112TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H.R.3581

AN ACT

To amend the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 to increase transparency in Federal budgeting, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- ${\it 2\ tives\ of\ the\ United\ States\ of\ America\ in\ Congress\ assembled},$

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE. 2 This Act may be cited as the "Budget and Account-3 ing Transparency Act of 2012". TITLE I—FAIR VALUE 4 **ESTIMATES** 5 SEC. 101. CREDIT REFORM. 6 7 (a) In General.—Title V of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 is amended to read as follows: "TITLE V—FAIR VALUE 9 10 "SEC. 501. PURPOSES. "The purposes of this title are to— 11 "(1) measure more accurately the costs of Fed-12 13 eral credit programs by accounting for them on a 14 fair value basis; 15 "(2) place the cost of credit programs on a 16 budgetary basis equivalent to other Federal spend-17 ing; 18 "(3) encourage the delivery of benefits in the 19 form most appropriate to the needs of beneficiaries; 20 and "(4) improve the allocation of resources among 21 22 Federal programs. 23 "SEC. 502. DEFINITIONS. 24 "For purposes of this title: "(1) The term 'direct loan' means a disburse-25 26 ment of funds by the Government to a non-Federal

- borrower under a contract that requires the repayment of such funds with or without interest. The term includes the purchase of, or participation in, a loan made by another lender and financing arrangements that defer payment for more than 90 days, including the sale of a Government asset on credit terms. The term does not include the acquisition of a federally guaranteed loan in satisfaction of default claims or the price support loans of the Commodity Credit Corporation.
 - "(2) The term 'direct loan obligation' means a binding agreement by a Federal agency to make a direct loan when specified conditions are fulfilled by the borrower.
 - "(3) The term 'loan guarantee' means any guarantee, insurance, or other pledge with respect to the payment of all or a part of the principal or interest on any debt obligation of a non-Federal borrower to a non-Federal lender, but does not include the insurance of deposits, shares, or other withdrawable accounts in financial institutions.
 - "(4) The term 'loan guarantee commitment' means a binding agreement by a Federal agency to make a loan guarantee when specified conditions are

- fulfilled by the borrower, the lender, or any other party to the guarantee agreement.
- "(5)(A) The term 'cost' means the sum of the
 Treasury discounting component and the risk component of a direct loan or loan guarantee, or a modification thereof.
 - "(B) The Treasury discounting component shall be the estimated long-term cost to the Government of a direct loan or loan guarantee, or modification thereof, calculated on a net present value basis, excluding administrative costs and any incidental effects on governmental receipts or outlays.
 - "(C) The risk component shall be an amount equal to the difference between—
 - "(i) the estimated long-term cost to the Government of a direct loan or loan guarantee, or modification thereof, estimated on a fair value basis, applying the guidelines set forth by the Financial Accounting Standards Board in Financial Accounting Standards #157, or a successor thereto, excluding administrative costs and any incidental effects on governmental receipts or outlays; and

1	"(ii) the Treasury discounting component
2	of such direct loan or loan guarantee, or modi-
3	fication thereof.
4	"(D) The Treasury discounting component of a
5	direct loan shall be the net present value, at the time
6	when the direct loan is disbursed, of the following
7	estimated cash flows:
8	"(i) Loan disbursements.
9	"(ii) Repayments of principal.
10	"(iii) Essential preservation expenses, pay-
11	ments of interest and other payments by or to
12	the Government over the life of the loan after
13	adjusting for estimated defaults, prepayments,
14	fees, penalties, and other recoveries, including
15	the effects of changes in loan terms resulting
16	from the exercise by the borrower of an option
17	included in the loan contract.
18	"(E) The Treasury discounting component of a
19	loan guarantee shall be the net present value, at the
20	time when the guaranteed loan is disbursed, of the
21	following estimated cash flows:
22	"(i) Payments by the Government to cover
23	defaults and delinquencies, interest subsidies,
24	essential preservation expenses, or other pay-
25	ments.

1	"(ii) Payments to the Government includ
2	ing origination and other fees, penalties, and re
3	coveries, including the effects of changes in loan
4	terms resulting from the exercise by the guar
5	anteed lender of an option included in the loan
6	guarantee contract, or by the borrower of an
7	option included in the guaranteed loan contract
8	"(F) The cost of a modification is the sum of—
9	"(i) the difference between the current es
10	timate of the Treasury discounting component
11	of the remaining cash flows under the terms of
12	a direct loan or loan guarantee and the curren-
13	estimate of the Treasury discounting component
14	of the remaining cash flows under the terms of
15	the contract, as modified; and
16	"(ii) the difference between the current es
17	timate of the risk component of the remaining
18	cash flows under the terms of a direct loan or
19	loan guarantee and the current estimate of the
20	risk component of the remaining cash flows
21	under the terms of the contract as modified.
22	"(G) In estimating Treasury discounting com
23	ponents, the discount rate shall be the average inter

est rate on marketable Treasury securities of similar

- duration to the cash flows of the direct loan or loan guarantee for which the estimate is being made.
- "(H) When funds are obligated for a direct loan or loan guarantee, the estimated cost shall be based on the current assumptions, adjusted to incorporate the terms of the loan contract, for the fiscal year in which the funds are obligated.
 - "(6) The term 'program account' means the budget account into which an appropriation to cover the cost of a direct loan or loan guarantee program is made and from which such cost is disbursed to the financing account.
 - "(7) The term 'financing account' means the nonbudget account or accounts associated with each program account which holds balances, receives the cost payment from the program account, and also includes all other cash flows to and from the Government resulting from direct loan obligations or loan guarantee commitments made on or after October 1, 1991.
 - "(8) The term 'liquidating account' means the budget account that includes all cash flows to and from the Government resulting from direct loan obligations or loan guarantee commitments made prior

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- 1 to October 1, 1991. These accounts shall be shown 2 in the budget on a cash basis.
- 3 "(9) The term 'modification' means any Government action that alters the estimated cost of an 5 outstanding direct loan (or direct loan obligation) or 6 an outstanding loan guarantee (or loan guarantee 7 commitment) from the current estimate of cash 8 flows. This includes the sale of loan assets, with or 9 without recourse, and the purchase of guaranteed 10 loans (or direct loan obligations) or loan guarantees (or loan guarantee commitments) such as a change 12 in collection procedures.
 - "(10) The term 'current' has the same meaning as in section 250(c)(9) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.
 - "(11) The term 'Director' means the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.
 - "(12) The term 'administrative costs' means costs related to program management activities, but does not include essential preservation expenses.
 - "(13) The term 'essential preservation expenses' means servicing and other costs that are essential to preserve the value of loan assets or collateral.

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1 "SEC. 503. OMB AND CBO ANALYSIS, COORDINATION, AND

- 2 REVIEW.
- 3 "(a) IN GENERAL.—For the executive branch, the
- 4 Director shall be responsible for coordinating the esti-
- 5 mates required by this title. The Director shall consult
- 6 with the agencies that administer direct loan or loan guar-
- 7 antee programs.
- 8 "(b) Delegation.—The Director may delegate to
- 9 agencies authority to make estimates of costs. The delega-
- 10 tion of authority shall be based upon written guidelines,
- 11 regulations, or criteria consistent with the definitions in
- 12 this title.
- 13 "(c) Coordination With the Congressional
- 14 Budget Office.—In developing estimation guidelines,
- 15 regulations, or criteria to be used by Federal agencies, the
- 16 Director shall consult with the Director of the Congres-
- 17 sional Budget Office.
- 18 "(d) Improving Cost Estimates.—The Director
- 19 and the Director of the Congressional Budget Office shall
- 20 coordinate the development of more accurate data on his-
- 21 torical performance and prospective risk of direct loan and
- 22 loan guarantee programs. They shall annually review the
- 23 performance of outstanding direct loans and loan guaran-
- 24 tees to improve estimates of costs. The Office of Manage-
- 25 ment and Budget and the Congressional Budget Office

- 1 shall have access to all agency data that may facilitate
- 2 the development and improvement of estimates of costs.
- 3 "(e) Historical Credit Programs Costs.—The
- 4 Director shall review, to the extent possible, historical data
- 5 and develop the best possible estimates of adjustments
- 6 that would convert aggregate historical budget data to
- 7 credit reform accounting.

8 "SEC. 504. BUDGETARY TREATMENT.

- 9 "(a) President's Budget.—Beginning with fiscal
- 10 year 1992, the President's budget shall reflect the Treas-
- 11 ury discounting component of direct loan and loan guar-
- 12 antee programs. Beginning with fiscal year 2015, the
- 13 President's budget shall reflect the costs of direct loan and
- 14 loan guarantee programs. The budget shall also include
- 15 the planned level of new direct loan obligations or loan
- 16 guarantee commitments associated with each appropria-
- 17 tions request.
- 18 "(b) Appropriations Required.—Notwithstanding
- 19 any other provision of law, new direct loan obligations may
- 20 be incurred and new loan guarantee commitments may be
- 21 made for fiscal year 1992 and thereafter only to the extent
- 22 that—
- 23 "(1) new budget authority to cover their costs
- is provided in advance in an appropriation Act;

1	"(2) a limitation on the use of funds otherwise
2	available for the cost of a direct loan or loan guar-
3	antee program has been provided in advance in an
4	appropriation Act; or
5	"(3) authority is otherwise provided in appro-
6	priation Acts.
7	"(c) Exemption for Direct Spending Pro-
8	GRAMS.—Subsections (b) and (e) shall not apply to—
9	"(1) any direct loan or loan guarantee program
10	that constitutes an entitlement (such as the guaran-
11	teed student loan program or the veteran's home
12	loan guaranty program);
13	"(2) the credit programs of the Commodity
14	Credit Corporation existing on the date of enactment
15	of this title; or
16	"(3) any direct loan (or direct loan obligation)
17	or loan guarantee (or loan guarantee commitment)
18	made by the Federal National Mortgage Association
19	or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation.
20	"(d) Budget Accounting.—
21	"(1) The authority to incur new direct loan ob-
22	ligations, make new loan guarantee commitments, or
23	modify outstanding direct loans (or direct loan obli-
24	gations) or loan guarantees (or loan guarantee com-
25	mitments) shall constitute new budget authority in

- an amount equal to the cost of the direct loan or 2 loan guarantee in the fiscal year in which definite 3 authority becomes available or indefinite authority is
- used. Such budget authority shall constitute an obli-
- 5 gation of the program account to pay to the financ-
- 6 ing account.

- 7 "(2) The outlays resulting from new budget au-8 thority for the cost of direct loans or loan guaran-9 tees described in paragraph (1) shall be paid from 10 the program account into the financing account and 11 recorded in the fiscal year in which the direct loan 12 or the guaranteed loan is disbursed or its costs al-13 tered.
- 14 "(3) All collections and payments of the financ-15 ing accounts shall be a means of financing.
- 16 "(e) Modifications.—An outstanding direct loan
- 17 (or direct loan obligation) or loan guarantee (or loan guar-
- 18 antee commitment) shall not be modified in a manner that
- increases its costs unless budget authority for the addi-19
- tional cost has been provided in advance in an appropria-
- 21 tion Act.
- 22 "(f) Reestimates.—When the estimated cost for a
- 23 group of direct loans or loan guarantees for a given pro-
- gram made in a single fiscal year is re-estimated in a sub-
- sequent year, the difference between the reestimated cost

- 1 and the previous cost estimate shall be displayed as a dis-
- 2 tinct and separately identified subaccount in the program
- 3 account as a change in program costs and a change in
- 4 net interest. There is hereby provided permanent indefi-
- 5 nite authority for these re-estimates.
- 6 "(g) Administrative Expenses.—All funding for
- 7 an agency's administrative costs associated with a direct
- 8 loan or loan guarantee program shall be displayed as dis-
- 9 tinct and separately identified subaccounts within the
- 10 same budget account as the program's cost.

11 "SEC. 505. AUTHORIZATIONS.

- 12 "(a) Authorization for Financing Accounts.—
- 13 In order to implement the accounting required by this
- 14 title, the President is authorized to establish such non-
- 15 budgetary accounts as may be appropriate.
- 16 "(b) Treasury Transactions With the Financ-
- 17 ING ACCOUNTS.—
- 18 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the
- 19 Treasury shall borrow from, receive from, lend to, or
- 20 pay to the financing accounts such amounts as may
- be appropriate. The Secretary of the Treasury may
- prescribe forms and denominations, maturities, and
- terms and conditions for the transactions described
- in the preceding sentence, except that the rate of in-
- 25 terest charged by the Secretary on lending to financ-

ing accounts (including amounts treated as lending to financing accounts by the Federal Financing Bank (hereinafter in this subsection referred to as the 'Bank') pursuant to section 405(b)) and the rate of interest paid to financing accounts on uninvested balances in financing accounts shall be the same as the rate determined pursuant to section 502(5)(G).

"(2) Loans.—For guaranteed loans financed by the Bank and treated as direct loans by a Federal agency pursuant to section 406(b)(1), any fee or interest surcharge (the amount by which the interest rate charged exceeds the rate determined pursuant to section 502(5)(G) that the Bank charges to a private borrower pursuant to section 6(c) of the Federal Financing Bank Act of 1973 shall be considered a cash flow to the Government for the purposes of determining the cost of the direct loan pursuant to section 502(5). All such amounts shall be credited to the appropriate financing account.

"(3) REIMBURSEMENT.—The Bank is authorized to require reimbursement from a Federal agency to cover the administrative expenses of the Bank that are attributable to the direct loans financed for that agency. All such payments by an agency shall be considered administrative expenses subject to sec-

- tion 504(g). This subsection shall apply to trans-
- 2 actions related to direct loan obligations or loan
- 3 guarantee commitments made on or after October 1,
- 4 1991.

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- "(4) AUTHORITY.—The authorities provided in this subsection shall not be construed to supersede or override the authority of the head of a Federal agency to administer and operate a direct loan or loan guarantee program.
 - "(5) TITLE 31.—All of the transactions provided in the subsection shall be subject to the provisions of subchapter II of chapter 15 of title 31, United States Code.
 - "(6) Treatment of cash balances.—Cash balances of the financing accounts in excess of current requirements shall be maintained in a form of uninvested funds and the Secretary of the Treasury shall pay interest on these funds. The Secretary of the Treasury shall charge (or pay if the amount is negative) financing accounts an amount equal to the risk component for a direct loan or loan guarantee, or modification thereof. Such amount received by the Secretary of the Treasury shall be a means of financing and shall not be considered a cash flow of the Government for the purposes of section 502(5).

1	"(c) Authorization for Liquidating Ac-					
2	COUNTS.—(1) Amounts in liquidating accounts shall be					
3	available only for payments resulting from direct loan obli-					
4	gations or loan guarantee commitments made prior to Oc-					
5	tober 1, 1991, for—					
6	"(A) interest payments and principal repay-					
7	ments to the Treasury or the Federal Financing					
8	Bank for amounts borrowed;					
9	"(B) disbursements of loans;					
10	"(C) default and other guarantee claim pay-					
11	ments;					
12	"(D) interest supplement payments;					
13	"(E) payments for the costs of foreclosing,					
14	managing, and selling collateral that are capitalized					
15	or routinely deducted from the proceeds of sales;					
16	"(F) payments to financing accounts when re-					
17	quired for modifications;					
18	"(G) administrative costs and essential preser-					
19	vation expenses, if—					
20	"(i) amounts credited to the liquidating ac-					
21	count would have been available for administra-					
22	tive costs and essential preservation expenses					
23	under a provision of law in effect prior to Octo-					
24	ber 1, 1991; and					

- 1 "(ii) no direct loan obligation or loan guar-
- 2 antee commitment has been made, or any modi-
- 3 fication of a direct loan or loan guarantee has
- 4 been made, since September 30, 1991; or
- 5 "(H) such other payments as are necessary for
- 6 the liquidation of such direct loan obligations and
- 7 loan guarantee commitments.
- 8 "(2) Amounts credited to liquidating accounts in any
- 9 year shall be available only for payments required in that
- 10 year. Any unobligated balances in liquidating accounts at
- 11 the end of a fiscal year shall be transferred to miscella-
- 12 neous receipts as soon as practicable after the end of the
- 13 fiscal year.
- 14 "(3) If funds in liquidating accounts are insufficient
- 15 to satisfy obligations and commitments of such accounts,
- 16 there is hereby provided permanent, indefinite authority
- 17 to make any payments required to be made on such obliga-
- 18 tions and commitments.
- 19 "(d) Reinsurance.—Nothing in this title shall be
- 20 construed as authorizing or requiring the purchase of in-
- 21 surance or reinsurance on a direct loan or loan guarantee
- 22 from private insurers. If any such reinsurance for a direct
- 23 loan or loan guarantee is authorized, the cost of such in-
- 24 surance and any recoveries to the Government shall be in-
- 25 cluded in the calculation of the cost.

- 1 "(e) Eligibility and Assistance.—Nothing in this
- 2 title shall be construed to change the authority or the re-
- 3 sponsibility of a Federal agency to determine the terms
- 4 and conditions of eligibility for, or the amount of assist-
- 5 ance provided by a direct loan or a loan guarantee.
- 6 "SEC. 506. TREATMENT OF DEPOSIT INSURANCE AND AGEN-
- 7 CIES AND OTHER INSURANCE PROGRAMS.
- 8 "This title shall not apply to the credit or insurance
- 9 activities of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- 10 National Credit Union Administration, Resolution Trust
- 11 Corporation, Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation, Na-
- 12 tional Flood Insurance, National Insurance Development
- 13 Fund, Crop Insurance, or Tennessee Valley Authority.
- 14 "SEC. 507. EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.
- 15 "(a) Effect on Other Laws.—This title shall su-
- 16 persede, modify, or repeal any provision of law enacted
- 17 prior to the date of enactment of this title to the extent
- 18 such provision is inconsistent with this title. Nothing in
- 19 this title shall be construed to establish a credit limitation
- 20 on any Federal loan or loan guarantee program.
- 21 "(b) Crediting of Collections.—Collections re-
- 22 sulting from direct loans obligated or loan guarantees
- 23 committed prior to October 1, 1991, shall be credited to
- 24 the liquidating accounts of Federal agencies. Amounts so
- 25 credited shall be available, to the same extent that they

- 1 were available prior to the date of enactment of this title,
- 2 to liquidate obligations arising from such direct loans obli-
- 3 gated or loan guarantees committed prior to October 1,
- 4 1991, including repayment of any obligations held by the
- 5 Secretary of the Treasury or the Federal Financing Bank.
- 6 The unobligated balances of such accounts that are in ex-
- 7 cess of current needs shall be transferred to the general
- 8 fund of the Treasury. Such transfers shall be made from
- 9 time to time but, at least once each year.".
- 10 (b) Conforming Amendment.—The table of con-
- 11 tents set forth in section 1(b) of the Congressional Budget
- 12 and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 is amended by
- 13 striking the items relating to title V and inserting the fol-
- 14 lowing:

"TITLE V—FAIR VALUE

- "Sec. 501. Purposes.
- "Sec. 502. Definitions.
- "Sec. 503. OMB and CBO analysis, coordination, and review.
- "Sec. 504. Budgetary treatment.
- "Sec. 505. Authorizations.
- "Sec. 506. Treatment of deposit insurance and agencies and other insurance programs.
- "Sec. 507. Effect on other laws.".

15 SEC. 102. EFFECTIVE DATE.

- 16 The amendment made by section 101 shall take effect
- 17 beginning with fiscal year 2014.
- 18 SEC. 103. BUDGETARY ADJUSTMENT.
- 19 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 251(b)(1) of the Balanced
- 20 Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 is
- 21 amended by adding at the end the following new sentence:

1	"A change in discretionary spending solely as a result of
2	the amendment to title V of the Congressional Budget Act
3	of 1974 made by the Budget and Accounting Trans-
4	parency Act of 2012 shall be treated as a change of con-
5	cept under this paragraph.".
6	(b) Report.—Before adjusting the discretionary
7	caps pursuant to the authority provided in subsection (a),
8	the Office of Management and Budget shall report to the
9	Committees on the Budget of the House of Representa-
10	tives and the Senate on the amount of that adjustment,
11	the methodology used in determining the size of that ad-
12	justment, and a program-by-program itemization of the
13	components of that adjustment.
14	(c) Schedule.—The Office of Management and
15	Budget shall not make an adjustment pursuant to the au-
16	thority provided in subsection (a) sooner than 60 days
17	after providing the report required in subsection (b).
18	TITLE II—BUDGETARY
19	TREATMENT
20	SEC. 201. CBO AND OMB STUDIES RESPECTING BUDGETING
21	FOR COSTS OF FEDERAL INSURANCE PRO-
22	GRAMS.
23	Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
24	of this Act, the Directors of the Congressional Budget Of-
25	fice and of the Office of Management and Budget shall

- 1 each prepare a study and make recommendations to the
- 2 Committees on the Budget of the House of Representa-
- 3 tives and the Senate as to the feasability of applying fair
- 4 value concepts to budgeting for the costs of Federal insur-
- 5 ance programs.
- 6 SEC. 202. ON-BUDGET STATUS OF FANNIE MAE AND
- 7 FREDDIE MAC.
- 8 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the re-
- 9 ceipts and disbursements, including the administrative ex-
- 10 penses, of the Federal National Mortgage Association and
- 11 the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation shall be
- 12 counted as new budget authority, outlays, receipts, or def-
- 13 icit or surplus for purposes of—
- 14 (1) the budget of the United States Govern-
- ment as submitted by the President;
- 16 (2) the congressional budget; and
- 17 (3) the Balanced Budget and Emergency Def-
- icit Control Act of 1985.
- 19 SEC. 203. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- Section 202 shall not apply with respect to an enter-
- 21 prise (as such term is defined in section 1303 of the Fed-
- 22 eral Housing Enterprises Financial Safety and Soundness
- 23 Act of 1992 (12 U.S.C. 4502)) after the date that all of
- 24 the following have occurred:

- 1 (1) The conservatorship for such enterprise 2 under section 1367 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 4617) 3 has been terminated.
 - (2) The Director of the Federal Housing Finance Agency has certified in writing that such enterprise has repaid to the Federal Government the maximum amount consistent with minimizing total cost to the Federal Government of the financial assistance provided to the enterprise by the Federal Government pursuant to the amendments made by section 1117 of the Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008 (Public Law 110–289; 122 Stat. 2683) or otherwise.
 - (3) The charter for the enterprise has been revoked, annulled, or terminated and the authorizing statute (as such term is defined in such section 1303) with respect to the enterprise has been repealed.

TITLE III—BUDGET REVIEW AND ANALYSIS

- 21 SEC. 301, CBO AND OMB REVIEW AND RECOMMENDATIONS
- 22 RESPECTING RECEIPTS AND COLLECTIONS.
- Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
- 24 of this Act, the Director of the Office of Management and
- 25 Budget shall prepare a study of the history of offsetting

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- 1 collections against expenditures and the amount of re-
- 2 ceipts collected annually, the historical application of the
- 3 budgetary terms "revenue", "offsetting collections", and
- 4 "offsetting receipts", and review the application of those
- 5 terms and make recommendations to the Committees on
- 6 the Budget of the House of Representatives and the Sen-
- 7 ate of whether such usage should be continued or modi-
- 8 fied. The Director of the Congressional Budget Office
- 9 shall review the history and recommendations prepared by
- 10 the Director of the Office of Management and Budget and
- 11 shall submit comments and recommendations to such
- 12 Committees.
- 13 SEC. 302. AGENCY BUDGET JUSTIFICATIONS.
- 14 Section 1108 of title 31, United States Code, is
- 15 amended by inserting at the end the following new sub-
- 16 section:
- 17 "(h)(1) Whenever any agency prepares and submits
- 18 written budget justification materials for any committee
- 19 of the House of Representatives or the Senate, such agen-
- 20 cy shall post such budget justification on the same day
- 21 of such submission on the 'open' page of the public website
- 22 of the agency, and the Office of Management and Budget
- 23 shall post such budget justification in a centralized loca-
- 24 tion on its website, in the format developed under para-
- 25 graph (2).

1	"(2) The Office of Management and Budget, in con-					
2	sultation with the Congressional Budget Office and the					
3	Government Accountability Office, shall develop and notify					
4	each agency of the format in which to post a budget jus					
5	tification under paragraph (1). Such format shall be de					
6	signed to ensure that posted budget justifications for al					
7	agencies—					
8	"(A) are searchable, sortable, and downloadable					
9	by the public;					
10	"(B) are consistent with generally accepted					
11	standards and practices for machine-discoverability					
12	"(C) are organized uniformly, in a logical man-					
13	ner that makes clear the contents of a budget jus-					
14	tification and relationships between data elements					
15	within the budget justification and among similar					
16	documents; and					
17	"(D) use uniform identifiers, including for					
18	agencies, bureaus, programs, and projects.".					
	Passed the House of Representatives February 7					
	2012					

Attest:

Clerk.

112TH CONGRESS H. R. 3581

AN ACT

To amend the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 to increase transparency in Federal budgeting, and for other purposes.