Union Calendar No. 364

104TH CONGRESS H. R. 1627

[Report No. 104–669, Parts I and II]

A BILL

To amend the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act and the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, and for other purposes.

JULY 23, 1996

Reported from the Committee on Commerce with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

Union Calendar No. 364 H.R. 1627

104th CONGRESS 2d Session

[Report No. 104-669, Parts I and II]

To amend the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act and the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

May 12, 1995

Mr. Bliley (for himself, Mr. Towns, Mr. Roberts, Mr. de la Garza, Mr. EMERSON, Mr. CONDIT, Mr. BILIRAKIS, Mr. GUNDERSON, Mr. STEN-HOLM, Mr. COMBEST, Mr. MONTGOMERY, Mr. ALLARD, Mr. YOUNG of Alaska, Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota, Mr. WALKER, Mr. DOOLEY, Mr. FIELDS of Texas, Mr. HALL of Texas, Mr. BARRETT of Nebraska, Mrs. THURMAN, Mr. HASTERT, Mr. POMEROY, Mr. WOLF, Mr. BISHOP, Mr. STUMP, Mrs. LINCOLN, Mr. EVERETT, Mr. PAXON, Mr. GOODLATTE, Mr. DOOLITTLE, Mr. CANADY of Florida, Mr. POMBO, Mr. KINGSTON, Mr. WALSH, Mr. HOEKSTRA, Mr. BAKER of Louisiana, Mr. CALVERT, Mr. SMITH of Michigan, Mr. Cox of California, Mr. CRAPO, Mr. LUCAS, Mr. LEWIS of Kentucky, Mr. SHADEGG, Mr. HOSTETTLER, Mrs. CHENOWETH, Mr. HUTCHINSON, Mr. CHAMBLISS, Mr. LATHAM, Mr. LAHOOD, Mr. TAYLOR of North Carolina, Mr. BEREUTER, Mr. WHITFIELD, Mr. NETHERCUTT, Mr. BOUCHER, Mr. OXLEY, Mr. SKEEN, Mr. BOEHNER, Mr. STUPAK, Mr. THORNBERRY, Mr. BRYANT of Tennessee, Mr. HASTINGS of Washington, Mr. POSHARD, Mr. BURR, Mr. SENSENBRENNER, Mr. TALENT, Ms. DANNER, Mr. HEFLEY, Mr. ORTON, Mr. UPTON, Mr. BILBRAY, Mr. FOLEY, Mr. MCCRERY, Mr. COOLEY, Mr. McHugh, Mr. Ganske, Mr. Ewing, Mr. Holden, Mr. Manzullo, Mr. HAYWORTH, Mr. CHRYSLER, Mr. GILLMOR, Mr. METCALF, Mrs. SEASTRAND, Mr. MINGE, Mr. DICKEY, Mr. NORWOOD, Mr. DUNCAN, Mr. BARTON OF TEXAS, Mr. GORDON, Mr. SCHAEFER, Mr. CLINGER, Mr. MOORHEAD, Mr. RADANOVICH, Mr. HANCOCK, Mr. ROSE, Mr. BUYER, and Mr. QUILLEN) introduced the following bill; Titles I-III, referred to the Committee on Agriculture; Title IV, referred to the Committee on Commerce

JULY 11, 1996

Reported from the Committee on Agriculture with amendments

[Omit the part struck through and insert the part printed in italic]

JULY 23, 1996

Additional sponsors: Mr. HAYES, Mr. PETERSON of Minnesota, Mr. COBLE, Mr. McIntosh, Mr. Ballenger, Mr. Bunn of Oregon, Mr. Laughlin, Mr. FUNDERBURK, Mr. PICKETT, Mr. BARR of Georgia, Mr. FAZIO of California, Mr. Collins of Georgia, Mr. Solomon, Mr. Gekas, Mr. BONO, Mr. JONES, Mr. BAKER of California, Mr. GUTKNECHT, Mr. SISI-SKY, Mr. KLUG, Mr. GALLEGLY, Mr. JACOBS, Mr. BURTON of Indiana, Mr. Archer, Mr. Camp, Mr. Christensen, Mr. Coburn, Mr. Herger, Mr. KANJORSKI, Mr. COSTELLO, Mr. FRANKS of Connecticut, Mr. THORNTON, Mr. HEFNER, Mr. THOMAS, Mr. BROWNBACK, Mr. ROGERS, Mr. HEINEMAN, Mr. DORNAN, Mr. WATTS of Oklahoma, Mr. LINDER, Mr. Goodling, Mr. Rohrabacher, Mr. Crane, Mr. Ford, Mr. SPENCE, Mr. PARKER, Mr. LEWIS of California, Mr. STOCKMAN, Mr. DAVIS, Mr. MCKEON, Mr. WICKER, Mr. TIAHRT, Mr. HILLIARD, Mr. THOMPSON, Mr. HOBSON, Mr. HOUGHTON, Mr. BONILLA, Mr. BUNNING of Kentucky, Mr. LEACH, Ms. DUNN of Washington, Mr. MATSUI, Mr. SPRATT, Mrs. SMITH of Washington, Mr. CLYBURN, Mr. TANNER, Mr. PETERSON of Florida, Mr. MICA, Mr. PACKARD, Mr. PETE GEREN of Texas, Mr. Ehrlich, Mr. Bateman, Mr. Chapman, Mr. Miller of Florida, Mr. Skelton, Mr. Riggs, Mr. Volkmer, Mr. McCollum, Mr. FARR of California, Mr. TATE, Mr. PAYNE OF VIRGINIA, Mr. HUNTER, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. BREWSTER, Mr. WELLER, Mr. McInnis, Mrs. MYRICK, Mr. HILLEARY, Mrs. CUBIN, Mr. GILCHREST, Mr. NUSSLE, Mr. WILIAMS, Mr. KNOLLENBERG, Mr. LARGENT, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. LIVING-STON, Mr. ROTH, Mr. LIGHTFOOT, Mr. CALLAHAN, Mr. LIPINSKI, Mr. DELAY, Mr. SHUSTER, Mr. GOSS, Mr. ROYCE, Mr. BEVILL, Mr. DEAL of Georgia, Mr. WELDON of Florida, Mr. SOUDER, Mr. ANDREWS, Mr. DREIER, Mr. BARTLETT of Maryland, Mr. CUNNINGHAM, Mr. STEARNS, Mr. BACHUS, Mr. SCARBOROUGH, Mrs. FOWLER, Mr. TRAFICANT, Mr. PORTER, Mr. BASS, Mr. ENGLISH of Pennsylvania, Mrs. VUCANOVICH, Mr. CASTLE, Mr. KIM, Mr. SMITH of Texas, Ms. PRYCE, Mr. PETRI, Mr. HANSEN, Mr. ISTOOK, Mr. WATT of North Carolina, Mr. LONGLEY, Mr. HAMILTON, Mr. MANTON, Mr. MYERS of Indiana, Mr. LATOURETTE, Mrs. CLAYTON, Mr. BARCIA of Michigan, Mr. BOEHLERT, Mr. DICKS, Mr. WAMP, Mr. McDade, Mr. GRAHAM, Mr. Kolbe, Mr. Ney, Mrs. ROUKEMA, Mr. CAMPBELL, Mr. GILMAN, Mr. DINGELL, and Mr. WAX-MAN

JULY 23, 1996

Reported from the Committee on Commerce with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

[Omit the part in bold brackets and insert the part printed in boldface roman]

A BILL

3

- To amend the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act and the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Food Quality Protec5 tion Act of 1995".

6 TITLE I—CANCELLATION AND 7 SUSPENSION

8 SEC. 101. REFERENCE.

9 Whenever in this title an amendment or repeal is ex-10 pressed in terms of an amendment to, or repeal of, a sec-11 tion or other provision, the reference shall be considered 12 to be made to a section or other provision of the Federal 13 Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act.

14 SEC. 102. CANCELLATION.

15 Section 6(b) (7 U.S.C. 136d(b)) is amended to read
16 as follows:

17 "(b) CANCELLATION AND CHANGE IN CLASSIFICA18 TION OR OTHER TERMS OR CONDITIONS OF REGISTRA19 TION.—

20 <u>"(1)</u> <u>AUTHORITY. Notwithstanding any other</u>
 21 provision of this Act, the Administrator may, by use

of informal rulemaking under this subsection, pre-1 2 scribe requirements regarding the composition, pack-3 aging, and labeling of a pesticide (or a group of pes-4 ticides containing a common active ingredient), or may elassify any such pesticide, or may prohibit the 5 6 registration or continued registration of any such 7 pesticide for some or all purposes, to the extent nee-8 essary to assure that the pesticide, when used in ac-9 cordance with widespread and commonly recognized 10 practice, does not generally cause unreasonable ad-11 verse effects on the environment.

12 <u>"(2)</u> BASIS FOR RULE.—The Administrator 13 may not initiate a rulemaking under this subsection 14 unless the rulemaking is based on a validated test or 15 other significant evidence raising prudent concerns 16 of unreasonable adverse effects to man or to the en-17 vironment.

18 <u>"(3)</u> PRENOTICE OF RULEMAKING PROCE19 DURES.—

20 "(A) The Administrator may not initiate a 21 rulemaking under paragraph (1) until the Ad-22 ministrator has furnished to the registrant of 23 each affected pesticide a notice that includes a 24 summary of the validated test or other signifi-25 cant evidence upon which the Administrator

1	proposes to base the rulemaking and the basis
2	for a determination that such test or evidence
3	raises prudent concerns that the pesticide
4	causes unreasonable adverse risks to man or to
5	the environment. A registrant shall have 30
6	days after receipt of a notice provided under
7	this subparagraph to respond to such notice.
8	${(B)}$ At the same time that the Adminis-
9	trator furnishes notice to registrants of the pes-
10	ticide under subparagraph (A), the Adminis-
11	trator shall also furnish such notice to the Sec-
12	retary of Agriculture and the Secretary of
13	Health and Human Services. Upon receipt of
14	such notification, the Secretary of Agriculture,
15	when an agricultural commodity is affected,
16	shall prepare an analysis of the benefit and use
17	data of the pesticide and provide the analysis to
18	the Administrator within the time limits of this
19	paragraph.
20	$\frac{(C)}{C}$ Not more than 60 days after issuing
21	a notice under this paragraph, the Adminis-
22	trator shall either—
23	"(i) issue a notice of proposed rule-
24	making under paragraph (5); or

''(ii)	issue	a notice	of a	decision	not	to
initiate a	rulema	aking.				

3 "(4) DOCKET.—For each rulemaking under 4 paragraph (1), the Administrator shall establish a 5 docket. The docket shall include a copy of the notice 6 under paragraph (3), of the notice of proposed rule-7 making under paragraph (5), of each timely com-8 ment filed with the Administrator, of the report of 9 the Scientific Advisory Panel under paragraph (7), 10 of a record of each hearing held by the Adminis-11 trator in connection with the rulemaking of the deci-12 sion of the hearing examiner under paragraph (6), 13 and of the final rule or decision to withdraw the 14 rule. Information in the docket shall be made avail-15 able to the public consistent with the requirements 16 of section 10. No factual material that has not been 17 entered into the docket in a timely manner may be 18 relied upon by the Administrator in issuing a final 19 rule or in withdrawing a proposed rule or by any 20 person in a judicial review proceeding, except for— 21 "(A) information of which the Adminis-22 trator may properly take official notice; or

23 <u>"(B) information of which a court may</u>
24 properly take judicial notice.

25 <u>"(5) NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULEMAKING.</u>

6

1

1	"(A) The notice of proposed rulemaking
2	shall include a statement of its basis and pur-
3	pose, a request for any additional data needed,
4	and a bibliography of all significant scientific
5	data and studies on which the proposed rule is
6	based. The statement of basis and purpose shall
7	include a summary of—
8	"(i) the factual data on which the pro-
9	posed rule is based;
10	"(ii) the major scientific assumptions,
11	legal interpretations, and policy consider-
12	ations underlying the proposed rule;
13	"(iii) a summary of available risk-ben-
14	efit information, including benefits and use
15	information as provided by the Secretary
16	of Agriculture; and
17	"(iv) the Administrator's analysis and
18	tentative conclusions regarding the bal-
19	ancing of such risks and benefits.
20	"(B) Registrants of the pesticide and any
21	person who submits comments on the proposed
22	rule shall make a report to the Administrator of
23	all scientific data and studies in such person's
24	possession concerning the risks and benefits of
25	the pesticide that are the subject of the rule-

1

2 raphy included in the notice required in sub-3 paragraph (A). If such person receives addi-4 tional scientific data or studies pertinent to the 5 rulemaking that were not included in such bibli-6 ography, the person shall make a report of such scientific data and studies to the Administrator 7 8 promptly after receipt. If the Administrator re-9 ceives reports containing additional data con-10 cerning risks or benefits, the Administrator 11 shall revise the bibliography to reflect such data 12 and make the revised bibliography available to 13 the public.

14 "(C) The Administrator shall provide a 15 comment period of not less than 90 days after 16 the publication of the notice of proposed rule-17 making. During such period any person may 18 submit comments, data, or documentary infor-19 mation on the proposed rule. Promptly upon re-20 ceipt by the Administrator, all written com-21 ments and documentary information on the pro-22 posed rule received from any person for inclu-23 sion in the docket during the comment period, 24 shall be place in the docket.

- 1 "(D) At the same time that the Adminis-2 trator publishes notice under subparagraph (A), 3 the Administrator shall provide the Secretary of 4 Agriculture and the Secretary of Health and 5 Human Services with a copy of the proposed 6 rule. Not later than 90 days after the publica-7 tion of the notice of proposed rulemaking, the 8 Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary of 9 Health and Human Services may provide com-10 ments on such proposed rule. When an agricul-11 tural commodity is affected, the Secretary of 12 Agriculture shall provide to the Administrator 13 an analysis of the impact of the proposed action 14 on the domestic and global availability, prices of 15 agricultural commodities and retail food prices, 16 and any associated societal impacts (including 17 consumer nutrition and health and low-income 18 consumers).
- 19 <u>"(6)</u> <u>HEARING.</u>

20 "(A) Any person who has submitted a
21 comment may, not later than 15 days after the
22 close of the comment period, request of the Ad23 ministrator a hearing on questions of fact,
24 based on information submitted under para25 graph (5), and pertaining to the proposed rule

1 or comments thereon. Upon such request, the 2 Administrator shall schedule a hearing not to 3 exceed 20 days duration, to commence not later 4 than 30 days and to conclude not later than 90 5 days after the close of the comment period. The 6 Administrator shall announce the time, place, 7 and purpose of the hearing in the Federal Reg-8 ister. The hearing shall be limited to addressing 9 questions of fact raised by materials in the 10 docket. A transcript shall be made of any oral 11 presentation, discussion, or debate and included 12 in the docket.

13 "(B) The Administrator shall appoint a 14 hearing examiner who shall have the authority 15 to administer oaths, issue subpoenas, regulate 16 the course of the hearing, conduct prehearing 17 conferences, schedule presentations, and exclude 18 irrelevant, immaterial, or unduly repetitious evi-19 dence, or evidence that should have been sub-20 mitted under subparagraph (5)(B).

21 "(C) The hearing examiner shall conduct
22 the hearing in a manner that encourages dis23 cussion and debate on questions of fact regard24 ing the docket, and conforms with the deadlines
25 set in this paragraph. The Administrator shall

1	designate one or more employees of the Envi-
2	ronmental Protection Agency to participate in
3	the hearing. Any person who submitted a com-
4	ment on the proposed rule may participate in
5	the hearing and shall be entitled to present evi-
6	dence and argument to support the partici-
7	pant's position or rebut a contrary position and
8	may choose to present materials in oral or writ-
9	ten form. The presentation of evidence and ar-
10	gument shall not delay the conclusion of the
11	hearing beyond 20 days of its commencement.
12	"(D) Subject to subparagraph (B), an in-
13	terested person is entitled—
14	"(i) to present such person's position
15	orally or by documentary submissions (or
16	both); and
17	${}$ (ii) if the Administrator determines
18	that there are disputed issues of material
19	fact necessary to resolve, to present such
20	rebuttal submissions and to conduct such
21	cross-examination of persons as the hear-
22	ing examiner determines (I) to be appro-
23	priate, and (II) to be required for a full
24	and true disclosure with respect to such is-
25	sues.

1 "(E) As soon as practicable after comple-2 tion of the hearing but not later than 180 days 3 after the close of the public comment period, 4 the hearing examiner shall issue a decision. 5 Such decision shall be based only on substantial 6 evidence of record of such hearing (including the report of the Scientific Advisory Panel) and 7 8 shall set forth detailed findings of fact upon 9 which the decision is based.

10 $\frac{...}{...}(7)$ REVIEW BY **SCIENTIFIC** ADVISORY 11 PANEL.—At the time the Administrator issues a no-12 tice of proposed rulemaking under paragraph (5), 13 the Administrator shall provide a copy of such notice 14 to the Scientific Advisory Panel established under 15 section 25(d). The hearing examiner (or Administrator if no hearing is requested) shall request the 16 17 comments, evaluations, and recommendations of the 18 Panel as to the impact on health and the environ-19 ment of the proposed rule and on any disputed ma-20 terial issues of fact or scientific policy that appear 21 to be of significance in the hearing. The Panel may 22 hold a public hearing to discuss the proposed rule. 23 The Panel shall provide a report to the hearing ex-24 aminer (or Administrator if no hearing is requested) 25 not later than 120 days after the close of comment

1

2

3

4

period. The Administrator shall allow a reasonable time for written public comment on the Panel's report. A copy of the Panel's report and any comments shall be included in the rulemaking docket.

"(8) FINAL ACTION.—Not later than 365 days 5 6 after issuing a notice of proposed rulemaking and 7 after considering all material in the docket, the Ad-8 ministrator shall publish in the Federal Register ei-9 ther a final rule or a withdrawal of the proposed 10 rule. The Administrator may not prohibit a use of 11 a pesticide if alternative requirements will assure 12 that the pesticide, when used in accordance with 13 widespread and commonly recognized practice, will 14 not generally cause unreasonable adverse effects on 15 the environment. In taking any final action, the Ad-16 ministrator shall take into account the impact of the 17 action on production and prices of agricultural com-18 modifies, retail food prices, and otherwise on agricul-19 tural economy, and shall use the least burdensome 20 requirements to achieve the purposes of this Act. 21 The final rule or withdrawal of the proposal shall be 22 accompanied by a statement that—

23 "(A) explains the reasons for the action;
24 "(B) responds to any comments made by
25 the Secretary of Agriculture or the Secretary of

1	Health and Human Services, and responds to
2	any report of the Scientific Advisory Panel;
3	"(C) responds to each significant comment
4	contained in the docket; and
5	"(D) in the case of a final rule—
6	"(i) explains the reasons for any
7	major difference between the final rule and
8	the proposed rule;
9	${}$ (ii) describes the impact of the final
10	rule on production and prices of agricul-
11	tural commodities, retail food prices, and
12	otherwise on the agricultural economy; and
13	"(iii) explains any significant dis-
14	agreements the Administrator may have
15	with the comments, evaluations, or rec-
16	ommendations contained in the report
17	under paragraph (7) or the benefits and
18	use information described in paragraph
19	(5)(A)(iii) and analysis in paragraph
20	(5)(D) as it bears on the final rule.
21	A final rule issued under this subsection shall
22	be effective upon the date of its publication in
23	the Federal Register.
24	"(9) Modification or cancellation.

1 "(A) A final rule shall state any require-2 ments, elassifications, or prohibitions imposed 3 by the rule, and shall state that each affected 4 registrant shall have a 30-day period from the 5 date of publication of the rule in the Federal 6 Register to apply for an amendment to the reg-7 istration to comply with the rule or to request 8 voluntary cancellation of the registration. How-9 ever, if the rule unconditionally prohibits all 10 uses of a pesticide, the rule may provide that 11 cancellation of the registration of the pesticide 12 is effective upon publication of the rule.

13 "(B) Notwithstanding any other provision 14 of this Act, if an application for an amendment 15 to the registration to make it comply with a 16 rule issued under subparagraph (A) is not sub-17 mitted within such 30-day period, the Adminis-18 trator may issue and publish in the Federal 19 Register an order canceling the registration, ef-20 fective upon the date of publication of the order 21 in the Federal Register.

22 <u>"(10)</u> DENIAL OF APPLICATIONS.—Notwith23 standing any other provision of this Act, no applica24 tion for initial or amended registration of any pes25 ticide under section 3 or 24(c) may be approved if

the registration would be inconsistent with a rule in
 effect under this subsection.

3 "(11) AMENDMENT OF RULE.—A registrant, or 4 other interested person with the concurrence of the 5 registrant, may petition for the amendment or rev-6 ocation of a rule that has been issued under this 7 subsection. The petition shall state the factual mate-8 rial and argument that form the basis for the peti-9 tion. The Administrator shall publish a notice of the petition in the Federal Register and allow a 60-day 10 11 comment period thereon. Not later than 180 days 12 after publication of the notice, the Administrator 13 shall determine whether to deny the petition or to 14 propose to amend or revoke the rule, and publish the 15 determination and its basis in the Federal Register. 16 In making such a determination, the Administrator 17 shall give due regard to the desirability of finality, 18 to the opportunity that the petitioner had to present 19 the factual material and argument in question in the 20 prior rulemaking proceeding, and to any new evi-21 dence submitted by the petitioner. If the Adminis-22 trator proposes to amend or revoke the rule, then 23 the procedures established by paragraph (1) and 24 paragraphs (5) through (8) apply. A denial of a petition shall be judicially reviewable as provided in
 paragraph (12).

3 "(12) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—A decision not to
4 initiate a rulemaking published under paragraph (3),
5 a final rule or a withdrawal of a proposed rule pub6 lished under paragraph (8) or a denial of a petition
7 under paragraph (11) shall be judicially reviewable
8 in the manner specified by section 16(b)(2).".

9 SEC. 103. PESTICIDES IN REVIEW.

10 If the Administrator, on or before January 1, 1995, 11 has published a document instituting a special review pro-12 ecceding or public interim administrative review proceeding 13 with respect to a particular pesticide or active ingredient thereof, the Administrator may, in lieu of proceeding 14 under section 6(b) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, 15 and Rodenticide Act, as amended by the Food Quality 16 17 Protection Act of 1995, elect to continue such review pro-18 ceeding and, upon its completion, take action as warranted in accordance with sections 3(e)(6), 6(b), and 6(d) as 19 those sections were in effect on the day before the date 20 of enactment of the Food Quality Protection Act of 1995. 21 22 SEC. 104. SUSPENSION.

23 (a) SECTION 6(c)(1).—The second sentence of sec24 tion 6(c)(1) (7 U.S.C. 136d(c)(1)) is amended to read:
25 "Except as provided in paragraph (3), no order of suspen-

sion may be issued under this subsection unless the Ad ministrator has issued, or at the same time issues, a pro posed rule under subsection (b).".

4 (b) SECTION 6(c)(3).—Section 6(c)(3) (7 U.S.C.
5 136d(c)(3)) is amended by inserting after the first sen6 tence the following new sentence: "The Administrator may
7 issue an emergency order under this paragraph before is8 suing a proposed rule under subsection (b), provided that
9 the Administrator shall proceed expeditiously to issue a
10 proposed rule.".

11 SEC. 105. TOLERANCE REEVALUATION AS PART OF REREG12 ISTRATION.

13 Section 4(g)(2) (7 U.S.C. 136a-1(g)(2)) is amended
14 by adding at the end the following:

15 "(E) As soon as the Administrator has 16 sufficient information with respect to the die-17 tary risk of a particular active ingredient, but 18 in any event no later than the time the Admin-19 istrator makes a determination under subpara-20 graph (C) or (D) with respect to pesticides con-21 taining a particular active ingredient, the Ad-22 ministrator shall-

23 <u>"(i) reassess each associated tolerance</u>
24 and exemption from the requirement for a
25 tolerance issued under section 408 of the

	10
1	Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21
2	U.S.C. 346a);
3	${}$ (ii) determine whether such tolerance
4	or exemption meets the requirements of
5	that Act;
6	"(iii) determine whether additional
7	tolerances or exemptions should be issued;
8	"(iv) publish in the Federal Register a
9	notice setting forth the determinations
10	made under this subparagraph; and
11	"(v) commence promptly such pro-
12	eccedings under this Act and section 408 of
13	the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act
14	as are warranted by such determinations.".
15	SEC. 106. SCIENTIFIC ADVISORY PANEL.
16	The first sentence of section 25(d) (7 U.S.C.
17	136w(d)) is amended—
18	(1) by striking "The Administrator shall" and
19	inserting "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
20	shall"; and
21	(2) by adding at the end the following:
22	"(2) Science review board.—There is estab-
23	lished a Science Review Board to consist of 60 sci-
24	entists who shall be available to the Scientific Advi-
25	sory Panel to assist in reviews conducted by the

Panel. The Scientific Advisory Panel shall select the
 scientists from 60 nominations submitted each by
 the National Science Foundation and the National
 Institutes of Health. Members of the Board shall be
 compensated in the same manner as members of the
 Panel.".

7 SEC. 107 CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

8 (a) SECTION 3(c)(6).—Section 3(c)(6) (7 U.S.C.
9 136a(c)(6)) is amended to read as follows:

 10
 "(6) DENIAL OF APPLICATION FOR REGISTRA

 11
 TION.—

12 "(A) Except as provided in subparagraph 13 (B), if the Administrator proposes to deny an 14 application for registration because it does not 15 satisfy the requirements of paragraph (5), the 16 Administrator shall notify the applicant of the 17 proposal and the reasons (including the factual 18 basis thereof). Unless the applicant makes the 19 necessary corrections to the application and notifies the Administrator thereof during the 30-20 21 day period beginning with the day after the 22 date the applicant receives the notice, or unless 23 during that time the applicant submits a re-24 quest for a hearing, the Administrator may 25 issue an order denying the application. If dur-

1	ing that time the Administrator does not receive
2	such corrections to the application or such a re-
3	quest for hearing, the Administrator may issue
4	an order denying the application. Such an order
5	shall be published in the Federal Register and
б	shall not be subject to judicial review. If during
7	that time the Administrator receives a request
8	for a hearing, a hearing shall be conducted
9	under section 6(d) of the Act. If such a hearing
10	is held, a decision after completion of such
11	hearing shall be final and shall be subject to ju-
12	dicial review under section $16(b)(1)$ of this Act.
13	"(B) The Administrator may deny an ap-

13 14 plication for registration because it does not comply with the requirements of a rule issued 15 under section 6(b) of this Act. The Adminis-16 17 trator shall notify the applicant of such denial. 18 Such notice shall explain why the application 19 does not comply with such requirements and 20 shall state that the applicant may petition to 21 amend or revoke such rule under section 22 6(b)(12) of this Act.".

(b) SECTION 3(c)(8).—Section 3(c)(8) (7 U.S.C. 23 136a(c)(8)) is repealed. 24

 1
 (e) SECTION 3(d).—Section 3(d) (7 U.S.C. 136a(d))

 2
 is amended—

3	(1) in paragraph (1)(A), by striking "on the
4	initial classification and registered pesticides" and
5	inserting "under section 6(b) of this Act. Registered
6	pesticides"; and
7	(2) in paragraph (2), by striking "the Adminis-
8	trator shall notify the registrant" and all that fol-
9	lows through the end of the paragraph, and insert-
10	ing "the Administrator may initiate a proceeding
11	under section $6(b)$ of the Act.".
12	(d) SECTION 4(e). Section $4(e)(3)(B)(iii)(III)$ (7)
13	U.S.C. 136a–1(e)(3)(B)(iii)(III)) is amended—
14	(1) by striking "section $6(d)$, except that the"
15	and inserting "section 6(d). The"; and
16	(2) by inserting after "guidelines." the follow-
17	ing: "If a hearing is held, a decision after completion
18	of such hearing shall be final.".
19	(e) <u>Section</u> 6(c).—Section 6(c) (7 U.S.C. 136d(c))
20	is amended in paragraph (4) by striking "section 16" and
21	inserting "section $16(b)(1)$ ".
22	(f) SECTION 6(d).—Section 6(d) (7 U.S.C. 136d(d))
23	is amended—
24	(1) by amending the first sentence to read as
25	

25 follows: "If a hearing is requested pursuant to see-

1	tion $3(c)(2)(B)(iv)$, $3(c)(6)$, $4(e)(3)(B)(iii)(III)$, $6(b)$,
2	6(c)(2), or $6(c)(2)$, such hearing shall be held for the
3	purpose of receiving evidence relevant and material
4	to the issues raised by the request for hearing."; and
5	(2) by striking the ninth sentence and all that
6	follows through the end of the subsection and insert-
7	ing the following: "A hearing under this subsection
8	shall be held in accordance with the provisions of
9	sections 554, 556, and 557 of title 5, United States
10	Code.".
11	(g) <u>SECTION</u> 16(b).—Section 16(b) (17 U.S.C.
12	136n(b)) is amended—
13	(1) by striking "(b) REVIEW BY COURT OF AP-
14	PEALS.—In the case of" and inserting the following:
15	"(b) Review by Court of Appeals.—
16	"(1) REVIEW OF CERTAIN ORDERS.—In the
17	ease of";
18	(2) by striking "under this section" in the sixth
19	sentence of paragraph (1) (as so designated) and in-
20	serting "under this paragraph", and
21	(3) by adding at the end the following new
22	paragraph:
23	"(2) REVIEW OF CERTAIN RULES.—In the case
24	of actual controversy as to the validity of any rule
25	issued by the Administrator under section $6(b)(8)$,

1	any decision by the Administrator under section
2	6(b)(8) not to issue a proposed rule or to withdraw
3	a proposed rule, or any denial of a petition to revoke
4	or amend a final rule under section 6(b)(11), any
5	person who will be adversely affected by such rule or
6	decision who filed comments in the proceedings lead-
7	ing to the rule or decision may obtain judicial review
8	by filing a petition in the United States court of ap-
9	peals for the circuit wherein such person resides or
10	has a place of business, within 60 days after the is-
11	suance of such rule or decision. The court shall hold
12	unlawful and set aside such rule or decision if it
13	finds that a rule of, or ruling by, the hearing exam-
14	iner under section 6(b)(6), limiting such petitioner's
15	cross-examination or oral presentations, has pre-
16	eluded disclosure of disputed material facts which
17	was necessary to a full determination by the Admin-
18	istrator of the rulemaking proceeding taken as a
19	whole. A copy of the petition shall be forthwith
20	transmitted by the elerk of the court to the Adminis-
21	trator or any officer designated by the Administrator
22	for that purpose, and thereupon the Administrator
23	shall file in court the record of the proceedings on
24	which the Administrator based such rule or decision,
25	as provided in section 2112 of title 28, United

1	States Code. Upon the filing of such petition the
2	court shall have exclusive jurisdiction to affirm or
3	set aside such rule or decision in whole or in part.
4	The standard of review shall be that set forth in sec-
5	tion 706 of title 5, United States Code. The judg-
6	ment of the court under this paragraph shall be
7	final, subject to review by the Supreme Court upon
8	certiorari or certification as provided in section 1254
9	of title 28, United States Code. The commencement
10	of proceedings under this section shall not, unless
11	specifically ordered by the court to the contrary, op-
12	erate as a stay of an order.".
13	(h) SECTION 25(a).—Section 25(a) (7 U.S.C.
14	136w(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
15	"(5) EXCEPTION.—The requirements of this
16	subsection shall not apply to any rule or rulemaking
17	proceeding under section 6(b).".
18	(i) SECTION $25(d)$. Section $25(d)$ (7 U.S.C.
19	136w(d)) is amended—
20	(1) in the first sentence by striking "in notices
21	of intent issued under subsection 6(b) and"; and
22	(2) in the second sentence by striking "notices
23	of intent and" and by striking "6(b) or".
24	(j) SECTION $25(e)$. Section $25(e)$ (7 U.S.C.
25	136w(a)) is amonded

25 136w(e)) is amended—

(1) by striking the period at the end of the sec ond sentence; and

3 (2) by inserting at the end of the second sen4 tence ", except for any action that may be taken
5 under section 6(b).".

6 TITLE II—MINOR USE CROP PROTECTION 7 ACT OF 1995

8 SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.

9 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This title may be cited as the
10 "Minor Use Crop Protection Act of 1995".

11 (b) REFERENCE.—Whenever in this title an amend-12 ment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment 13 to, or repeal of, a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or other provi-14 Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, 15 sion of the and Rodenticide Act. 16

17 SEC. 202. MINOR CROP PROTECTION.

18 (a) DEFINITION.—Section 2 (7 U.S.C. 136) is
19 amended by adding at the end the following:

20 "(hh) MINOR USE.—The term 'minor use' means the 21 use of a pesticide on an animal, on a commercial agricul-22 tural crop or site, or for the protection of public health 23 where—

24 <u>"(1) the total United States acreage for the</u>
25 crop is less than 300,000 acres; or

1	$\frac{((2))}{(2)}$ the Administrator, in consultation with the
2	Secretary of Agriculture, determines that, based on
3	information provided by an applicant for registration
4	or a registrant, the use does not provide sufficient
5	economic incentive to support the initial registration
6	or continuing registration of a pesticide for such use;
7	and—
8	"(A) there are insufficient efficacious alter-
9	native registered pesticides available for the
10	use; or
11	"(B) the alternatives to the pesticide pose
12	greater risks to the environment or human
13	health; or
14	"(C) the pesticide plays or will play, a sig-
15	nificant part in managing pest resistance; or
16	"(D) the pesticide plays or will play a sig-
17	nificant part in an integrated pest management
18	program.
19	The status as a minor use under this subsection
20	shall continue as long as the Administrator has not
21	determined that, based on existing data, such use
22	may cause an unreasonable adverse effect on the en-
23	vironment and the use otherwise qualifies for such
24	status.".

(b) EXCLUSIVE USE OF MINOR USE PESTICIDES.—
 Section 3(c)(1)(F) (7 U.S.C. 136a(c)(1)(F)) is amended
 by redesignating elauses (ii) and (iii) as elauses (iii) and
 (iv), respectively, and by inserting after elause (i) the fol lowing:

6 "(ii) The period of exclusive data use 7 for data submitted to support the applica-8 tion for the original registration of a pes-9 ticide under elause (i) shall be extended 10 one additional year for each 3 minor uses 11 registered after the date of enactment of 12 this elause and, before the expiration of 13 the period of exclusive use under this 14 clause, up to a total of 3 additional years 15 for all minor uses registered by the Admin-16 istrator if the Administrator in consulta-17 tion with the Secretary of Agriculture determines that, based on information pro-18 19 vided by an applicant for registration or a 20 registrant, that— 21 "(I) there are insufficient effica-22 cious alternative registered pesticides

available for the use; or

•HR 1627 RH

1	${}$ (II) the alternatives to the pes-
2	ticide pose greater risks to the envi-
3	ronment or human health; or
4	"(III) the pesticide plays or will
5	play a significant part in managing
6	pest resistance; or
7	${(IV)}$ the pesticide plays or will
8	play a significant part in an inte-
9	grated pest management program.
10	The registration of a pesticide for a minor
11	use on a crop grouping established by the
12	Administrator shall be considered for pur-
13	poses of this clause one minor use for each
14	representative crop for which data are pro-
15	vided in the crop grouping. Any additional
16	exclusive use period under this clause shall
17	be modified as appropriate or terminated if
18	the registrant voluntarily cancels the prod-
19	uct or deletes from the registration the
20	minor uses which formed the basis for the
21	extension of the additional exclusive use
22	period or if the Administrator determines
23	that the registrant is not actually market-
24	ing the product for such minor uses.".

1	(c) Time Extensions for Development of
2	Minor Use Data.—
3	(1) DATA CALL-IN. Section $3(c)(2)(B)$ (7)
4	U.S.C. 136a(c)(2)(B)) is amended by adding at the
5	end the following:
6	"(vi) Upon the request of a registrant
7	the Administrator shall, in the case of a
8	minor use, extend the deadline for the pro-
9	duction of residue chemistry data under
10	this subparagraph for data required solely
11	to support that minor use until the final
12	deadline for submission of data under see-
13	tion 4 for the other use of the pesticide es-
14	tablished as of the date of enactment of
15	the Food Quality Protection Act of 1995,
16	if—
17	${}$ (I) the data to support other
18	uses of the pesticide on a food are
19	being provided;
20	"(II) the registrant, in submit-
21	ting a request for such an extension,
22	provides a schedule, including interim
23	dates to measure progress, to assure
24	that the data production will be com-

1	pleted before the expiration of the ex-
2	tension period;
3	"(III) the Administrator has de-
4	termined that such extension will not
5	significantly delay the Administrator's
6	schedule for issuing a reregistration
7	eligibility determination required
8	under section 4; and
9	"(IV) the Administrator has de-
10	termined in writing that based on ex-
11	isting data, such extension would not
12	significantly increase the risk of any
13	unreasonable adverse effect on the en-
14	vironment. If the Administrator
15	grants an extension under this clause,
16	the Administrator shall monitor the
17	development of the data and shall en-
18	sure that the registrant is meeting the
19	schedule for the production of the
20	data. If the Administrator determines
21	that the registrant is not meeting or
22	has not met the schedule for the pro-
23	duction of such data, the Adminis-
24	trator may proceed in accordance with
25	elause (iv) regarding the continued

1	registration of the affected products
2	with the minor use and shall inform
3	the public of such action. Notwith-
4	standing the provisions of this clause,
5	the Administrator may take action to
6	modify or revoke the extension under
7	this clause if the Administrator deter-
8	mines that the extension for the minor
9	use may cause an unreasonable ad-
10	verse effect on the environment. In
11	such circumstance, the Administrator
12	shall provide, in writing to the reg-
13	istrant, a notice revoking the exten-
14	sion of time for submission of data.
15	Such data shall instead be due in ac-
16	cordance with the date established by
17	the Administrator for the submission
18	of the data.".
19	(2) REFEGISTRATION.—Sections $4(d)(4)(B)$,
20	4(e)(2)(B), and 4(f)(2)(B) (7 U.S.C. 136a-
21	1(d)(4)(B), $(e)(2)(B)$, and $(f)(2)(B)$) are each
22	amended by adding at the end the following: "Upon
23	the request of a registrant, the Administrator shall,
24	in the case of a minor use, extend the deadline for

the production of residue chemistry data under this

subparagraph for data required solely to support 1 2 that minor use until the final deadline for submis-3 sion of data under this section for the other uses of 4 the pesticide established as of the date of enactment of the Food Quality Protection Act of 1996 if-5 "(i) the data to support other uses of the 6 7 pesticide on a food are being provided; 8 "(ii) the registrant, in submitting a request 9 for such an extension provides a schedule, in-10 eluding interim dates to measure progress, to 11 assure that the data production will be com-12 pleted before the expiration of the extension 13 period; 14 "(iii) the Administrator has determined 15 that such extension will not significantly delay 16 the Administrator's schedule for issuing a re-17 registration eligibility determination required 18 under this section; and 19 "(iv) the Administrator has determined in 20 writing that based on existing data, such exten-21 sion would not significantly increase the risk of 22 any unreasonable adverse effect on the environ-23 ment. If the Administrator grants an extension 24 under this subparagraph, the Administrator 25 shall monitor the development of the data and

1	shall ensure that the registrant is meeting the
2	schedule for the production of the data. If the
3	Administrator determines that the registrant is
4	not meeting or has not met the schedule for the
5	production of such data, the Administrator may
6	proceed in accordance with clause (iv) of section
7	3(c)(2)(B) or other provisions of this section, as
8	appropriate, regarding the continued registra-
9	tion of the affected products with the minor use
10	and shall inform the public of such action. Not-
11	withstanding the provisions of this subpara-
12	graph, the Administrator may take action to
13	modify or revoke the extension under this sub-
14	paragraph if the Administrator determines that
15	the extension for the minor use may cause an
16	unreasonable adverse effect on the environment.
17	In such circumstance, the Administrator shall
18	provide, in writing to the registrant, a notice re-
19	voking the extension of time for submission of
20	data. Such data shall instead be due in accord-
21	ance with the date then established by the Ad-
22	ministrator for submission of the data.".
23	(d) MINOR USE WAIVER.—Section 3(c)(2) (7 U.S.C.
24	136a(c)(2)) is amended—
25	(1) by inserting "IN GENERAL.—" after "(A)";

1	(2) by inserting "Additional data." after
2	···(B)";
3	(3) by inserting "SIMPLIFIED PROCEDURES."
4	after "(C)"; and
5	(4) by adding at the end the following:
6	"(E) MINOR USE WAIVER.—In handling
7	the registration of a pesticide for a minor use,
8	the Administrator may waive otherwise applica-
9	ble data requirements if the Administrator de-
10	termines that the absence of such data will not
11	prevent the Administrator from determining—
12	"(i) the incremental risk presented by
13	the minor use of the pesticide; and
14	"(ii) that such risk, if any, would not
15	be an unreasonable adverse effect on the
16	environment.".
17	(e) Expediting Minor Use Registrations.—Sec-
18	tion 3(e)(3) (7 U.S.C. 136a(e)(3)) is amended—
19	(1) by inserting after "(A)" the following: "IN
20	GENERAL.—";
21	(2) by inserting after "(B)" the following:
22	"IDENTICAL OR SUBSTANTIALLY SIMILAR."; and
23	(3) by adding at the end the following:
24	"(C) MINOR USE REGISTRATION.—
1	"(i) The Administrator shall, as expe-
----	--
2	ditiously as possible, review and act on any
3	complete application—
4	${}$ (I) that proposes the initial reg-
5	istration of a new pesticide active in-
6	gredient if the active ingredient is
7	proposed to be registered solely for
8	minor uses, or proposes a registration
9	amendment solely for minor uses to
10	an existing registration; or
11	"(II) for a registration or a reg-
12	istration amendment that proposes
13	significant minor uses.
14	"(ii) For the purposes of clause (i)—
15	$\frac{((I)}{(I)}$ the term 'as expeditiously as
16	possible' means that the Adminis-
17	trator shall to the greatest extent
18	practicable complete a review and
19	evaluation of all data, submitted with
20	a complete application, within 12
21	months after the submission of the
22	complete application, and the failure
23	of the Administrator to complete such
24	a review and evaluation under clause

37

1	(i) shall not be subject to judicial re-
2	view; and

3	${}$ (II) the term 'significant minor
4	uses' means 3 or more minor uses
5	proposed for every non-minor use, a
6	minor use that would, in the judgment
7	of the Administrator, serve as a re-
8	placement for any use which has been
9	canceled in the 5 years preceding the
10	receipt of the application, or a minor
11	use that in the opinion of the Admin-
12	istrator would avoid the reissuance of
13	an emergency exemption under section
14	18 for that minor use.

15 "(D) ADEQUATE TIME FOR SUBMISSION OF MINOR USE DATA .--- If a registrant makes a re-16 17 quest for a minor use waiver, regarding data 18 required by the Administrator, pursuant to paragraph (2)(E), and if the Administrator de-19 20 nies in whole or in part such data waiver re-21 quest, the registrant shall have a full time pe-22 riod for providing such data. For purposes of 23 this subparagraph, the term 'full time period' means the time period originally established by 24 25 the Administrator for submission of such data,

1	beginning with the data of receipt by the reg-
2	istrant of the Administrator's notice of denial.".
3	(f) Temporary Extension of Registration for
4	Unsupported Minor Uses.—
5	(1) REREGISTRATION.
6	(A) Sections 4(d)(6) and 4(f)(3) (7 U.S.C.
7	136a-1(d)(6) and $(f)(3)$) are each amended by
8	adding at the end the following: "If the reg-
9	istrant does not commit to support a specific
10	minor use of the pesticide, but is supporting
11	and providing data in a timely and adequate
12	fashion to support uses of the pesticide on a
13	food, or if all uses of the pesticide are nonfood
14	uses and the registrant does not commit to sup-
15	port a specific minor use of the pesticide but is
16	supporting and providing data in a timely and
17	adequate fashion to support other nonfood uses
18	of the pesticide, the Administrator, at the writ-
19	ten request of the registrant, shall not take any
20	action pursuant to this paragraph in regard to
21	such unsupported minor use until the final
22	deadline established as of the date of enactment
23	of the Minor Use Crop Protection Act of 1995,
24	for the submission of data under this section
25	for the supported uses identified pursuant to

1	this paragraph unless the Administrator deter-
2	mines that the absence of the data is significant
3	enough to cause human health or environmental
4	concerns. On such a determination the Admin-
5	istrator may refuse the request for extension by
6	the registrant. Upon receipt of the request from
7	the registrant, the Administrator shall publish
8	in the Federal Register a notice of the receipt
9	of the request and the effective date upon which
10	the uses not being supported will be voluntarily
11	deleted from the registration pursuant to sec-
12	tion $6(f)(1)$. If the Administrator grants an ex-
13	tension under this paragraph, the Adminis-
14	trator shall monitor the development of the
15	data for the uses being supported and shall en-
16	sure that the registrant is meeting the schedule
17	for the production of such data. If the Adminis-
18	trator determines that the registrant is not
19	meeting or has not met the schedule for the
20	production of such data, the Administrator may
21	proceed in accordance with section
22	$\frac{3(c)(2)(B)(iv)}{iv}$ regarding the continued registra-
23	tion of the affected products with the minor
24	and other uses and shall inform the public of
25	such action in accordance with section $6(f)(2)$.

Notwithstanding this subparagraph, the Admin-2 istrator may deny, modify, or revoke the temporary extension under this paragraph if the Administrator determines that the continuation of the minor use may eause an unreasonable 6 adverse effect on the environment. In the event of modification or revocation the Administrator 8 shall provide, in writing, to the registrant, a notice revoking the temporary extension and es-10 tablish a new effective date by which the minor use shall be deleted from the registration.".

12 (B) Section 4(e)(3)(A) (7 U.S.C. 136a-13 1(e)(3)(A) is amended by adding at the end 14 the following: "If the registrant does not com-15 mit to support a specific minor use of the pes-16 ticide, but is supporting and providing data in 17 a timely and adequate fashion to support uses 18 of the pesticide on a food, or if all uses of the 19 pesticide are nonfood uses and the registrant 20 does not commit to support a specific minor use 21 of the pesticide but is supporting and providing 22 data in a timely and adequate fashion to sup-23 port other nonfood uses of the pesticide, the 24 Administrator, at the written request of the 25 registrant, shall not take any action pursuant

1

3

4

5

7

9

1	to this subparagraph in regard to such unsup-
2	ported minor use until the final deadline estab-
3	lished as of the date of enactment of the Minor
4	Use Crop Protection Act of 1995, for the sub-
5	mission of data under this section for the sup-
6	port uses identified pursuant to this subpara-
7	graph unless the Administrator determines that
8	the absence of the data is significant enough
9	to cause human health or environmental con-
10	cerns. On the basis of such determination the
11	Administrator may refuse the request for exten-
12	sion by the registrant. Upon receipt of the re-
13	quest from the registrant, the Administrator
14	shall publish in the Federal Register a notice
15	of the receipt of the request and the effective
16	date upon which the uses not being supported
17	will be voluntarily deleted from the registration
18	pursuant to section $6(f)(1)$. If the Adminis-
19	trator grants an extension under this subpara-
20	graph, the Administrator shall monitor the de-
21	velopment of the data for the uses being sup-
22	ported and shall ensure that the registrant is
23	meeting the schedule for the production of such
24	data. If the Administrator determines that the
25	registrant is not meeting or has not met the

1	schedule for the production of such data, the
2	Administrator may proceed in accordance with
3	section $3(c)(2)(B)(iv)$ regarding the continued
4	registration of the affected products with the
5	minor and other uses and shall inform the pub-
6	lie of such action in accordance with section
7	6(f)(2). Notwithstanding this subparagraph, the
8	Administrator may deny, modify, or revoke the
9	temporary extension under this subparagraph if
10	the Administrator determines that the continu-
11	ation of the minor use may cause an unreason-
12	able adverse effect on the environment. In the
13	event of modification or revocation, the Admin-
14	istrator shall provide, in writing, to the reg-
15	istrant, a notice revoking the temporary exten-
16	sion and establish a new effective date by which
17	the minor use shall be deleted from the reg-
18	istration.".
19	(2) DATASection 3(c)(2)(B) (7 U.S.C.
20	$\frac{136a(c)(2)(B)}{as}$ as amended by subsection (c), is
21	further amended by adding at the end the following:
22	${}$ (vii) If the registrant does not commit to
23	support a specific minor use of the pesticide,
24	but is supporting and providing data in a timely
25	and adequate fashion to support uses of the

1	pesticide on a food, or if all uses of the pes-
2	ticide are nonfood uses and the registrant does
3	not commit to support a specific minor use of
4	the pesticide but is supporting and providing
5	data in a timely and adequate fashion to sup-
6	port other nonfood uses of the pesticide, the
7	Administrator, at the written request of the
8	registrant, shall not take any action pursuant
9	to this clause in regard to such unsupported
10	minor use until the final deadline established as
11	of the date of enactment of the Minor Use Crop
12	Production Act of 1995, for the submission of
13	data under section 4 for the supported uses
14	identified pursuant to this clause unless the Ad-
15	ministrator determines that the absence of the
16	data is significant enough to cause human
17	health or environmental concerns. On the basis
18	of such determination, the Administrator may
19	refuse the request for extension by the reg-
20	istrant. Upon receipt of the request from the
21	registrant, the Administrator shall publish in
22	the Federal Register a notice of receipt of the
23	request and the effective date upon which the
24	uses not being supported will be voluntarily de-
25	leted from the registration pursuant to section

1	6(f)(1). If the Administrator grants an exten-
2	sion under this clause, the Administrator shall
3	monitor the development of the data for the
4	uses being supported and shall ensure that the
5	registrant is meeting the schedule for the pro-
6	duction of such data. If the Administrator de-
7	termines that the registrant is not meeting or
8	has not met the schedule for the production of
9	such data, the Administrator may proceed in
10	accordance with clause (iv) of this subpara-
11	graph regarding the continued registration of
12	the affected products with the minor and other
13	uses and shall inform the public of such action
14	in accordance with section $6(f)(2)$. Notwith-
15	standing the provisions of this clause, the Ad-
16	ministrator may deny, modify, or revoke the
17	temporary extension under this subparagraph if
18	the Administrator determines that the continu-
19	ation of the minor use may cause an unreason-
20	able adverse effect on the environment. In the
21	event of modification or revocation, the Admin-
22	istrator shall provide, in writing, to the reg-
23	istrant, a notice revoking the temporary exten-
24	sion and establish a new effective date by which

the minor use shall be deleted from the registration.".

3 (g) UTILIZATION OF DATA FOR VOLUNTARILY CAN4 CELED CHEMICALS.—Section 6(f) (7 U.S.C. 136d(f)) is
5 amended by adding at the end the following:

"(4) UTILIZATION OF DATA FOR VOLUNTARILY 6 7 CANCELED CHEMICALS.—When an application is 8 filed with the Administrator for the registration of 9 a pesticide for a minor use and another registrant 10 subsequently voluntarily cancels its registration for 11 an identical or substantially similar pesticide for an 12 identical or substantially similar use, the Adminis-13 trator shall process, review, and evaluate the pend-14 ing application as if the voluntary cancellation had 15 not yet taken place, except that the Administrator 16 shall not take such action if the Administrator deter-17 mines that such minor use may cause an unreason-18 able adverse effect on the environment. In order to 19 rely on this paragraph, the applicant must certify 20 that it agrees to satisfy any outstanding data re-21 quirements necessary to support the reregistration of 22 the pesticide in accordance with the data submission 23 schedule established by the Administrator.".

24 (h) ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY MINOR
25 USE PROGRAM.—The Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and

1

Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136 et seq.) is amended by re designating sections 30 and 31 as sections 32 and 33, re spectively, and adding after section 29 the following:

4 "SEC. 30. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY MINOR

USE PROGRAM.

5

6 "The Administrator shall assure coordination of 7 minor use issues through the establishment of a minor use 8 program within the Office of Pesticide Programs. Such of-9 fice shall be responsible for coordinating the development 10 of minor use programs and policies and consulting with growers regarding minor use issues and registrations and 11 amendments which are submitted to the Environmental 12 Protection Agency.". 13

14 (i) DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE MINOR USE
15 PROGRAM.—The Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and
16 Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136 et seq.), as amended by
17 subsection (h), is amended by adding after section 30 the
18 following:

19 "SEC. 31. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE MINOR USE20PROGRAM.

21 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Agriculture
22 (hereinafter in this section referred to as the 'Secretary')
23 shall ensure the coordination of the responsibilities of the
24 Department of Agriculture related to minor uses of pes25 ticides, including—

1	"(1) carrying out the Inter-Regional Project
2	Number 4 (IR-4) as described in section $2(e)$ of the
3	Act entitled 'An Act to facilitate the work of the De-
4	partment of Agriculture, and for other purposes' (7
5	U.S.C. 4501(e)) and the national pesticide resistance
6	monitoring program established under section 1651
7	of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade
8	Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5882);
9	${}$ (2) supporting integrated pest management
10	research;
11	${}$ (3) consulting with growers to develop data for
12	minor uses; and
13	"(4) providing assistance for minor use reg-
14	istrations, tolerances, and reregistrations with the
15	Environmental Protection Agency.
16	"(b) Matching Fund Program.—
17	"(1) Establishment.—The Secretary of Agri-
18	culture, in consultation with the Administrator, shall
19	establish and administer a minor use matching fund
20	program. The matching fund program shall be uti-
21	lized to ensure the continued availability of minor
22	use crop protection chemicals, including the develop-
23	ment of data to support minor use pesticide registra-
24	tions and reregistrations. Access to the matching
25	fund program shall be available to any entity which

desires to develop data to support minor use reg-1 2 istrations. Priority for access to the fund shall be 3 given those entities that do not directly receive funds 4 from the sale of products registered on minor uses. 5 Any entity that seeks such funding under this para-6 graph shall be required to match such funds with an 7 equal amount of its own funds. Any data developed 8 through the matching fund program shall be jointly 9 owned by the Department of Agriculture and by the 10 entity that receives such funding. Any data devel-11 oped under this subsection shall be subject to the 12 provisions of section 3(c)(1)(F). All compensation 13 received by the Department of Agriculture in return 14 for the use of such data under the matching fund program shall be returned to a revolving fund which 15 16 will support the matching fund program.

17 "(2) AUTHORIZATION.—There is authorized to
18 be appropriated for the revolving fund for the
19 matching fund program an annual sum not to ex20 ceed \$10,000,000.".

1 TITLE III—DATA COLLECTION ACTIVITIES 2 TO ASSURE THE HEALTH OF INFANTS 3 AND CHILDREN AND OTHER MEAS 4 URES

5 SEC. 301. DATA COLLECTION ACTIVITIES TO ASSURE THE 6 HEALTH OF INFANTS AND CHILDREN.

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Agriculture, in
8 consultation with the Administrator of the Environmental
9 Protection Agency and the Secretary of Health and
10 Human Services, shall coordinate the development and im11 plementation of survey procedures to ensure that adequate
12 data on food consumption patterns of infants and children
13 are collected.

(b) PROCEDURES.—To the extent practicable, the
procedures referred to in subsection (a) shall include the
collection of data on food consumption patterns of a statistically valid sample of infants and children.

18 (c) RESIDUE SURVEILLANCE.—The Secretary of Ag-19 riculture shall ensure that the residue surveillance activi-20 ties conducted by the Department of Agriculture provide 21 for the improved surveillance of pesticide residues, includ-22 ing guidelines for the use of comparable analytical and 23 standardized reporting methods, and the increased sam-24 pling of foods most likely consumed by infants and chil-25 dren.

1 SEC. 302. COLLECTION OF PESTICIDE USE INFORMATION.

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Agriculture shall
3 collect data of statewide or regional significance on the
4 use of pesticides to control pests and diseases of major
5 crops and crops of dictary significance, including fruits
6 and vegetables.

7 (b) COLLECTION.—The data shall be collected by sur8 veys of farmers or from other sources offering statistically
9 reliable data.

10 (c) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall, as appro-11 priate, coordinate with the Administrator of the Environ-12 mental Protection Agency in the design of the surveys and 13 make available to the Administrator the aggregate results 14 of the surveys to assist the Administrator in benefits de-15 terminations with respect to pesticide regulatory decisions. 16 SEC. 303. INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT.

17 The Secretary of Agriculture, in cooperation with the 18 Administrator, shall implement research, demonstration, 19 and education programs to support adoption of integrated pest management. Integrated Pest Management is a sus-20 tainable approach to managing pests by combining biologi-21 22 cal, cultural, physical, and chemical tools in a way that 23 minimizes economic, health, and environmental risks. The Secretary of Agriculture and the Administrator shall make 24 information on integrated pest management widely avail-25 26 able to pesticide users, including Federal agencies. Federal •HR 1627 RH

agencies shall use integrated pest management techniques
 in carrying out pest management activities and shall pro mote integrated pest management through procurement
 and regulatory policies, and other activities.

5 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

6 This Act may be cited as the "Food Quality Protection7 Act of 1996".

8 TITLE I—SUSPENSION9 APPLICATORS

10 SEC. 101. REFERENCE.

11 Whenever in this title an amendment or repeal is ex-12 pressed in terms of an amendment to, or repeal of, a section 13 or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be 14 made to a section or other provision of the Federal Insecti-15 cide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act.

16 Subtitle A—Suspension

17 SEC. 102. SUSPENSION.

(a) SECTION 6(c)(1).—The second sentence of section
6(c)(1) (7 U.S.C. 136d(c)(1)) is amended to read: "Except
as provided in paragraph (3), no order of suspension may
be issued under this subsection unless the Administrator has
issued, or at the same time issues, a notice of intention to
cancel the registration or change the classification of the
pesticide under subsection (b).".

1 (b) SECTION 6(c)(3).—Section 6(c)(3) (7 U.S.C. 2 136d(c)(3) is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following new sentence: "The Administrator may issue 3 4 an emergency order under this paragraph before issuing a notice of intention to cancel the registration or change the 5 classification of the pesticide under subsection (b) and the 6 7 Administrator shall proceed to issue the notice under sub-8 section (b) within 90 days of issuing an emergency order. 9 If the Administrator does not issue a notice under subsection (b) within 90 days of issuing an emergency order, 10 11 the emergency order shall expire.".

12 SEC. 103. TOLERANCE REEVALUATION AS PART OF REREG-

13 ISTRATION.

14 Section 4(g)(2) (7 U.S.C. 136a-1(g)(2)) is amended by
15 adding at the end the following:

(E) As soon as the Administrator has suf-16 17 ficient information with respect to the dietary 18 risk of a particular active ingredient, but in any 19 event no later than the time the Administrator 20 makes a determination under subparagraph (C)21 or (D) with respect to pesticides containing a 22 particular active ingredient, the Administrator 23 shall—

24 "(i) reassess each associated tolerance
25 and exemption from the requirement for a

tolerance issued under section 408 of the
Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21
U.S.C. 346a) taking into account available
information and reasonable assumptions
concerning the dietary exposure levels of
food consumers (and major identifiable sub-
groups of food consumers, including infants
and children) to residue of the pesticide in
food and available information and reason-
able assumptions concerning the variability
of the sensitivities of major identifiable
groups, including infants and children;
"(ii) determine whether such tolerance
or exemption meets the requirements of that
Act;
"(iii) determine whether additional tol-
erances or exemptions should be issued;
"(iv) publish in the Federal Register a
notice setting forth the determinations made
under this subparagraph; and
((v) commence promptly such proceed-
ings under this Act and section 408 of the
Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act as
are warranted by such determinations.".

1	SEC. 104. SCIENTIFIC ADVISORY PANEL.
2	Section 25(d) (7 U.S.C. 136w(d)) is amended—
3	(1) in the first sentence, by striking "The Ad-
4	ministrator shall" and inserting:
5	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall";
6	and
7	(2) by adding at the end the following:
8	"(2) Science review board.—There is estab-
9	lished a Science Review Board to consist of 60 sci-
10	entists who shall be available to the Scientific Advi-
11	sory Panel to assist in reviews conducted by the
12	Panel. Members of the Board shall be selected in the
13	same manner as members of temporary subpanels cre-
14	ated under paragraph (1). Members of the Board shall
15	be compensated in the same manner as members of
16	the Panel.".
17	SEC. 105. NITROGEN STABILIZER.
18	(a) Section 2.—Section 2 (7 U.S.C. 136) is amend-
19	ed—
20	(1) in subsection (a)—
21	(A) in paragraph (1) by striking "or" after
22	"defoliant," and inserting ", or nitrogen sta-
23	bilizer" after "desiccant";
24	(B) at the end of paragraph (3) by striking
25	"and";

1	(C) at the end of paragraph (4) by striking
2	the period and inserting "; and"; and
3	(D) at the end by adding the following:
4	"(5) in the case of a nitrogen stabilizer, an in-
5	gredient which will prevent or hinder the process of
6	nitrification, denitrification, ammonia volatilization,
7	or urease production through action affecting soil bac-
8	teria.";
9	(2) in subsection (u), by striking "and" before
10	"(2)" and by inserting "and (3) any nitrogen sta-
11	bilizer," after "desiccant,"; and
12	(3) at the end by adding the following:
13	"(hh) Nitrogen Stabilizer.—The term 'nitrogen
14	stabilizer' means any substance or mixture of substances in-
15	tended for preventing or hindering the process of nitrifica-
16	tion, denitrification, ammonia volatilization, or urease pro-
17	duction through action upon soil bacteria. Such term shall
18	not include—
19	"(1) dicyandiamide;
20	"(2) ammonium thiosulfate; or
21	"(3) any substance or mixture of substances.—
22	"(A) that was not registered pursuant to
23	section 3 prior to January 1, 1992; and
24	``(B) that was in commercial agronomic use
25	prior to January 1, 1992, with respect to which

1	after January 1, 1992, the distributor or seller
2	of the substance or mixture has made no specific
3	claim of prevention or hindering of the process
4	of nitrification, denitrification, ammonia vola-
5	tilization urease production regardless of the ac-
6	tual use or purpose for, or future use or purpose
7	for, the substance or mixture.
8	Statements made in materials required to be submitted to
9	any State legislative or regulatory authority, or required
10	by such authority to be included in the labeling or other
11	literature accompanying any such substance or mixture
12	shall not be deemed a specific claim within the meaning
13	of this subsection.".
14	(b) SECTION 3(f).—Section 3(f) (7 U.S.C. 136a(f)) is
15	amended by adding at the end the following:
16	"(4) Mixtures of nitrogen stabilizers and
17	FERTILIZER PRODUCTS.—Any mixture or other com-
18	bination of—
19	"(A) 1 or more nitrogen stabilizers reg-
20	istered under this Act; and
21	"(B) 1 or more fertilizer products,
22	shall not be subject to the provisions of this section or
23	sections 4, 5, 7, 15, and $17(a)(2)$ if the mixture or
24	other combination is accompanied by the labeling re-
25	quired under this Act for the nitrogen stabilizer con-

tained in the mixture or other combination, the mix ture or combination is mixed or combined in accord ance with such labeling, and the mixture or combina tion does not contain any active ingredient other than
 the nitrogen stabilizer.".

6 SEC. 106. AUTHORITY OF STATES.

7 (a) DEFINITIONS.—Section 2 (7 U.S.C. 136), as
8 amended by section 105, is further amended—

9 (1) in subsection (aa), by adding at the end the 10 following new sentence: "The term 'State' does not in-11 clude a local government, as defined in subsection 12 (ii), and is not intended to grant any authority or 13 to otherwise refer to local governments or political 14 subdivisions of a State."; and

15 (2) by adding at the end the following:

"(ii) LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—The term 'local govern-16 ment' means any political subdivision of a State including 17 counties, townships, cities, towns, parishes, and boroughs, 18 whether home rule entities or not, or any local agency or 19 body of any type which has an organized existence, govern-20 21 mental character, and substantial autonomy including 22 independent or autonomous school districts, housing authorities, and other special districts.". 23

(b) RECORDS.—Section 8(b) (7 U.S.C. 136f(b)) is
 amended by striking "or political subdivision" in the first
 sentence.

4 (c) DELEGATION AND COOPERATION.—Section 22(b)
5 (7 U.S.C. 136t(b)) is amended by striking "or any political
6 subdivision thereof".

7 (d) AUTHORITY OF STATES.—Section 24 (7 U.S.C.
8 136v) is amended by adding at the end the following:

9 "(d) LOCAL REGULATION.—Subject to subsection (e), 10 a local government shall not impose or continue in effect 11 any requirement or regulation regarding pesticides or de-12 vices.

"(e) LOCALLY SPECIFIC STATE REGULATION.—Nothing in this section shall prohibit a State from enforcing
laws, enacting laws, or implementing regulations applicable to local governments regarding the sale or use of any
federally registered pesticide or device.".

(e) AUTHORITY OF ADMINISTRATOR.—The first sentence of section 25(e) (7 U.S.C. 136w(e)) is amended by
striking "or political subdivision thereof".

21 SEC. 107. PERIODIC REGISTRATION REVIEW.

22 (a) SECTION 6.—Section 6 (7 U.S.C. 136d) is amend23 ed—

24 (1) in subsection (a), by striking the heading
25 and inserting the following:

"(a) EXISTING STOCKS AND INFORMATION.—"; and
(2) by amending paragraph (1) of subsection (a)
to read as follows:
"(1) EXISTING STOCKS.—The Administrator

4 5 may permit the continued sale and use of existing 6 stocks of a pesticide whose registration is suspended 7 or canceled under this section, or section 3 or 4, to such extent, under such conditions, and for such uses 8 9 as the Administrator determines that such sale or use 10 is not inconsistent with the purposes of this Act.".

11 (b) SECTION 3.—Section 3 (7 U.S.C. 136a) is amended 12 by adding at the end the following:

13 "(q) REGISTRATION REVIEW.—

1

2

3

14 "(1)(A) GENERAL RULE.—The registrations of 15 pesticides are to be periodically reviewed. The Admin-16 istrator shall by regulation establish a procedure for 17 accomplishing the periodic review of registrations. 18 The goal of these regulations shall be a review of a 19 pesticide's registration every 15 years. No registration 20 shall be canceled as a result of the registration review 21 process unless the Administrator follows the proce-22 dures and substantive requirements of section 6.

23 "(B) LIMITATION.—Nothing in this subsection 24 shall prohibit the Administrator from undertaking 25 any other review of a pesticide pursuant to this Act.

1 "(2)(A) DATA.—The Administrator shall use the 2 authority in subsection (c)(2)(B) to require the sub-3 mission of data when such data are necessary for a 4 registration review. 5 "(B) DATA SUBMISSION, COMPENSATION, AND 6 EXEMPTION.—For purposes of this subsection, the pro-7 visions of subsections (c)(1), (c)(2)(B), and (c)(2)(D)8 shall be utilized for and be applicable to any data re-9 quired for registration review.". Subtitle B—Training for Mainte-10 nance Applicators and Service **Technicians** 12 13 SEC. 120. MAINTENANCE APPLICATORS AND SERVICE TECH-14 NICIANS DEFINITIONS. 15 Section 2 (7 U.S.C. 136), as amended by section 106,

is amended by adding at the end the following: 16

17 "(jj) MAINTENANCE APPLICATOR.—The term 'maintenance applicator' means any individual who, in the prin-18 cipal course of such individual's employment, uses, or su-19 pervises the use of, a pesticide not classified for restricted 20 21 use (other than a ready to use consumer products pes-22 ticides); for the purpose of providing structural pest control 23 or lawn pest control including janitors, general mainte-24 nance personnel, sanitation personnel, and grounds mainte-25 nance personnel. The term 'maintenance applicator' does

not include private applicators as defined in section 2(e)(2);
 individuals who use antimicrobial pesticides, sanitizers or
 disinfectants; individuals employed by Federal, State, and
 local governments or any political subdivisions thereof, or
 individuals who use pesticides not classified for restricted
 use in or around their homes, boats, sod farms, nurseries,
 greenhouses, or other noncommercial property.

8 "(kk) SERVICE TECHNICIAN.—The term 'service tech-9 nician' means any individual who uses or supervises the use of pesticides (other than a ready to use consumer prod-10 11 ucts pesticide) for the purpose of providing structural pest control or lawn pest control on the property of another for 12 a fee. The term 'service technician' does not include individ-13 uals who use antimicrobial pesticides, sanitizers or dis-14 15 infectants; or who otherwise apply ready to use consumer products pesticides.". 16

17 SEC. 121. MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR TRAINING OF18MAINTENANCE APPLICATORS AND SERVICE

19 TECHNICIANS.

20 The Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide
21 Act (7 U.S.C. 136 et seq.) is amended—

(1) by redesignating sections 30 and 31 as sections 33 and 34, respectively; and

24 (2) by adding after section 29 the following:

1 "SEC. 30. MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR TRAINING OF2MAINTENANCE APPLICATORS AND SERVICE3TECHNICIANS.

4 "Each State may establish minimum requirements for 5 training of maintenance applicators and service technicians. Such training may include instruction in the safe 6 7 and effective handling and use of pesticides in accordance with the Environmental Protection Agency approved label-8 9 ing, and instruction in integrated pest management techniques. The authority of the Administrator with respect to 10 minimum requirements for training of maintenance appli-11 cators and service technicians shall be limited to ensuring 12 that each State understands the provisions of this section.". 13

14 TITLE II—MINOR USE CROP PRO-

15	TECTION,	ANTIM	ICROBIAL
16	PESTICIDE	REGI	STRATION
17	REFORM,	AND	PUBLIC
18	HEALTH PES	STICIDES	S

19 SEC. 201. REFERENCE.

20 Whenever in this title an amendment or repeal is ex-21 pressed in terms of an amendment to, or repeal of, a section 22 or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be 23 made to a section or other provision of the Federal Insecti-24 cide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act.

Subtitle A—Minor Use Crop Protection

63

3 SEC. 210. MINOR CROP PROTECTION.

1

2

4 (a) DEFINITION.—Section 2 (7 U.S.C. 136), as amend5 ed by section 120, is further amended by adding at the end
6 the following:

7 "(ll) MINOR USE.—The term 'minor use' means the
8 use of a pesticide on an animal, on a commercial agricul9 tural crop or site, or for the protection of public health
10 where—

"(1) the total United States acreage for the crop
is less than 300,000 acres, as determined by the Secretary of Agriculture; or

14 "(2) the Administrator, in consultation with the 15 Secretary of Agriculture, determines that, based on 16 information provided by an applicant for registration 17 or a registrant, the use does not provide sufficient eco-18 nomic incentive to support the initial registration or 19 continuing registration of a pesticide for such use 20 and—

21 "(A) there are insufficient efficacious alter22 native registered pesticides available for the use;
23 "(B) the alternatives to the pesticide use
24 pose greater risks to the environment or human
25 health;

1	"(C) the minor use pesticide plays or will
2	play a significant part in managing pest resist-
3	ance; or
4	"(D) the minor use pesticide plays or will
5	play a significant part in an integrated pest
6	management program.
7	The status as a minor use under this subsection shall con-
8	tinue as long as the Administrator has not determined that,
9	based on existing data, such use may cause an unreasonable
10	adverse effect on the environment and the use otherwise
11	qualifies for such status.".
12	(b) Exclusive Use of Minor Use Pesticides.—
13	Section $3(c)(1)(F)$ (7 U.S.C. $136a(c)(1)(F)$) is amended—
14	(1) by redesignating clauses (ii) and (iii) as
15	clauses (iii) and (iv), respectively; and
16	(2) by inserting after clause (i) the following:
17	"(ii) The period of exclusive data use
18	provided under clause (i) shall be extended
19	1 additional year for each 3 minor uses reg-
20	istered after the date of enactment of this
21	clause and within 7 years of the commence-
22	ment of the exclusive use period, up to a
23	total of 3 additional years for all minor
24	uses registered by the Administrator if the
25	Administrator, in consultation with the

1	Secretary of Agriculture, determines that,
2	based on information provided by an appli-
3	cant for registration or a registrant, that—
4	((I) there are insufficient effica-
5	cious alternative registered pesticides
6	available for the use;
7	"(II) the alternatives to the minor
8	use pesticide pose greater risks to the
9	environment or human health;
10	"(III) the minor use pesticide
11	plays or will play a significant part in
12	managing pest resistance; or
13	"(IV) the minor use pesticide
14	plays or will play a significant part in
15	an integrated pest management pro-
16	gram.
17	The registration of a pesticide for a minor
18	use on a crop grouping established by the
19	Administrator shall be considered for pur-
20	poses of this clause 1 minor use for each
21	representative crop for which data are pro-
22	vided in the crop grouping. Any additional
23	exclusive use period under this clause shall
24	be modified as appropriate or terminated if
25	the registrant voluntarily cancels the prod-

1	uct or deletes from the registration the
2	minor uses which formed the basis for the
3	extension of the additional exclusive use pe-
4	riod or if the Administrator determines that
5	the registrant is not actually marketing the
6	product for such minor uses.";
7	(3) in clause (iv), as amended by paragraph (1),
8	by striking "and (ii)" and inserting ", (ii), and
9	(iii)"; and
10	(4) at the end of the section, as amended by
11	paragraph (1), by adding the following:
12	"(v) The period of exclusive use pro-
13	vided under clause (ii) shall not take into
14	effect until 1 year after enactment of this
15	clause, except where an applicant or reg-
16	istrant is applying for the registration of a
17	pesticide containing an active ingredient
18	not previously registered.
19	"(vi) With respect to data submitted
20	after the date of enactment of this clause by
21	an applicant or registrant to support an
22	amendment adding a new use to an existing
23	registration that does not retain any period
24	of exclusive use, if such data relates solely
25	to a minor use of a pesticide, such data

1		shall not, without the written permission of
2		the original data submitter, be considered
3		by the Administrator to support an appli-
4		cation for a minor use by another person
5		during the period of 10 years following the
6		date of submission of such data. The appli-
7		cant or registrant at the time the new
8		minor use is requested shall notify the Ad-
9		ministrator that to the best of their knowl-
10		edge the exclusive use period for the pes-
11		ticide has expired and that the data per-
12		taining solely to the minor use of a pes-
13		ticide is eligible for the provisions of this
14		paragraph. If the minor use registration
15		which is supported by data submitted pur-
16		suant to this subsection is voluntarily can-
17		celed or if such data are subsequently used
18		to support a nonminor use, the data shall
19		no longer be subject to the exclusive use pro-
20		visions of this clause but shall instead be
21		considered by the Administrator in accord-
22		ance with the provisions of clause (i), as
23		appropriate.".
24	(c) Time	Extensions for Development of Minor
25	USE DATA.—	

1	(1) DATA CALL-IN.—Section 3(c)(2)(B) (7 U.S.C.
2	136a(c)(2)(B)) is amended by adding at the end the
3	following:
4	"(vi) Upon the request of a registrant
5	the Administrator shall, in the case of a
6	minor use, extend the deadline for the pro-
7	duction of residue chemistry data under this
8	subparagraph for data required solely to
9	support that minor use until the final dead-
10	line for submission of data under section 4
11	for the other uses of the pesticide established
12	as of the date of enactment of the Minor Use
13	Crop Protection Act of 1996, if—
14	"(I) the data to support other uses
15	of the pesticide on a food are being
16	provided;
17	"(II) the registrant, in submitting
18	a request for such an extension, pro-
19	vides a schedule, including interim
20	dates to measure progress, to assure
21	that the data production will be com-
22	pleted before the expiration of the ex-
23	tension period;
24	"(III) the Administrator has de-
25	termined that such extension will not

1	significantly delay the Administrator's
2	schedule for issuing a reregistration
3	eligibility determination required
4	under section 4; and
5	"(IV) the Administrator has de-
6	termined that based on existing data,
7	such extension would not significantly
8	increase the risk of any unreasonable
9	adverse effect on the environment. If
10	the Administrator grants an extension
11	under this clause, the Administrator
12	shall monitor the development of the
13	data and shall ensure that the reg-
14	istrant is meeting the schedule for the
15	production of the data. If the Adminis-
16	trator determines that the registrant is
17	not meeting or has not met the sched-
18	ule for the production of such data, the
19	Administrator may proceed in accord-
20	ance with clause (iv) regarding the
21	continued registration of the affected
22	products with the minor use and shall
23	inform the public of such action. Not-
24	withstanding the provisions of this
25	clause, the Administrator may take ac-

1	tion to modify or revoke the extension
2	under this clause if the Administrator
3	determines that the extension for the
4	minor use may cause an unreasonable
5	adverse effect on the environment. In
6	such circumstance, the Administrator
7	shall provide, in writing to the reg-
8	istrant, a notice revoking the extension
9	of time for submission of data. Such
10	data shall instead be due in accordance
11	with the date established by the Ad-
12	ministrator for the submission of the
13	data.".
14	(2) Reregistration.—Sections $4(d)(4)(B)$,
15	4(e)(2)(B), and $4(f)(2)(B)$ (7 U.S.C. 136a–1(d)(4)(B),
16	(e)(2)(B), and $(f)(2)(B)$) are each amended by adding
17	at the end the following: "Upon the request of a reg-
18	istrant, the Administrator shall, in the case of a
19	minor use, extend the deadline for the production of
20	residue chemistry data under this subparagraph for
21	data required solely to support that minor use until
22	the final deadline for submission of data under this
23	section for the other uses of the pesticide established
24	as of the date of enactment of the Food Quality Pro-
25	tection Act of 1996 if—

1	"(i) the data to support other uses of the
2	pesticide on a food are being provided;
3	"(ii) the registrant, in submitting a request
4	for such an extension provides a schedule, includ-
5	ing interim dates to measure progress, to assure
6	that the data production will be completed before
7	the expiration of the extension period;
8	"(iii) the Administrator has deter-
9	mined that such extension will not signifi-
10	cantly delay the Administrator's schedule
11	for issuing a reregistration eligibility deter-
12	mination required under this section; and
13	"(iv) the Administrator has determined
14	that based on existing data, such extension
15	would not significantly increase the risk of
16	any unreasonable adverse effect on the envi-
17	ronment. If the Administrator grants an ex-
18	tension under this subparagraph, the Ad-
19	ministrator shall monitor the development
20	of the data and shall ensure that the reg-
21	istrant is meeting the schedule for the pro-
22	duction of the data. If the Administrator
23	determines that the registrant is not meet-
24	ing or has not met the schedule for the pro-
25	duction of such data, the Administrator
1	may proceed in accordance with clause (iv)
----	---
2	of section $3(c)(2)(B)$ or other provisions of
3	this section, as appropriate, regarding the
4	continued registration of the affected prod-
5	ucts with the minor use and shall inform
6	the public of such action. Notwithstanding
7	the provisions of this subparagraph, the Ad-
8	ministrator may take action to modify or
9	revoke the extension under this subpara-
10	graph if the Administrator determines that
11	the extension for the minor use may cause
12	an unreasonable adverse affect on the envi-
13	ronment. In such circumstance, the Admin-
14	istrator shall provide written notice to the
15	registrant revoking the extension of time for
16	submission of data. Such data shall instead
17	be due in accordance with the date then es-
18	tablished by the Administrator for submis-
19	sion of the data.".
20	(d) MINOR USE WAIVER.—Section 3(c)(2) (7 U.S.C.
21	136a(c)(2)) is amended—
22	(1) by inserting "IN GENERAL.—" after "(A)";
23	(2) by inserting "ADDITIONAL DATA.—" after
24	" <i>(B)</i> ";

1	(3) by inserting "SIMPLIFIED PROCEDURES.—"
2	after "(C)"; and
3	(4) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(E) MINOR USE WAIVER.—In handling the
5	registration of a pesticide for a minor use, the
6	Administrator may waive otherwise applicable
7	data requirements if the Administrator deter-
8	mines that the absence of such data will not pre-
9	vent the Administrator from determining—
10	"(i) the incremental risk presented by
11	the minor use of the pesticide; and
12	"(ii) that such risk, if any, would not
13	be an unreasonable adverse effect on the en-
14	vironment.".
15	(e) Expediting Minor Use Registrations.—Sec-
16	tion 3(c)(3) (7 U.S.C. 136a(c)(3)) is amended —
17	(1) by inserting after "(A)" the following: "IN
18	GENERAL.—";
19	(2) by inserting after " (B) " the following:
20	"Identical or substantially similar.—"; and
21	(3) by adding at the end the following:
22	"(C) Minor use registration.—
23	"(i) The Administrator shall, as expe-
24	ditiously as possible, review and act on any
25	complete application—

1	"(I) that proposes the initial reg-
2	istration of a new pesticide active in-
3	gredient if the active ingredient is pro-
4	posed to be registered solely for minor
5	uses, or proposes a registration amend-
6	ment solely for minor uses to an exist-
7	ing registration; or
8	"(II) for a registration or a reg-
9	istration amendment that proposes sig-
10	nificant minor uses.
11	"(ii) For the purposes of clause (i)—
12	``(I) the term 'as expeditiously as
13	possible' means that the Administrator
14	shall, to the greatest extent practicable,
15	complete a review and evaluation of all
16	data, submitted with a complete appli-
17	cation, within 12 months after the sub-
18	mission of the complete application,
19	and the failure of the Administrator to
20	complete such a review and evaluation
21	under clause (i) shall not be subject to
22	judicial review; and
23	``(II) the term 'significant minor
24	uses' means 3 or more minor uses pro-
25	posed for every nonminor use, a minor

1	use that would, in the judgment of the
2	Administrator, serve as a replacement
3	for any use which has been canceled in
4	the 5 years preceding the receipt of the
5	application, or a minor use that in the
6	opinion of the Administrator would
7	avoid the reissuance of an emergency
8	exemption under section 18 for that
9	minor use.
10	"(D) Adequate time for submission of
11	MINOR USE DATA.—If a registrant makes a re-
12	quest for a minor use waiver, regarding data re-
13	quired by the Administrator, pursuant to para-
14	graph (2)(E), and if the Administrator denies in
15	whole or in part such data waiver request, the
16	registrant shall have a full-time period for pro-
17	viding such data. For purposes of this subpara-
18	graph, the term 'full-time period' means the time
19	period originally established by the Adminis-
20	trator for submission of such data, beginning
21	with the date of receipt by the registrant of the
22	Administrator's notice of denial.".
23	(f) Temporary Extension of Registration for
24	Unsupported Minor Uses.—
25	(1) Reregistration.—

1	(A) Sections $4(d)(6)$ and $4(f)(3)$ (7 U.S.C.
2	136a-1(d)(6) and $(f)(3)$) are each amended by
3	adding at the end the following: "If the reg-
4	istrant does not commit to support a specific
5	minor use of the pesticide, but is supporting and
6	providing data in a timely and adequate fashion
7	to support uses of the pesticide on a food, or if
8	all uses of the pesticide are nonfood uses and the
9	registrant does not commit to support a specific
10	minor use of the pesticide but is supporting and
11	providing data in a timely and adequate fashion
12	to support other nonfood uses of the pesticide, the
13	Administrator, at the written request of the reg-
14	istrant, shall not take any action pursuant to
15	this paragraph in regard to such unsupported
16	minor use until the final deadline established as
17	of the date of enactment of the Food Quality Pro-
18	tection Act of 1996, for the submission of data
19	under this section for the supported uses identi-
20	fied pursuant to this paragraph unless the Ad-
21	ministrator determines that the absence of the
22	data is significant enough to cause human health
23	or environmental concerns. On such a deter-
24	mination the Administrator may refuse the re-
25	quest for extension by the registrant. Upon re-

1	ceipt of the request from the registrant, the Ad-
2	ministrator shall publish in the Federal Register
3	a notice of the receipt of the request and the ef-
4	fective date upon which the uses not being sup-
5	ported will be voluntarily deleted from the reg-
6	istration pursuant to section $6(f)(1)$. If the Ad-
7	ministrator grants an extension under this para-
8	graph, the Administrator shall monitor the devel-
9	opment of the data for the uses being supported
10	and shall ensure that the registrant is meeting
11	the schedule for the production of such data. If
12	the Administrator determines that the registrant
13	is not meeting or has not met the schedule for
14	the production of such data, the Administrator
15	may proceed in accordance with section
16	3(c)(2)(B)(iv) regarding the continued registra-
17	tion of the affected products with the minor and
18	other uses and shall inform the public of such
19	action in accordance with section $6(f)(2)$. Not-
20	withstanding this subparagraph, the Adminis-
21	trator may deny, modify, or revoke the tem-
22	porary extension under this paragraph if the Ad-
23	ministrator determines that the continuation of
24	the minor use may cause an unreasonable ad-
25	verse effect on the environment. In the event of

1	modification or revocation, the Administrator
2	shall provide, in writing, to the registrant a no-
3	tice revoking the temporary extension and estab-
4	lish a new effective date by which the minor use
5	shall be deleted from the registration.".
6	(B) Section 4(e)(3)(A) (7 U.S.C. 136a-
7	1(e)(3)(A)) is amended by adding at the end the
8	following: "If the registrant does not commit to
9	support a specific minor use of the pesticide, but
10	is supporting and providing data in a timely
11	and adequate fashion to support uses of the pes-
12	ticide on a food, or if all uses of the pesticide are
13	nonfood uses and the registrant does not commit
14	to support a specific minor use of the pesticide
15	but is supporting and providing data in a time-
16	ly and adequate fashion to support other nonfood
17	uses of the pesticide, the Administrator, at the
18	written request of the registrant, shall not take
19	any action pursuant to this subparagraph in re-
20	gard to such unsupported minor use until the
21	final deadline established as of the date of enact-
22	ment of the Food Quality Protection Act of 1996,
23	for the submission of data under this section for
24	the supported uses identified pursuant to this
25	subparagraph unless the Administrator deter-

1	mines that the absence of the data is significant
2	enough to cause human health or environmental
3	concerns. On the basis of such determination, the
4	Administrator may refuse the request for exten-
5	sion by the registrant. Upon receipt of the re-
6	quest from the registrant, the Administrator
7	shall publish in the Federal Register a notice of
8	the receipt of the request and the effective date
9	upon which the uses not being supported will be
10	voluntarily deleted from the registration pursu-
11	ant to section $6(f)(1)$. If the Administrator
12	grants an extension under this subparagraph, the
13	Administrator shall monitor the development of
14	the data for the uses being supported and shall
15	ensure that the registrant is meeting the schedule
16	for the production of such data. If the Adminis-
17	trator determines that the registrant is not meet-
18	ing or has not met the schedule for the produc-
19	tion of such data, the Administrator may pro-
20	ceed in accordance with section $3(c)(2)(B)(iv)$ re-
21	garding the continued registration of the affected
22	products with the minor and other uses and shall
23	inform the public of such action in accordance
24	with section $6(f)(2)$. Notwithstanding this sub-
25	paragraph, the Administrator may deny, modify,

1	or revoke the temporary extension under this
2	subparagraph if the Administrator determines
3	that the continuation of the minor use may
4	cause an unreasonable adverse effect on the envi-
5	ronment. In The event of modification or revoca-
6	tion, the Administrator shall provide, in writing,
7	to the registrant a notice revoking the temporary
8	extension and establish a new effective date by
9	which the minor use shall be deleted from the
10	registration.".
11	(2) $DATA.$ —Section $3(c)(2)(B)$ (7 U.S.C.
12	136a(c)(2)(B)), as amended by subsection (c)(1), is
13	further amended by adding at the end the following:
14	"(vii) If the registrant does not commit
15	to support a specific minor use of the pes-
16	ticide, but is supporting and providing data
17	in a timely and adequate fashion to support
18	uses of the pesticide on a food, or if all uses
19	of the pesticide are nonfood uses and the
20	registrant does not commit to support a
21	specific minor use of the pesticide but is
22	supporting and providing data in a timely
23	and adequate fashion to support other
24	nonfood uses of the pesticide, the Adminis-
25	trator, at the written request of the reg-

1	istrant, shall not take any action pursuant
2	to this clause in regard to such unsupported
3	minor use until the final deadline estab-
4	lished as of the date of enactment of the
5	Food Quality Protection Act of 1996, for the
6	submission of data under section 4 for the
7	supported use identified pursuant to this
8	clause unless the Administrator determines
9	that the absence of the data is significant
10	enough to cause human health or environ-
11	mental concerns. On the basis of such deter-
12	mination, the Administrator may refuse the
13	request for extension by the registrant.
14	Upon receipt of the request from the reg-
15	istrant, the Administrator shall publish in
16	the Federal Register a notice of the receipt
17	of the request and the effective date upon
18	which the uses not being supported will be
19	voluntarily deleted from the registration
20	pursuant to section $6(f)(1)$. If the Adminis-
21	trator grants an extension under this
22	clause, the Administrator shall monitor the
23	development of the data for the uses being
24	supported and shall ensure that the reg-
25	istrant is meeting the schedule for the pro-

1	duction of such data. If the Administrator
2	determines that the registrant is not meet-
3	ing or has not met the schedule for the pro-
4	duction of such data, the Administrator
5	may proceed in accordance with clause (iv)
6	of this subparagraph regarding the contin-
7	ued registration of the affected products
8	with the minor and other uses and shall in-
9	form the public of such action in accordance
10	with section $6(f)(2)$. Notwithstanding the
11	provisions of this clause, the Administrator
12	may deny, modify, or revoke the temporary
13	extension under this subparagraph if the
14	Administrator determines that the continu-
15	ation of the minor use may cause an unrea-
16	sonable adverse effect on the environment.
17	In the event of modification or revocation,
18	the Administrator shall provide, in writing,
19	to the registrant a notice revoking the tem-
20	porary extension and establish a new effec-
21	tive date by which the minor use shall be
22	deleted from the registration.".
23	(g) Section 6(f) (7 U.S.C. 136d(f)) is amended—
24	(1) in paragraph (1)(C)(ii) by striking "90-day"
25	each place it appears and inserting "180-day"; and

(2) in paragraph (3)(A) by striking "90-day"
 and inserting "180-day".

3 (h) UTILIZATION OF DATA FOR VOLUNTARILY CAN4 CELED CHEMICALS.—Section 6(f) (7 U.S.C. 136d(f)) is
5 amended by adding at the end the following:

6 "(4) UTILIZATION OF DATA FOR VOLUNTARILY 7 CANCELED PESTICIDE.—When an application is filed 8 with the Administrator for the registration of a pes-9 ticide for a minor use and another registrant subse-10 quently voluntarily cancels its registration for an 11 identical or substantially similar pesticide for an 12 identical or substantially similar use, the Adminis-13 trator shall process, review, and evaluate the pending 14 application as if the voluntary cancellation had not 15 yet taken place except that the Administrator shall 16 not take such action if the Administrator determines 17 that such minor use may cause an unreasonable ad-18 verse effect on the environment. In order to rely on 19 this subsection, the applicant must certify that it 20 agrees to satisfy any outstanding data requirements 21 necessary to support the reregistration of the pesticide 22 in accordance with the data submission schedule es-23 tablished by the Administrator.".

24 (i) ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY MINOR USE
25 PROGRAM.—The Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and

Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136 et seq.), as amended by sec tion 121, is amended by adding after section 30 the follow ing:

4 "SEC. 31. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY MINOR 5 USE PROGRAM.

6 "(a) The Administrator shall assure coordination of 7 minor use issues through the establishment of a minor use 8 program within the Office of Pesticide Programs. Such of-9 fice shall be responsible for coordinating the development of minor use programs and policies and consulting with 10 growers regarding minor use issues and registrations and 11 amendments which are submitted to the Environmental 12 13 Protection Agency.

14 "(b) The Office of Pesticide Programs shall prepare a
15 public report concerning the progress made on the registra16 tion of minor uses, including implementation of the exclu17 sive use as an incentive for registering new minor uses,
18 within 3 years of the passage of the Food Quality Protection
19 Act of 1996.".

(j) DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE MINOR USE PROGRAM.—The Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and
Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136 et seq.), as amended by subsection (i), is amended by adding after section 31 the following:

1 "SEC. 32. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE MINOR USE PRO-2GRAM.

3 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Agriculture
4 (hereinafter in this section referred to as the 'Secretary')
5 shall assure the coordination of the responsibilities of the
6 Department of Agriculture related to minor uses of pes7 ticides, including—

8 "(1) carrying out the Inter-Regional Project 9 Number 4 (IR-4) as described in section 2 of Public 10 Law 89–106 (7 U.S.C. 450i(e)) and the national pes-11 ticide resistance monitoring program established 12 under section 1651 of the Food, Agriculture, Con-13 servation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5882);

- 14 "(2) supporting integrated pest management re15 search;
- 16 "(3) consulting with growers to develop data for
 17 minor uses; and

18 "(4) providing assistance for minor use registra19 tions, tolerances, and reregistrations with the Envi20 ronmental Protection Agency.

21 "(b)(1) MINOR USE PESTICIDE DATA.—

"(A) GRANT AUTHORITY.—The Secretary, in
consultation with the Administrator, shall establish a
program to make grants for the development of data
to support minor use pesticide registrations and reregistrations. The amount of any such grant shall not

•HR 1627 RH

exceed ¹/₂ of the cost of the project for which the grant
 is made.

3 "(B) APPLICANTS.—Any person who wants to 4 develop data to support minor use pesticide registrations and reregistrations may apply for a grant 5 6 under subparagraph (A). Priority shall be given to an 7 applicant for such a grant who does not directly re-8 ceive funds from the sale of pesticides registered for 9 minor uses. 10 "(C) DATA OWNERSHIP.—Any data that is devel-11 oped under a grant under subparagraph (A) shall be 12 jointly owned by the Department of Agriculture and 13 the person who received the grant. Such a person shall 14 enter into an agreement with the Secretary under 15 which such person shall share any fee paid to such 16 person under section 3(c)(1)(F). 17 "(2) Minor use pesticide data revolving fund.— 18 "(A) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in 19 the Treasury of the United States a revolving fund to 20 be known as the Minor Use Pesticide Data Revolving

21 Fund. The Fund shall be available without fiscal year
22 limitation to carry out the authorized purposes of this
23 subsection.

24 "(B) CONTENTS OF THE FUND.—There shall be
25 deposited in the Fund—

1	"(i) such amounts as may be appropriated
2	to support the purposes of this subsection; and
3	"(ii) fees collected by the Secretary for any
4	data developed under a grant under paragraph
5	(1)(A).
6	"(C) AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
7	There are authorized to be appropriated for each fis-
8	cal year to carry out the purposes of this subsection
9	\$10,000,000 to remain available until expended.".
10	Subtitle B—Antimicrobial Pesticide
11	Registration Reform
12	SEC. 221. DEFINITIONS.
13	Section 2 (7 U.S.C. 136), as amended by section
14	210(a) is further amended—
15	(1) in subsection (u) , by adding at the end the
16	following: "The term 'pesticide' does not include liq-
17	uid chemical sterilant products (including any
18	sterilant or subordinate disinfectant claims on such
19	products) for use on a critical or semi-critical device,
20	as defined in section 201 of the Federal Food, Drug,
21	and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321). For purposes of
22	the preceding sentence, the term 'critical device' in-
23	cludes any device which is introduced directly into
24	the human body, either into or in contact with the
25	bloodstream or normally sterile areas of the body and

1	the term 'semi-critical device' includes any device
2	which contacts intact mucous membranes but which
3	does not ordinarily penetrate the blood barrier or oth-
4	erwise enter normally sterile areas of the body."; and
5	(2) by adding at the end the following:
6	"(mm) Antimicrobial Pesticide.—
7	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The term 'antimicrobial pes-
8	ticide' means a pesticide that—
9	"(A) is intended to—
10	"(i) disinfect, sanitize, reduce, or miti-
11	gate growth or development of micro-
12	biological organisms; or
13	"(ii) protect inanimate objects, indus-
14	trial processes or systems, surfaces, water,
15	or other chemical substances from contami-
16	nation, fouling, or deterioration caused by
17	bacteria, viruses, fungi, protozoa, algae, or
18	slime; and
19	(B) in the intended use is exempt from, or
20	otherwise not subject to, a tolerance under section
21	408 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act
22	(21 U.S.C. 346a and 348) or a food additive reg-
23	ulation under section 409 of such Act.
24	"(2) Excluded products.—The term
25	'antimicrobial pesticide' does not include —

1	"(A) a wood preservative or antifouling
2	paint product for which a claim of pesticidal ac-
3	tivity other than or in addition to an activity
4	described in paragraph (1) is made;
5	"(B) an agricultural fungicide product; or
6	"(C) an aquatic herbicide product.
7	"(3) Included products.—The term
8	'antimicrobial pesticide' does include any other chem-
9	ical sterilant product (other than liquid chemical
10	sterilant products exempt under subsection (u)), any
11	other disinfectant product, any other industrial
12	microbiocide product, and any other preservative
13	product that is not excluded by paragraph (2).".
14	SEC. 222. FEDERAL AND STATE DATA COORDINATION.
15	Section $3(c)(2)(B)$ (7 U.S.C. $136a(c)(2)(B))$, as
16	amended by section $210(f)(2)$, is amended by adding at the
17	end the following:
18	"(viii)(I) If data required to support reg-
19	istration of a pesticide under subparagraph (A)
20	is requested by a Federal or State regulatory au-
21	thority the Administrator shall to the extent

is requested by a Federal or State regulatory authority, the Administrator shall, to the extent
practicable, coordinate data requirements, test
protocols, timetables, and standards of review

1	the registrant by multiple requirements on the
2	registrant.
3	"(II) The Administrator may enter into a
4	cooperative agreement with a State to carry out
5	subclause (I).
6	"(III) Not later than 1 year after the date
7	of enactment of this clause, the Administrator
8	shall develop a process to identify and assist in
9	alleviating future disparities between Federal
10	and State data requirements.".
11	SEC. 223. LABEL AND LABELING.
12	Section 3(c) (7 U.S.C. 136a(c)) is amended by adding
13	at the end the following:
14	"(9) Labeling.—
15	"(A) Additional statements.—Subject to
16	subparagraphs (B) and (C), it shall not be a vio-
17	lation of this Act for a registrant to modify the
18	labeling of an antimicrobial pesticide product to
19	include relevant information on product efficacy,
20	$product\ composition,\ container\ composition\ or$
21	design, or other characteristics that do not relate
22	to any pesticidal claim or pesticidal activity.
23	"(B) REQUIREMENTS.—Proposed labeling
24	information under subparagraph (A) shall not be
25	false or misleading, shall not conflict with or de-

1	tract from any statement required by law or the
2	Administrator as a condition of registration,
3	and shall be substantiated on the request of the
4	Administrator.
5	"(C) Notification and disapproval.—
6	"(i) NOTIFICATION.—A registration
7	may be modified under subparagraph (A)
8	if—
9	``(I) the registrant notifies the Ad-
10	ministrator in writing not later than
11	60 days prior to distribution or sale of
12	a product bearing the modified label-
13	ing; and
14	"(II) the Administrator does not
15	disapprove of the modification under
16	clause (ii).
17	"(ii) DISAPPROVAL.—Not later than 30
18	days after receipt of a notification under
19	clause (i), the Administrator may dis-
20	approve the modification by sending the
21	registrant notification in writing stating
22	that the proposed language is not acceptable
23	and stating the reasons why the Adminis-
24	trator finds the proposed modification unac-
25	ceptable.

1	"(iii) Restriction on sale.—A reg-
2	istrant may not sell or distribute a product
3	bearing a disapproved modification.
4	"(iv) Objection.—A registrant may
5	file an objection in writing to a disapproval
6	under clause (ii) not later than 30 days
7	after receipt of notification of the dis-
8	approval.
9	"(v) FINAL ACTION.—A decision by the
10	Administrator following receipt and consid-
11	eration of an objection filed under clause
12	(iv) shall be considered a final agency ac-
13	tion.
14	"(D) USE DILUTION.—The label or labeling
15	required under this Act for an antimicrobial pes-
16	ticide that is or may be diluted for use may have
17	a different statement of caution or protective
18	measures for use of the recommended diluted so-
19	lution of the pesticide than for use of a con-
20	centrate of the pesticide if the Administrator de-
21	termines that—
22	"(i) adequate data have been submitted
23	to support the statement proposed for the
24	diluted solution uses; and

- "(ii) the label or labeling provides ade quate protection for exposure to the diluted
 solution of the pesticide.".
- 4 SEC. 224. REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS FOR 5 ANTIMICROBIAL PESTICIDES.

6 Section 3 (7 U.S.C. 136a), as amended by section
7 107(b), is further amended by adding at the end the follow8 ing:

9 "(h) REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS FOR 10 ANTIMICROBIAL PESTICIDES.—

11 "(1) EVALUATION OF PROCESS.—To the maxi-12 mum extent practicable consistent with the degrees of 13 risk presented by a antimicrobial pesticide and the 14 type of review appropriate to evaluate the risks, the 15 Administrator shall identify and evaluate reforms to 16 the antimicrobial registration process that would re-17 duce review periods existing as of the date of enact-18 ment of this subsection for antimicrobial pesticide 19 product registration applications and applications for 20 amended registration of antimicrobial pesticide prod-21 ucts. including— 22 "(A) new antimicrobial active ingredients; 23 "(B) new antimicrobial end-use products:

24 "(C) substantially similar or identical
25 antimicrobial pesticides; and

1	``(D) amendments to antimicrobial pesticide
2	registrations.
3	"(2) Review time period reduction goal.—
4	Each reform identified under paragraph (1) shall be
5	designed to achieve the goal of reducing the review pe-
6	riod following submission of a complete application,
7	consistent with the degree of risk, to a period of not
8	more than—
9	"(A) 540 days for a new antimicrobial ac-
10	tive ingredient pesticide registration;
11	"(B) 270 days for a new antimicrobial use
12	of a registered active ingredient;
13	"(C) 120 days for any other new
14	antimicrobial product;
15	"(D) 90 days for a substantially similar or
16	identical antimicrobial product;
17	((E) 90 days for an amendment to an
18	antimicrobial registration that does not require
19	scientific review of data; and
20	((F) 90 to 180 days for an amendment to
21	an antimicrobial registration that requires sci-
22	entific review of data and that is not otherwise
23	described in this paragraph.
24	"(3) Implementation.—
25	"(A) Proposed rulemaking.—

4	
1	"(i) Issuance.—Not later than 270
2	days after the date of enactment of this sub-
3	section, the Administrator shall publish in
4	the Federal Register proposed regulations to
5	accelerate and improve the review of
6	antimicrobial pesticide products designed to
7	implement, to the extent practicable, the
8	goals set forth in paragraph (2).
9	"(ii) Requirements.—Proposed regu-
10	lations issued under clause (i) shall—
11	``(I) define the various classes of
12	antimicrobial use patterns, including
13	household, industrial, and institutional
14	disinfectants and sanitizing pesticides,
15	preservatives, water treatment, and
16	pulp and paper mill additives, and
17	other such products intended to dis-
18	infect, sanitize, reduce, or mitigate
19	growth or development of micro-
20	biological organisms, or protect inani-
21	mate objects, industrial processes or
22	systems, surfaces, water, or other chem-
23	ical substances from contamination,
24	fouling, or deterioration caused by bac-

1	teria, viruses, fungi, protozoa, algae, or
2	slime;
3	"(II) differentiate the types of re-
4	view undertaken for antimicrobial pes-
5	ticides;
6	"(III) conform the degree and
7	type of review to the risks and benefits
8	presented by antimicrobial pesticides
9	and the function of review under this
10	Act, considering the use patterns of the
11	product, toxicity, expected exposure,
12	and product type;
13	"(IV) ensure that the registration
14	process is sufficient to maintain
15	antimicrobial pesticide efficacy and
16	that antimicrobial pesticide products
17	continue to meet product performance
18	standards and effectiveness levels for
19	each type of label claim made; and
20	"(V) implement effective and reli-
21	able deadlines for process management.
22	"(iii) Comments.—In developing the
23	proposed regulations, the Administrator
24	shall solicit the views from registrants and

1 other affected parties to maximize the effec-2 tiveness of the rule development process. "(B) FINAL REGULATIONS.— 3 (i)4 ISSUANCE.—The Administrator shall issue final regulations not later than 5 6 240 days after the close of the comment pe-7 riod for the proposed regulations. "(ii) Failure to meet goal.-If a 8 9 goal described in paragraph (2) is not met 10 by the final regulations, the Administrator 11 shall identify the goal, explain why the goal 12 was not attained, describe the element of the 13 regulations included instead, and identify 14 future steps to attain the goal. 15 *"(iii)* REQUIREMENTS.—In issuing final regulations, the Administrator shall— 16 17 "(I) consider the establishment of 18 a certification process for regulatory 19 actions involving risks that can be re-20 sponsibly managed, consistent with the 21 degree of risk, in the most cost-efficient 22 manner; 23 "(II) consider the establishment of a certification process by approved lab-24

1	oratories as an adjunct to the review
2	process;
3	"(III) use all appropriate and
4	cost-effective review mechanisms, in-
5	cluding—
6	"(aa) expanded use of notifi-
7	cation and non-notification proce-
8	dures;
9	"(bb) revised procedures for
10	application review; and
11	"(cc) allocation of appro-
12	priate resources to ensure stream-
13	lined management of
14	antimicrobial pesticide registra-
15	tions; and
16	"(IV) clarify criteria for deter-
17	mination of the completeness of an ap-
18	plication.
19	"(C) Expedited review.—This subsection
20	does not affect the requirements or extend the
21	deadlines or review periods contained in sub-
22	section $(c)(3)$.
23	"(D) Alternative review periods.—If
24	the final regulations to carry out this paragraph
25	are not effective 630 days after the date of enact-

1	ment of this subsection, until the final regula-
2	tions become effective, the review period, begin-
3	ning on the date of receipt by the Agency of a
4	complete application, shall be—
5	"(i) 2 years for a new antimicrobial
6	active ingredient pesticide registration;
7	"(ii) 1 year for a new antimicrobial
8	use of a registered active ingredient;
9	"(iii) 180 days for any other new
10	antimicrobial product;
11	"(iv) 90 days for a substantially simi-
12	lar or identical antimicrobial product;
13	"(v) 90 days for an amendment to an
14	antimicrobial registration that does not re-
15	quire scientific review of data; and
16	"(vi) 240 days for an amendment to
17	an antimicrobial registration that requires
18	scientific review of data and that is not oth-
19	erwise described in this subparagraph.
20	"(E) Wood preservatives.—An applica-
21	tion for the registration, or for an amendment to
22	the registration, of a wood preservative product
23	for which a claim of pesticidal activity listed in
24	section $2(mm)$ is made (regardless of any other
25	pesticidal claim that is made with respect to the

1	product) shall be reviewed by the Administrator
2	within the same period as that established under
3	this paragraph for an antimicrobial pesticide
4	product application, consistent with the degree of
5	risk posed by the use of the wood preservative
6	product, if the application requires the applicant
7	to satisfy the same data requirements as are re-
8	quired to support an application for a wood pre-
9	servative product that is an antimicrobial pes-
10	ticide.
11	"(F) Notification.—
12	"(i) In general.—Subject to clause
13	(iii), the Administrator shall notify an ap-
14	plicant whether an application has been
15	granted or denied not later than the final
16	day of the appropriate review period under
17	this paragraph, unless the applicant and
18	the Administrator agree to a later date.
19	"(ii) FINAL DECISION.—If the Admin-
20	istrator fails to notify an applicant within
21	the period of time required under clause (i),
22	the failure shall be considered an agency ac-
23	tion unlawfully withheld or unreasonably
24	delayed for purposes of judicial review

101

under chapter 7 of title 5, United States

2	C_{\pm} 1.
2	Code.
3	"(iii) EXEMPTION.—This subpara-
4	graph does not apply to an application for
5	an antimicrobial pesticide that is filed
6	under subsection $(c)(3)(B)$ prior to 90 days
7	after the date of enactment of this sub-
8	section.
9	"(4) Annual report.—
10	"(A) SUBMISSION.—Beginning on the date
11	of enactment of this subsection and ending on the
12	date that the goals under paragraph (2) are
13	achieved, the Administrator shall, not later than
14	March 1 of each year, prepare and submit an
15	annual report to the Committee on Agriculture
16	of the House of Representatives and the Commit-
17	tee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the
18	Senate.
19	"(B) REQUIREMENTS.—A report submitted
20	under subparagraph (A) shall include a descrip-
21	tion of—
22	"(i) measures taken to reduce the back-
23	log of pending registration applications;
24	"(ii) progress toward achieving reforms
25	under this subsection; and

	-
1	"(iii) recommendations to improve the
2	activities of the Agency pertaining to
3	antimicrobial registrations.".
4	SEC. 225. DISPOSAL OF HOUSEHOLD, INDUSTRIAL, OR IN-
5	STITUTIONAL ANTIMICROBIAL PRODUCTS.
6	Section 19(h) (7 U.S.C. 136q(h)) is amended—
7	(1) by striking "Nothing in" and inserting the
8	following:
9	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in"; and
10	(2) by adding at the end the following:
11	"(2) ANTIMICROBIAL PRODUCTS.—A household,
12	industrial, or institutional antimicrobial product that
13	is not subject to regulation under the Solid Waste
14	Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6901 et seq.) shall not be sub-
15	ject to the provisions of subsections (a), (e), and (f),
16	unless the Administrator determines that such prod-
17	uct must be subject to such provisions to prevent an
18	unreasonable adverse effect on the environment.".
19	Subtitle C—Public Health
20	Pesticides
21	SEC. 230. DEFINITIONS.
22	(a) Adverse Effects.—Section 2(bb) (7 U.S.C.
23	136(bb)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
24	"The Administrator shall consider the risks and benefits of
25	public health pesticides separate from the risks and benefits

of other pesticides. In weighing any regulatory action con cerning a public health pesticide under this Act, the Admin istrator shall weigh any risks of the pesticide against the
 health risks such as the diseases transmitted by the vector
 to be controlled by the pesticide.".

6 (b) NEW DEFINITIONS.—Section 2 (7 U.S.C. 136), as
7 amended by section 221, is amended by adding at the end
8 the following:

9 "(nn) PUBLIC HEALTH PESTICIDE.—The term 'public health pesticide' means any minor use pesticide product 10 registered for use and used predominantly in public health 11 programs for vector control or for other recognized health 12 protection uses, including the prevention or mitigation of 13 viruses, bacteria, or other microorganisms (other than vi-14 15 ruses, bacteria, or other microorganisms on or in living man or other living animal) that pose a threat to public 16 health. 17

18 "(oo) VECTOR.—The term 'vector' means any orga19 nism capable of transmitting the causative agent of human
20 disease or capable of producing human discomfort or in21 jury, including mosquitoes, flies, fleas, cockroaches, or other
22 insects and ticks, mites, or rats.".

23 SEC. 231. REGISTRATION.

24 Section 3(c)(2)(A) (7 U.S.C. 136a(c)(2)(A)) is amend25 ed—

1	(1) by inserting after "pattern of use," the fol-
2	lowing: "the public health and agricultural need for
3	such minor use,"; and
4	(2) by striking "potential exposure of man and
5	the environment to the pesticide" and inserting "po-
6	tential beneficial or adverse effects on man and the
7	environment".
8	SEC. 232. REREGISTRATION.
9	Section 4 (7 U.S.C. 136a–1) is amended—
10	(1) in subsection $(i)(4)$, by redesignating sub-
11	paragraphs (B) and (C) as subparagraphs (C) and
12	(D), respectively, and by adding after subparagraph
13	(A) the following:
14	"(B) The Administrator shall exempt any
15	public health pesticide from the payment of the
16	fee prescribed under paragraph (3) if, in con-
17	sultation with the Secretary of Health and
18	Human Services, the Administrator determines,
19	based on information supplied by the registrant,
20	that the economic return to the registrant from
21	sales of the pesticide does not support the reg-
22	istration or reregistration of the pesticide.";
23	(2) in subsection $(i)(5)$, by redesignating sub-
24	paragraphs (F) and (G) as subparagraphs (G) and

"(F) The Administrator shall exempt any 3 4 public health pesticide from the payment of the 5 fee prescribed under paragraph (3) if, in con-6 sultation with the Secretary of Health and Hu-7 mans Services, the Administrator determines, 8 based on information supplied by the registrant, 9 that the economic return to the registrant from 10 sales of the pesticide does not support the req-11 istration or reregistration of the pesticide.";

(3) in subsection (i)(7)(B), by striking "or to determine" and inserting ", to determine" and by inserting before the period the following: ", or to determine the volume usage for public health pesticides";
and

(4) in subsection (k)(3)(A), by striking "or" at
the end of clause (i), by striking the period at the end
of clause (ii) and inserting thereof "; or", and by
adding after clause (ii) the following:

21 "(iii) proposes the initial or amended
22 registration of an end use pesticide that, if
23 registered as proposed, would be used for a
24 public health pesticide.".

1 SEC. 233. CANCELLATION.

2 Section 6(b) (7 U.S.C. 136d(b)) is amended by adding 3 after the eighth sentence the following: "When a public health use is affected, the Secretary of Health and Human 4 5 Services should provide available benefits and use information, or an analysis thereof, in accordance with the proce-6 7 dures followed and subject to the same conditions as the Sec-8 retary of Agriculture in the case of agricultural pesticides.". 9 SEC. 234. VIEWS OF THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND

10

HUMAN SERVICES.

Section 21 (7 U.S.C. 136s) is amended by redesignat-11 ing subsections (b) and (c) as subsections (c) and (d), re-12 spectively, and by adding after subsection (a) the following: 13 14 "(b) Secretary of Health and Human Serv-ICES.—The Administrator, before publishing regulations 15 under this Act for any public health pesticide, shall solicit 16 the views of the Secretary of Health and Human Services 17 in the same manner as the views of the Secretary of Agri-18 19 culture are solicited under section 25(a)(2).".

20 SEC. 235. AUTHORITY OF ADMINISTRATOR.

21 Section 25(a)(1) (7 U.S.C. 136w(a)(1)) is amended—

22 (1) by inserting after "various classes of pesticides" the following: ", including public health pes-23

24 ticides,"; and (2) by striking "and nonagricultural pesticides"
 and inserting ", nonagricultural, and public health
 pesticides".

4 SEC. 236. IDENTIFICATION OF PESTS.

5 Section 28 (7 U.S.C. 136w-3) is amended by adding
6 at the end the following:

7 "(d) PUBLIC HEALTH PESTS.—The Administrator, in 8 coordination with the Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall identify pests 9 of significant public health importance and, in coordina-10 tion with the Public Health Service, develop and implement 11 programs to improve and facilitate the safe and necessary 12 use of chemical, biological, and other methods to combat and 13 control such pests of public health importance.". 14

15 SEC. 237. PUBLIC HEALTH DATA.

16 Section 4 (7 U.S.C. 136a–1) is amended by adding 17 at the end the following:

18 "(m) AUTHORIZATION OF FUNDS TO DEVELOP PUB19 LIC HEALTH DATA.—

20 "(1) DEFINITION.—For the purposes of this sec21 tion, 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Health and
22 Human Services, acting through the Public Health
23 Service.

24 "(2) CONSULTATION.—In the case of a pesticide
25 registered for use in public health programs for vector
1	control or for other uses the Administrator determines
2	to be human health protection uses, the Administrator
3	shall, upon timely request by the registrant or any
4	other interested person, or on the Administrator's own
5	initiative may, consult with the Secretary prior to
6	taking final action to suspend registration under sec-
7	tion $3(c)(2)(B)(iv)$, or cancel a registration under sec-
8	tion 4, 6(e), or 6(f). In consultation with the Sec-
9	retary, the Administrator shall prescribe the form and
10	content of requests under this section.
11	"(3) BENEFITS TO SUPPORT FAMILY.—The Ad-
12	ministrator, after consulting with the Secretary, shall
13	make a determination whether the potential benefits
14	of continued use of the pesticide for public health or
15	health protection purposes are of such significance as
16	to warrant a commitment by the Secretary to conduct
17	or to arrange for the conduct of the studies required
18	by the Administrator to support continued registra-
19	tion under section 3 or registration under section 4.
20	"(4) ADDITIONAL TIME.—If the Administrator
21	determines that such a commitment is warranted and
22	in the public interest, the Administrator shall notify
23	the Secretary and shall, to the extent necessary,
24	amend a notice issued under section $3(c)(2)(B)$ to

specify additional reasonable time periods for submis sion of the data.

3 "(5) ARRANGEMENTS.—The Secretary shall make 4 such arrangements for the conduct of required studies as the Secretary finds necessary and appropriate to 5 6 permit submission of data in accordance with the 7 time periods prescribed by the Administrator. Such arrangements may include Public Health Service in-8 9 tramural research activities, grants, contracts, or co-10 operative agreements with academic, public health, or 11 other organizations qualified by experience and train-12 ing to conduct such studies.

13 "(6) SUPPORT.—The Secretary may provide for 14 support of the required studies using funds authorized 15 to be appropriated under this section, the Public 16 Health Service Act, or other appropriate authorities. 17 After a determination is made under subsection (d), 18 the Secretary shall notify the Committees on Appro-19 priations of the House Representatives and the Senate 20 of the sums required to conduct the necessary studies.

21 "(7) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
22 There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
23 the purposes of this section \$12,000,000 for fiscal year
24 1997, and such sums as may be necessary for succeed25 ing fiscal years.".

1	tional pesticides, will be considered for expedited
2	review under this paragraph. An application for
3	registration or an amendment shall qualify for
4	expedited review if use of the pesticide proposed
5	by the application may reasonably be expected to
6	accomplish 1 or more of the following:
7	"(i) Reduce the risks of pesticides to
8	human health.
9	"(ii) Reduce the risks of pesticides to
10	nontarget organisms.
11	"(iii) Reduce the potential for con-
12	tamination of groundwater, surface water,
13	or other valued environmental resources.
14	"(iv) Broaden the adoption of inte-
15	grated pest management strategies, or make
16	such strategies more available or more effec-
17	tive.
18	"(C) The Administrator, not later than 30
19	days after receipt of an application for expedited
20	review, shall notify the applicant whether the ap-
21	plication is complete. If it is found to be incom-
22	plete, the Administrator may either reject the re-
23	quest for expedited review or ask the applicant
24	for additional information to satisfy the guide-
25	lines developed under subparagraph (A).".

COLLECTION TITLE III—DATA 1 ACTIVITIES TO ASSURE THE 2 **OF INFANTS** HEALTH AND 3 CHILDREN AND OTHER MEAS-4 URES 5

6 SEC. 301. DATA COLLECTION ACTIVITIES TO ASSURE THE 7 HEALTH OF INFANTS AND CHILDREN.

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Agriculture, in 9 consultation with the Administrator of the Environmental 10 Protection Agency and the Secretary of Health and Human 11 Services, shall coordinate the development and implementa-12 tion of survey procedures to ensure that adequate data on 13 food consumption patterns of infants and children are col-14 lected.

(b) PROCEDURES.—To the extent practicable, the procedures referred to in subsection (a) shall include the collection of data on food consumption patterns of a statistically
valid sample of infants and children.

19 (c) RESIDUE DATA COLLECTION.—The Secretary of 20 Agriculture shall ensure that the residue data collection ac-21 tivities conducted by the Department of Agriculture in co-22 operation with the Environmental Protection Agency and 23 the Department of Health and Human Services, provide for 24 the improved data collection of pesticide residues, including 25 guidelines for the use of comparable analytical and standardized reporting methods, and the increased sampling of
 foods most likely consumed by infants and children.

3 SEC. 302. COLLECTION OF PESTICIDE USE INFORMATION.

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Agriculture shall
5 collect data of statewide or regional significance on the use
6 of pesticides to control pests and diseases of major crops
7 and crops of dietary significance, including fruits and vege8 tables.

9 (b) COLLECTION.—The data shall be collected by sur10 veys of farmers or from other sources offering statistically
11 reliable data.

12 (c) COORDINATION.—The Secretary of Agriculture 13 shall, as appropriate, coordinate with the Administrator of 14 the Environmental Protection Agency in the design of the 15 surveys and make available to the Administrator the aggre-16 gate results of the surveys to assist the Administrator.

17 SEC. 303. INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT.

18 The Secretary of Agriculture, in cooperation with the Administrator, shall implement research, demonstration, 19 and education programs to support adoption of Integrated 20 21 Pest Management. Integrated Pest Management is a sus-22 tainable approach to managing pests by combining biologi-23 cal, cultural, physical, and chemical tools in a way that 24 minimizes economic, health, and environmental risks. The Secretary of Agriculture and the Administrator shall make 25

information on Integrated Pest Management widely avail able to pesticide users, including Federal agencies. Federal
 agencies shall use Integrated Pest Management techniques
 in carrying out pest management activities and shall pro mote Integrated Pest Management through procurement
 and regulatory policies, and other activities.

7 SEC. 304. COORDINATION OF CANCELLATION.

8 Section 2(bb) (7 U.S.C. 136(bb)) is amended—

9 (1) by inserting "(1)" after "means"; and

(2) by striking the period at the end of the first
sentence and inserting ", or (2) a human dietary risk
from residues that result from a use of a pesticide in
or on any food inconsistent with the standard the Administrator determines is adequate to protect the public health under section 408 of the Federal Food,
Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 346a).".

17 SEC. 305. PESTICIDE USE INFORMATION STUDY.

(a) The Secretary of Agriculture shall, in consultation
with the Administrator of the Environmental Protection
Agency, prepare a report to Congress evaluating the current
status and potential improvements in Federal pesticide use
information gathering activities. This report shall at least
include—

24 (1) an analysis of the quality and reliability of
25 the information collected by the Department of Agri-

culture, the Environmental Protection Agency, and
 other Federal agencies regarding the agricultural use
 of pesticides; and

4 (2) an analysis of options to increase the effec5 tiveness of national pesticide use information collec6 tion, including an analysis of costs, burdens placed
7 on agricultural producers and other pesticide users,
8 and effectiveness in tracking risk reduction by those
9 options.

(b) The Secretary shall submit this report to Congress
not later than 1 year following the date of enactment of
this section.

13 [TITLE IV—AMENDMENTS TO THE FED14 ERAL FOOD, DRUG, AND COSMETIC 15 ACT

16 [SEC. 401. REFERENCE.

17 [Whenever in this title an amendment is expressed
18 in terms of an amendment to a section or other provision,
19 or refers to a section or other provision, the reference shall
20 be considered to be made to a section or other provision
21 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

22 [SEC. 402. DEFINITIONS.

23 [(a) Section 201(q) (21 U.S.C. 321(q)) is amended
24 to read as follows:

25 ["(q)(1)] The term 'pesticide chemical' means—

1	["(A) any substance that is a pesticide within
2	the meaning of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide,
3	and Rodenticide Act; or
4	("(B) any active ingredient of a pesticide with-
5	in the meaning of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide,
6	and Rodenticide Act.
7	["(2) The term 'pesticide chemical residue' means a
8	residue in or on raw agricultural commodity or processed
9	food of—
10	((A) a pesticide chemical; or
11	("(B) any other added substance that is
12	present in the commodity or food primarily as a re-
13	sult of the metabolism or other degradation of a pes-
14	ticide chemical.
15	["(3) Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) and (2), the
16	Administrator may by regulation except a substance from
17	the definition of 'pesticide chemical' or 'pesticide chemical
18	residue' if—
19	(A) its occurrence as a residue on a raw agri-
20	cultural commodity or processed food is attributable
21	primarily to natural causes or to human activities
22	not involving the use of any substances for a pes-
23	ticidal purpose in the production, storage, process-
24	ing, or transportation of any raw agricultural com-
25	modity or processed food; and

	117
1	("(B) the Administrator, after consultation
2	with the Secretary, determines that the substance
3	more appropriately should be regulated under one or
4	more provisions of this Act other than sections
5	402(a)(2)(B) and $408.$ ".
6	(b) Paragraphs (1) and (2) of section $201(s)$ (21)
7	U.S.C. 321(s)) are amended to read as follows:
8	["(1) a pesticide chemical residue in or on a
9	raw agricultural commodity or processed food; or
10	('(2) a pesticide chemical; or''.
11	(c) Section 201 (21 U.S.C. 321) is amended by add-
12	ing at the end the following:
13	("(bb) The term 'processed food' means any food
14	other than a raw agricultural commodity and includes any
15	raw agricultural commodity that has been subject to proc-
16	essing, such as canning, cooking, freezing, dehydration, or
17	milling.
18	('(cc) The term 'Administrator' means the Adminis-
19	trator of the United States Environmental Protection
20	Agency.".
21	[SEC. 403. PROHIBITED ACTS.

- 22 [Section 301(j) (21 U.S.C. 331(j)) is amended—
- 23 [(1) by striking the period at the end; and

[(2) by inserting at the end ", or the violation
 of section 408(g)(2) or any regulation issued under
 that section.".

4 [SEC. 404. ADULTERATED FOOD.

5 [Section 402(a)(2) (21 U.S.C. 342(a)(2)) is amended
6 to read as follows:

7 ["(2)(A) if it bears or contains any added poi8 sonous or added deleterious substance (other than a
9 substance that is a pesticide chemical residue in or
10 on a raw agricultural commodity or processed food,
11 a food additive, a color additive, or a new animal
12 drug) that is unsafe within the meaning of section
13 406;

14 ["(B) if it bears or contains a pesticide chemi15 cal residue that is unsafe within the meaning of sec16 tion 408(a); or

17 ["(C) if it is or if it bears or contains—
18 ["(i) any food additive that is unsafe with19 in the meaning of section 409; or
20 ["(ii) a new animal drug (or conversion

21 product thereof) that is unsafe within the22 meaning of section 512; or".

4 as follows:

5 ["TOLERANCES AND EXEMPTIONS FOR PESTICIDE CHEMI-6 CAL RESIDUES

7 ["SEC. 408. (a) REQUIREMENT FOR TOLERANCE OR
8 EXEMPTION.—

9 ["(1) GENERAL RULE.—For the purposes of 10 this section, the term 'food,' when used as a noun 11 without modification, shall mean a raw agricultural 12 commodity or processed food. Except as provided in 13 paragraph (2) or (3), any pesticide chemical residue 14 in or on a food shall be deemed unsafe for the pur-15 pose of section 402(a)(2)(B) unless—

16 ["(A) a tolerance for such pesticide chemi17 cal residue in or on such food is in effect under
18 this section and the concentration of the residue
19 is within the limits of the tolerance; or

20 ["(B) an exemption from the requirement
21 of a tolerance is in effect under this section for
22 the pesticide chemical residue.

23 ["(2) PROCESSED FOOD.—Notwithstanding
24 paragraph (1)—

25 ["(A) if a tolerance is in effect under this
26 section for a pesticide chemical residue in or on

a raw agricultural commodity, a pesticide chem-1 2 ical residue that is present in or on a processed food because the food is made from that raw 3 4 agricultural commodity shall not be considered unsafe within the 5 meaning of section 6 402(a)(2)(B) despite the lack of a tolerance for 7 the pesticide chemical residue in or on the proc-8 essed food if the concentration of the pesticide 9 chemical residue in the processed food when 10 ready for consumption or use is not greater 11 than the tolerance prescribed for the pesticide 12 chemical residue in the raw agricultural com-13 modity.

14 ("(B) If an exemption for the requirement 15 for a tolerance is in effect under this section for 16 a pesticide chemical residue in or on a raw agri-17 cultural commodity, a pesticide chemical residue 18 that is present in or on a processed food be-19 cause the food is made from that raw agricul-20 tural commodity shall not be considered unsafe 21 within the meaning of section 402(a)(2)(B).

["(3) RESIDUES OF DEGRADATION PRODUCTS.—If a pesticide chemical residue is present in
or on a food because it is a metabolite or other degradation product of a precursor substance that itself

1	is a pesticide chemical or pesticide chemical residue,
2	such a residue shall not be considered to be unsafe
3	within the meaning of section $402(a)(2)(B)$ despite
4	the lack of a tolerance or exemption from the need
5	for a tolerance for such residue in or on such food
6	if—
7	("(A) the Administrator has not deter-
8	mined that the degradation product is likely to
9	pose any potential health risk from dietary ex-
10	posure that is of a different type than, or of a
11	greater significance than, any risk posed by die-
12	tary exposure to the precursor substance; and
13	("(B) either—
14	["(i) a tolerance is in effect under
15	this section for residues of the precursor
16	substance in or on the food, and the com-
17	bined level of residues of the degradation
18	product and the precursor substance in or
19	on the food is at or below the
20	stoichiometrically equivalent level that
21	would be permitted by the tolerance if the
22	residue consisted only of the precursor sub-
23	stance rather than the degradation prod-
24	uct; or

1	["(ii) an exemption from the need for
2	a tolerance is in effect under this section
3	for residues of the precursor substance in
4	or on the food; and
5	["(C) the tolerance or exemption for resi-
6	dues of the precursor substance does not state
7	that it applies only to particular named sub-
8	stances or states that it does not apply to resi-
9	dues of the degradation product.
10	((4) Effect of tolerance or exemp-
11	TION.—While a tolerance or exemption from the re-
12	quirement for a tolerance is in effect under this sec-
13	tion for a pesticide chemical residue with respect to
14	any food, the food shall not by reason of bearing or
15	containing any amount of such a residue be consid-
16	ered to be adulterated within the meaning of section
17	402(a)(1).
18	("(b) Authority and Standard for Toler-
19	ANCES.—
20	((1) AUTHORITY.—The Administrator may
21	issue regulations establishing, modifying, or revoking
22	a tolerance for a pesticide chemical residue in or on
23	a food—
24	["(A) in response to a petition filed under
25	subsection (d); or

1["(B) on the Administrator's initiative2under subsection (e).

3 ["(2) STANDARD.—(A) A tolerance may not be
4 established for a pesticide chemical residue in or on
5 a food at a level that is higher than a level that the
6 Administrator determines is adequate to protect the
7 public health.

8 ["(B) The Administrator shall modify or revoke 9 a tolerance if it is at a level higher than the level 10 that the Administrator determines is adequate to 11 protect the public health.

12 ("(C) In making a determination under this 13 paragraph the Administrator shall take into account, 14 among other relevant factors, the validity, complete-15 ness, and reliability of the available data from stud-16 ies of the pesticide chemical residue, the nature of 17 any toxic effects shown to be caused by the pesticide 18 chemical in such studies, available information and 19 reasonable assumptions concerning the relationship 20 of the results of such studies to human risk, avail-21 able information and reasonable assumptions con-22 cerning the dietary exposure levels of food consum-23 ers (and major identifiable subgroups of food con-24 sumers, including infants and children) to the pes-25 ticide chemical residue, and available information

and reasonable assumptions concerning the varia bility of the sensitivities of major identifiable groups,
 including infants and children, and shall consider
 other factors to the extent required by subparagraph
 (F).

6 ("(D) For purposes of subparagraph (A), a tol-7 erance level for a pesticide chemical residue in or on 8 a food shall be deemed to be adequate to protect the 9 public health if the dietary risk posed to food con-10 sumers by such level of the pesticide chemical resi-11 due is negligible. The Administrator shall by regula-12 tion set forth the factors and methods, including 13 tests which are appropriate for the determination of 14 dietary risk and most likely dietary exposure, for the 15 determination of negligible dietary risk.

16 ["(E) Procedures shall be developed and imple17 mented that ensure that pesticide tolerances ade18 quately safeguard the health of infants and children.

19 ["(F) Where reliable data are available, the 20 Administrator shall calculate the dietary risk posed 21 to food consumers by a pesticide chemical on the 22 basis of the percent of food actually treated with the 23 pesticide chemical and the actual residue levels of 24 the pesticide chemical that occur in food. In particu-25 lar, the Administrator shall take into account aggregate pesticide use and residue data collected by the
 Department of Agriculture.

3 ["(G) For purposes of subparagraph (A), a
4 level of a pesticide chemical residue in or on a food
5 that poses a greater than negligible dietary risk to
6 consumers of the food shall be deemed to be ade7 quate to protect the public health if the Adminis8 trator determines that such risk is not unreasonable
9 because—

10 **[**"(i) use of the pesticide that produces the 11 residue protects humans or the environment 12 from adverse effects on public health or welfare 13 that would, directly or indirectly, result in 14 greater risk to the public or the environment 15 than the dietary risk from the pesticide chemi-16 cal residue; or

17 **[**"(ii) use of the pesticide avoids risks to 18 workers, the public, or the environment that 19 would be expected to result from the use of an-20 other pesticide or pest control method on the 21 same food that are considered to be greater 22 than the risks that result from dietary exposure 23 to the pesticide chemical residue; or

24 ["(iii) the availability of the pesticide
25 would enable domestic growers to maintain the

•HR 1627 RH

1	availability of an adequate, wholesome, and eco-
2	nomical food supply for consumers, taking into
3	account national and regional effects.
4	In making the determination under this subpara-
5	graph, the Administrator shall not consider the ef-
6	fects on any pesticide registrant, manufacturer, or
7	marketer of a pesticide.
8	("(3) LIMITATIONS.—(A) A tolerance may be
9	issued under the authority of paragraph $(2)(E)$ only
10	if the Administrator has assessed the extent to
11	which efforts are being made to develop either an al-
12	ternative method of pest control or an alternative
13	pesticide chemical for use on such commodity or
14	food that would meet the requirements of paragraph
15	(2)(D).
16	("(B) A tolerance for a pesticide chemical resi-
17	due in or on a food shall not be established by the
18	Administrator unless the Administrator determines,
19	after consultation with the Secretary, that there is
20	a practical method for detecting and measuring the
21	levels of the pesticide chemical residue in or on the
22	food, or that a practical method is unavailable or not
23	feasible.

24 ["(C) A tolerance for a pesticide chemical residue in or on a food shall not be established at a level

lower than the limit of detection of the method for
 detecting and measuring the pesticide chemical resi due specified by the Administrator under subpara graph (B).

(4) INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS.—In estab-5 6 lishing a tolerance for a pesticide chemical residue in 7 or on a food, the Administrator shall determine 8 whether a maximum residue level for the chemical 9 has been established by the Codex Alimentarius 10 Commission. If a Codex maximum residue level has 11 been established for the chemical and the Adminis-12 trator does not propose to adopt the Codex level, the 13 Administrator shall publish for public comment a 14 notice explaining the reasons for departing from the 15 Codex level. If the Administrator determines not to 16 adopt a Codex level, the Administrator shall publish 17 as part of the final tolerance decision a determina-18 tion with supporting data that the Codex level is not 19 supported by adequate and reliable scientific data, or 20 is inadequate to protect the health of the United 21 States' consumers and that the effect of the tolerance on the availability to consumers of an adequate. 22 23 wholesome and economical food supply, does not out-24 weigh the risk posed by the pesticide residue.

1	("(c) Authority and Standard for Exemp-
2	TIONS.—
3	("(1) AUTHORITY.—The Administrator may
4	issue a regulation establishing, modifying, or revok-
5	ing an exemption from the requirement for a toler-
6	ance for a pesticide chemical residue in or on a
7	food—
8	[''(A) in response to a petition filed under
9	subsection (d); or
10	("(B) on the Administrator's initiative
11	under subsection (e).
12	((2) Standard.—(A) An exemption from the
13	requirement for a tolerance for a pesticide chemical
14	residue in or on a food may be established only if
15	the Administrator determines that a tolerance is not
16	needed to protect the public health, in view of the
17	levels of dietary exposure to the pesticide chemical
18	residue that could reasonably be expected to occur.
19	("(B) An exemption from the requirement for
20	a tolerance for a pesticide chemical residue in or on
21	a food shall be revoked if the Administrator, in re-
22	sponse to a petition for the revocation of the exemp-
23	tion or at the Administrator's own initiative deter-
24	mines that the exemption does not satisfy the cri-
25	terion of subparagraph (A).

1	("(C) In making a determination under this
2	paragraph, the Administrator shall take into ac-
3	count, among other relevant factors, the factors set
4	forth in subsection $(b)(2)(C)$.
5	((3) LIMITATION.—An exemption from the re-
6	quirement for a tolerance for a pesticide chemical
7	residue in or on a food shall not be established by
8	the Administrator unless the Administrator deter-
9	mines, after consultation with the Secretary—
10	["(A) that there is a practical method for
11	detecting and measuring the levels of such pes-
12	ticide chemical residue in or on such food; or
13	["(B) that there is no need for such a
14	method, and states the reasons for such deter-
15	mination in the order issuing the regulation es-
16	tablishing or modifying the regulation.
17	["(d) Petition for Tolerance or Exemption.—
18	("(1) Petitions and petitioners.—Any per-
19	son may file with the Administrator a petition pro-
20	posing the issuance of a regulation—
21	["(A) establishing, modifying, or revoking
22	a tolerance for a pesticide chemical residue in
23	or on a food; or

	130
1	("(B) establishing or revoking an exemp-
2	tion from the requirement of a tolerance for
3	such a residue.
4	["(2) Petition contents.—
5	("(A) ESTABLISHMENT.—A petition under
6	paragraph (1) to establish a tolerance or ex-
7	emption for a pesticide chemical residue shall
8	be supported by such data and information as
9	are specified in regulations issued by the Ad-
10	ministrator, including—
11	["(i)(I) an informative summary of
12	the petition and of the data, information,
13	and arguments submitted or cited in sup-
14	port of the petition;
15	("(II) a statement that the petitioner
16	agrees that such summary or any informa-
17	tion it contains may be published as a part
18	of the notice of filing of the petition to be
19	published under this subsection and as
20	part of a proposed or final regulation is-
21	sued under this section;
22	["(ii) the name, chemical identity,
23	and composition of the pesticide chemical
24	residue and of the pesticide chemical that
25	produces the residue;

1	
1	(iii) data showing the recommended
2	amount, frequency, method, and time of
3	application of that pesticide chemical;
4	("(iv) full reports of tests and inves-
5	tigations made with respect to the safety of
6	the pesticide chemical, including full infor-
7	mation as to the methods and controls
8	used in conducting those tests and inves-
9	tigations;
10	("(v) full reports of tests and inves-
11	tigations made with respect to the nature
12	and amount of the pesticide chemical resi-
13	due that is likely to remain in or on the
14	food, including a description of the analyt-
15	ical methods used;
16	("(vi) a practical method for detect-
17	ing and measuring the levels of the pes-
18	ticide chemical residue in or on the food,
19	or a statement why such a method is not
20	needed;
21	('(vii) practical methods for removing
22	any amount of the residue that would ex-
23	ceed any proposed tolerance;

1	["(viii) a proposed tolerance for the
2	pesticide chemical residue, if a tolerance is
-	proposed;
4	["(ix) all relevant data bearing on the
5	physical or other technical effect that the
6	pesticide chemical is intended to have and
7	the quantity of the pesticide chemical that
8	is required to produce the effect;
9	["(x) if the petition relates to a toler-
10	ance for a processed food, reports of inves-
11	tigations conducted using the processing
12	method(s) used to produce that food;
13	["(xi) such information as the Admin-
13	istrator may require to make the deter-
15	mination under subsection $(b)(2)(E)$; and
16	["(xii) such other data and informa-
10	tion as the Administrator requires by regu-
18	lation to support the petition.
10	If information or data required by this subpara-
20	graph is available to the Administrator, the per-
20 21	son submitting the petition may cite the avail-
22	ability of the information or data in lieu of sub-
22	mitting it. The Administrator may require a pe-
23 24	tition to be accompanied by samples of the pes-
<i>—</i> −r	anon to be accompanied by samples of the pes-

ticide chemical with respect to which the petition is filed.

["(B) MODIFICATION OR REVOCATION.—
The Administrator may by regulation establish
the requirements for information and data to
support a petition to modify or revoke a tolerance or to revoke an exemption from the requirement for a tolerance.

9 ((3) NOTICE.—A notice of the filing of a peti-10 tion that the Administrator determines has met the 11 requirements of paragraph (2) shall be published by 12 the Administrator within 30 days after such deter-13 mination. The notice shall announce the availability 14 of a description of the analytical methods available 15 to the Administrator for the detection and measure-16 ment of the pesticide chemical residue with respect 17 to which the petition is filed or shall set forth the 18 petitioner's statement of why such a method is not 19 needed. The notice shall include the summary re-20 quired by paragraph (2)(A)(i).

21 ["(4) ACTIONS BY THE ADMINISTRATOR.—The
22 Administrator shall, after giving due consideration
23 to a petition filed under paragraph (1) and any
24 other information available to the Administrator—

1

1	["(A) issue a final regulation (which may
2	vary from that sought by the petition) estab-
3	lishing, modifying, or revoking a tolerance for
4	the pesticide chemical residue or an exemption
5	of the pesticide chemical residue from the re-
6	quirement of a tolerance;
7	["(B) issue a proposed regulation under
8	subsection (e), and thereafter either issue a
9	final regulation under subsection (e) or an
10	order denying the petition; or
11	["(C) issue an order denying the petition.
12	("(5) Effective date.—A regulation issued
13	under paragraph (4) shall take effect upon publica-
14	tion.
15	("(6) Further proceedings.—
16	((A) Within 60 days after a regulation or
17	order is issued under paragraph (4), subsection
18	(e)(1), or subsection $(f)(1)$, any person may file
19	objections thereto with the Administrator, speci-
20	fying with particularity the provisions of the
21	regulation or order deemed objectionable and
22	stating reasonable grounds therefor. If the reg-
23	ulation or order was issued in response to a pe-
24	tition under paragraph $(d)(1)$, a copy of each
25	objection filed by a person other than the peti-

tioner shall be served by the Administrator on the petitioner.

("(B) An objection may include a request 3 4 for a public evidentiary hearing upon the objec-5 tion. The Administrator shall, upon the initia-6 tive of the Administrator or upon the request of 7 an interested person and after due notice, hold 8 a public evidentiary hearing if and to the extent 9 the Administrator determines that such a public 10 hearing is necessary to receive factual evidence 11 relevant to material issues of fact raised by the 12 objections. The presiding officer in such a hear-13 ing may authorize a party to obtain discovery 14 from other persons and may upon a showing of 15 good cause made by a party issue a subpoena 16 to compel testimony or production of documents 17 from any person. The presiding officer shall be 18 governed by the Federal Rules of Civil Proce-19 dure in making any order for the protection of 20 the witness or the content of documents pro-21 duced and shall order the payment of a reason-22 able fees and expenses as a condition to requir-23 ing testimony of the witness. On contest, such 24 a subpoena may be enforced by a Federal dis-25 trict court.

1

1 ("(C) As soon as practicable after receiv-2 ing the arguments of the parties, the Adminis-3 trator shall issue an order stating the action 4 taken upon each such objection and setting 5 forth any revision to the regulation or prior 6 order that the Administrator has found to be 7 warranted. If a hearing was held under sub-8 paragraph (B), such order and any revision to 9 the regulation or prior order shall, with respect 10 to questions of fact at issue in the hearing, be 11 based only on substantial evidence of record at 12 such hearing, and shall set forth in detail the 13 findings of facts and the conclusions of law or 14 policy upon which the order or regulation is 15 based. 16 ("(D) An order issued under this para-

17graph ruling on an objection shall not take ef-18fect before the 90th day after its publication19unless the Administrator finds that emergency20conditions exist necessitating an earlier effective21date, in which event the Administrator shall22specify in the order the Administrator's find-23ings as to such conditions.

24 ["(7) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—(A) In a case of ac25 tual controversy as to the validity of any order is-

1 sued under paragraph (6) or any regulation that is 2 the subject of such an order, any person who will be 3 adversely affected by such order or regulation may 4 obtain judicial review by filing in the United States 5 Court of Appeals for the circuit wherein that person 6 resides or has its principal place of business, or in 7 the United States Court of Appeals for the District 8 of Columbia Circuit, within 60 days after publication 9 of such order, a petition praying that the order or 10 regulation be set aside in whole or in part.

11 ["(B) A copy of the petition shall be forthwith 12 transmitted by the clerk of the court to the Adminis-13 trator, or any officer designated by the Adminis-14 trator for that purpose, and thereupon the Adminis-15 trator shall file in the court the record of the pro-16 ceedings on which the Administrator based the order 17 or regulation, as provided in section 2112 of title 28, 18 United States Code. Upon the filing of such a peti-19 tion, the court shall have exclusive jurisdiction to af-20 firm or set aside the order or regulation complained 21 of in whole or in part. The findings of the Adminis-22 trator with respect to questions of fact shall be sus-23 tained only if supported by substantial evidence 24 when considered on the record as a whole.

1 ("(C) If a party applies to the court for leave 2 to adduce additional evidence, and shows to the sat-3 isfaction of the court that the additional evidence is 4 material and that there were reasonable grounds for 5 the failure to adduce the evidence in the proceeding 6 before the Administrator, the court may order that 7 the additional evidence (and evidence in rebuttal 8 thereof) shall be taken before the Administrator in 9 the manner and upon the terms and conditions the 10 court deems proper. The Administrator may modify prior findings as to the facts by reason of the addi-11 12 tional evidence so taken and may modify the order 13 or regulation accordingly. The Administrator shall 14 file with the court any such modified finding, order, 15 or regulation.

16 ("(D) The judgment of the court affirming or 17 setting aside, in whole or in part, any order under 18 paragraph (6) and any regulation which is the sub-19 ject of such an order shall be final, subject to review 20 by the Supreme Court of the United States as pro-21 vided in section 1254 of title 28 of the United States 22 Code. The commencement of proceedings under this 23 paragraph shall not, unless specifically ordered by 24 the court to the contrary, operate as a stay of a reg-25 ulation or order.

1	("(E) Any issue as to which review is or was
2	obtainable under paragraph (6) and this paragraph
3	shall not be the subject of judicial review under any
4	other provision of law.
5	["(e) Action on Administrator's Own Initia-
6	TIVE.—
7	["(1) GENERAL RULE.—The Administrator
8	may issue a regulation—
9	((A) establishing, modifying, or revoking
10	a tolerance for a pesticide chemical or a pes-
11	ticide chemical residue;
12	("(B) establishing or revoking an exemp-
13	tion of a pesticide chemical residue from the re-
14	quirement of a tolerance; or
15	("(C) establishing general procedures and
16	requirements to implement this section.
17	A regulation issued under this paragraph shall be-
18	come effective upon its publication.
19	["(2) NOTICE.—Before issuing a final regula-
20	tion under paragraph (1), the Administrator shall
21	issue a notice of proposed rulemaking and provide a
22	period of not less than 60 days for public comment
23	on the proposed regulation, except that a shorter pe-
24	riod for comment may be provided if the Adminis-
25	trator for good cause finds that it would be contrary

1	to the public interest to do so and states the reasons
2	for the finding in the notice of proposed rulemaking.
3	The Administrator shall provide an opportunity for
4	a public hearing during the rulemaking under proce-
5	dures provided in subsection $(d)(6)(B)$.
6	("(f) Special Data Requirements.—
7	((1) Requiring submission of additional
8	DATA.—If the Administrator determines that addi-
9	tional data or information are reasonably required to
10	support the continuation of a tolerance or exemption
11	that is in effect under this section for a pesticide
12	chemical residue on a food, the Administrator
13	shall—
14	["(A) issue a notice requiring the persons
15	holding the pesticide registrations associated
16	with such tolerance or exemption to submit the
17	data or information under section $3(c)(2)(B)$ of
18	the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and
19	Rodenticide Act;
20	("(B) issue a rule requiring that testing
21	be conducted on a substance or mixture under
22	section 4 of the Toxic Substances Control Act;
23	or
24	(°C) publish in the Federal Register,
25	after first providing notice and an opportunity

1	for comment of not less than 90 days' duration,
2	an order—
3	["(i) requiring the submission to the
4	Administrator by one or more interested
5	persons of a notice identifying the person
6	or persons who will submit the required
7	data and information;
8	("(ii) describing the type of data and
9	information requiring to be submitted to
10	the Administrator and stating why the
11	data and information could not be obtained
12	under the authority of section $3(c)(2)(B)$
13	of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and
14	Rodenticide Act or section 4 of the Toxic
15	Substances Control Act;
16	("(iii) describing the reports of the
17	Administrator required to be prepared dur-
18	ing and after the collection of the data and
19	information;
20	["(iv) requiring the submission to the
21	Administrator of the data, information,
22	and reports referred to in clauses (ii) and
23	(iii); and

	172
1	('(v) establishing dates by which the
2	submissions described in clauses (i) and
3	(iv) must be made.
4	The Administrator may revise any such order
5	to correct an error.
6	("(2) NONCOMPLIANCE.—If a submission re-
7	quired by a notice issued in accordance with para-
8	graph (1)(A) or an order issued under paragraph
9	(1)(B) is not made by the time specified in such no-
10	tice or order, the Administrator may by order pub-
11	lished in the Federal Register modify or revoke the
12	tolerance or exemption in question.
13	("(3) REVIEW.—An order issued under this
14	subsection shall be effective upon publication and
15	shall be subject to review in accordance with para-
16	graphs (6) and (7) of subsection (d).
17	(g) Confidentiality and Use of Data.—
18	["(1) GENERAL RULE.—Data and information
19	that are submitted to the Administrator under this
20	section in support of a tolerance or an exemption
21	from a tolerance shall be entitled to confidential
22	treatment for reasons of business confidentiality and
23	to exclusive use and data compensation, to the same
24	extent provided by sections 3 and 10 of the Federal
25	Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act.

1	((2) EXCEPTIONS.—Data that are entitled to
2	confidential treatment under paragraph (1) may
3	nonetheless be disclosed to the Congress of the
4	United States, and may be disclosed, under such se-
5	curity requirements as the Administrator may pro-
6	vide by regulation, to—
7	["(A) employees of the United States au-
8	thorized by the Administrator to examine such
9	data in the carrying out of their official duties
10	under this Act or other Federal statutes in-
11	tended to protect the public health; or
12	("(B) contractors with the United States
13	authorized by the Administrator to examine
14	such data in the carrying out of contracts under
15	such statutes.
16	["(3) SUMMARIES.—Notwithstanding any pro-
17	vision of this subsection or other law, the Adminis-
18	trator may publish the informative summary re-
19	quired by subsection $(d)(2)(A)(i)$ and may, in issu-
20	ing a proposed or final regulation or order under
21	this section, publish an informative summary of the
22	data relating to the regulation or order.
23	("(h) Status of Previously Issued Regula-
24	TIONS.—
1 ("(1) REGULATIONS UNDER SECTION 406.— 2 Regulations affecting pesticide chemical residues in 3 or on raw agricultural commodities promulgated, in 4 accordance with section 701(e), under the authority 5 of section 406(a) upon the basis of public hearings 6 instituted before January 1, 1953, shall be deemed 7 to be regulations issued under this section and shall 8 be subject to modification or revocation under sub-9 sections (d) and (e).

10 ("(2) REGULATIONS UNDER SECTION 409.— 11 Regulations that established tolerances for sub-12 stances that are pesticide chemical residues on or in 13 processed food, or that otherwise stated the condi-14 tions under which such pesticide chemicals could be 15 safely used, and that were issued under section 409 16 on or before the date of the enactment of this para-17 graph, shall be deemed to be regulations issued 18 under this section and shall be subject to modifica-19 tion or revocation under subsection (d) or (e).

20 ["(3) REGULATIONS UNDER SECTION 408.— 21 Regulations that established tolerances or exemp-22 tions under this section that were issued on or be-23 fore the date of the enactment of this paragraph 24 shall remain in effect unless modified or revoked 25 under subsection (d) or (e). 1 ["(i) TRANSITIONAL PROVISION.—If, on the day be-2 fore the date of the enactment of this subsection, a sub-3 stance that is a pesticide chemical was, with respect to 4 a particular pesticidal use of the substance and any result-5 ing pesticide chemical residue in or on a particular food—

6 ["(1) regarded by the Administrator or the
7 Secretary as generally recognized as safe for use
8 within the meaning of the provisions of section
9 408(a) or 201(s) as then in effect; or

10 ("(2) regarded by the Secretary as a substance 11 described by section 201(s)(4), such a pesticide 12 chemical residue shall be regarded as exempt from 13 the requirement for a tolerance, as of the date of enactment of this subsection. The Administrator shall 14 15 by regulation indicate which substances are de-16 scribed by this subsection. All exemption under this 17 subsection may be revoked or modified as if it had 18 been issued under subsection (c).

19 ["(j) HARMONIZATION WITH ACTION UNDER OTHER20 Laws.—

21 ["(1) LIMITATION.—Notwithstanding any other 22 provision of this Act, a final rule under this section 23 that revokes, modifies, or suspends a tolerance or 24 exemption for a pesticide chemical residue in or on 25 a food may be issued only if the Administrator has

1 first taken any necessary action under the Federal 2 Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act with re-3 spect to the registration of the pesticide(s) whose 4 use results in such residue to ensure that any au-5 thorized use of the pesticide in producing, storing, 6 processing, or transporting food that occurs after 7 the issuance of such final rule under this section will 8 not result in pesticide chemical residues on such 9 food that are unsafe within the meaning of sub-10 section (a).

11 ["(2) Revocation of tolerance or exemp-12 TION FOLLOWING CANCELLATION OF ASSOCIATED 13 **REGISTRATIONS.**—If the Administrator, acting under 14 the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide 15 Act, cancels the registration of each pesticide that 16 contains a particular pesticide chemical and that is 17 labeled for use on a particular food, or requires that 18 the registration of each such pesticide be modified to 19 prohibit its use in connection with the production, 20 storage, or transportation of such food, due in whole 21 or in part to dietary risks to humans posed by resi-22 dues of that pesticide chemical on that food, the Ad-23 ministrator shall revoke any tolerance or exemption 24 that allows the presence of the pesticide chemical, or 25 any pesticide chemical residue that results from its

1	use, in or on that food. The Administrator shall use
2	the procedures set forth in subsection (e) in taking
3	action under this paragraph. A revocation under this
4	paragraph shall become effective not later than 180
5	days after—
6	("(A) the date by which each such can-
7	cellation of a registration has become effective;
8	or
9	("(B) the date on which the use of the
10	canceled pesticide becomes unlawful under the
11	terms of the cancellation, whichever is later.
12	((3) Suspension of Tolerance or exemp-
13	TION FOLLOWING SUSPENSION OF ASSOCIATED REG-
14	ISTRATIONS.—
15	("(A) SUSPENSION.—If the Administrator,
16	acting under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide,
17	and Rodenticide Act, suspends the use of each
18	registered pesticide that contains a particular
19	pesticide chemical and that is labeled for use on
20	a particular food, due in whole or in part to die-
21	tary risks to humans posed by residues of that
22	pesticide chemical on that food, the Adminis-
23	trator shall suspend any tolerance or exemption
24	that allows the presence of the pesticide chemi-
25	cal, or any pesticide chemical residue that re-

2

3

4

5

6

7

sults from its use, in or on that food. The Administrator shall use the procedures set forth in subsection (e) in taking action under this paragraph. A suspension under this paragraph shall become effective not later than 60 days after the date by which each such suspension of use has become effective. ["(B) EFFECT OF SUSPENSION.—The sus-

8 9 pension of a tolerance or exemption under sub-10 paragraph (A) shall be effective as long as the 11 use of each associated registration of a pesticide 12 is suspended under the Federal Insecticide, 13 Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act. While a sus-14 pension of a tolerance or exemption is effective the tolerance or exemption shall not be consid-15 16 ered to be in effect. If the suspension of use of 17 the pesticide under that Act is terminated, leav-18 ing the registration of the pesticide for such use 19 in effect under that Act, the Administrator 20 shall rescind any associated suspension of toler-21 ance or exemption.

["(4) TOLERANCES FOR UNAVOIDABLE RESIDUES.—In connection with action taken under paragraph (2) or (3), or with respect to pesticides whose
registrations were canceled prior to the effective date

1 of this paragraph, if the Administrator determines 2 that a residue of the canceled or suspended pesticide 3 chemical will unavoidably persist in the environment 4 and thereby be present in or on a food, the Adminis-5 trator may establish a tolerance for the pesticide 6 chemical residue at a level that permits such un-7 avoidable residue to remain in such food. In estab-8 lishing such a tolerance, the Administrator shall 9 take into account the factors set forth in subsection 10 (b)(2)(A)(iii) and shall use the procedures set forth 11 in subsection (e). The Administrator shall review 12 any such tolerance periodically and modify it as nec-13 essary so that it allows only that level of the pes-14 ticide chemical residue that is unavoidable.

15 ("(5) Pesticide residues resulting from PESTICIDE.—Notwith-16 LAWFUL APPLICATION OF 17 standing any other provision of this Act, if a toler-18 ance or exemption for a pesticide chemical residue in 19 or on a food has been revoked, suspended, or modi-20 fied under this section, an article of that food shall 21 not be deemed unsafe solely because of the presence 22 of such pesticide chemical residue in or on such food 23 if it is shown to the satisfaction of the Secretary 24 that["(A) the residue is present as the result of an application or use of a pesticide at a time and in a manner that was lawful under the

Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide

Act; and

1

2

3

4

5

6 ("(B) the residue does not exceed a level 7 that was authorized at the time of that applica-8 tion or use to be present on the food under a 9 tolerance, exemption, food additive regulation, 10 or other sanction then in effect under this Act; 11 unless, in the case of any tolerance or exemption re-12 voked, suspended, or modified under this subsection 13 or subsection (d) or (e), the Administrator has is-14 sued a determination that consumption of the legally 15 treated food during the period of its likely availabil-16 ity in commerce will pose an unreasonable dietary 17 risk.

18 ["(k) FEES.—The Administrator shall by regulation require the payment of such fees as will in the aggregate, 19 20 in the judgment of the Administrator, be sufficient over 21 a reasonable term to provide, equip, and maintain an ade-22 quate service for the performance of the Administrator's 23 functions under this section. Under the regulations, the 24 performance of the Administrator's services or other func-25 tions under this section, including—

1	["(1)] the acceptance for filing of a petition
2	submitted under subsection (d);
3	["(2) the promulgation of a regulation estab-
4	lishing, modifying, or revoking a tolerance or estab-
5	lishing or revoking an exemption from the require-
6	ment of a tolerance under this section;
7	["(3)] the acceptance for filing of objections
8	under subsection $(d)(6)$; or
9	["(4)] the certification and filing in court of a
10	transcript of the proceedings and the record under
11	subsection $(d)(7);$
12	may be conditioned upon the payment of such fees. The
13	regulations may further provide for waiver or refund of
14	fees in whole or in part when in the judgment of the Ad-
15	ministrator such a waiver or refund is equitable and not
16	contrary to the purposes of this subsection.
17	["(1) NATIONAL UNIFORMITY OF TOLERANCES.—
18	((1) Qualifying pesticide chemical resi-
19	DUE.—For purposes of this subsection, the term
20	'qualifying pesticide chemical residue' means a pes-
21	ticide chemical residue resulting from the use, in
22	production, processing, or storage of a food, of a
23	pesticide chemical that is an active ingredient and
24	that—

["(A) was first approved for such use in a registration of a pesticide issued under section 3(c)(5) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, Rodenticide Act on or after April 25, 1985, on the basis of data determined by the Administrator to meet all applicable requirements for data prescribed by regulations in effect under that Act on April 25, 1985; or
["(B) was approved for such use in a reregistration eligibility determination issued under section 4(g) of that Act on or after the date of enactment of the Food Quality Protection Act of 1995.

14 ["(2) QUALIFYING FEDERAL DETERMINA15 TION.—For purposes of this subsection, the term
16 'qualifying Federal determination' means—

17 ["(A) a tolerance or exemption from the
18 requirement for a tolerance for a qualifying pes19 ticide chemical residue that was—

20 ["(i) issued under this section after
21 the date of enactment of the Food Quality
22 Protection Act of 1995; (or)

23 ["(ii) issued (or, pursuant to sub24 section (h) or (i), deemed to have been is25 sued) under this section, and determined

by the Administrator to meet the standard
 under subsection (b)(2) (in the case of a
 tolerance) or (c)(2) (in the case of an ex emption); and

["(B) any statement, issued by the Sec-5 6 retary, of the residue level below which enforce-7 ment action will not be taken under this Act 8 with respect to any qualifying pesticide chemi-9 cal residue, if the Secretary finds that such pes-10 ticide chemical residue level permitted by such 11 statement during the period to which such 12 statement applies protects human health.

13 ("(3) LIMITATION.—The Administrator may 14 make the determination described in paragraph 15 (2)(A)(ii) only by issuing a rule in accordance with 16 the procedure set forth in subsection (d) or (e) and 17 only if the Administrator issues a proposed rule and 18 allows a period of not less than 30 days for comment 19 on the proposed rule. Any such rule shall be 20 reviewable in accordance with subsections (d)(6) and 21 (d)(7).

["(4) STATE AUTHORITY.—Except as provided
in paragraph (5), no State or political subdivision
may establish or enforce any regulatory limit on a
qualifying pesticide chemical residue in or on any

1 food if a qualifying Federal determination applies to 2 the presence of such pesticide chemical residue in or 3 on such food, unless such State regulatory limit is 4 identical to such qualifying Federal determination. A 5 State or political subdivision shall be deemed to es-6 tablish or enforce a regulatory limit on a pesticide 7 chemical residue in or on food if it purports to pro-8 hibit or penalize the production, processing, ship-9 ping, or other handling of a food because it contains 10 a pesticide residue (in excess of a prescribed limit), 11 or if it purports to require that a food containing a 12 pesticide residue be the subject of a warning or 13 other statement relating to the presence of the pes-14 ticide residue in the food.

15 ["(5) PETITION PROCEDURE.—

16 ["(A) Any State may petition the Admin-17 istrator for authorization to establish in such 18 State a regulatory limit on a qualifying pes-19 ticide chemical residue in or on any food that 20 is not identical to the qualifying Federal deter-21 mination applicable to such qualifying pesticide 22 chemical residue.

23 ["(B) Any petition under subparagraph
24 (A) shall—

((i) satisfy any requirements pre-1 2 scribed, by rule, by the Administrator; and ("(ii) be supported by scientific data 3 4 about the pesticide chemical residue that is the subject of the petition or about chemi-5 6 cally related pesticide chemical residues, 7 data on the consumption within such State 8 of food bearing the pesticide chemical resi-9 due, and data on exposure of humans with-10 in such State to the pesticide chemical res-11 idue. 12 (°(C) Subject to paragraph (6), the Ad-13 ministrator may, by order, grant the authoriza-14 tion described in subparagraph (A) if the Ad-15 ministrator determines that the proposed State regulatory limit— 16 17 ["(i) is justified by compelling local 18 conditions; 19 ["(ii) would not unduly burden inter-20 state commerce; and ("(iii) would not cause any food to be 21 22 in violation of Federal law. 23 ["(D) In lieu of any action authorized 24 under subparagraph (C), the Administrator 25 may treat a petition under this paragraph as a

1	petition under subsection (d) to revoke or mod-
2	ify a tolerance or to revoke an exemption. If the
3	Administrator determines to treat a petition
4	under this paragraph as a petition under sub-
5	section (d), the Administrator shall thereafter
б	act on the petition pursuant to subsection (d).
7	("(E) Any order of the Administrator
8	granting or denying the authorization described
9	in subparagraph (A) shall be subject to review
10	in the manner described in subsections $(d)(6)$
11	and (d)(7).
12	("(6) RESIDUES FROM LAWFUL APPLICA-
13	TION.—No State or political subdivision may enforce
14	any regulatory limit on the level of a pesticide chem-
15	ical residue that may appear in or on any food if,
16	at the time of the application of the pesticide that
17	resulted in such residue, the sale of such food with
18	such residue level was lawful under this Act and
19	under the law of such State, unless the State dem-
20	onstrates that consumption of the food containing
21	such pesticide residue level during the period of the
22	food's likely availability in the State will pose an un-
23	reasonable dietary risk to the health of persons with-
24	in such State.".

[SEC. 406. AUTHORIZATION FOR INCREASE MONITORING.
 [There is authorized to be appropriated an additional
 \$12,000,000 for increased monitoring by the Secretary of
 Health and Human Services of pesticide residues in im ported and domestic food.]

6 TITLE IV—AMENDMENTS TO THE 7 FEDERAL FOOD, DRUG, AND 8 COSMETIC ACT

9 SEC 401. SHORT TITLE AND REFERENCE.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This title may be cited
as the "Food Quality Protection Act of 1996".
(b) REFERENCE.—Whenever in this title an
amendment or repeal is expressed in terms of
an amendment to, or repeal of, a section or
other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or other provision of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic
Act.

19 SEC. 402. DEFINITIONS.

(a) SECTION 201(q).—Section 201(q) (21
U.S.C. 321(q)) is amended to read as follows:
"(q)(1) The term 'pesticide chemical'
means any substance that is a pesticide within the meaning of the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, including all
active and inert ingredients of such pesticide.

"(2) The term 'pesticide chemical residue'
 means a residue in or on raw agricultural
 commodity or processed food of—

"(A) a pesticide chemical; or

4

"(B) any other added substance that is present on or in the commodity or food primarily as a result of the metabolism or other degradation of a pesticide chemi-9 **cal.**

"(3) Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) and
(2), the Administrator may by regulation except a substance from the definition of 'pesticide chemical' or 'pesticide chemical residue' if—

"(A) its occurrence as a residue on or 15 in a raw agricultural commodity or proc-16 17 essed food is attributable primarily to 18 natural causes or to human activities not involving the use of any substances for a 19 pesticidal purpose in the production, 20 storage, processing, or transportation of 21 22 any raw agricultural commodity or processed food; and 23

24 "(B) the Administrator, after con25 sultation with the Secretary, determines

that the substance more appropriately
 should be regulated under one or more
 provisions of this Act other than sections
 402(a)(2)(B) and 408.".

5 (b) SECTION 201(s).—Paragraphs (1) and (2)
6 of section 201(s) (21 U.S.C. 321(s)) are amend7 ed to read as follows:

8 "(1) a pesticide chemical residue in or
9 on a raw agricultural commodity or proc10 essed food; or

11 "(2) a pesticide chemical; or".

12 (c) SECTION 201.—Section 201 (21 U.S.C.
13 321) is amended by adding at the end the fol14 lowing:

15 "(gg) The term 'processed food' means any 16 food other than a raw agricultural commodity 17 and includes any raw agricultural commodity 18 that has been subject to processing, such as 19 canning, cooking, freezing, dehydration, or 20 milling.

21 "(hh) The term 'Administrator' means the
22 Administrator of the United States Environ23 mental Protection Agency.".

1 SEC. 403. PROHIBITED ACTS.

Section 301(j) (21 U.S.C. 331(j)) is amended
in the first sentence by inserting before the
period the following: "; or the violating of section 408(i)(2) or any regulation issued under
that section.".

160

7 SEC. 404. ADULTERATED FOOD.

8 Section 402(a) (21 U.S.C. 342(a)) is amended by striking "(2)(A) if it bears" and all that 9 follows through "(3) if it consists" and insert-10 11 ing the following: "(2)(A) if it bears or con-12 tains any added poisonous or added delete-13 rious substance (other than a substance that 14 is a pesticide chemical residue in or on a raw 15 agricultural commodity or processed food, a 16 food additive, a color additive, or a new ani-17 mal drug) that is unsafe within the meaning 18 of section 406; or (B) if it bears or contains a 19 pesticide chemical residue that is unsafe 20 within the meaning of section 408(a); or (C) if 21 it is or if it bears or contains (i) any food addi-22 tive that is unsafe within the meaning of sec-23 tion 409; or (ii) a new animal drug (or conver-24 sion product thereof) that is unsafe within the 25 meaning of section 512; or (3) if it consists".

•HR 1627 RH

	101
1	SEC. 405. TOLERANCES AND EXEMPTIONS FOR PESTICIDE
2	CHEMICAL RESIDUES.
3	Section 408 (21 U.S.C. 346a) is amended to
4	read as follows:
5	"TOLERANCES AND EXEMPTIONS FOR PESTICIDE
6	CHEMICAL RESIDUES
7	"SEC. 408. (a) REQUIREMENT FOR TOLER-
8	ANCE OR EXEMPTION.—
9	"(1) GENERAL RULE.—Except as pro-
10	vided in paragraph (2) or (3), any pes-
11	ticide chemical residue in or on a food
12	shall be deemed unsafe for the purpose of
13	section 402(a)(2)(B) unless—
14	"(A) a tolerance for such pesticide
15	chemical residue in or on such food is
16	in effect under this section and the
17	quantity of the residue is within the
18	limits of the tolerance; or
19	"(B) an exemption from the re-
20	quirement of a tolerance is in effect
21	under this section for the pesticide
22	chemical residue.
23	For the purposes of this section, the term
24	'food', when used as a noun without
25	modification, shall mean a raw agricul-
26	tural commodity or processed food.

"(2) PROCESSED FOOD.—Notwithstand ing paragraph (1)—

"(A) if a tolerance is in effect 3 under this section for a pesticide 4 chemical residue in or on a raw agri-5 cultural commodity, a pesticide chem-6 ical residue that is present in or on a 7 processed food because the food is 8 made from that raw agricultural com-9 modity shall not be considered unsafe 10 the 11 within meaning of section 402(a)(2)(B) despite the lack of a tol-12 erance for the pesticide chemical res-13 idue in or on the processed food if the 14 pesticide chemical has been used in 15 or on the raw agricultural commodity 16 in conformity with a tolerance under 17 18 this section, such residue in or on the 19 raw agricultural commodity has been 20 removed to the extent possible in 21 good manufacturing practice, and the 22 concentration of the pesticide chemical residue in the processed food is 23 not greater than the tolerance pre-24 scribed for the pesticide chemical res-25

idue in the raw agricultural commodity; or

"(B) if an exemption for the re-3 quirement for a tolerance is in effect 4 under this section for a pesticide 5 6 chemical residue in or on a raw agricultural commodity, a pesticide chem-7 8 ical residue that is present in or on a processed food because the food is 9 made from that raw agricultural com-10 modity shall not be considered unsafe 11 12 within the meaning of section 402(a)(2)(B). 13

"(3) RESIDUES OF DEGRADATION PROD-14 UCTS.—If a pesticide chemical residue is 15 present in or on a food because it is a 16 17 metabolite or other degradation product 18 of a precursor substance that itself is a 19 pesticide chemical or pesticide chemical 20 residue, such a residue shall not be con-21 sidered to be unsafe within the meaning 22 of section 402(a)(2)(B) despite the lack of a tolerance or exemption from the need 23 for a tolerance for such residue in or on 24 such food if— 25

1

1	"(A) the Administrator has not de-
2	termined that the degradation prod-
3	uct is likely to pose any potential
4	health risk from dietary exposure
5	that is of a different type than, or of
6	a greater significance than, any risk
7	posed by dietary exposure to the pre-
8	cursor substance;
9	"(B) either—
10	"(i) a tolerance is in effect
11	under this section for residues of
12	the precursor substance in or on
13	the food, and the combined level
14	of residues of the degradation
15	product and the precursor sub-
16	stance in or on the food is at or
17	below the stoichiometrically
18	equivalent level that would be
19	permitted by the tolerance if the
20	residue consisted only of the pre-
21	cursor substance rather than the
22	degradation product; or
23	"(ii) an exemption from the
24	need for a tolerance is in effect
25	under this section for residues of

1	the precursor substance in or on
2	the food; and
3	"(C) the tolerance or exemption
4	for residues of the precursor sub-
5	stance does not state that it applies
6	only to particular named substances
7	and does not state that it does not
8	apply to residues of the degradation
9	product.
10	"(4) EFFECT OF TOLERANCE OR EXEMP-
11	TION.—While a tolerance or exemption
12	from the requirement for a tolerance is in
13	effect under this section for a pesticide
14	chemical residue with respect to any
15	food, the food shall not by reason of bear-
16	ing or containing any amount of such a
17	residue be considered to be adulterated
18	within the meaning of section 402(a)(1).
19	"(b) Authority and Standard for Toler-
20	ANCE.—
21	"(1) AUTHORITY.—The Administrator

may issue regulations establishing, modifying, or revoking a tolerance for a pesticide chemical residue in or on a food—

 2 under subsection (d); or 3 "(B) on the Administrator's own 4 initiative under subsection (e). 5 As used in this section, the term 'modify 6 shall not mean expanding the tolerance 7 to cover additional foods. 8 "(2) STANDARD.— 9 "(A) GENERAL RULE.— 10 "(i) STANDARD.—The Adminis 11 trator may establish or leave in 12 effect a tolerance for a pesticide 13 chemical residue in or on a food 14 only if the Administrator deter
 initiative under subsection (e). As used in this section, the term 'modify shall not mean expanding the tolerance to cover additional foods. "(2) STANDARD.— "(A) GENERAL RULE.— "(i) STANDARD.—The Adminis trator may establish or leave in effect a tolerance for a pesticide chemical residue in or on a food
 As used in this section, the term 'modify shall not mean expanding the tolerance to cover additional foods. "(2) STANDARD.— "(A) GENERAL RULE.— "(i) STANDARD.—The Adminis trator may establish or leave in effect a tolerance for a pesticide chemical residue in or on a food
 6 shall not mean expanding the tolerance 7 to cover additional foods. 8 "(2) STANDARD.— 9 "(A) GENERAL RULE.— 10 "(i) STANDARD.—The Adminis 11 trator may establish or leave in 12 effect a tolerance for a pesticide 13 chemical residue in or on a food
 to cover additional foods. "(2) STANDARD.— "(A) GENERAL RULE.— "(i) STANDARD.—The Adminis trator may establish or leave in effect a tolerance for a pesticide chemical residue in or on a food
 8 "(2) STANDARD.— 9 "(A) GENERAL RULE.— 10 "(i) STANDARD.—The Adminis 11 trator may establish or leave in 12 effect a tolerance for a pesticide 13 chemical residue in or on a food
 9 "(A) GENERAL RULE.— 10 "(i) STANDARD.—The Adminis 11 trator may establish or leave in 12 effect a tolerance for a pesticide 13 chemical residue in or on a food
10"(i) STANDARD.—The Adminis11trator may establish or leave in12effect a tolerance for a pesticide13chemical residue in or on a food
11trator may establish or leave in12effect a tolerance for a pesticide13chemical residue in or on a food
 effect a tolerance for a pesticide chemical residue in or on a food
13 chemical residue in or on a food
14 only if the Administrator deter
-
15 mines that the tolerance is safe
16 The Administrator shall modify or
17 revoke a tolerance if the Adminis
18 trator determines it is not safe.
19 "(ii) DETERMINATION OF SAFE
20 TY.—As used in this section, the
21 term 'safe', with respect to a toler
22 ance for a pesticide chemical resi
23 due', means that the Adminis
24 trator has determined that there
is a reasonable certainty that no

harm will result from aggregate	1
exposure to the pesticide chemi-	2
cal residue, including all antici-	3
pated dietary exposures and all	4
other exposures for which there	5
is reliable information.	6
"(iii) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—	7
With respect to a tolerance, a pes-	8
ticide chemical residue meeting	9
the standard under clause (i) is	10
not an eligible pesticide chemical	11
residue for purposes of subpara-	12
graph (B).	13
"(B) TOLERANCES FOR ELIGIBLE PES-	14
TICIDE CHEMICAL RESIDUES.—	15
"(i) DEFINITION.—As used in	16
this subparagraph, the term 'eligi-	17
ble pesticide chemical residue'	18
means a pesticide chemical resi-	19
due as to which—	20
"(I) the Administrator is	21
not able to identify a level of	22
exposure to the residue at	23
which the residue will not	24
cause or contribute to a	25

1	known or anticipated harm to
2	human health (referred to in
3	this section as a 'nonthreshold
4	effect');
5	"(II) the lifetime risk of
6	experiencing the nonthresh-
7	old effect is appropriately as-
8	sessed by quantitative risk as-
9	sessment; and
10	"(III) with regard to any
11	known or anticipated harm to
12	human health for which the
13	Administrator is able to iden-
14	tify a level at which the resi-
15	due will not cause such harm
16	(referred to in this section as
17	a 'threshold effect'), the Ad-
18	ministrator determines that
19	the level of aggregate expo-
20	sure is safe.
21	"(ii) DETERMINATION OF TOLER-
22	ANCE.—Notwithstanding subpara-
23	graph (A)(i), a tolerance for an eli-
24	gible pesticide chemical residue

1	may be left in effect or modified
2	under this subparagraph if—
3	"(I) at least one of the con-
4	ditions described in clause
5	(iii) is met; and
6	"(II) both of the condi-
7	tions described in clause (iv)
8	are met.
9	"(iii) Conditions regarding
10	USE.—For purposes of clause (ii),
11	the conditions described in this
12	clause with respect to a tolerance
13	for an eligible pesticide chemical
14	residue are the following:
15	"(I) Use of the pesticide
16	chemical that produces the
17	residue protects consumers
18	from adverse effects on health
19	that would pose a greater risk
20	than the dietary risk from the
21	residue.
22	"(II) Use of the pesticide
23	chemical that produces the
24	residue is necessary to avoid
25	a significant disruption in do-

	110
1	mestic production of an ade-
2	quate, wholesome, and eco-
3	nomical food supply.
4	"(iv) Conditions regarding
5	RISK.—For purposes of clause (ii),
6	the conditions described in this
7	clause with respect to a tolerance
8	for an eligible pesticide chemical
9	residue are the following:
10	"(I) The yearly risk associ-
11	ated with the nonthreshold ef-
12	fect from aggregate exposure
13	to the residue does not exceed
14	10 times the yearly risk that
15	would be allowed under sub-
16	paragraph (A) for such effect.
17	"(II) The tolerance is lim-
18	ited so as to ensure that the
19	risk over a lifetime associated
20	with the nonthreshold effect
21	from aggregate exposure to
22	the residue is not greater
23	than twice the lifetime risk
24	that would be allowed under

1

2

subparagraph	(A)	for	such	ef-
fect.				

"(v) REVIEW.—Five years after 3 the date on which the Adminis-4 trator makes a determination to 5 leave in effect or modify a toler-6 7 ance under this subparagraph, and thereafter as the Adminis-8 trator deems appropriate, the Ad-9 ministrator shall determine, after 10 notice and opportunity for com-11 ment, whether it has been dem-12 onstrated to the Administrator 13 that a condition described in 14 clause (iii)(I) or clause (iii)(II) 15 continues to exist with respect to 16 17 the tolerance and that the yearly 18 and lifetime risks from aggregate exposure to such residue con-19 tinue to comply with the limits 20 specified in clause (iv). If the Ad-21 22 ministrator determines by such date that such demonstration has 23 24 not been made, the Administrator shall, not later than 180 days after 25

1	the date of such determination,
2	issue a regulation under sub-
3	section (e)(1) to modify or revoke
4	the tolerance.
5	"(vi) INFANTS AND CHILDREN.—
6	Any tolerance under this subpara-
7	graph shall meet the require-
8	ments of subparagraph (C).
9	"(C) EXPOSURE OF INFANTS AND
10	CHILDREN.—In establishing, modify-
11	ing, leaving in effect, or revoking a
12	tolerance or exemption for a pesticide
13	chemical residue, the Administrator—
14	"(i) shall assess the risk of the
15	pesticide chemical residue based
16	on—
10	"(I) available information
18	about consumption patterns
19	among infants and children
20	that are likely to result in dis-
21	proportionately high con-
22	sumption of foods containing
23	or bearing such residue
24	among infants and children in

comparison to the general 1 population; 2 "(II) available information 3 concerning the special suscep-4 tibility of infants and children 5 to the pesticide chemical resi-6 dues, including neurological 7 differences between infants 8 9 and children and adults, and effects of in utero exposure to 10 pesticide chemicals; and 11 "(III) available informa-12 tion concerning the cumu-13 14 lative effects on infants and children of such residues and 15 other substances that have a 16 17 common mechanism of tox-18 icity; and 19 "(ii) shall— 20 "(I) ensure that there is a

20(1) ensure that there is a21reasonable certainty that no22harm will result to infants23and children from aggregate24exposure to the pesticide25chemical residue; and

1"(II) publish a specific de-2termination regarding the3safety of the pesticide chemi-4cal residue for infants and5children.

The Secretary of Health and Human 6 7 Services and the Secretary of Agriculture, in consultation with the Ad-8 ministrator, shall conduct surveys to 9 document dietary exposure to pes-10 ticides among infants and children. 11 In the case of threshold effects, for 12 purposes of clause (ii)(I) an addi-13 14 tional tenfold margin of safety for the pesticide chemical residue and other 15 sources of exposure shall be applied 16 17 for infants and children to take into 18 account potential pre- and post-natal 19 toxicity and completeness of the data 20 with respect to exposure and toxicity to infants and children. Notwith-21 22 standing such requirement for an additional margin of safety, the Admin-23 istrator may use a different margin of 24 safety for the pesticide chemical resi-25

	175
1	due only if, on the basis of reliable
2	data, such margin will be safe for in-
3	fants and children.
4	"(D) FACTORS.—In establishing,
5	modifying, leaving in effect, or revok-
6	ing a tolerance or exemption for a
7	pesticide chemical residue, the Ad-
8	ministrator shall consider, among
9	other relevant factors—
10	"(i) the validity, completeness,
11	and reliability of the available
12	data from studies of the pesticide
13	chemical and pesticide chemical
14	residue;
15	"(ii) the nature of any toxic ef-
16	fect shown to be caused by the
17	pesticide chemical or pesticide
18	chemical residue in such studies;
19	"(iii) available information
20	concerning the relationship of the
21	results of such studies to human
22	risk;
23	"(iv) available information
24	concerning the dietary consump-
25	tion patterns of consumers (and

major identifiable subgroups of consumers);

"(v) available information concerning the cumulative effects of such residues and other substances that have a common mechanism of toxicity;

"(vi) available information 8 concerning the aggregate expo-9 sure levels of consumers (and 10 major identifiable subgroups of 11 consumers) to the pesticide chem-12 ical residue and to other related 13 14 substances, including dietary exposure under the tolerance and 15 all other tolerances in effect for 16 17 the pesticide chemical residue, 18 and exposure from other non-oc-19 cupational sources;

20 "(vii) available information
21 concerning the variability of the
22 sensitivities of major identifiable
23 subgroups of consumers;

24 "(viii) such information as the
25 Administrator may require on

1

2

3

4

5

6

1	whether the pesticide chemical
2	may have an effect in humans
3	that is similar to an effect pro-
4	duced by a naturally occurring
5	estrogen or other endocrine ef-
6	fects; and
7	"(ix) safety factors which in
8	the opinion of experts qualified
9	by scientific training and experi-
10	ence to evaluate the safety of food
11	additives are generally recog-
12	nized as appropriate for the use
13	of animal experimentation data.
14	"(E) DATA AND INFORMATION RE-
15	GARDING ANTICIPATED AND ACTUAL RESI-
16	DUE LEVELS.—
17	"(i) AUTHORITY.—In establishing,
18	modifying, leaving in effect, or revok-
19	ing a tolerance for a pesticide chemi-
20	cal residue, the Administrator may
21	consider available data and informa-
22	tion on the anticipated residue levels
23	of the pesticide chemical in or on
24	food and the actual residue levels of
25	the pesticide chemical that have been

measured in food, including residue data collected by the Food and Drug Administration.

"(ii) REQUIREMENT.—If the Admin-4 istrator relies on anticipated or ac-5 tual residue levels in establishing, 6 7 modifying, or leaving in effect a tolerance, the Administrator shall pursu-8 ant to subsection (f)(1) require that 9 10 data be provided five years after the date on which the tolerance is estab-11 12 lished, modified, or left in effect, and thereafter Administrator 13 the as appropriate, demonstrating 14 deems that such residue levels are not above 15 the levels so relied on. If such data 16 17 are not so provided, or if the data do 18 not demonstrate that the residue lev-19 els are not above the levels so relied 20 on, the Administrator shall, not later than 180 days after the date on which 21 22 the data were required to be provided, issue a regulation under sub-23 section (e)(1), or an order under sub-24

1

2

section (f)(2), as appropriate, to modify or revoke the tolerance.

"(F) PERCENT OF FOOD ACTUALLY 3 TREATED.—In establishing, modifying, 4 leaving in effect, or revoking a toler-5 ance for a pesticide chemical residue, 6 7 the Administrator may, when assessing chronic dietary risk, consider 8 available data and information on the 9 10 percent of food actually treated with the pesticide chemical (including ag-11 gregate pesticide use data collected 12 by the Department of Agriculture) 13 14 only if the Administrator—

15 "(i) finds that the data are re16 liable and provide a valid basis to
17 show what percentage of the food
18 derived from such crop is likely
19 to contain such pesticide chemi20 cal residue;

21 "(ii) finds that the exposure
22 estimate does not understate ex23 posure for any significant sub24 population group;

1
1	"(iii) finds that, if data are
2	available on pesticide use and
3	consumption of food in a particu-
4	lar area, the population in such
5	area is not dietarily exposed to
6	residues above those estimated by
7	the Administrator; and
8	"(iv) provides for the periodic
9	reevaluation of the estimate of
10	anticipated dietary exposure.
11	"(3) DETECTION METHODS.—
12	"(A) GENERAL RULE.—A tolerance
13	for a pesticide chemical residue in or
14	on a food shall not be established or
15	modified by the Administrator unless
16	the Administrator determines, after
17	consultation with the Secretary, that
18	there is a practical method for detect-
19	ing and measuring the levels of the
20	pesticide chemical residue in or on
21	the food.
22	"(B) DETECTION LIMIT.—A toler-
23	ance for a pesticide chemical residue
24	in or on a food shall not be estab-
25	lished at or modified to a level lower

1than the limit of detection of the2method for detecting and measuring3the pesticide chemical residue speci-4fied by the Administrator under sub-5paragraph (A).

"(4) INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS.—In es-6 7 tablishing a tolerance for a pesticide chemical residue in or on a food, the Ad-8 ministrator shall determine whether a 9 maximum residue level for the pesticide 10 chemical has been established by the 11 Codex Alimentarius Commission. If a 12 Codex maximum residue level has been 13 established for the pesticide chemical 14 and the Administrator does not propose 15 to adopt the Codex level, the Adminis-16 17 trator shall publish for public comment a 18 notice explaining the reasons for departing from the Codex level. 19

20 "(c) AUTHORITY AND STANDARD FOR EXEMP-21 TIONS.—

22 "(1) AUTHORITY.—The Administrator
23 may issue a regulation establishing,
24 modifying, or revoking an exemption
25 from the requirement for a tolerance for

Ι	a pesticide chemical residue in or on
2	food—
3	"(A) in response to a petition filed
4	under subsection (d); or
5	"(B) on the Administrator's initia-
6	tive under subsection (e).
7	"(2) STANDARD.—
8	"(A) GENERAL RULE.—
9	"(i) STANDARD.—The Adminis-
10	trator may establish or leave in
11	effect an exemption from the re-
12	quirement for a tolerance for a
13	pesticide chemical residue in or
14	on food only if the Administrator
15	determines that the exemption is
16	safe. The Administrator shall
17	modify or revoke an exemption if
18	the Administrator determines it is
19	not safe.
20	"(ii) DETERMINATION OF SAFE-
21	TY.—The term 'safe', with respect
22	to an exemption for a pesticide
23	chemical residue, means that the
24	Administrator has determined
25	that there is a reasonable cer-

	100
1	tainty that no harm will result
2	from aggregate exposure to the
3	pesticide chemical residue, in-
4	cluding all anticipated dietary ex-
5	posures and all other exposures
6	for which there is reliable infor-
7	mation.
8	"(B) FACTORS.—In making a deter-
9	mination under this paragraph, the
10	Administrator shall take into ac-
11	count, among other relevant consid-
12	erations, the considerations set forth
13	in subparagraphs (C) and (D) of sub-
14	section (b)(2).
15	"(3) LIMITATION.—An exemption from
16	the requirement for a tolerance for a pes-
17	ticide chemical residue in or on food
18	shall not be established or modified by
19	the Administrator unless the Adminis-
20	trator determines, after consultation with
21	the Secretary—
22	"(A) that there is a practical
23	method for detecting and measuring
24	the levels of such pesticide chemical
25	residue in or on food; or

1	"(B) that there is no need for such
2	a method, and states the reasons for
3	such determination in issuing the
4	regulation establishing or modifying
5	the exemption.
6	"(d) Petition for Tolerance or Exemp-
7	TION.—
8	"(1) PETITIONS AND PETITIONERS.—Any
9	person may file with the Administrator a
10	petition proposing the issuance of a regu-
11	lation—
12	"(A) establishing, modifying, or
13	revoking a tolerance for a pesticide
14	chemical residue in or on a food; or
15	"(B) establishing, modifying, or
16	revoking an exemption from the re-
17	quirement of a tolerance for such a
18	residue.
19	"(2) PETITION CONTENTS.—
20	"(A) ESTABLISHMENT.—A petition
21	under paragraph (1) to establish a tol-
22	erance or exemption for a pesticide
23	chemical residue shall be supported
24	by such data and information as are

1	specified in regulations issued by the
2	Administrator, including—
3	"(i)(I) an informative sum-
4	mary of the petition and of the
5	data, information, and arguments
6	submitted or cited in support of
7	the petition; and
8	"(II) a statement that the peti-
9	tioner agrees that such summary
10	or any information it contains
11	may be published as a part of the
12	notice of filing of the petition to
13	be published under this sub-
14	section and as part of a proposed
15	or final regulation issued under
16	this section;
17	"(ii) the name, chemical iden-
18	tity, and composition of the pes-
19	ticide chemical residue and of the
20	pesticide chemical that produces
21	the residue;
22	"(iii) data showing the rec-
23	ommended amount, frequency,
24	method, and time of application
25	of that pesticide chemical;

1	"(iv) full reports of tests and
2	investigations made with respect
3	to the safety of the pesticide
4	chemical, including full informa-
5	tion as to the methods and con-
6	trols used in conducting those
7	tests and investigations;
8	"(v) full reports of tests and
9	investigations made with respect
10	to the nature and amount of the
11	pesticide chemical residue that is
12	likely to remain in or on the food,
13	including a description of the an-
14	alytical methods used;
15	"(vi) a practical method for
16	detecting and measuring the lev-
17	els of the pesticide chemical resi-
18	due in or on the food, or for ex-
19	emptions, a statement why such a
20	method is not needed;
21	"(vii) a proposed tolerance for
22	the pesticide chemical residue, if
23	a tolerance is proposed;
24	"(viii) if the petition relates to
25	a tolerance for a processed food,

1	reports of investigations con-
2	ducted using the processing
3	method(s) used to produce that
4	food;
5	"(ix) such information as the
6	Administrator may require to
7	make the determination under
8	subsection (b)(2)(C);
9	"(x) such information as the
10	Administrator may require on
11	whether the pesticide chemical
12	may have an effect in humans
13	that is similar to an effect pro-
14	duced by a naturally occurring
15	estrogen or other endocrine ef-
16	fects;
17	"(xi) information regarding
18	exposure to the pesticide chemi-
19	cal residue due to any tolerance
20	or exemption already granted for
21	such residue;
22	"(xii) practical methods for re-
23	moving any amount of the residue
24	that would exceed any proposed
25	tolerance; and

"(xiii) such other data and in formation as the Administrator
 requires by regulation to support
 the petition.

If information or data required by 5 this subparagraph is available to the 6 7 Administrator, the person submitting the petition may cite the availability 8 of the information or data in lieu of 9 submitting it. The Administrator may 10 11 require a petition to be accompanied by samples of the pesticide chemical 12 with respect to which the petition is 13 filed. 14

"(B) 15 **MODIFICATION** OR **REVOCA-**TION.—The Administrator may by reg-16 17 ulation establish the requirements for 18 information and data to support a petition to modify or revoke a tolerance 19 20 or to modify or revoke an exemption from the requirement for a tolerance. 21 22 "(3) NOTICE.—A notice of the filing of a petition that the Administrator deter-23 mines has met the requirements of para-24 graph (2) shall be published by the Ad-25

1	ministrator within 30 days after such de-
2	termination. The notice shall announce
3	the availability of a description of the an-
4	alytical methods available to the Admin-
5	istrator for the detection and measure-
6	ment of the pesticide chemical residue
7	with respect to which the petition is filed
8	or shall set forth the petitioner's state-
9	ment of why such a method is not need-
10	ed. The notice shall include the summary
11	required by paragraph (2)(A)(i)(I).
12	"(4) ACTIONS BY THE ADMINISTRATOR.—
13	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Adminis-
14	trator shall, after giving due consid-
15	eration to a petition filed under para-
16	graph (1) and any other information
17	available to the Administrator—
18	"(i) issue a final regulation
19	(which may vary from that sought
20	by the petition) establishing,
21	modifying, or revoking a toler-
22	ance for the pesticide chemical
23	residue or an exemption of the
24	pesticide chemical residue from
25	the requirement of a tolerance

(which final regulation shall be is-1 sued without further notice and 2 without further period for public 3 4 comment): "(ii) issue a proposed regula-5 tion under subsection (e), and 6 7 thereafter issue a final regulation under such subsection; or 8 "(iii) issue an order denying 9 10 the petition. **"(B) PRIORITIES.**—The 11 Adminis-12 trator shall give priority to petitions for the establishment or modification 13 of a tolerance or exemption for a pes-14 ticide chemical residue that appears 15 to pose a significantly lower risk to 16 17 human health from dietary exposure 18 than pesticide chemical residues that 19 have tolerances in effect for the same 20 or similar uses. 21 "(C) EXPEDITED REVIEW OF CERTAIN 22 PETITIONS.— 23 "(i) DATE CERTAIN FOR RE-24 **VIEW.**—If a person files a complete

petition with the Administrator

	101
1	proposing the issuance of a regu-
2	lation establishing a tolerance or
3	exemption for a pesticide chemi-
4	cal residue that presents a lower
5	risk to human health than a pes-
6	ticide chemical residue for which
7	a tolerance has been left in effect
8	or modified under subsection
9	(b)(2)(B), the Administrator shall
10	complete action on such petition
11	under this paragraph within 1
12	year.
13	"(ii) Required determina-
14	TIONS.—If the Administrator is-
15	sues a final regulation establish-
16	ing a tolerance or exemption for a
17	safer pesticide chemical residue
18	under clause (i), the Adminis-
19	trator shall, not later than 180
20	days after the date on which the

regulation is issued, determine

whether a condition described in

subclause (I) or (II) of subsection

(b)(2)(B)(iii) continues to exist

with respect to a tolerance that

25

21

22

23

1	has been left in effect or modified
2	under subsection (b)(2)(B). If such
3	condition does not continue to
4	exist, the Administrator shall, not
5	later than 180 days after the date
6	on which the determination
7	under the preceding sentence is
8	made, issue a regulation under
9	subsection (e)(1) to modify or re-
10	voke the tolerance.
11	"(e) Action on Administrator's Own Ini-
12	TIATIVE.—
13	"(1) GENERAL RULE.—The Adminis-
14	trator may issue a regulation—
15	"(A) establishing, modifying, sus-
16	pending under subsection (l)(3), or re-
17	voking a tolerance for a pesticide
18	chemical or a pesticide chemical resi-
19	due;
20	
	"(B) establishing, modifying, sus-
21	"(B) establishing, modifying, suspending under subsection (l)(3), or re-
21 22	
	pending under subsection (l)(3), or re-
22	pending under subsection (l)(3), or re- voking an exemption of a pesticide

"(C) establishing general proce dures and requirements to implement
 this section.

"(2) NOTICE.—Before issuing a final 4 5 regulation under paragraph (1), the Administrator shall issue a notice of pro-6 7 posed rulemaking and provide a period of not less than 60 days for public com-8 ment on the proposed regulation, except 9 that a shorter period for comment may 10 be provided if the Administrator for good 11 cause finds that it would be in the public 12 interest to do so and states the reasons 13 for the finding in the notice of proposed 14 rulemaking. 15

16 "(f) SPECIAL DATA REQUIREMENTS.—

17 "(1) REQUIRING SUBMISSION OF ADDI-18 TIONAL DATA.—If the Administrator deter-19 mines that additional data or information 20 are reasonably required to support the continuation of a tolerance or exemption 21 22 that is in effect under this section for a pesticide chemical residue on a food, the 23 Administrator shall— 24

1	"(A) issue a notice requiring the
2	person holding the pesticide registra-
3	tions associated with such tolerance
4	or exemption to submit the data or
5	information under section $3(c)(2)(B)$
6	of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide,
7	and Rodenticide Act;
8	"(B) issue a rule requiring that
9	testing be conducted on a substance
10	or mixture under section 4 of the
11	Toxic Substances Control Act; or
12	"(C) publish in the Federal Reg-
13	ister, after first providing notice and
14	an opportunity for comment of not
15	less than 60 days' duration, an
16	order—
17	"(i) requiring the submission
18	to the Administrator by one or
19	more interested persons of a no-
20	tice identifying the person or per-
21	sons who will submit the required
22	data and information;
23	"(ii) describing the type of
24	data and information required to
25	be submitted to the Administrator

	100
1	and stating why the data and in-
2	formation could not be obtained
3	under the authority of section
4	3(c)(2)(B) of the Federal Insecti-
5	cide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide
6	Act or section 4 of the Toxic Sub-
7	stances Control Act;
8	"(iii) describing the reports of
9	the Administrator required to be
10	prepared during and after the
11	collection of the data and infor-
12	mation;
13	"(iv) requiring the submission
14	to the Administrator of the data,
15	information, and reports referred
16	to in clauses (ii) and (iii); and
17	"(v) establishing dates by
18	which the submissions described
19	in clauses (i) and (iv) must be
20	made.
21	The Administrator may under sub-
22	paragraph (C) revise any such order
23	to correct an error. The Adminis-
24	trator may under this paragraph re-
25	quire data or information pertaining

1to whether the pesticide chemical2may have an effect in humans that is3similar to an effect produced by a4naturally occurring estrogen or other5endocrine effects.

"(2) NONCOMPLIANCE.—If a submission 6 7 required by a notice issued in accordance with paragraph (1)(A), a rule issued 8 under paragraph (1)(B), or an order is-9 sued under paragraph (1)(C) is not made 10 by the time specified in such notice, rule, 11 or order, the Administrator may by order 12 published in the Federal Register modify 13 or revoke the tolerance or exemption in 14 question. In any review of such an order 15 under subsection (g)(2), the only material 16 17 issue shall be whether a submission re-18 quired under paragraph (1) was not made 19 by the time specified.

20 "(g) EFFECTIVE DATE, OBJECTIONS, HEAR21 INGS, AND ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW.—

22 "(1) EFFECTIVE DATE.—A regulation or
23 order issued under subsection (d)(4),
24 (e)(1), or (f)(2) shall take effect upon pub25 lication unless the regulation or order

1	specifies otherwise. The Administrator
2	may stay the effectiveness of the regula-
3	tion or order if, after issuance of such
4	regulation or order, objections are filed
5	with respect to such regulation or order
6	pursuant to paragraph (2).
7	"(2) FURTHER PROCEEDINGS.—
8	"(A) OBJECTIONS.—Within 60 days
9	after a regulation or order is issued
10	under subsection (d)(4), (e)(1)(A),
11	(e)(1)(B), (f)(2), (n)(3), or (n)(5)(C), any
12	person may file objections thereto
13	with the Administrator, specifying
14	with particularity the provisions of
15	the regulation or order deemed objec-
16	tionable and stating reasonable
17	grounds therefor. If the regulation or
18	order was issued in response to a pe-
19	tition under subsection (d)(1), a copy
20	of each objection filed by a person
21	other than the petitioner shall be
22	served by the Administrator on the
23	petitioner.
24	"(B) HEARING.—An objection may

25 include a request for a public evi-

dentiary hearing upon the objection. 1 The Administrator shall, upon the ini-2 tiative of the Administrator or upon 3 the request of an interested person 4 and after due notice, hold a public 5 evidentiary hearing if and to the ex-6 7 tent the Administrator determines that such a public hearing is nec-8 essary to receive factual evidence rel-9 evant to material issues of fact raised 10 by the objections. The presiding offi-11 12 cer in such a hearing may authorize a party to obtain discovery from other 13 persons and may upon a showing of 14 good cause made by a party issue a 15 subpoena to compel testimony or pro-16 17 duction of documents from any per-18 son. The presiding officer shall be 19 governed by the Federal Rules of 20 Civil Procedure in making any order for the protection of the witness or 21 22 the content of documents produced and shall order the payment of a rea-23 24 sonable fees and expenses as a condition to requiring testimony of the wit-25

ness. On contest, such a subpoena may be enforced by a Federal district court.

"(C) FINAL DECISION.—As soon as 4 practicable after receiving the argu-5 ments of the parties, the Adminis-6 trator shall issue an order stating the 7 8 action taken upon each such objection and setting forth any revision to 9 the regulation or prior order that the 10 Administrator has found to be war-11 12 ranted. If a hearing was held under subparagraph (B), such order and any 13 revision to the regulation or prior 14 order shall, with respect to questions 15 of fact at issue in the hearing, be 16 17 based only on substantial evidence of 18 record at such hearing, and shall set forth in detail the findings of facts 19 20 and the conclusions of law or policy 21 upon which the order or regulation is 22 based.

23 "(h) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—

24 "(1) PETITION.—In a case of actual
25 controversy as to the validity of any reg-

1

2

ulation issued under subsection (e)(1)(C), 1 or any order issued under subsection 2 3 (f)(1)(C) or (g)(2)(C), or any regulation that is the subject of such an order, any 4 5 person who will be adversely affected by such order or regulation may obtain judi-6 7 cial review by filing in the United States Court of Appeals for the circuit wherein 8 that person resides or has its principal 9 place of business, or in the United States 10 Court of Appeals for the District of Co-11 lumbia Circuit, within 60 days after pub-12 lication of such order or regulation, a pe-13 tition praying that the order or regula-14 tion be set aside in whole or in part. 15

"(2) RECORD 16 AND JURISDICTION.—A 17 copy of the petition under paragraph (1) 18 shall be forthwith transmitted by the 19 clerk of the court to the Administrator. 20 or any officer designated by the Adminis-21 trator for that purpose, and thereupon 22 the Administrator shall file in the court the record of the proceedings on which 23 the Administrator based the order or reg-24 ulation, as provided in section 2112 of 25

title 28, United States Code. Upon the fil-1 ing of such a petition, the court shall 2 have exclusive jurisdiction to affirm or 3 set aside the order or regulation com-4 5 plained of in whole or in part. As to orders issued following a public evidentiary 6 hearing, the findings of the Adminis-7 trator with respect to questions of fact 8 shall be sustained only if supported by 9 substantial evidence when considered on 10 the record as a whole. 11

"(3) ADDITIONAL EVIDENCE.—If a party 12 applies to the court for leave to adduce 13 additional evidence and shows to the sat-14 isfaction of the court that the additional 15 evidence is material and that there were 16 17 reasonable grounds for the failure to ad-18 duce the evidence in the proceeding before the Administrator, the court may 19 20 order that the additional evidence (and evidence in rebuttal thereof) shall be 21 22 taken before the Administrator in the 23 manner and upon the terms and condi-24 tions the court deems proper. The Administrator may modify prior findings as to 25

the facts by reason of the additional evi dence so taken and may modify the order
 or regulation accordingly. The Adminis trator shall file with the court any such
 modified finding, order, or regulation.

"(4) FINAL JUDGMENT; SUPREME COURT 6 7 **REVIEW.**—The judgment of the court affirming or setting aside, in whole or in 8 part, any regulation or any order and any 9 regulation which is the subject of such an 10 order shall be final, subject to review by 11 12 the Supreme Court of the United States as provided in section 1254 of title 28 of 13 the United States Code. The commence-14 ment of proceedings under this sub-15 section shall not, unless specifically or-16 17 dered by the court to the contrary, oper-18 ate as a stay of a regulation or order.

"(5) APPLICATION.—Any issue as to
which review is or was obtainable under
this subsection shall not be the subject of
judicial review under any other provision
of law.

24 "(i) CONFIDENTIALITY AND USE OF DATA.—

"(1) GENERAL RULE.—Data and infor-1 2 mation that are or have been submitted 3 to the Administrator under this section or section 409 in support of a tolerance or 4 an exemption from a tolerance shall be 5 entitled to confidential treatment for rea-6 7 sons of business confidentiality and to exclusive use and data compensation to the 8 same extent provided by sections 3 and 9 10 of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, 10 and Rodenticide Act. 11 12 "(2) EXCEPTIONS.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—Data and infor-13 14 mation that are entitled to confidential treatment under paragraph (1) 15 may be disclosed, under such security 16 requirements as the Administrator 17 18 may provide by regulation, to— "(i) employees of the United 19 20 States authorized by the Administrator to examine such data and 21 22 information in the carrying out of their official duties under this Act 23 other Federal statutes in-24 or

- 1tended to protect the public2health; or3"(ii) contractors with the
 - United States authorized by the Administrator to examine such data and information in the carrying out of contracts under this Act or such statutes.

"(B) CONGRESS.—This subsection 9 does not authorize the withholding of 10 information from either 11 data or 12 House of Congress or from, to the extent of matter within its jurisdiction, 13 14 any committee or subcommittee of such committee or any joint commit-15 tee of Congress or any subcommittee 16 17 of such joint committee.

18 **"(3)** SUMMARIES.—Notwithstanding 19 any provision of this subsection or other 20 law, the Administrator may publish the 21 informative summary required by sub-22 section (d)(2)(A)(i) and may, in issuing a 23 proposed or final regulation or order 24 under this section, publish an inform-

4

5

6

7

ative summary of the data relating to the
 regulation or order.

3 "(j) STATUS OF PREVIOUSLY ISSUED REGULA4 TIONS.—

"(1) REGULATIONS UNDER SECTION 406.— 5 **Regulations affecting pesticide chemical** 6 7 residues in or on raw agricultural com-8 modities promulgated, in accordance with section 701(e), under the authority 9 of section 406(a) upon the basis of public 10 hearings instituted before January 1, 11 1953, shall be deemed to be regulations 12 issued under this section and shall be 13 subject to modification or revocation 14 under subsections (d) and (e), and shall 15 be subject to review under subsection (q). 16

17 "(2) REGULATIONS UNDER SECTION 409.— 18 **Regulations that established tolerances** 19 for substances that are pesticide chemi-20 cal residues in or on processed food, or that otherwise stated the conditions 21 under which such pesticide chemicals 22 could be safely used, and that were is-23 sued under section 409 on or before the 24 25 date of the enactment of this paragraph, shall be deemed to be regulations issued
 under this section and shall be subject to
 modification or revocation under sub section (d) or (e), and shall be subject to
 review under subsection (q).

6 "(3) REGULATIONS UNDER SECTION 408.— 7 **Regulations that established tolerances** or exemptions under this section that 8 were issued on or before the date of the 9 enactment of this paragraph shall remain 10 in effect unless modified or revoked 11 under subsection (d) or (e), and shall be 12 subject to review under subsection (q). 13

14 "(k) TRANSITIONAL PROVISION.—If, on the 15 day before the date of the enactment of this 16 subsection, a substance that is a pesticide 17 chemical was, with respect to a particular 18 pesticidal use of the substance and any result-19 ing pesticide chemical residue in or on a par-20 ticular food—

21 "(1) regarded by the Administrator or
22 the Secretary as generally recognized as
23 safe for use within the meaning of the
24 provisions of subsection (a) or section
25 201(s) as then in effect; or

"(2) regarded by the Secretary as a 1 2 substance described by section 201(s)(4); such a pesticide chemical residue shall be re-3 garded as exempt from the requirement for a 4 5 tolerance, as of the date of enactment of this subsection. The Administrator shall by regu-6 7 lation indicate which substances are described by this subsection. Any exemption 8 under this subsection may be modified or re-9 10 voked as if it had been issued under sub-11 section (c).

12 "(1) HARMONIZATION WITH ACTION UNDER
13 OTHER LAWS.—

"(1) COORDINATION WITH FIFRA.—To the 14 extent practicable and consistent with 15 the review deadlines in subsection (q), in 16 17 issuing a final rule under this subsection 18 that suspends or revokes a tolerance or 19 exemption for a pesticide chemical resi-20 due in or on food, the Administrator shall coordinate such action with any related 21 22 necessary action under the Federal Insec-23 ticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act.

24 "(2) REVOCATION OF TOLERANCE OR EX25 EMPTION FOLLOWING CANCELLATION OF AS-

SOCIATED REGISTRATIONS.—If the Adminis-1 trator, acting under the Federal Insecti-2 3 cide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, cancels the registration of each pesticide 4 that contains a particular pesticide chem-5 ical and that is labeled for use on a par-6 7 ticular food, or requires that the registration of each such pesticide be modified to 8 prohibit its use in connection with the 9 production, storage, or transportation of 10 such food, due in whole or in part to die-11 12 tary risks to humans posed by residues of that pesticide chemical on that food, the 13 Administrator shall revoke any tolerance 14 or exemption that allows the presence of 15 the pesticide chemical, or any pesticide 16 17 chemical residue that results from its 18 use, in or on that food. Subsection (e) shall apply to actions taken under this 19 20 paragraph. A revocation under this paragraph shall become effective not later 21 22 than 180 days after— "(A) the date by which each such 23

cancellation of a registration has be come effective; or

"(B) the date on which the use of 1 the canceled pesticide becomes un-2 lawful under the terms of the can-3 cellation, whichever is later. 4 "(3) SUSPENSION OF TOLERANCE OR EX-5 6 EMPTION FOLLOWING SUSPENSION OF ASSOCI-7 ATED REGISTRATIONS.— "(A) SUSPENSION.—If the Adminis-8 trator, acting under the Federal In-9 10 secticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, suspends the use of each reg-11 12 istered pesticide that contains a particular pesticide chemical and that is 13 labeled for use on a particular food, 14 due in whole or in part to dietary 15 risks to humans posed by residues of 16 17 that pesticide chemical on that food, 18 the Administrator shall suspend any 19 tolerance or exemption that allows the presence of the pesticide chemi-20 21 cal, or any pesticide chemical residue 22 that results from its use, in or on that food. Subsection (e) shall apply to ac-23 24 tions taken under this paragraph. A 25 suspension under this paragraph

shall become effective not later than 60 days after the date by which each such suspension of use has become effective.

"(B) EFFECT OF SUSPENSION.—The 5 6 suspension of a tolerance or exemption under subparagraph (A) shall be 7 effective as long as the use of each as-8 sociated registration of a pesticide is 9 suspended under the Federal Insecti-10 cide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act. 11 12 While a suspension of a tolerance or exemption is effective the tolerance 13 or exemption shall not be considered 14 to be in effect. If the suspension of 15 use of the pesticide under that Act is 16 17 terminated, leaving the registration 18 of the pesticide for such use in effect 19 under that Act, the Administrator shall rescind any associated suspen-20 21 sion of tolerance or exemption.

22 "(4) TOLERANCES FOR UNAVOIDABLE
23 RESIDUES.—In connection with action
24 taken under paragraph (2) or (3), or with
25 respect to pesticides whose registrations

1

2

3

were suspended or canceled prior to the 1 date of the enactment of this paragraph 2 under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, 3 and Rodenticide Act, if the Administrator 4 determines that a residue of the canceled 5 or suspended pesticide chemical will un-6 7 avoidably persist in the environment and 8 thereby be present in or on a food, the Administrator may establish a tolerance 9 for the pesticide chemical residue. In es-10 tablishing such a tolerance, the Adminis-11 trator shall take into account both the 12 factors set forth in subsection (b)(2) and 13 the unavoidability of the residue. Sub-14 section (e) shall apply to the establish-15 ment of such tolerance. The Adminis-16 17 trator shall review any such tolerance pe-18 riodically and modify it as necessary so that it allows no greater level of the pes-19 ticide chemical residue than is unavoid-20 able. 21

22 "(5) PESTICIDE RESIDUES RESULTING
23 FROM LAWFUL APPLICATION OF PESTICIDE.—
24 Notwithstanding any other provision of
25 this Act, if a tolerance or exemption for a

1	pesticide chemical residue in or on a food
2	has been revoked, suspended, or modified
3	under this section, an article of that food
4	shall not be deemed unsafe solely be-
5	cause of the presence of such pesticide
6	chemical residue in or on such food if it
7	is shown to the satisfaction of the Sec-
8	retary that—
9	"(A) the residue is present as the
10	result of an application or use of a
11	pesticide at a time and in a manner
12	that was lawful under the Federal In-
13	secticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide
14	Act; and
15	"(B) the residue does not exceed a
16	level that was authorized at the time
17	of that application or use to be
18	present on the food under a toler-
19	ance, exemption, food additive regu-
20	lation, or other sanction then in ef-
21	fect under this Act;
22	unless, in the case of any tolerance or ex-
23	emption revoked, suspended, or modified
24	under this subsection or subsection (d) or
25	(e), the Administrator has issued a deter-

mination that consumption of the legally
 treated food during the period of its like ly availability in commerce will pose an
 unreasonable dietary risk.

"(6) TOLERANCE FOR USE OF PESTICIDES 5 UNDER AN EMERGENCY EXEMPTION.—If the 6 7 Administrator grants an exemption under section 18 of the Federal Insecti-8 cide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 9 U.S.C. 136p) for a pesticide chemical, the 10 Administrator shall establish a tolerance 11 12 or exemption from the requirement for a tolerance for the pesticide chemical resi-13 due. Such a tolerance or exemption from 14 a tolerance shall have an expiration date. 15 The Administrator may establish such a 16 17 tolerance or exemption without provid-18 ing notice or a period for comment on the 19 tolerance or exemption. The Adminis-20 trator shall promulgate regulations with-21 in 365 days after the date of the enact-22 ment of this paragraph governing the establishment of tolerances and exemptions 23 24 under this paragraph. Such regulations shall be consistent with the safety stand-25

ard under subsections (b)(2) and (c)(2)
 and with section 18 of the Federal Insec ticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act.
 "(m) FEES.—

"(1) AMOUNT.—The Administrator 5 6 shall by regulation require the payment 7 of such fees as will in the aggregate, in the judgment of the Administrator, be 8 sufficient over a reasonable term to pro-9 vide, equip, and maintain an adequate 10 service for the performance of the Ad-11 ministrator's functions under this sec-12 tion. Under the regulations, the perform-13 ance of the Administrator's services or 14 other functions under this section, in-15 cluding— 16

17 "(A) the acceptance for filing of a
18 petition submitted under subsection
19 (d);

20 "(B) establishing, modifying, leav21 ing in effect, or revoking a tolerance
22 or establishing, modifying, leaving in
23 effect, or revoking an exemption from
24 the requirement for a tolerance
25 under this section;

"(C) the acceptance for filing of 1 objections under subsection (g); or 2 "(D) the certification and filing in 3 court of a transcript of the proceed-4 ings and the record under subsection 5 6 (h); may be conditioned upon the payment of 7 such fees. The regulations may further 8 provide for waiver or refund of fees in 9 whole or in part when in the judgment of 10 the Administrator such a waiver or re-11 12 fund is equitable and not contrary to the

"(2) DEPOSIT.—All fees collected under 14 paragraph (1) shall be deposited in the 15 **Reregistration and Expedited Processing** 16 Fund created by section 4(k) of the Fed-17 18 eral Insecticide. Fungicide, and 19 Rodenticide Act. Such fees shall be avail-20 able to the Administrator, without fiscal 21 year limitation, for the performance of 22 the Administrator's services or functions as specified in paragraph (1). 23

purposes of this subsection.

24 "(n) NATIONAL UNIFORMITY OF TOLER-25 ANCES.—
1	"(1) QUALIFYING PESTICIDE CHEMICAL
2	RESIDUE.—For purposes of this sub-
3	section, the term 'qualifying pesticide
4	chemical residue' means a pesticide
5	chemical residue resulting from the use,
6	in production, processing, or storage of a
7	food, of a pesticide chemical that is an ac-
8	tive ingredient and that—
9	"(A) was first approved for such
10	use in a registration of a pesticide is-
11	sued under section 3(c)(5) of the Fed-
12	eral Insecticide, Fungicide,
13	Rodenticide Act on or after April 25,
14	1985, on the basis of data determined
15	by the Administrator to meet all ap-
16	plicable requirements for data pre-
17	scribed by regulations in effect under
18	that Act on April 25, 1985; or
19	"(B) was approved for such use in
20	a reregistration eligibility determina-
21	tion issued under section 4(g) of that
22	Act on or after the date of enactment
23	of this subsection.
24	"(2) QUALIFYING FEDERAL DETERMINA-
25	TION.—For purposes of this subsection,

1the term 'qualifying Federal determina-2tion' means a tolerance or exemption3from the requirement for a tolerance for4a qualifying pesticide chemical residue5that—6"(A) is issued under this section7after the date of the enactment of this

subsection and determined by the Administrator to meet the standard
under subsection (b)(2)(A) (in the
case of a tolerance) or (c)(2) (in the
case of an exemption); or

"(B)(i) pursuant to subsection (j)
is remaining in effect or is deemed to
have been issued under this section,
or is regarded under subsection (k) as
exempt from the requirement for a
tolerance; and

"(ii) is determined by the Administrator to meet the standard under
subsection (b)(2)(A) (in the case of a
tolerance) or (c)(2) (in the case of an
exemption).

24 "(3) LIMITATION.—The Administrator
25 may make the determination described in

paragraph (2)(B)(ii) only by issuing a rule 1 2 in accordance with the procedure set forth in subsection (d) or (e) and only if 3 the Administrator issues a proposed rule 4 and allows a period of not less than 30 5 6 days for comment on the proposed rule. 7 Any such rule shall be reviewable in accordance with subsections (g) and (h). 8

"(4) STATE AUTHORITY.—Except as pro-9 vided in paragraphs (5), (6), and (8) no 10 State or political subdivision may estab-11 12 lish or enforce any regulatory limit on a qualifying pesticide chemical residue in 13 or on any food if a qualifying Federal de-14 termination applies to the presence of 15 such pesticide chemical residue in or on 16 17 such food, unless such State regulatory 18 limit is identical to such qualifying Federal determination. A State or political 19 20 subdivision shall be deemed to establish 21 or enforce a regulatory limit on a pes-22 ticide chemical residue in or on a food if it purports to prohibit or penalize the 23 24 production. processing, shipping, or other handling of a food because it con-25

1	tains a pesticide residue (in excess of a
2	prescribed limit).
3	"(5) PETITION PROCEDURE.—
4	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any State may
5	petition the Administrator for author-
6	ization to establish in such State a
7	regulatory limit on a qualifying pes-
8	ticide chemical residue in or on any
9	food that is not identical to the quali-
10	fying Federal determination applica-
11	ble to such qualifying pesticide chem-
12	ical residue.
13	"(B) PETITION REQUIREMENTS.—Any
14	petition under subparagraph (A)
15	shall—
16	"(i) satisfy any requirements
17	prescribed, by rule, by the Admin-
18	istrator; and
19	"(ii) be supported by scientific
20	data about the pesticide chemical
21	residue that is the subject of the
22	petition or about chemically re-
23	lated pesticide chemical residues,
24	data on the consumption within
25	such State of food bearing the

pesticide chemical residue, and data on exposure of humans within such State to the pesticide chemical residue. "(C) AUTHORIZATION.—The Administrator may, by order, grant the authorization described in subparagraph (A) if the Administrator determines that the proposed State regulatory limit—

11 "(i) is justified by compelling
12 local conditions; and

13 "(ii) would not cause any food
14 to be a violation of Federal law.

"(D) TREATMENT.—In lieu of any 15 action authorized under subpara-16 graph (C), the Administrator may 17 18 treat a petition under this paragraph as a petition under subsection (d) to 19 modify or revoke a tolerance or an 20 exemption. If the Administrator de-21 22 termines to treat a petition under this paragraph as a petition under 23 subsection (d), the Administrator 24

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

shall thereafter act on the petition pursuant to subsection (d).

"(E) REVIEW.—Any order of the Administrator granting or denying the authorization described in subparagraph (A) shall be subject to review in the manner described in subsections (g) and (h).

"(6) URGENT PETITION PROCEDURE.— 9 10 Any State petition to the Administrator 11 pursuant to paragraph (5) that dem-12 onstrates that consumption of a food containing such pesticide residue level dur-13 ing the period of the food's likely avail-14 ability in the State will pose a significant 15 public health threat from acute exposure 16 17 shall be considered an urgent petition. If 18 an order by the Administrator to grant or 19 deny the requested authorization in an urgent petition is not made within 30 20 days of receipt of the petition, the peti-21 22 tioning State may establish and enforce a temporary regulatory limit on a qualify-23 24 ing pesticide chemical residue in or on the food. The temporary regulatory limit 25

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

shall be validated or terminated by the
 Administrator's final order on the peti tion.

"(7) **Residues from lawful applica-**4 TION.—No State or political subdivision 5 may enforce any regulatory limit on the 6 7 level of a pesticide chemical residue that may appear in or on any food if, at the 8 time of the application of the pesticide 9 that resulted in such residue, the sale of 10 such food with such residue level was 11 lawful under this section and under the 12 law of such State, unless the State dem-13 onstrates that consumption of the food 14 containing such pesticide residue level 15 during the period of the food's likely 16 17 availability in the State will pose an un-18 reasonable dietary risk to the health of 19 persons within such State.

20 "(8) SAVINGS.—Nothing in this Act pre21 empts the authority of any State or politi22 cal subdivision to require that a food con23 taining a pesticide chemical residue bear
24 or be the subject of a warning or other
25 statement relating to the presence of the

pesticide chemical residue in or on such
 food.

3 "(o) CONSUMER RIGHT TO KNOW.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment 4 of the Food Quality Protection Act of 1996, 5 and annually thereafter, the Administrator 6 shall, in consultation with the Secretary of 7 Agriculture and the Secretary of Health and 8 Human Services, publish in a format under-9 standable to a lay person, and distribute to 10 large retail grocers for public display (in a 11 12 manner determined by the grocer), the following information, at a minimum: 13

14 "(1) A discussion of the risks and ben15 efits of pesticide chemical residues in or
16 on food purchased by consumers.

"(2) A listing of actions taken under 17 18 subparagraph (B) of subsection (b)(2)19 that may result in pesticide chemical res-20 idues in or on food that present a yearly or lifetime risk above the risk allowed 21 22 under subparagraph (A) of such sub-23 section, and the food on which the pesticide chemicals producing the residues 24 25 are used.

"(3) Recommendations to consumers
 for reducing dietary exposure to pes ticide chemical residues in a manner con sistent with maintaining a healthy diet,
 including a list of food that may reason ably substitute for food listed under para graph (2).

8 Nothing in this subsection shall prevent retail
9 grocers from providing additional informa10 tion.

11 "(p) ESTROGENIC SUBSTANCES SCREENING
12 PROGRAM.—

"(1) DEVELOPMENT.—Not later than 2 13 14 years after the date of enactment of this section, the Administrator shall in con-15 sultation with the Secretary of Health 16 17 and Human Services develop a screening 18 program, using appropriate validated 19 test systems and other scientifically rel-20 evant information. to determine whether certain substances may have an effect in 21 22 humans that is similar to an effect produced by a naturally occurring estrogen, 23 or such other endocrine effect as the Ad-24 ministrator may designate. 25

1	"(2) IMPLEMENTATION.—Not later than
2	3 years after the date of enactment of this
3	section, after obtaining public comment
4	and review of the screening program de-
5	scribed in paragraph (1) by the scientific
6	advisory panel established under section
7	25(d) of the Federal Insecticide, Fun-
8	gicide, and Rodenticide Act or the
9	science advisory board established by
10	section 8 of the Environmental Research,
11	Development, and Demonstration Act of
12	1978 (42 U.S.C. 4365), the Administrator
13	shall implement the program.
14	"(3) SUBSTANCES.—In carrying out the
15	screening program described in para-
16	graph (1), the Administrator—
17	"(A) shall provide for the testing
18	of all pesticide chemicals; and
19	"(B) may provide for the testing
20	of any other substance that may have
21	an effect that is cumulative to an ef-
22	fect of a pesticide chemical if the Ad-
23	ministrator determines that a sub-
24	stantial population may be exposed to
25	such substance.

1	"(4) EXEMPTION.—Notwithstanding
2	paragraph (3), the Administrator may, by
3	order, exempt from the requirements of
4	this section a biologic substance or other
5	substance if the Administrator deter-
6	mines that the substance is anticipated
7	not to produce any effect in humans simi-
8	lar to an effect produced by a naturally
9	occurring estrogen.
10	"(5) Collection of information.—
11	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Adminis-
12	trator shall issue an order to a reg-
13	istrant of a substance for which test-
14	ing is required under this subsection,
15	or to a person who manufactures or
16	imports a substance for which testing
17	is required under this subsection, to
18	conduct testing in accordance with
19	the screening program described in
20	paragraph (1), and submit informa-
21	tion obtained from the testing to the
22	Administrator, within a reasonable
23	time period that the Administrator
24	determines is sufficient for the gen-
25	eration of the information.

1	"(B) PROCEDURES.—To the extent
2	practicable the Administrator shall
3	minimize duplicative testing of the
4	same substance for the same endo-
5	crine effect, develop, as appropriate,
6	procedures for fair and equitable
7	sharing of test costs, and develop, as
8	necessary, procedures for handling of
9	confidential business information.
10	"(C) FAILURE OF REGISTRANTS TO
11	SUBMIT INFORMATION.—
12	"(i) SUSPENSION.—If a reg-
13	istrant of a substance referred to
14	in paragraph (3)(A) fails to com-
15	ply with an order under subpara-
16	graph (A) of this paragraph, the
17	Administrator shall issue a notice
18	of intent to suspend the sale or
19	distribution of the substance by
20	the registrant. Any suspension
21	proposed under this paragraph
22	shall become final at the end of
23	the 30-day period beginning on
24	the date that the registrant re-
25	ceives the notice of intent to sus-

1	pend, unless during that period a
2	person adversely affected by the
3	notice requests a hearing or the
4	Administrator determines that
5	the registrant has complied fully
6	with this paragraph.
7	"(ii) HEARING.—If a person re-
8	quests a hearing under clause (i),
9	the hearing shall be conducted in
10	accordance with section 554 of
11	title 5, United States Code. The
12	only matter for resolution at the
13	hearing shall be whether the reg-
14	istrant has failed to comply with
15	an order under subparagraph (A)
16	of this paragraph. A decision by
17	the Administrator after comple-
18	tion of a hearing shall be consid-
19	ered to be a final agency action.
20	"(iii) TERMINATION OF SUSPEN-
21	SIONS.—The Administrator shall
22	terminate a suspension under this
23	subparagraph issued with respect
24	to a registrant if the Adminis-

trator determines that the reg-

istrant has complied fully with
 this paragraph.

"(D) NONCOMPLIANCE 3 BY **OTHER** PERSONS.—Any person (other than a 4 registrant) who fails to comply with 5 an order under subparagraph (A) 6 shall be liable for the same penalties 7 and sanctions as are provided under 8 section 16 of the Toxic Substances 9 Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2601 and fol-10 11 lowing) in the case of a violation referred to in that section. Such pen-12 alties and sanctions shall be assessed 13 14 and imposed in the same manner as provided in such section 16. 15

"(6) AGENCY ACTION.—In the case of 16 17 any substance that is found, as a result of 18 testing and evaluation under this section, 19 to have an endocrine effect on humans, 20 the Administrator shall, as appropriate, take action under such statutory author-21 22 ity as is available to the Administrator, including consideration under other sec-23 24 tions of this Act, as is necessary to ensure the protection of public health. 25

1	"(7) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later
2	than 4 years after the date of enactment
3	of this section, the Administrator shall
4	prepare and submit to Congress a report
5	containing—
6	"(A) the findings of the Adminis-
7	trator resulting from the screening
8	program described in paragraph (1);
9	"(B) recommendations for further
10	testing needed to evaluate the impact
11	on human health of the substances
12	tested under the screening program;
13	and
14	"(C) recommendations for any
15	further actions (including any action
16	described in paragraph (6)) that the
17	Administrator determines are appro-
18	priate based on the findings.
19	"(q) SCHEDULE FOR REVIEW.—
20	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
21	shall review tolerances and exemptions
22	for pesticide chemical residues in effect
23	on the day before the date of the enact-
24	ment of the Food Quality Protection Act

	201
1	of 1996, as expeditiously as practicable,
2	assuring that—
3	"(A) 33 percent of such tolerances
4	and exemptions are reviewed within
5	3 years of the date of enactment of
6	such Act;
7	"(B) 66 percent of such tolerances
8	and exemptions are reviewed within
9	6 years of the date of enactment of
10	such Act; and
11	"(C) 100 percent of such toler-
12	ances and exemptions are reviewed
13	within 10 years of the date of enact-
14	ment of such Act.
15	In conducting a review of a tolerance or
16	exemption, the Administrator shall deter-
17	mine whether the tolerance or exemption
18	meets the requirements of subsection
19	(b)(2) or (c)(2) and shall, by the deadline
20	for the review of the tolerance or exemp-
21	tion, issue a regulation under subsection
22	(d)(4) or (e)(1) to modify or revoke the
23	tolerance or exemption if the tolerance or
24	exemption does not meet such require-
25	ments.

•HR 1627 RH

1 "(2) PRIORITIES.—In determining pri-2 orities for reviewing tolerances and ex-3 emptions under paragraph (1), the Ad-4 ministrator shall give priority to the re-5 view of the tolerances or exemptions that 6 appear to pose the greatest risk to public 7 health.

"(3) PUBLICATION OF SCHEDULE.—Not 8 later than 12 months after the date of the 9 enactment of the Food Quality Protection 10 Act of 1996, the Administrator shall pub-11 lish a schedule for review of tolerances 12 and exemptions established prior to the 13 date of the enactment of the Food Quality 14 **Protection Act of 1996.** The determination 15 of priorities for the review of tolerances 16 17 and exemptions pursuant to this sub-18 section is not a rulemaking and shall not be subject to judicial review, except that 19 20 failure to take final action pursuant to 21 the schedule established by this paragraph shall be subject to judicial review. 22 23 "(r) TEMPORARY TOLERANCE OR EXEMP-TION.—The Administrator may, upon the re-24 25 quest of any person who has obtained an ex-

1 perimental permit for a pesticide chemical 2 under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and **3 Rodenticide Act or upon the Administrator's** own initiative, establish a temporary toler-4 ance or exemption for the pesticide chemical 5 residue for the uses covered by the permit. 6 7 Subsections (b)(2), (d) and (c)(2), (e) shall 8 apply to actions taken under this subsection. "(s) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Nothing in this sec-9 10 tion shall be construed to amend or modify 11 the provisions of the Toxic Substances Con-12 trol Act or the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, 13 and Rodenticide Act.".

14 SEC. 406. AUTHORIZATION FOR INCREASED MONITORING.

For the fiscal years 1997 through 1999, there is authorized to be appropriated in the aggregate an additional \$12,000,000 for increased monitoring by the Secretary of Health and Human Services of pesticide residues in imported and domestic food.

21 SEC. 407. ALTERNATIVE ENFORCEMENT.

22 Section 303(g) (21 U.S.C. 333(f)) is amend23 ed—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (2),
 (3), and (4) as paragraphs (3), (4), and (5),
 respectively,

4 (2) by inserting after paragraph (1)
5 the following:

"(2)(A) Any person who introduces into 6 7 interstate commerce or delivers for introduction into interstate commerce an article of 8 food that is adulterated within the meaning of 9 10 section 402(a)(2)(B) shall be subject to a civil 11 money penalty of not more than \$50,000 in the 12 case of an individual and \$250,000 in the case 13 of any other person for such introduction or delivery, not to exceed \$500,000 for all such 14 violations adjudicated in a single proceeding. 15

(B) This paragraph shall not apply to any person who grew the article of food that is adulterated. If the Secretary assesses a civil penalty against any person under this paragraph, the Secretary may not use the criminal authorities under this section to sanction such person for the introduction or delivery for introduction into interstate commerce of the article of food that is adulterated. If the Secretary assesses a civil penalty against any person under this paragraph, the Secretary
 may not use the seizure authorities of section
 304 or the injunction authorities of section
 302 with respect to the article of food that is
 adulterated.

6 "(C) In a hearing to assess a civil penalty 7 under this paragraph, the presiding officer 8 shall have the same authority with regard to 9 compelling testimony or production of docu-10 ments as a presiding officer has under section 11 408(g)(2)(B). The third sentence of paragraph 12 (3)(A) shall not apply to any investigation 13 under this paragraph.";

(3) in paragraph (3), as so redesignated, by striking "paragraph (1)" each
place it occurs and inserting "paragraph
(1) or (2)";

(4) in paragraph (4), as so redesignated, by striking "(2)(A)" and inserting
"(3)(A)"; and

(5) in paragraph (5), as so redesignated, by striking "(3)" each place it occurs and inserting "(4)".

	200
1	TITLE V—FEES
2	SEC. 501. REREGISTRATION FEES.
3	(a) Section 4(i).—Section 4(i) (7 U.S.C. 136a-1(i)),
4	as amended by section 232(2), is amended—
5	(1) in paragraphs $(5)(H)$ and (6) , by striking
6	"1997" and inserting "2001"; and
7	(2) in paragraph (5)(C), by inserting "(i)" after
8	((C)) and by adding at the end the following:
9	"(ii) in each of the fiscal years 1998, 1999,
10	and 2000, the Administrator is authorized to col-
11	lect up to an additional \$2,000,000 in a manner
12	consistent with subsection $(k)(5)$ and the rec-
13	ommendations of the Inspector General of the
14	Environmental Protection Agency. The total fees
15	that may be collected under this clause shall not
16	exceed \$6,000,000.".
17	(b) Section 4(k)(1).—Section 4(k)(1) (7 U.S.C. 136a–
18	1(k)(1) is amended by inserting before the period the follow-
19	ing: "which shall be known as the Reregistration and Expe-
20	dited Processing Fund".
21	(c) Section $4(k)(2)$.—Section $4(k)(2)$ (7 136a–
22	1(k)(2)) is amended to read as follows:
23	"(2) Source and use.—
24	"(A) All moneys derived from fees collected
25	by the Administrator under subsection (i) shall

1	be deposited in the fund and shall be available
2	to the Administrator, without fiscal year limita-
3	tion, specifically to offset the costs of reregistra-
4	tion and expedited processing of the applications
5	specified in paragraph (3). Such moneys derived
6	from fees may not be expended in any fiscal year
7	to the extent such moneys derived from fees
8	would exceed money appropriated for use by the
9	Administrator and expended in such year for
10	such costs of reregistration and expedited proc-
11	essing of such applications. The Administrator
12	shall, prior to expending any such moneys de-
13	rived from fees—
14	"(i) effective October 1, 1997, adopt
15	specific and cost accounting rules and pro-
16	cedures as approved by the General Ac-
17	counting Office and the Inspector General of
18	the Environmental Protection Agency to en-
19	sure that moneys derived from fees are allo-
20	cated solely to the costs of reregistration and
21	expedited processing of the applications
22	specified in paragraph (3) in the same por-
23	tion as appropriated funds;
24	"(ii) prohibit the use of such moneys
25	derived from fees to pay for any costs other

1	than those necessary to achieve reregistra-
2	tion and expedited processing of the appli-
3	cations specified in paragraph (3); and
4	"(iii) ensure that personnel and facil-
5	ity costs associated with the functions to be
6	carried out under this paragraph do not ex-
7	ceed agency averages for comparable person-
8	nel and facility costs.
9	"(B) The Administrator shall also—
10	"(i) complete the review of unreviewed
11	reregistration studies required to support
12	the reregistration eligibility decisions sched-
13	uled for completion in accordance with sub-
14	section $(l)(2)$; and
15	"(ii) contract for such outside assist-
16	ance as may be necessary for review of re-
17	quired studies, using a generally accepted
18	competitive process for the selection of ven-
19	dors of such assistance.".
20	(d) SECTION $4(k)(3)$.—Section $4(k)(3)$ (7 U.S.C.
21	136a–1(k)(3)) is amended—
22	(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking out "for
23	each of the fiscal years 1992, 1993, and 1994, ½th of
24	the maintenance fees collected, up to 2 million each
25	year" and inserting in lieu thereof "for each of the

1	fiscal years 1997 through 2001, not more than $^{1/7}$ of
2	the maintenance fees collected in such fiscal year";
3	and
4	(2) by adding a new subparagraph (C) to read
5	as follows:
6	(C) The Administrator shall complete the
7	processing of the unprocessed expedited review
8	applications within 5 years from the date of en-
9	actment of the Food Quality Protection Act of
10	1996.".
11	(e) Section 4(k)(5).—Section 4(k)(5) (7 U.S.C. 136a-
12	1(k)(5)) is amended to read as follows:
13	"(5) Accounting and performance.—The Ad-
14	ministrator shall take all steps necessary to ensure
15	that expenditures from fees authorized by subsection
16	(i)(5)(C)(ii) are used only to carry out the goals es-
17	tablished under subsection (l). The Reregistration and
18	Expedited Processing Fund shall be designated as an
19	Environmental Protection Agency component for pur-
20	poses of section 3515(c) of title 31, United States
21	Code. The annual audit required under section 3521
22	of such title of the financial statements of activities
23	under this Act under section 3515(b) of such title
24	shall include an audit of the fees collected under sub-
25	section $(i)(5)(C)$ and disbursed, of the amount appro-

1	priated to match such fees, and of the Administrator's
2	attainment of performance measure and goals estab-
3	lished under subsection (l). Such an audit shall also
4	include a review of the reasonableness of the overhead
5	allocation and adequacy of disclosures of direct and
6	indirect costs associated with carrying out the rereg-
7	istration and expedited processing of the applications
8	specified in paragraph (3), and the basis for and ac-
9	curacy of all costs paid with moneys derived from
10	such fees. The Inspector General shall conduct the an-
11	nual audit and report the findings and recommenda-
12	tions of such audit to the Administrator and to the
13	Committees on Agriculture of the House of Represent-
14	atives and the Senate. The cost of such audit shall be
15	paid for out of the fees collected under subsection
16	(i)(5)(C).".

(f) GOALS.—Subsections (l) and (m) of section 4 (7
U.S.C. 136a-1), as amended by section 237, are redesignated as subsections (m) and (n) respectively and the following is inserted after subsection (k):

21 "(l) PERFORMANCE MEASURES AND GOAL.—The Ad22 ministrator shall establish and publish annually in the
23 Federal Register performance measures and goals. Such
24 measures and goals shall include—

1	"(1) the number of products reregistered, can-
2	celed, or amended, the status of reregistration, the
3	number and type of data requests under section
4	3(c)(2)(B) issued to support product reregistration by
5	active ingredient, the progress in reducing the number
6	of unreviewed, required reregistration studies, the ag-
7	gregate status of tolerances reassessed, and the number
8	of applications for registration submitted under sub-
9	section (k)(3) that were approved or disapproved;
10	"(2) the future schedule for reregistrations, in-
11	cluding the projection for such schedules that will be
12	issued under subsection $(g)(2)$ (A) and (B) in the cur-
13	rent fiscal year and the succeeding fiscal year; and
14	"(3) the projected year of completion of the rereg-
15	istrations under this section.".
16	TITLE VI—INDIAN TRIBES
17	SEC. 601. AUTHORITY OF INDIAN TRIBES.
18	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 24 (7 U.S.C. 136v) is
19	amended—
20	(1) in subsection (a), by inserting before the
21	comma the following: "and an Indian tribe may only
22	regulate the sale or use of any federally registered pes-
23	ticide or device within the boundaries of a Federal
24	Indian reservation for such tribe if at least 50 percent

1	of the lands in such reservation are owned by mem-
2	bers of the tribe or the tribe";
3	(2) in subsections (b) and (c), by inserting "or
4	Indian tribe" after "State" each time it occurs; and
5	(3) in the section heading, by inserting before the
6	period the following: "AND INDIAN TRIBES".
7	(b) Enforcement.—Section 26 (7 U.S.C. 136w-1) is
8	amended—
9	(1) in subsection (a), by inserting "and an In-
10	dian tribe with respect to violations which occur
11	within the boundaries of a Federal Indian reservation
12	for such tribe, but only if at least 50 percent of the
13	lands in such reservation are owned by members of
14	the tribe or the tribe" after "violations" and by in-
15	serting "or Indian tribe" after "State" each place it
16	occurs;
17	(2) in subsection (b), by inserting "or Indian
18	tribe" after "State" in the first sentence;
19	(3) in subsection (c), by inserting "or Indian
20	tribes" after "States"; and
21	(4) in the section heading, by inserting "AND
22	INDIAN TRIBE" after "STATE".