110TH CONGRESS H.R. 1721

AN ACT

To increase the safety of swimming pools and spas by requiring the use of proper anti-entrapment drain covers and pool and spa drainage systems, by establishing a swimming pool safety grant program administered by the Consumer Product Safety Commission to encourage States to improve their pool and spa safety laws and to educate the public about pool and spa safety, and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS. 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the 5 "Virginia Graeme Baker Pool and Spa Safety Act". (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for 6 this Act is as follows: Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents. Sec. 2. Findings. Sec. 3. Federal swimming pool and spa drain cover standard. Sec. 4. State swimming pool safety grant program. Sec. 5. Minimum State law requirements. Sec. 6. Education program. Sec. 7. Definitions. Sec. 8. CPSC report. 8 SEC. 2. FINDINGS. 9 The Congress finds that— 10 (1) of injury-related deaths, drowning is the 11 second leading cause of death in children aged 1 to 12 14 in the United States; 13 (2) there are approximately 260 drowning 14 deaths of children younger than age 5 each year in 15 swimming pools, and an estimated 2,725 children 16 are treated annually in hospital emergency rooms for 17 pool submersion injuries, mostly in residential pools; 18 (3) many children die due to pool and spa 19 drowning and entrapment, such as Virginia Graeme

Baker, who at age 7 drowned by entrapment in a

residential spa, and Preston de Ibern, who at age 5

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- 1 nearly drowned and was left permanently brain dam-
- 2 aged, finally succumbing to his catastrophic
- 3 healthcare issues when he was 12 years old;
- 4 (4) adult supervision at all aquatic venues is a
- 5 critical safety factor in preventing children from
- 6 drowning; and
- 7 (5) research studies show that the installation
- 8 and proper use of barriers or fencing, as well as ad-
- 9 ditional layers of protection, could substantially re-
- duce the number of childhood residential swimming
- 11 pool drownings and near drownings.
- 12 SEC. 3. FEDERAL SWIMMING POOL AND SPA DRAIN COVER
- 13 **STANDARD.**
- 14 (a) Consumer Product Safety Rule.—The pro-
- 15 visions of subsection (b) shall be considered to be a con-
- 16 sumer product safety rule issued by the Consumer Product
- 17 Safety Commission under section 9 of the Consumer Prod-
- 18 uct Safety Act (15 U.S.C. 2058).
- 19 (b) Drain Cover Standard.—Effective 1 year
- 20 after the date of enactment of this Act, each swimming
- 21 pool or spa drain cover manufactured, distributed, or en-
- 22 tered into commerce in the United States shall conform
- 23 to the entrapment protection standards of the ASME/
- 24 ANSI A112.19.8 performance standard.

- 1 (c) REVISION OF RULE.—If, after the enactment of
- 2 this Act, ANSI proposes to revise the entrapment protec-
- 3 tion requirements of ASME/ANSI A112.19.8, ANSI shall
- 4 notify the Consumer Product Safety Commission of the
- 5 proposed revision and the proposed revision shall be incor-
- 6 porated in the consumer product safety rule under sub-
- 7 section (a) unless, within 60 days of such notice, the Com-
- 8 mission notifies ANSI that the Commission has deter-
- 9 mined that such revision does not carry out the purposes
- 10 of subsection (b).
- 11 (d) Implementing Regulations.—Section 553 of
- 12 title 5, United States Code, shall apply with respect to
- 13 the issuance of any regulations by the Consumer Product
- 14 Safety Commission to implement the requirements of this
- 15 section, and sections 7 and 9 of the Consumer Product
- 16 Safety Act shall not apply to such issuance.
- 17 SEC. 4. STATE SWIMMING POOL SAFETY GRANT PROGRAM.
- 18 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the availability of ap-
- 19 propriations authorized by subsection (e), the Commission
- 20 shall establish a grant program to provide assistance to
- 21 eligible States.
- (b) Eligibility.—To be eligible for a grant under
- 23 the program, a State shall—
- 24 (1) demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Com-
- 25 mission that it has a State statute, or that, after the

1	date of enactment of this Act, it has enacted a stat-
2	ute, or amended an existing statute, that provides
3	for the enforcement of a law that—
4	(A) except as provided in section
5	5(a)(1)(A)(i), applies to all swimming pools in
6	the State; and
7	(B) meets the minimum State law require-
8	ments of section 5; and
9	(2) submit an application to the Commission at
10	such time, in such form, and containing such addi-
11	tional information as the Commission may require.
12	(c) Amount of Grant.—The Commission shall de-
13	termine the amount of a grant awarded under this Act,
14	and shall consider—
15	(1) the population and relative enforcement
16	needs of each qualifying State; and
17	(2) allocation of grant funds in a manner de-
18	signed to provide the maximum benefit from the
19	program in terms of protecting children from drown-
20	ing or entrapment, and, in making that allocation,
21	shall give priority to States that have not received
22	a grant under this Act in a preceding fiscal year.
23	(d) Use of Grant Funds.—A State receiving a
24	grant under this section shall use—

1	(1) at least 50 percent of amount made avail-
2	able to hire and train enforcement personnel for im-
3	plementation and enforcement of standards under
4	the State swimming pool and spa safety law; and
5	(2) the remainder—
6	(A) to educate pool construction and in-
7	stallation companies and pool service companies
8	about the standards;
9	(B) to educate pool owners, pool operators,
10	and other members of the public about the
11	standards under the swimming pool and spa
12	safety law and about the prevention of drown-
13	ing or entrapment of children using swimming
14	pools and spas; and
15	(C) to defray administrative costs associ-
16	ated with such training and education pro-
17	grams.
18	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
19	are authorized to be appropriated to the Commission for
20	each of fiscal years 2009 through 2013 \$5,000,000 to
21	carry out this section, such sums to remain available until
22	expended.
23	SEC. 5. MINIMUM STATE LAW REQUIREMENTS.
24	(a) In General.—

1	(1) Safety Standards.—A State meets the
2	minimum State law requirements of this section if—
3	(A) the State requires by statute—
4	(i) the enclosure of all outdoor resi-
5	dential pools and spas by barriers to entry
6	that will effectively prevent small children
7	from gaining unsupervised and unfettered
8	access to the pool or spa;
9	(ii) that all pools and spas be
10	equipped with devices and systems de-
11	signed to prevent entrapment by pool or
12	spa drains;
13	(iii) that pools and spas built more
14	than 1 year after the date of enactment of
15	such statute have—
16	(I) more than 1 drain per cir-
17	culation pump;
18	(II) 1 or more unblockable drains
19	per circulation pump; or
20	(III) no main drain; and
21	(iv) every swimming pool and spa that
22	has a main drain, other than an
23	unblockable drain, be equipped with a
24	drain cover that meets the consumer prod-

1	uct safety standard established by section
2	3; and
3	(B) the State meets such additional State
4	law requirements for pools and spas as the
5	Commission may establish after public notice
6	and a 30-day public comment period.
7	(2) Use of minimum state law require-
8	MENTS.—The Commission—
9	(A) shall use the minimum State law re-
10	quirements under paragraph (1) solely for the
11	purpose of determining the eligibility of a State
12	for a grant under section 4 of this Act; and
13	(B) may not enforce any requirement
14	under paragraph (1) except for the purpose of
15	determining the eligibility of a State for a grant
16	under section 4 of this Act.
17	(3) Requirements to reflect national
18	PERFORMANCE STANDARDS AND COMMISSION
19	GUIDELINES.—In establishing minimum State law
20	requirements under paragraph (1), the Commission
21	shall—
22	(A) consider current or revised national
23	performance standards on pool and spa barrier
24	protection and entrapment prevention; and

- 1 (B) ensure that any such requirements are
 2 consistent with the guidelines contained in the
 3 Commission's publication 362, entitled "Safety
 4 Barrier Guidelines for Home Pools", the Commission's publication entitled "Guidelines for
 5 Entrapment Hazards: Making Pools and Spas
 7 Safer", and any other pool safety guidelines established by the Commission.
- 9 (b) STANDARDS.—Nothing in this section prevents
 10 the Commission from promulgating standards regulating
 11 pool and spa safety or from relying on an applicable na12 tional performance standard.
- 13 (c) Basic Access-Related Safety Devices and 14 Equipment Requirements to Be Considered.—In 15 establishing minimum State law requirements for swim-16 ming pools and spas under subsection (a)(1), the Commis-17 sion shall consider the following requirements:
- 18 (1) Covers.—A safety pool cover.
- 19 (2) GATES.—A gate with direct access to the 20 swimming pool that is equipped with a self-closing, 21 self-latching device.
- 22 (3) DOORS.—Any door with direct access to the 23 swimming pool that is equipped with an audible alert 24 device or alarm which sounds when the door is 25 opened.

1	(4) POOL ALARM.—A device designed to provide
2	rapid detection of an entry into the water of a swim-
3	ming pool or spa.
4	(d) Entrapment, Entanglement, and Eviscera-
5	TION PREVENTION STANDARDS TO BE REQUIRED.—
6	(1) In general.—In establishing additional
7	minimum State law requirements for swimming
8	pools and spas under subsection (a)(1), the Commis-
9	sion shall require, at a minimum, 1 or more of the
10	following (except for pools constructed without a sin-
11	gle main drain):
12	(A) Safety vacuum release system.—
13	A safety vacuum release system which ceases
14	operation of the pump, reverses the circulation
15	flow, or otherwise provides a vacuum release at
16	a suction outlet when a blockage is detected
17	that has been tested by an independent third
18	party and found to conform to ASME/ANSI
19	standard A112.19.17 or ASTM standard
20	F2387.
21	(B) Suction-limiting vent system.—A
22	suction-limiting vent system with a tamper-re-
23	sistant atmospheric opening.

1	(C) Gravity drainage system.—A grav-
2	ity drainage system that utilizes a collector
3	tank.
4	(D) Automatic pump shut-off sys-
5	TEM.—An automatic pump shut-off system.
6	(E) Other systems.—Any other system
7	determined by the Commission to be equally ef-
8	fective as, or better than, the systems described
9	in subparagraphs (A) through (E) of this para-
10	graph at preventing or eliminating the risk of
11	injury or death associated with pool drainage
12	systems.
13	(2) APPLICABLE STANDARDS.—Any device or
14	system described in subparagraphs (B) through (E)
15	of paragraph (1) shall meet the requirements of any
16	ASME/ANSI or ASTM performance standard if
17	there is such a standard for such a device or system,
18	or any applicable consumer product safety standard.
19	SEC. 6. EDUCATION PROGRAM.
20	(a) In General.—The Commission shall establish
21	and carry out an education program to inform the public
22	of methods to prevent drowning and entrapment in swim-
23	ming pools, spas, and ornamental pools. In carrying out

24 the program, the Commission shall develop—

1	(1) educational materials designed for pool
2	manufacturers, pool service companies, and pool
3	supply retail outlets;
4	(2) educational materials designed for pool own-
5	ers and operators;
6	(3) educational materials designed for orna-
7	mental pool owners and operators, including munici-
8	palities; and
9	(4) a national media campaign to promote
10	awareness of pool and spa safety.
11	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
12	are authorized to be appropriated to the Commission for
13	each of fiscal years 2008 through 2012 \$5,000,000 to
14	carry out the education program authorized by subsection
15	(a).
16	SEC. 7. DEFINITIONS.
17	In this Act:
18	(1) ASME/ANSI STANDARD.—The term
19	"ASME/ANSI standard" means a safety standard
20	accredited by the American National Standards In-
21	stitute and published by the American Society of
22	Mechanical Engineers.
23	(2) ASTM STANDARD.—The term "ASTM

standard" means a safety standard issued by ASTM

International, formerly known as the American Society for Testing and Materials.

(3) Barrier.—The term "barrier", with respect to a swimming pool, means a fence, dwelling wall, or nondwelling wall, or any combination thereof, which completely surrounds the swimming pool and obstructs access to the swimming pool, especially access from the residence or from the yard outside the barrier. In the case where a wall of a dwelling that contains a door or window serves as part of the barrier, all doors and windows providing direct access from the home to the pool must be equipped with an exit alarm that has a minimum sound pressure rating of 85 dB A at 10 feet. Alarms should meet the requirements of UL 2017 General-Purpose Signaling Devices and Systems, section 77. All doors providing direct access from the home to the pool must be equipped with a self-closing, selflatching device with a release mechanism placed no lower than 54 inches above the floor. The term "barrier" means, with respect to a portable hot tub, a lockable cover.

(4) Commission.—The term "Commission" means the Consumer Product Safety Commission.

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- 1 (5) Main drain.—The term "main drain"
 2 means a submerged suction outlet typically located
 3 at the bottom of a pool or spa to conduct water to
 4 a re-circulating pump.
 - (6) Ornamental Pool.—The term "ornamental pool" means a man-made structure designed to contain water—such as a decorative fountain or reflecting pool in the ground, partially in the ground, or in a building, intended primarily for aesthetic value and not intended for swimming or wading.
 - (7) Safety vacuum release system.—The term "safety vacuum release system" means a vacuum release system capable of providing vacuum release at a suction outlet caused by a high vacuum occurrence due to a suction outlet flow blockage.
 - (8) Unblockable drain" means a drain of any size and shape that a human body cannot sufficiently block to create a suction entrapment hazard.
 - (9) SWIMMING POOL; SPA.—The term "swimming pool" or "spa" means any outdoor or indoor structure intended for swimming or recreational bathing, including in-ground and above-ground

- 1 structures, and includes hot tubs, spas, portable
- 2 spas, and non-portable wading pools.
- 3 SEC. 8. CPSC REPORT.
- 4 Within 1 year after the close of each fiscal year for
- 5 which grants are made under section 4, the Commission
- 6 shall submit a report to the Congress evaluating the effec-
- 7 tiveness of the grant program authorized by that section.

Passed the House of Representatives October 9, 2007.

Attest:

Clerk.

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