Stacey Lynn Case, Trevor John Casper, Craig Anthony Chandler, Eric Keith Chrisman, Michael Anthony Cinco, Neville S. K. Colburn, David Lee Colley, Rodney Condall, Ryan P. Copeland, Gil C. Datan, Christopher A. Davis, Timothy A. Davison, Benjamin Joseph Deen, Nicholas Glenn Dees, Diane Digiacomo, Daniel Neil Ellis, Eric Alan Eslary, Jared J. Forsyth, Carlos Diamond Francies, Donald R. Fredenburg, Jr., Ricardo Galvez, Eligio Ruiz Garcia, Jr., Johnny Edward Gatson, Juandre Devon Gilliam, Sr., Darren H. Goforth, John Ballard Gorman, Terence Avery Green, Arthur Adolph Green, III, Richard Allen Hall, Bryce Edward Hanes, Brent L. Hanger, Steven Brett Hawkins, Rosario Hernández de Hoyos, Randolph A. Holder, Daryle S. Holloway, Carl G. Howell, Michael Jeremiah Johnson, Tronoski Donte Jones, Jaimie Lynn Jursevics, William Karl Keese, Christopher Dan Kelley, Korby Lee Kennedy, Sonny Lee Kim, Paul John Koropal, Thomas Joseph LaValley, Joseph G. Lemm, Noah Aaron Leotta, Anthony E. Lossiah, Scott Paul Lunger, Dwight Darren Maness, Richard K. Martin, Chester J. McBride, III, Eli M. McCarsen, James Bryan McCrystal, Sr., John P. McKee, Roy D. McLaughlin, Eric O. Meier, Gregory Dale Mitchell, Charles Kerry Mitchum, Brian Raymond Moore, Gregory King Moore, William J. Myers, David Joseph Nelson, Henry Andres Nelson, Ladson Lamar O'Connor, Roger Monroe Odell, Kerrie Sue Orozco, Miguel Joseph Perez-Rios, Joseph Cameron Ponder, Brennan Roger Rabain, Jeffrey Emmons Radford, Anthony A. Raspa, Lloyd E. Reed, Jr., Sean Patrick Renfro, Burke Jevon Rhoads, Frank Román-Rodriguez, Elsa L. Rosa-Ortiz, Steven Martin Sandberg, William C. Sheldon, Rick Lee Silva, Sonny Allan Smith, Iris Janet Smith, Nathan-Michael William Smith, William Matthew Solomon, Luz M. Soto-Segarra, Michael Lynn Starrett, John Scott Stevens, Garrett Preston Russell Swasey, Liquori Terja Tate, Peter Wagner Taub, Scott R. Thompson, Taylor Joseph Thyfault, Kevin Jermaine Toatley, Zacarias Toro, Jr., Clifford Scott Travis, Nathan John Van Oort, Sr., Peggy Marie Vassallo, Rosemary Vela, Steven J. Vincent, Adrianna Maria Vorderbruggen, Darryl Deon Wallace, James Marvin Wallen, Jr., Daniel Scott Webster, Josie Lamar Wells, Craig Stephen Whisenand, John James Wilding, Robert Francis Wilson, III, Chad H. Wolf, Richard Glenn Woods, Alex K. Yazzie, and Kyle David Young; and

Whereas 35 law enforcement officers across the United States have made the ultimate sacrifice during the first 4 months of 2016: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) designates the week of May 15 through May 21, 2016, as “National Police Week”;

(2) expresses strong support for law enforcement officers across the United States for their efforts to build safer and more secure communities;