103d CONGRESS H. R. 2333

AMENDMENT

In the Senate of the United States,

February 2 (legislative day, January 25), 1994.

Resolved, That the bill from the House of Representatives (H.R. 2333) entitled "An Act to authorize appropriations for the Department of State, the United States Information Agency, and related agencies, and for other purposes", do pass with the following

AMENDMENT:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE AND TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the "For-
- 3 eign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1994 and
- 4 1995".

1 (b) Table of Contents for

2 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title and table of contents.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF STATE

PART A—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

- Sec. 101. Administration of foreign affairs.
- Sec. 102. International organizations, programs, and conferences.
- Sec. 103. International commissions.
- Sec. 104. Migration and refugee assistance.
- Sec. 105. Other programs.

PART B—AUTHORITIES AND ACTIVITIES

- Sec. 111. Authorized strength of the Foreign Service.
- Sec. 112. Transfers and reprogrammings.
- Sec. 113. Child care facilities at certain posts abroad.
- Sec. 114. Expenses relating to certain international claims and proceedings.
- Sec. 115. Prohibition on discriminatory contracts.
- Sec. 116. Emergencies in the Diplomatic and Consular Service.
- Sec. 117. Consular authorities.
- Sec. 118. Visas.
- Sec. 119. Role of the Foreign Service Institute.
- Sec. 120. Report on consolidation of administrative operations.
- Sec. 121. Local guard contracts abroad.
- Sec. 122. Annual country reports on terrorism.
- Sec. 123. Rewards for information regarding acts of international terrorism within the United States.
- Sec. 124. Property agreements.
- Sec. 125. Capital Investment Fund.
- Sec. 126. Technical amendment.

PART C—DEPARTMENT OF STATE ORGANIZATION

- Sec. 131. Under Secretary and Assistant Secretary positions.
- Sec. 132. Redesignation of position as Assistant Secretary for Democracy, Human Rights, and Labor.
- Sec. 133. Redesignation of position as Assistant Secretary for Narcotics, Terrorism, and Crime.
- Sec. 134. Administrative expenses for narcotics, terrorism, and crime.
- Sec. 135. Coordinator for international communications and information policy.
- Sec. 136. Refugee affairs.
- Sec. 137. Women's human rights protection.
- Sec. 138. Repeals.

PART D—PERSONNEL

- Sec. 141. Labor-management relations.
- Sec. 142. Waiver of limitation for certain claims for personal property damage or loss.
- Sec. 143. Salaries of chiefs of mission.
- Sec. 144. Senior Foreign Service performance pay.
- Sec. 145. Reassignment and retirement of former Presidential appointees.

- Sec. 146. Report on classification of Senior Foreign Service positions.
- Sec. 147. Allowances.
- Sec. 148. Inapplicability of rollover authority for certain allowances and other payments.
- Sec. 149. Grievances.
- Sec. 150. Mid-Level Women and Minority Placement Program.
- Sec. 151. Employment assistance referral system for certain Department of State employees.
- Sec. 152. Foreign language competence within the Foreign Service.
- Sec. 153. Designation of Foreign Language Resources Coordinator.
- Sec. 154. Foreign Language Translator and Interpreter Career Service Program.
- Sec. 155. Assignment of Foreign Service officers with advanced proficiency in foreign languages.

PART E—INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

SUBPART A-UNITED NATIONS AND RELATED AGENCIES

- Sec. 161. Limitation on contributions to the United Nations and affiliated organizations.
- Sec. 162. United Nations Security Council membership.
- Sec. 163. Reforms in the World Health Organization.
- Sec. 164. Reforms in the Food and Agriculture Organization.
- Sec. 165. Reform in budget decisionmaking procedures of the United Nations and its specialized agencies.
- Sec. 166. United Nations budgetary and management reform.
- Sec. 167. American participation in management of United Nations.
- Sec. 168. Policy with respect to the establishment of an international criminal court
- Sec. 169. International criminal court participation.
- Sec. 170. Protection of First and Fourth Amendment rights.
- Sec. 170A. Japan and Germany becoming permanent members of the United Nations Security Council.
- Sec. 170B. Transmittals of United Nations documents.
- Sec. 170C. Limitations on United States funding of United Nations peacekeeping activities.
- Sec. 170D. United Nations peacekeeping budgetary and management reform.
- Sec. 170E. Reporting requirements involving multilateral peacekeeping activities.

SUBPART B—OTHER INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

- Sec. 171. International Boundary and Water Commission.
- Sec. 172. United States membership in the Asian-Pacific Economic Cooperation Organization.
- Sec. 173. Extension of the International Organizations Immunities Act to the International Union for Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources.
- Sec. 174. Inter-American organizations.
- Sec. 175. Prohibition on contributions to the International Coffee Organization.
- Sec. 176. Prohibition on contributions to the International Jute Organization.

PART F—OTHER STATE DEPARTMENT-RELATED PROVISIONS

- Sec. 181. Migration and refugee amendments.
- Sec. 182. United States policy concerning overseas assistance to refugees and displaced persons.
- Sec. 183. Interparliamentary exchanges.

- Sec. 184. Report on terrorist assets in the United States.
- Sec. 185. Coordination of counterterrorism activities.
- Sec. 186. Facilitating access to the Department of State building.
- Sec. 187. Record of place of birth for Taiwanese-Americans.
- Sec. 188. Repeal of reporting requirements.
- Sec. 189. Sense of the Senate.
- Sec. 190. Value of contracted goods and services.
- Sec. 191. Budget justification for security costs.

TITLE II—UNITED STATES INFORMATIONAL, EDUCATIONAL, AND CULTURAL PROGRAMS

PART A—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

Sec. 201. Authorization of appropriations.

PART B-USIA AND RELATED AGENCIES AUTHORITIES AND ACTIVITIES

- Sec. 211. Changes in administrative authorities.
- Sec. 212. Buying power maintenance account.
- Sec. 213. Contract authority.
- Sec. 214. Prohibition on discriminatory contracts.
- Sec. 215. United States transmitter in Kuwait.
- Sec. 216. Separate ledger accounts for grantees of the National Endowment for Democracy.
- Sec. 217. Limitation concerning participation in international expositions.
- Sec. 218. Authority to respond to public inquiries.
- Sec. 219. USIA office in Lhasa, Tibet.
- Sec. 220. Reports on United States Government exchange programs.
- Sec. 221. Scholarships for East Timorese students.
- Sec. 222. Cambodian scholarship and exchange programs.
- Sec. 223. Increasing African participation in USIA exchange programs.
- Sec. 224. Environment and Sustainable Development Exchange Program.
- Sec. 225. USIA vocational exchange program.
- Sec. 226. American studies collections.
- Sec. 227. Technical amendment relating to Near and Middle East research and training.
- Sec. 228. Distribution within the United States of United States Information Agency documentary film entitled "Crimes Against Humanity".
- Sec. 229. Reduction in force authority with regard to the Foreign Service.
- Sec. 230. International exchange programs involving disability-related matters.

PART C-MIKE MANSFIELD FELLOWSHIPS

- Sec. 231. Short title.
- Sec. 232. Establishment of Mike Mansfield Fellowship Program.
- Sec. 233. Program requirements.
- Sec. 234. Separation of Government personnel during the fellowships.
- Sec. 235. Program review and report.
- Sec. 236. Definitions.

TITLE III—UNITED STATES INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING ACT OF 1994

- Sec. 301. Short title.
- Sec. 302. Congressional findings and declaration of purposes.
- Sec. 303. Establishment of Broadcasting Board of Governors.

- Sec. 304. Functions of the Board.
- Sec. 305. Foreign policy guidance.
- Sec. 306. International Broadcasting Bureau.
- Sec. 307. Grants for Radio Free Europe, Radio Liberty, and Radio Free Asia.
- Sec. 308. Radio Free Asia.
- Sec. 309. Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty.
- Sec. 310. Transition.
- Sec. 311. Preservation of American jobs.
- Sec. 312. Privatization of Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty.
- Sec. 313. Definitions.

TITLE IV—COMMISSION ON PROTECTING AND REDUCING GOVERNMENT SECRECY

- Sec. 401. Short title.
- Sec. 402. Purpose.
- Sec. 403. Findings.
- Sec. 404. Functions of the Commission.
- Sec. 405. Composition of the Commission.
- Sec. 406. Powers of the Commission.
- Sec. 407. Staff of the Commission.
- Sec. 408. Final report of Commission; termination.

TITLE V—SPOILS OF WAR ACT OF 1993

- Sec. 501. Short title.
- Sec. 502. Transfers of spoils of war.
- Sec. 503. Prohibition on transfers to countries which support terrorism.
- Sec. 504. Report on previous transfers.
- Sec. 505. Definitions.
- Sec. 506. Construction.

TITLE VI—THE KHMER ROUGE PROSECUTION AND EXCLUSION ACT

- Sec. 601. Short title.
- Sec. 602. Policy.
- Sec. 603. Establishment of State Department office.
- Sec. 604. Reporting requirement.
- Sec. 605. Exclusion from the United States.

TITLE VII—MISCELLANEOUS

- Sec. 701. Peace Corps.
- Sec. 702. Reporting requirements on occupied Tibet.
- Sec. 703. Policy on Middle East arms sales.
- Sec. 704. Providing material support to terrorists.
- Sec. 705. Torture convention implementation.
- Sec. 706. Applicability of Taiwan Relations Act.
- Sec. 707. Reports on relations with Taiwan.
- Sec. 708. United States policy concerning Iraqi Kurdistan.
- Sec. 709. Additional sanctions against North Korea.
- Sec. 710. Waiver of sanctions with respect to the Republic of Serbia and the Republic of Montenegro to promote democracy abroad.
- Sec. 711. Claims based on letters of credit for goods shipped but not paid for before imposition of national emergency.
- Sec. 712. Enforcement of nonproliferation treaties.
- Sec. 713. Sense of Senate on the peace process in Northern Ireland.

- Sec. 714. Control of reexports to terrorist countries.
- Sec. 715. Reports under the Arms Export Control Act.
- Sec. 716. Prohibition on third party incentive payments under the Arms Export Control Act.
- Sec. 717. Sense of Senate on United States policy on nuclear weapons proliferation by North Korea.
- Sec. 718. Sense of Senate on normalization of relations with Vietnam.
- Sec. 719. Study of democracy program effectiveness.
- Sec. 720. High-level visits to Taiwan.
- Sec. 721. Feedom of Information exemption for certain Open Skies Treaty data.
- Sec. 722. Transfer of certain obsolete or surplus defense articles in the war reserve allies stockpile to the Republic of Korea.
- Sec. 723. Pilot visa waiver project for Koreans visiting Alaska and Hawaii.
- Sec. 724. European nations participation in NATO.
- Sec. 725. Policy on termination of United States arms embargo.
- Sec. 726. Policy on preparing to reintroduce of tactical nuclear weapons to the Korean peninsula.
- Sec. 727. Asylum reforms.
- Sec. 728. Amendments to the PLO Commitments Compliance Act.
- Sec. 729. Safety of United States personnel in Sarajevo.
- Sec. 730. Notification of Congress on certain events involving the MTCR.
- Sec. 731. Extension of the Fair Trade in Auto Parts Act of 1988.
- Sec. 732. Report on the activities of the People's Mujaheddin of Iran.
- Sec. 733. Reimbursement of State and local governments.
- Sec. 734. Restoration of withheld benefits.
- Sec. 735. Report on the use of foreign frozen or blocked assets.
- Sec. 736. Foreign policy.
- Sec. 737. Passport security.
- Sec. 738. Publishing international agreements.
- Sec. 739. Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe.
- Sec. 740. Agreement on State and local taxation.
- Sec. 741. Fees for commercial services.
- Sec. 742. Personal services contracts abroad.
- Sec. 743. United States membership in the International Copper Study Group.
- Sec. 744. Prohibition on assistance to countries expropriating United States property.
- Sec. 745. Israel's diplomatic status.
- Sec. 746. Policy regarding German participation in international peacekeeping operations.
- Sec. 747. United States citizens hired abroad.
- Sec. 748. Extension of certain adjudication provisions.
- Sec. 749. Policy regarding the North Korean nuclear weapons program.
- Sec. 750. Report on Russian military operations in the independent states of the former Soviet Union.
- Sec. 751. Report on Bosnian refugees.
- Sec. 752. Policy regarding the conditions which the Government of the People's Republic of China should meet to continue to receive non-discriminatory most-favored-nation treatment.
- Sec. 753. Implementation of Partnership for Peace.
- Sec. 754. Funding for democracy promotion programs.
- Sec. 755. Humanitarian activities.
- Sec. 756. Limitation on authority to transfer excess defense articles.
- Sec. 757. Missile technology exports to certain middle eastern and Asian countries
- Sec. 758. Chinese fleeing coercive population control policies.

- Sec. 759. Opposition to financing by international financial institutions for countries expropriating United States property.
- Sec. 760. Report on dismantlement of nuclear weapons of the former Soviet Union.
- Sec. 761. Report on sanctions on Vietnam.
- Sec. 762. Coordinator for counter-terrorism.
- Sec. 763. Policy regarding the relationship of Thailand with its neighbors struggling for democracy, Cambodia and Burma.
- Sec. 764. Sewage treatment along the United States-Mexico border.

TITLE VIII—ARMS CONTROL AND NONPROLIFERATION ACT OF 1994

- Sec. 801. Short title; references in title; table of contents.
- Sec. 802. Congressional declarations; purpose.
- Sec. 803. Purposes.
- Sec. 804. Repeals.
- Sec. 805. Director.
- Sec. 806. Bureaus, offices, and divisions.
- Sec. 807. Presidential special representatives.
- Sec. 808. Policy formulation.
- Sec. 809. Negotiation management.
- Sec. 810. Report on measures to coordinate research and development.
- Sec. 811. Negotiating records.
- Sec. 812. Verification of compliance.
- Sec. 813. Authorities with respect to nonproliferation matters.
- Sec. 814. Appointment and compensation of personnel.
- Sec. 815. Security requirements.
- Sec. 816. Annual report to Congress; authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 817. Conforming amendments.

TITLE IX—ANTI-ECONOMIC DISCRIMINATION ACT OF 1994

- Sec. 901. Short title.
- Sec. 902. Congressional findings.
- Sec. 903. Prohibition on certain sales and leases.

TITLE X-MIDDLE EAST PEACE FACILITATION.

- Sec. 1001. Short title.
- Sec. 1002. Findings.
- Sec. 1003. Authority to suspend certain provisions.

TITLE XI—IRAN-IRAQ ARMS NON-PROLIFERATION AMENDMENTS OF 1994

- Sec. 1101. Short title, references in title.
- Sec. 1102. Statement of policy.
- Sec. 1103. Statement of purpose.
- Sec. 1104. Sanctions against persons.
- Sec. 1105. Sanctions against certain foreign countries.
- Sec. 1106. Waiver.
- Sec. 1107. Termination of sanctions.
- Sec. 1108. Stay of sanctions.
- Sec. 1109. Rules and regulations.
- Sec. 1110. Definitions.
- Sec. 1111. Sense of the Senate.

TITLE XII—IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT

- Sec. 1201. Alien physically present in United States.
- Sec. 1202. Alien visa.

TITLE XIII—NUCLEAR PROLIFERATION PREVENTION ACT OF 1994

Sec. 1301. Short title.

SUBTITLE A—REPORTING ON NUCLEAR EXPORTS

Sec. 1311. Reports to Congress.

Subtitle B—Sanction for Nuclear Proliferation

- Sec. 1321. Imposition of sanction.
- Sec. 1322. Eligibility for assistance.
- Sec. 1323. Role of international financial institutions.
- Sec. 1324. Amendments to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Improvement Act of 1991.
- Sec. 1325. Export-Import Bank.
- Sec. 1326. Amendment to the Arms Export Control Act.
- Sec. 1327. Reward.
- Sec. 1328. Reports.
- Sec. 1329. Technical correction.
- Sec. 1330. Definitions.
- Sec. 1331. Effective date.

Subtitle C—International Atomic Energy Agency

- Sec. 1341. Bilateral and multilateral initiatives.
- Sec. 1342. IAEA internal reforms.
- Sec. 1343. Reporting requirement.
- Sec. 1344. Definitions.

TITLE XIV—CROATIA

- Sec. 1401. Findings.
- Sec. 1402. Policy towards Croatia.

TITLE XV—UNITED STATES PARTICIPATION IN UNITED NATIONS PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS

- Sec. 1501. Cost assessment report regarding any United States participation in action under Article 42 of the United Nations Charter
- Sec. 1502. Congressional notification regarding any United States implementation of Article 43 of the United Nations Charter.
- Sec. 1503. Report on United Nations peacekeeping activities.
- Sec. 1504. United States participation in United Nations peacekeeping operations.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF 1 **STATE** 2 3 PART A—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS 4 SEC. 101. ADMINISTRATION OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS. (a) In General.—The following amounts are author-5 ized to be appropriated for the Department of State under 7 "Administration of Foreign Affairs" to carry out the authorities, functions, duties, and responsibilities in the conduct of the foreign affairs of the United States and for other purposes authorized by law, including the diplomatic secu-11 rity program: 12 (1) DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR PROGRAMS.— For "Diplomatic and Consular Programs", of the De-13 14 partment of State \$1,658,184,000 for the fiscal year 15 1994 and \$1,658,184,000 for the fiscal year 1995. (2) SALARIES AND EXPENSES.—For "Salaries 16 17 Expenses", of the Department 18 \$455,816,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and 19 \$455,816,000 for the fiscal year 1995. 20 (3) ACQUISITION AND MAINTENANCE OF BUILD-21 INGS ABROAD.—For "Acquisition and Maintenance of Buildings Abroad", \$294,850,000 for the fiscal year 22 23 1994 and \$294,850,000 for the fiscal year 1995. 24 (4) Buying power maintenance fund.—For 25 "Buying Power Maintenance Fund", \$4,000,000 for

- the fiscal year 1994 and \$4,000,000 for the fiscal year 1995.
- 3 (5) REPRESENTATION ALLOWANCES.—For "Rep-4 resentation Allowances", \$4,881,000 for the fiscal year 5 1994 and \$4,881,000 for the fiscal year 1995.
- 6 (6) EMERGENCIES IN THE DIPLOMATIC AND CON7 SULAR SERVICE.—For "Emergencies in the Diplo8 matic and Consular Service", \$8,000,000 for the fis9 cal 1994 and \$8,000,000 for the fiscal year 1995.
- 10 (7) Office of the Inspector General", \$24,055,000 for the
 11 fiscal year 1994 and \$24,055,000 for the fiscal year
 13 1995.
 - (8) Payment to the American Institute in Taiwan", \$15,484,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$15,484,000 for the fiscal year 1995.
 - (9) Protection of foreign missions and of-Ficials.—For "Protection of Foreign Missions and Officials", \$10,814,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$10,814,000 for the fiscal year 1995.
- 22 (10) Repatriation Loans.—For "Repatriation 23 Loans", \$817,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and 24 \$817,000 for the fiscal year 1995, for administrative 25 expenses.

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- (b) Limitations.—(1) Of the amounts authorized to 1 be appropriated for "Diplomatic and Consular Programs" under subsection (a)(1)— 3 4 (A) \$10,000,000 is authorized to be appropriated 5 for each of the fiscal years 1994 and 1995 for grants, 6 contracts, and other activities to conduct research and 7 promote international cooperation on environmental and other scientific issues: and 8 (B) \$500,000 is authorized to be appropriated 9 for each of the fiscal years 1994 and 1995 to carry 10 out the activities of the Office of Cambodian Genocide 11 Investigations established under section 603 of this 12 13 Act. 14 (2) Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for 15 "Salaries and Expenses" under subsection (a)(2), \$300,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year 1994 and \$300,000 for the fiscal year 1995 for the Foreign Language Translator and Interpreter Career Service Program 19 established by section 157. 20 (3) Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for "Salaries and Expenses" under subsection (a)(2), \$950,000 21 is authorized to be appropriated for each of the fiscal years 1994 and 1995 to carry out the activities of the Commission 23 on Protecting and Reducing Government Secrecy estab-

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lished under title IV of this Act.

- 1 (4) Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for
- 2 "Salaries and Expenses" under subsection (a) (2), \$300,000
- 3 for each of the fiscal years 1994 and 1995 is authorized
- 4 to be available for the recruitment by the Department of
- 5 State of Hispanic American students from United States
- 6 institutions of higher education (as defined in section
- 7 1201(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965) with a high
- 8 percentage enrollment of Hispanic Americans for the pur-
- 9 pose of training such individuals for careers in the Foreign
- 10 Service and international affairs.
- 11 SEC. 102. INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS, PROGRAMS,
- 12 **AND CONFERENCES.**
- 13 (a) Assessed Contributions to International
- 14 Organizations.—There are authorized to be appropriated
- 15 for "Contributions to International Organizations",
- 16 \$865,885,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$1,000,053,000
- 17 for the fiscal year 1995 for the Department of State to carry
- 18 out the authorities, functions, duties, and responsibilities
- 19 in the conduct of the foreign affairs of the United States
- 20 with respect to international organizations and to carry out
- 21 other authorities in law consistent with such purposes.
- 22 (b) Withholding of Funds.—Notwithstanding any
- 23 other provision of law, the funds authorized to be appro-
- 24 priated for "Contributions for International Organiza-
- 25 tions" shall be reduced in the amount of \$118,875,000 for

- 1 each fiscal years 1994 and 1995, and for each year there-
- 2 after, unless the President has certified to the Speaker of
- 3 the House of Representatives and to the President of the
- 4 Senate that no United Nations agency or United Nations-
- 5 affiliated agency grants any official status, accreditation,
- 6 or recognition to any organization which promotes, con-
- 7 dones, or seeks the legalization of pedophilia, or which in-
- 8 cludes as a subsidiary or member any such organization.
- 9 (c) Contributions for International Peacekeep-
- 10 ING ACTIVITIES.—There are authorized to be appropriated
- 11 for "Contributions for International Peacekeeping Activi-
- 12 ties", \$422,744,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and
- 13 \$487,472,000 for the fiscal year 1995 for the Department
- 14 of State to carry out the authorities, functions, duties, and
- 15 responsibilities in the conduct of the foreign affairs of the
- 16 United States with respect to international peacekeeping
- 17 activities and to carry out other authorities in law consist-
- 18 ent with such purposes.
- 19 (d) International Conferences and Contin-
- 20 GENCIES.—There are authorized to be appropriated for
- 21 "International Conferences and Contingencies", \$6,600,000
- 22 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$6,600,000 for the fiscal year
- 23 1995 for the Department of State to carry out the authori-
- 24 ties, functions, duties, and responsibilities in the conduct
- 25 of the foreign affairs of the United States with respect to

- 1 international conferences and contingencies and to carry
- 2 out other authorities in law consistent with such purposes.
- 3 (e) Foreign Currency Exchange Rates.—In addi-
- 4 tion to amounts otherwise authorized to be appropriated by
- 5 subsections (a) and (b) of this section, there are authorized
- 6 to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for each
- 7 of the fiscal years 1994 and 1995 to offset adverse fluctua-
- 8 tions in foreign currency exchange rates. Amounts appro-
- 9 priated under this subsection shall be available for obliga-
- 10 tion and expenditure only to the extent that the Director
- 11 of the Office of Management and Budget determines and
- 12 certifies to Congress that such amounts are necessary due
- 13 to such fluctuations.

14 SEC. 103. INTERNATIONAL COMMISSIONS.

- The following amounts are authorized to be appro-
- 16 priated under "International Commissions" for the Depart-
- 17 ment of State to carry out the authorities, functions, duties,
- 18 and responsibilities in the conduct of the foreign affairs of
- 19 the United States and for other purposes authorized by law:
- 20 (1) International boundary and water com-
- 21 MISSION, UNITED STATES AND MEXICO.—For "Inter-
- 22 national Boundary and Water Commission, United
- 23 States and Mexico"—

1	(A) for "Salaries and Expenses"
2	\$11,330,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and
3	\$11,300,000 for the fiscal year 1995; and
4	(B) for "Construction" \$14,790,000 for the
5	fiscal year 1994 and \$17,790,000 for the fiscal
6	year 1995.
7	(2) International boundary commission,
8	UNITED STATES AND CANADA.—For "International
9	Boundary Commission, United States and Canada'',
10	\$760,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$760,000 for
11	the fiscal year 1995.
12	(3) International joint commission.—For
13	"International Joint Commission", \$3,643,000 for the
14	fiscal year 1994 and \$3,643,000 for the fiscal year
15	1995.
16	(4) International fisheries commissions.—
17	For "International Fisheries Commissions",
18	\$16,200,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$14,200,000
19	for the fiscal year 1995.
20	SEC. 104. MIGRATION AND REFUGEE ASSISTANCE.
21	(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—
22	(1)(A) There are authorized to be appropriated
23	for "Migration and Refugee Assistance" for author-
24	ized activities, \$585,688,000 for the fiscal year 1994
25	and \$585,688,000 for the fiscal year 1995.

- 1 (B) Of the amounts authorized to be appro2 priated under subparagraph (A), \$1,500,000 is au3 thorized to be appropriated for each of the fiscal years
 4 1994 and 1995 for humanitarian assistance, includ5 ing, but not limited to, food, medicine, clothing, medi6 cal and vocational training to Burmese, including
 7 persons still within Burma, displaced as a result of
 8 civil conflict.
- 9 (2) There are authorized to be appropriated 10 \$80,000,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$80,000,000 11 for the fiscal year 1995 for assistance for refugees re-12 settling in Israel.
- 13 (b) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Funds appropriated 14 pursuant to subsection (a) are authorized to be available 15 until expended.

16 SEC. 105. OTHER PROGRAMS.

- The following amounts are authorized to be appropriated for the Department of State to carry out the authorities, functions, duties, and responsibilities in the conduct of the foreign affairs of the United States and for other purposes authorized by law:
- (1) UNITED STATES BILATERAL SCIENCE AND
 TECHNOLOGY AGREEMENTS.—For "United States Bilateral Science and Technology Agreements",

1	\$4,500,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$4,500,000 for
2	the fiscal year 1995.
3	(2) Asia foundation.—For "Asia Foundation",
4	\$18,693,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$18,693,000
5	for the fiscal year 1995.
6	PART B—AUTHORITIES AND ACTIVITIES
7	SEC. 111. AUTHORIZED STRENGTH OF THE FOREIGN SERV-
8	ICE.
9	(a) End Fiscal Year 1994 Levels.—The number of
10	members of the Foreign Service authorized to be employed
11	as of September 30, 1994—
12	(1) for the Department of State, shall not exceed
13	9,100, of whom not more than 820 shall be members
14	of the Senior Foreign Service; and
15	(2) for the United States Information Agency,
16	shall not exceed 1,200, of whom not more than 175
17	shall be members of the Senior Foreign Service.
18	(b) End Fiscal Year 1995 Levels.—The number of
19	members of the Foreign Service authorized to be employed
20	as of September 30, 1995—
21	(1) for the Department of State, shall not exceed
22	9,100, of whom not more than 770 shall be members
23	of the Senior Foreign Service: and

1	(2) for the United States Information Agency,
2	not to exceed 1,200, of whom not more than 165 shall
3	be members of the Senior Foreign Service.
4	(c) Definition.—For the purposes of this section, the
5	term "members of the Foreign Service" is used within the
6	meaning of such term under section 103 of the Foreign
7	Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C 3903), except that such term
8	does not include—
9	(1) members of the Service under paragraphs (6)
10	and (7) of such section;
11	(2) members of the Service serving under tem-
12	porary resident appointments abroad;
13	(3) members of the Service employed on less than
14	a full-time basis;
15	(4) members of the Service subject to involuntary
16	separation in cases in which such separation has been
17	suspended pursuant to section 1106(8) of the Foreign
18	Service Act of 1980; and
19	(5) members of the Service serving under non-ca-
20	reer limited appointments.
21	(d) Waiver Authority.—(1) Subject to paragraph
22	(2), the Secretary of State and the Director of the United
23	States Information Agency may waive any limitation
24	under subsection (a) or (b) which applies to the Department
25	of State or the United States Information Agency, as the

case may be, to the extent that such waiver is necessary to carry on the foreign affairs functions of the United States. 4 (2) Not less than 15 days before any agency head implements a waiver under paragraph (1), such agency head shall notify the Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. Such notice shall include an explanation of the circumstances and necessity for such waiver. SEC. 112. TRANSFERS AND REPROGRAMMINGS. 11 (a) Amendments to the State Department Basic AUTHORITIES ACT OF 1956.—Section 24 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2696) is amended— 14 (1) in subsection (b)(7), by striking subpara-15 graph (E); 16 17 (2) in subsection (d)(1)— 18 (A) by striking "the second" and inserting 19 "either": and (B) by striking "such second" and inserting 20 "such": 21 (3) in subsection (d)(2) by amending the first 22 sentence to read as follows: "Amounts appropriated 23 for the 'Diplomatic and Consular Programs' account 24 may not exceed by more than 5 percent the amount

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- 1 specifically authorized to be appropriated for such ac-
- 2 count for a fiscal year."; and
- 3 (4) by striking subsection (d)(4).
- 4 (b) Diplomatic Construction Program.—Section
- 5 401 of the Omnibus Diplomatic Security and Antiterrorism
- 6 Act of 1986 (22 U.S.C. 4851) is amended by striking sub-
- 7 *sections* (c) and (h) (3).
- 8 (c) Reprogramming.—Section 34 of the State Depart-
- 9 ment Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2706) is
- 10 amended in subsection (a)(7) by striking "\$500,000" and
- 11 inserting "\$1,000,000".
- 12 SEC. 113. CHILD CARE FACILITIES AT CERTAIN POSTS
- 13 **ABROAD.**
- 14 Section 31 of the State Department Basic Authorities
- 15 Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2703) is amended in subsection (e)
- 16 by striking "For the fiscal years 1992 and 1993, the" and
- 17 inserting "The".
- 18 SEC. 114. EXPENSES RELATING TO CERTAIN INTER-
- 19 **NATIONAL CLAIMS AND PROCEEDINGS.**
- 20 Section 38 of the State Department Basic Authorities
- 21 Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2710) is amended by adding at the
- 22 end the following new subsections:
- 23 "(c) Procurement of Services.—The Secretary of
- 24 State may use competitive procedures or procedures other
- 25 than competitive procedures to procure the services of ex-

- 1 perts for use in preparing or prosecuting a proceeding be-
- 2 fore an international tribunal or a claim by or against a
- 3 foreign government or other foreign entity, whether or not
- 4 the expert is expected to testify, or to procure other support
- 5 services for such proceedings or claims. The Secretary need
- 6 not provide any written justification for the use of proce-
- 7 dures other than competitive procedures when procuring
- 8 such services under this subsection and need not furnish for
- 9 publication in the Commerce Business Daily or otherwise
- 10 any notice of solicitation or synopsis with respect to such
- 11 procurement.
- 12 "(d) International Litigation Fund.—
- 13 "(1) Establishment.—In order to provide the
- 14 Department of State with a dependable, flexible, and
- adequate source of funding for the expenses of the De-
- partment related to preparing or prosecuting a pro-
- 17 ceeding before an international tribunal, or a claim
- by or against a foreign government or other foreign
- 19 entity, there is established an International Litiga-
- 20 tion Fund (hereafter in this subsection referred to as
- 21 the "ILF"). The ILF may be available without fiscal
- year limitation. Funds otherwise available to the De-
- partment for the purposes of this paragraph may be
- 24 credited to the ILF.

(2)1 REPROGRAMMING PROCEDURES.—Funds 2 ILFcredited to the shall be treated 3 reprogramming of funds under section 34 and shall 4 not be available for obligation or expenditure except 5 in compliance with the procedures applicable to such reprogrammings. This paragraph shall not apply to 6 the transfer of funds under paragraph (3). 7

"(3) Transfers of funds.—Funds received by the Department of State from another agency of the United States Government or pursuant to the Department of State Appropriations Act of 1937 (49 Stat. 1321, 22 U.S.C. 2661) to meet costs of preparing or prosecuting a proceeding before an international tribunal, or a claim by or against a foreign government or other foreign entity, shall be credited to the ILF.

"(4) Use of funds.—Funds deposited in the ILF shall be available only for the purposes of paragraph (1).".

19 SEC. 115. PROHIBITION ON DISCRIMINATORY CONTRACTS.

(a) Prohibition.—

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(1) Except for real estate leases and as provided in subsection (b), the Department of State may not enter into any contract that expends funds appropriated to the Department of State for an amount in excess of the small purchase threshold (as defined in

1	section 4(11) of the Office of Federal Procurement
2	Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 403(11))—
3	(A) with a foreign person that complies
4	with the Arab League boycott of Israel, or
5	(B) with any foreign or United States per-
6	son that discriminates in the award of sub-
7	contracts on the basis of religion.
8	(2) For purposes of this section—
9	(A) a foreign person complies with the boy-
10	cott of Israel by Arab League countries when
11	that foreign person takes or knowingly agrees to
12	take any action, with respect to the boycott of Is-
13	rael by Arab League countries, which section
14	8(a) of the Export Administration Act of 1979
15	(50 U.S.C. App. 2407(a)) prohibits a United
16	States person from taking, except that for pur-
17	poses of this paragraph, the term "United States
18	person" as used in subparagraphs (B) and (C)
19	of section 8(a)(1) of such Act shall be deemed to
20	mean "person"; and
21	(B) the term ''foreign person'' means any
22	person other than a United States person as de-
23	fined in section 16(2) of the Export Administra-
24	tion Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. App. 2415).

(3) For purposes of paragraph (1), a foreign per-1 2 son shall be deemed not to comply with the boycott of Israel by Arab League countries if that person, or the 3 Secretary of State or his designee on the basis of available information, certifies that the person vio-5 lates or otherwise does not comply with the boycott of 6 7 Israel by Arab League countries by taking any actions prohibited by section 8(a) of the Export Admin-8 istration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. App. 2407(a)). Cer-9 tification by the Secretary of State or his designee 10 11 may occur only 30 days after notice has been given to the Congress that this certification procedure will 12 13 be utilized at a specific overseas mission. 14 (b) Waiver by Secretary of State.—The Secretary of State may waive the requirements of this section on a country-by-country basis for a period not to exceed one year 16 upon certification to the Congress by the Secretary that 17 such waiver is in the national interest and is necessary to carry on diplomatic functions of the United States. Each 19 such certification shall include a detailed justification for the waiver with respect to each such country. 21 22 (c) RESPONSES TO CONTRACT SOLICITATIONS.—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the

Secretary of State shall ensure that any response to a solici-

tation for a bid or a request for a proposal, with respect

1	to a contract covered by subsection (a), includes the follow-
2	ing clause, in substantially the following form:
3	"ARAB LEAGUE BOYCOTT OF ISRAEL
4	"(a) Definitions.—As used in this clause—
5	"(1) the term 'foreign person' means any person
6	other than a United States person as defined in para-
7	graph (2); and
8	"(2) the term 'United States person' means any
9	United States resident or national (other than an in-
10	dividual resident outside the United States and em-
11	ployed by other than a United States person), any do-
12	mestic concern (including any permanent domestic
13	establishment of any foreign concern), and any for-
14	eign subsidiary or affiliate (including any permanent
15	foreign establishment) of any domestic concern which
16	is controlled in fact by such domestic concern, as de-
17	termined under regulations of the President.
18	"(b) Certification.—By submitting this offer, the
19	Offeror certifies that it is not—
20	"(1) taking or knowingly agreeing to take any
21	action, with respect to the boycott of Israel by Arab
22	League countries, which section 8(a) of the Export
23	Administration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. App. 2407(a))
24	prohibits a United States person from taking; or
25	"(2) discriminating in the award of subcontracts
26	on the basis of religion.''.

- 1 (2) An Offeror would not be required to include the
- 2 certification required by paragraph (1), if the Offeror is
- 3 deemed not to comply with the Arab League boycott of Is-
- 4 rael by the Secretary of State or a designee on the basis
- 5 of available information. Certification by the Secretary of
- 6 State or a designee may occur only 30 days after notice
- 7 has been given to the Congress that this certification proce-
- 8 dure will be utilized at a specific overseas mission.
- 9 (3) The Secretary of State shall ensure that all State
- 10 Department contract solicitations include a detailed expla-
- 11 nation of the requirements of section 8(a) of the Export Ad-
- 12 ministration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. App. 2407(a)).
- 13 (d) Review and Termination.—(1) The Department
- 14 of State shall conduct reviews of the certifications submitted
- 15 pursuant to this section for the purpose of assessing the ac-
- 16 curacy of the certifications.
- 17 (2) Upon complaint of any foreign or United States
- 18 person of a violation of the certification as required by this
- 19 section, filed with the Secretary of State, the Department
- 20 of State shall investigate such complaint, and if such com-
- 21 plaint is found to be correct and a violation of the certifi-
- 22 cation has been found, all contracts with such violator shall
- 23 be terminated for default as soon as practicable, and, for
- 24 a period of two years thereafter, the State Department shall
- 25 not enter into any contracts with such a violator.

1 SEC. 116. EMERGENCIES IN THE DIPLOMATIC AND CON-

- 2 **SULAR SERVICE.**
- 3 Section 4(c) of the State Department Basic Authorities
- 4 Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2671(c)) is amended by striking
- 5 "and the Foreign Service" and by striking "an annual con-
- 6 fidential" and inserting "a periodic".

7 SEC. 117. CONSULAR AUTHORITIES.

- 8 (a) Persons Authorized To Issue Passports
- 9 ABROAD.—The Act entitled "An Act to regulate the issue
- 10 and validity of passports, and for other purposes", ap-
- 11 proved July 3, 1926 (44 Stat. 887, 22 U.S.C. 211a), is
- 12 amended by striking "by diplomatic representatives of the
- 13 United States, and by such consul generals, consuls, or vice
- 14 consuls when in charge," and inserting "by diplomatic and
- 15 consular officers of the United States, and by other employ-
- 16 ees of the Department of State who are citizens of the Unit-
- 17 ed States,".
- 18 (b) Notarial Authority.—Section 7 of the Act enti-
- 19 tled "An Act to provide for the reorganization of the con-
- 20 sular service of the United States", approved April 5, 1906
- 21 (34 Stat. 100; 22 U.S.C. 4221), is amended by adding at
- 22 the end the following new sentence: "Pursuant to such regu-
- 23 lations as the Secretary of State may prescribe, the Sec-
- 24 retary may designate any other employee of the Department
- 25 of State who is a citizen of the United States to perform

- 1 any notarial function authorized to be performed by a con-
- 2 sular officer of the United States under this Act.".

3 **SEC. 118. VISAS.**

- 4 (a) Surcharge for Processing Certain Visas.—
- 5 (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Sec-
- 6 retary of State is authorized to charge a fee or surcharge
- 7 for processing machine readable nonimmigrant visas and
- 8 machine readable combined border crossing identification
- 9 cards and nonimmigrant visas.
- 10 (2) Fees collected under the authority of subsection (a)
- 11 shall be deposited in the general fund of the Treasury and
- 12 available to the Department of State, subject to amounts
- 13 provided in advance in appropriations Acts, to recover the
- 14 costs of providing consular services, which shall include the
- 15 payment of any fees for access to the criminal history
- 16 records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for process-
- 17 ing visa applications and making immigration eligibility
- 18 determinations. Such fees shall remain available for obliga-
- 19 tion until expended.
- 20 (3) For fiscal years 1994 and 1995, fees deposited
- 21 under the authority of paragraph (2) may not exceed a total
- 22 of \$107,500,000.
- 23 (4) The provisions of the Act of August 18, 1856 (Re-
- 24 vised Statutes 1726–28; 22 U.S.C. 2212–14), concerning ac-

- 1 counting for consular fees shall not apply to fees collected
- 2 under this subsection.
- 3 (5) No fee or surcharge authorized under subsection
- 4 (a)(1) may be charged to a national of a country that is
- 5 a signatory to the North American Free Trade Agreement.
- 6 (b) Automated Visa Lookout System.—Not later
- 7 than 24 months after the date of the enactment of this Act,
- 8 the Secretary of State shall implement an upgrade of all
- 9 overseas visa lookout operations to computerized systems
- 10 with automated multiple-name search capabilities.
- 11 (c) Processing of Visas for Admission to the
- 12 United States.—(1)(A) Beginning 24 months after the
- 13 date of the enactment of this Act, whenever a United States
- 14 consular officer issues a visa for admission to the United
- 15 States, that official shall certify, in writing, that a check
- 16 of the Automated Visa Lookout System, or any other system
- 17 or list which maintains information about the excludability
- 18 of aliens under the Immigration and Nationality Act, has
- 19 been made and that there is no basis under such system
- 20 for the exclusion of such alien.
- 21 (B) If, at the time an alien applies for an immigrant
- 22 or nonimmigrant visa, the alien's name is included in the
- 23 Department of State's visa lookout system and the consular
- 24 officer to whom the application is made fails to follow the
- 25 procedures in processing the application required by the in-

1	clusion of the alien's name in such system, the consular offi-
2	cer's failure shall be made a matter of record and shall be
3	considered as a serious negative factor in the officer's an-
4	nual performance evaluation.
5	(2) If an alien to whom a visa was issued as a result
6	of a failure described in paragraph (1)(B) is admitted to
7	the United States and there is thereafter probable cause to
8	believe that the alien was a participant in a terrorist act
9	causing serious loss of life or property in the United States,
10	the Secretary of State shall convene an Accountability Re-
11	view Board under the authority of title III of the Omnibus
12	Diplomatic Security and Antiterrorism Act of 1986.
13	SEC. 119. ROLE OF THE FOREIGN SERVICE INSTITUTE.
14	Chapter 7 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 is amend-
15	ed—
16	(1) in the chapter title, by striking "Foreign
17	Service Institute,'';
18	(2) in section 701 (22 U.S.C. 4021)—
19	(A) by striking the section title and insert-
20	ing "Institution for Training.";
21	(B) in subsection 701(a)—
22	(i) by striking "the Foreign Service In-
23	stitute (hereinafter in this chapter referred
24	to as the 'Institute')'' and inserting "an in-
25	stitution or center for training (hereinafter

1	in this chapter referred to as the 'institu-
2	tion')''; and
3	(ii) by striking "Institute" and insert-
4	ing "institution";
5	(C) by adding at the end the following new
6	subsection:
7	"(d)(1) The Secretary of State is authorized to provide
8	for special professional foreign affairs training and instruc-
9	tion of employees of foreign governments through the insti-
10	tution.
11	"(2) Training and instruction under paragraph (1)
12	shall be on a reimbursable or advance-of-funds basis. Such
13	reimbursements or advances to the Department of State
14	may be provided by an agency of the United States Govern-
15	ment or by a foreign government and shall be credited to
16	the currently available applicable appropriation account.
17	"(3) Training should be made available in the first
18	instance to officials from newly emerging democratic na-
19	tions, and then to other nations as deemed to be in the na-
20	tional interest of the United States.
21	"(4) The authorities of section 704 shall apply to
22	training and instruction provided under this section.";
23	(3) in subsection 701(b) and sections 702, 704,
24	705, and 707, by striking "Foreign Service Institute"

1	and "Institute" wherever they appear and inserting
2	"institution".
3	SEC. 120. REPORT ON CONSOLIDATION OF ADMINISTRA-
4	TIVE OPERATIONS.
5	Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment
6	of this Act, the Secretary of State, jointly with the Director
7	of the United States Information Agency and the Adminis-
8	trator of the Agency for International Development, shall
9	submit to the Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Rela-
10	tions of the Senate and to the Speaker of the House of Rep-
11	resentatives a report concerning the feasibility of consolidat-
12	ing domestic administrative operations for the Department
13	of State, the United States Information Agency, and the
14	Agency for International Development. Such report shall
15	include specific recommendations for implementation of
16	such consolidation.
17	SEC. 121. LOCAL GUARD CONTRACTS ABROAD.
18	Section 136(c) of the Foreign Relations Authorization
19	Act, Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (Public Law 101–246) is
20	amended—
21	(1) in paragraph (2), by striking "due to their
22	distance from the post";
23	(2) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and (3) as
24	paragraphs (7) and (8), respectively; and

1	(3) by inserting after paragraph (1) the follow-
2	ing:
3	"(2) absent compelling reasons, award such con-
4	tracts through the competitive process;
5	"(3) in evaluating and scoring proposals for
6	such contracts, award not less than 60 percent of the
7	total points on the basis of technical factors and
8	subfactors;
9	"(4) allow all solicitations to be bid in United
10	States dollars;
11	"(5) ensure that contracts awarded to United
12	States firms are paid in United States dollars; and
13	"(6) ensure that United States diplomatic and
14	consular posts assist United States firms in obtaining
15	local licenses and permits.''.
16	SEC. 122. ANNUAL COUNTRY REPORTS ON TERRORISM.
17	Section 140 of the Foreign Relations Authorization
18	Act, Fiscal Years 1988 and 1989 (22 U.S.C. 2656f) is
19	amended in subsection (b)(2)—
20	(1) by striking ''and'' at the end of subpara-
21	graph (C);
22	(2) by striking the period at the end of subpara-
23	graph (D) and inserting "; and"; and
24	(3) by adding at the end the following new sub-
25	paragraph:

1	"(E) efforts by the United States to elimi-
2	nate international financial support provided to
3	those groups directly or provided in support of
4	their activities.''.
5	SEC. 123. REWARDS FOR INFORMATION REGARDING ACTS
6	OF INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM WITHIN THE
7	UNITED STATES.
8	Section 36 of the State Department Basic Authorities
9	Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2708) is amended—
10	(1) in subsection $(b)(1)(A)$, by striking "and is
11	primarily outside the territorial jurisdiction of the
12	United States"; and
13	(2) in subsection (i)—
14	(A) by striking "and" at the end of para-
15	graph (1);
16	(B) by striking the period at the end of
17	paragraph (2) and inserting "; and"; and
18	(C) by adding at the end the following new
19	paragraph:
20	"(3) the term 'international terrorism' means ac-
21	tivities that—
22	"(A) involve violent acts or acts dangerous
23	to human life that are a violation of the crimi-
24	nal laws of the United States or of any State, or
25	that would be a criminal violation if committed

1	within the jurisdiction of the United States or
2	any State;
3	"(B) appear to be intended—
4	"(i) to intimidate or coerce a civilian
5	population;
6	"(ii) to influence the policy of a gov-
7	ernment by intimidation or coercion; or
8	"(iii) to effect the conduct of a govern-
9	ment by assassination or kidnapping; and
10	"(C) occur totally outside the United States,
11	or transcend national boundaries in terms of the
12	means by which they are accomplished, the per-
13	sons they appear intended to coerce or intimi-
14	date, or the locale in which their perpetrators op-
15	erate or seek asylum.''.
16	SEC. 124. PROPERTY AGREEMENTS.
17	Whenever the Department of State enters into lease-
18	purchase agreements involving property in foreign coun-
19	tries pursuant to section 1 of the Foreign Service Buildings
20	Act (22 U.S.C. 292), the Department shall account for such
21	transactions in accordance with fiscal year obligations.
22	SEC. 125. CAPITAL INVESTMENT FUND.
23	(a) Establishment.—There is established within the
24	Department of State a Capital Investment Fund to provide
25	for the procurement of information technology and other re-

- 1 lated capital investments for the Department of State and
- 2 to ensure the efficient management, coordination, operation,
- 3 and utilization of such resources.
- 4 (b) Funding.—Funds otherwise available for the pur-
- 5 poses of subsection (a) may be deposited in such Fund.
- 6 (c) Availability.—Amounts deposited into the Fund
- 7 are authorized to remain available until expended.
- 8 (d) Expenditures From the Fund.—Amounts de-
- 9 posited in the Fund shall be available for expenditure to
- 10 procure capital equipment and information technology.
- 11 (e) Reprogramming Procedures.—Funds credited
- 12 to the Capital Investment Fund shall be treated as a
- 13 reprogramming of funds under section 34 of the State De-
- 14 partment Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2710)
- 15 and shall not be available for obligation or expenditure ex-
- 16 cept in compliance with the procedures applicable to such
- 17 reprogrammings.
- 18 SEC. 126. TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.
- 19 Section 2 of the State Department Basic Authorities
- 20 Act of 1956 is amended by striking "(l) pay" and inserting
- 21 "(m) pay".

1	PART C—DEPARTMENT OF STATE ORGANIZATION
2	SEC. 131. UNDER SECRETARY AND ASSISTANT SECRETARY
3	POSITIONS.
4	(a) Numbers of Under Secretaries and Assist-
5	ANT SECRETARIES.—Section 1 of the Act of May 26, 1949,
6	as amended (22 U.S.C. 2652), is further amended by strik-
7	ing everything after "Deputy Secretary of State" and in-
8	serting in lieu thereof "and not more than 5 Under Sec-
9	retaries of State and not more than 20 Assistant Secretaries
10	of State.".
11	(b) OTHER SENIOR OFFICIALS.—In addition to such
12	other officials of the Department of State who are author-
13	ized to be compensated at level IV of the Executive Schedule
14	of section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, not more than
15	4 other officers of the Department of State are authorized
16	to be compensated at such level, and shall be appointed by
17	the President, by and with the advice and consent of the
18	Senate.
19	(c) Conforming Amendments.—(1) Section 9(a) of
20	the Department of State Appropriations Authorization Act
21	of 1973 (22 U.S.C. 2655a) is amended—
22	(A) by striking "In addition to the positions
23	provided under the first section of the Act of May 26,
24	1949, as amended (22 U.S.C. 2652), there'' and in-
25	serting in lieu thereof "There"; and

- 1 (B) by inserting before the period at the end of
- 2 the subsection "and for such other related duties as
- 3 the Secretary may from time to time designate".
- 4 (2) Section 122(a) of the Foreign Relations Authoriza-
- 5 tion Act, Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993 (22 U.S.C. 2652b)
- 6 is amended by striking ", which is in addition to the posi-
- 7 tions provided under the first section of the Act of May 26,
- 8 1949 (22 U.S.C. 2652)".
- 9 (3) Section 5314 of title 5, United States Code, is
- 10 amended by striking:
- 11 "Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs and
- 12 Under Secretary of State for Economic and Agricultural
- 13 Affairs and an Under Secretary of State for Coordinating
- 14 Security Assistance Programs and Under Secretary of State
- 15 for Management.
- 16 "Counselor of the Department of State."
- 17 and inserting in lieu thereof:
- 18 "Under Secretaries of State (5).".
- 19 (4) Section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, is
- 20 amended by striking:
- 21 "Assistant Secretary for Oceans and International En-
- 22 vironmental and Scientific Affairs, Department of State.",
- 23 "Assistant Secretary for International Narcotics Mat-
- 24 ters, Department of State.",

- 1 "Assistant Secretary for South Asian Affairs, Depart-
- 2 ment of State.",
- 3 "Legal Adviser of the Department of State.", and
- 4 "Chief of Protocol, Department of State.".
- 5 (5) Section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, as
- 6 amended, is further amended by striking:
- 7 "Assistant Secretaries of State (15)"
- 8 and inserting in lieu thereof:
- 9 "Assistant Secretaries of State (20) and 4 other officers
- 10 of the Department of State appointed by the President, by
- 11 and with the advice and consent of the Senate.".
- 12 (d) Office of Counselor; Legal Adviser.—(1)
- 13 The Act entitled "An Act to create the Office of Counselor
- 14 of the United States" (May 18, 1937; Public Law 75-91;
- 15 *22 U.S.C. 2655) is repealed.*
- 16 (2) Section 30 of the Act entitled "An Act for the reor-
- 17 ganization and improvement of the Foreign Service of the
- 18 United States and for other purposes" (May 24, 1924; Pub-
- 19 lic Law 68–135; 22 U.S.C. 2654) is repealed.
- 20 (e) Assumption of Duties.—The individual holding
- 21 the Office of Counselor on the date of enactment of this Act
- 22 shall assume the duties of an Under Secretary of State for
- 23 Global Affairs and shall not be required to be reappointed
- 24 by reason of the enactment of this section.

1	SEC. 132. REDESIGNATION OF POSITION AS ASSISTANT SEC-
2	RETARY FOR DEMOCRACY, HUMAN RIGHTS,
3	AND LABOR.
4	(a) Redesignation of Position.—The Foreign As-
5	sistance Act of 1961 is amended—
6	(1) in section 116(c) (22 U.S.C. 2151n), by strik-
7	ing "Assistant Secretary for Human Rights and Hu-
8	manitarian Affairs' and inserting "Assistant Sec-
9	retary of State for Democracy, Human Rights, and
10	Labor'';
11	(2) in sections 502B(b) (22 U.S.C. 2304(b)),
12	502B(c)(1) (22 U.S.C. 2304(c)), and 505(g)(4)(A) (22
13	U.S.C. 2314(g)(4)(A)) by striking "Human Rights
14	and Humanitarian Affairs'' each place it appears
15	and inserting "Democracy, Human Rights, and
16	Labor'';
17	(3) in subsection 573(c) by striking "Human
18	Rights and Humanitarian Affairs'' and inserting
19	"Democracy, Human Rights, and Labor"; and
20	(4) in section 624(f) (22 U.S.C. 2384(f))—
21	(A) by striking "Human Rights and Hu-
22	manitarian Affairs'' each place it appears and
23	inserting ''Democracy, Human Rights, and
24	Labor'';

1	(B) by striking "refugees, prisoners of war,"
2	each place it appears and inserting "prisoners of
3	war''; and
4	(C) in paragraph (1), by inserting before
5	the period at the end of the first sentence ", and
6	such other related duties as the Secretary may
7	from time to time designate".
8	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section $5(d)(1)$ of the
9	Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2755(d)(1)) is amend-
10	ed by striking "Assistant Secretary of State for Human
11	Rights and Humanitarian Affairs" and inserting in lieu
12	thereof "Assistant Secretary of State for Democracy,
13	Human Rights, and Labor''.
14	(c) Assumption of Duties.—The individual holding
15	the office of Assistant Secretary of State for Human Rights
16	and Humanitarian Affairs on the date of enactment of this
17	Act shall assume the duties of Assistant Secretary of State
18	for Democracy, Human Rights, and Labor and shall not
19	be required to be reappointed by reason of the enactment
20	of this section.

1	SEC. 133. REDESIGNATION OF POSITION AS ASSISTANT SEC-
2	RETARY FOR NARCOTICS, TERRORISM, AND
3	CRIME.
4	(a) Redesignation of Office.—Section 115(a) of
5	the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Year 1979
6	(22 U.S.C. 2652a) is amended—
7	(1) in the section heading, by striking "INTER-
8	NATIONAL NARCOTICS MATTERS" and inserting in lieu
9	thereof "NARCOTICS, TERRORISM, AND CRIME"; and
10	(2) in the text—
11	(A) by striking ", in addition to the posi-
12	tions provided under the first section of the Act
13	of May 26, 1949 (22 U.S.C. 2652),";
14	(B) by striking "International Narcotics
15	Matters'' and inserting ''Narcotics, Terrorism
16	and Crime"; and
17	(C) by inserting before the period at the end
18	"and such other related duties as the Secretary
19	may from time to time designate".
20	(b) Assumption of Duties.—The individual holding
21	the office of Assistant Secretary of State for International
22	Narcotics Matters on the date of enactment of this Act shall
23	assume the duties of Assistant Secretary of State for Narcot-
24	ics, Terrorism, and Crime and shall not be required to be
25	reappointed by reason of the enactment of this section.

1	SEC. 134. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES FOR NARCOTICS,
2	TERRORISM, AND CRIME.
3	Section 482 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22
4	U.S.C. 2291a) is amended by adding the following new sub-
5	section:
6	"(d) Administrative Assistance.—(1) Except as
7	provided in paragraph (2), personnel funded pursuant to
8	this section are authorized to provide administrative assist-
9	ance to personnel assigned to the bureau designated by the
10	Secretary of State to replace the Bureau for International
11	Narcotics Matters.
12	"(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply if to do so would
13	result in a reduction in funds available for antinarcotics
14	assistance to foreign countries.".
15	SEC. 135. COORDINATOR FOR INTERNATIONAL COMMU-
16	NICATIONS AND INFORMATION POLICY.
17	(a) In General.—Section 35 of the State Department
18	Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2707) is amend-
19	ed—
20	(1) by striking subsection (a); and
21	(2) in subsection (b)—
22	(A) by striking the text above paragraph (1)
23	and inserting the following: "The Secretary of
24	State shall be responsible for formulation, coordi-
25	nation, and oversight of foreign policy related to

1	international communications and information
2	policy. The Secretary of State shall—";
3	(B) by striking paragraph (2);
4	(C) by redesignating paragraph (1) as
5	paragraph (2);
6	(D) by inserting before redesignated para-
7	graph (2) the following:
8	"(1) exercise primary authority for the conduct
9	of foreign policy with respect to such telecommuni-
10	cations functions, including the determination of
11	United States positions and the conduct of United
12	States participation in negotiations with foreign gov-
13	ernments and international bodies. In exercising this
14	responsibility, the Secretary shall coordinate with
15	other agencies as appropriate, and, in particular,
16	shall give full consideration to the authority vested by
17	law or Executive order in the Federal Communica-
18	tions Commission, the Department of Commerce and
19	the Office of the United States Trade Representative
20	in this area;".
21	(E) in redesignated paragraph (2), by strik-
22	ing "with the bureaus and offices of the Depart-
23	ment of State and", and inserting before the
24	semicolon "and with the Federal Communica-
25	tions Commission, as appropriate"; and

1	(F) in paragraph (3), by striking "the Sen-
2	ior Interagency Group on International Commu-
3	nications and Information Policy' and inserting
4	"any senior interagency policymaking group on
5	international telecommunications and informa-
6	tion policy and chair such interagency meetings
7	as may be necessary to coordinate actions on
8	pending issues;''.
9	(b) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in the amend-
10	ments made by this section affects the nature or scope of
11	the authority that is on the date of enactment of this Act
12	vested by law or Executive order in the Department of Com-
13	merce, the Office of the United States Trade Representative,
14	the Federal Communications Commission, or any officer
15	thereof.
16	SEC. 136. REFUGEE AFFAIRS.
17	(a) Coordination of Refugee Affairs.—Section
18	301 of the Refugee Act of 1980 (8 U.S.C. 1525) is amended
19	to read as follows:
20	"SEC. 301. (a) The Secretary of State, together with
21	the Secretary of Health and Human Services and the Attor-
22	ney General, shall—
23	"(1) develop overall United States refugee admis-
24	sion and resettlement policy:

- "(2) coordinate all United States domestic and 1 2 international refugee admission and resettlement programs in a manner that assures that policy objectives 3 4 are met in a timely fashion; "(3) develop an effective and responsive liaison 5 between the Federal Government and voluntary orga-6 7 nizations, Governors and mayors, and others involved in refugee relief and resettlement work to reflect over-8 all United States Government policy; and 9 "(4) make recommendations to the President and 10 to the Congress with respect to policies for, objectives 11 of, and establishment of priorities for, Federal func-12 tions relating to refugee admission and resettlement 13 in the United States. 14 "(b) In the conduct of the duties described in subsection 15 (a), the Secretary of State, together with the Secretary of 16 Health and Human Services and the Attorney General, shall consult regularly with States, localities, and private
- "(c) The Secretary of State, together with the Secretary
 of Health and Human Services and the Attorney General,

process and the intended distribution of refugees.

nonprofit voluntary agencies concerning the sponsorship

- 23 shall design an overall budget strategy to provide individual
- 24 agencies with policy guidance on refugee matters in the
- 25 preparation of their budget requests, and to provide the Of-

- 1 fice of Management and Budget with an overview of all ref-
- 2 ugee-related budget requests.".
- 3 (b) Amendments to the Refugee Act of 1980.—
- 4 Title III of the Refugee Act of 1980 is amended—
- 5 (1) in the title heading, by striking "UNITED"
- 6 STATES COORDINATOR FOR REFUGEE AF-
- 7 FAIRS" and inserting "UNITED STATES CO-
- 8 ORDINATION OF REFUGEE AFFAIRS"; and
- 9 (2) in the heading of part A, by striking "Unit-
- 10 ED STATES COORDINATOR FOR REFUGEE AFFAIRS"
- and inserting "United States Coordination of
- 12 Refugee Affairs".
- 13 (c) Amendment to the Migration and Refugee
- 14 Assistance Act.—Section 5 of the Migration and Refugee
- 15 Assistance Act (22 U.S.C. 2605) is amended by adding at
- 16 the end the following new subsection:
- 17 "(c) Personnel funded pursuant to this section are au-
- 18 thorized to provide administrative assistance to personnel
- 19 assigned to the bureau charged with carrying out this Act.''.
- 20 (d) Conforming Amendments.—(1) Section 411(b)
- 21 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1521(b))
- 22 is amended by striking "and under the general policy guid-
- 23 ance of the United States Coordinator for Refugee Affairs
- 24 (hereinafter in this chapter referred to as the 'Coordina-
- 25 tor')'' and inserting "the Secretary of State";

- (2) Section 412 of the Immigration and Nationality 1 Act (8 U.S.C. 1522) is amended— 3 (A) in subsection (a)(2)(A), by striking ", together with the Coordinator," and inserting ", to-4 gether wiht the Secretary of State,"; 5 (B) in subsections (b)(3) and (b)(4), by striking 6 7 ''in consultation with the Coordinator.'': and (C) in subsection (e) (7) (C), by striking ", in con-8 sultation with the United States Coordinator for Ref-9 10 ugee Affairs,". (3) Section 413(a) of the Immigration and Nationality 11 Act (8 U.S.C. 1523) is amended by striking ", in consultation with the Coordinator.". 13 (e) Transfer of Duties.—If there is an individual 14 who has been confirmed by the Senate as Ambassador at 15 Large for Population, Refugees and Migration on the date of enactment of this Act, that person shall assume on such date the duties of Assistant Secretary of State for Population, Refugees and Migration which were vested in the Assistant Secretary before such date. Such individual shall not be required to be reappointed by reason of the enactment of this section. SEC. 137. WOMEN'S HUMAN RIGHTS PROTECTION.
- (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that— 24

1	(1) issues of gender-based discrimination and vi-
2	olence against women have long been ignored or over-
3	looked; and
4	(2) abuses against women should have greater
5	visibility in the policymaking formulation.
6	(b) Policy.—It is the sense of Congress that the De-
7	partment of State should designate within the appropriate
8	bureau a special assistant to the Assistant Secretary to as-
9	sure that women's human rights issues are considered in
10	the overall development of international human rights pol-
11	icy.
12	SEC. 138. REPEALS.
13	Envoy to the Afghan Resistance.—Section 306 of
	Envoy to the Afghan Resistance.—Section 306 of the Department of State Appropriations Act, 1989 (Public
13 14	
13 14	the Department of State Appropriations Act, 1989 (Public
13 14 15	the Department of State Appropriations Act, 1989 (Public Law 100–459) is repealed.
13 14 15 16	the Department of State Appropriations Act, 1989 (Public Law 100–459) is repealed. PART D—PERSONNEL
13 14 15 16	the Department of State Appropriations Act, 1989 (Public Law 100–459) is repealed. PART D—PERSONNEL SEC. 141. LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS.
113 114 115 116 117 118	the Department of State Appropriations Act, 1989 (Public Law 100–459) is repealed. PART D—PERSONNEL SEC. 141. LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS. Section 1017(e) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22)
113 114 115 116 117 118 119	the Department of State Appropriations Act, 1989 (Public Law 100–459) is repealed. PART D—PERSONNEL SEC. 141. LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS. Section 1017(e) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4117) is amended to read as follows:
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	the Department of State Appropriations Act, 1989 (Public Law 100–459) is repealed. PART D—PERSONNEL SEC. 141. LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS. Section 1017(e) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4117) is amended to read as follows: "(e) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	the Department of State Appropriations Act, 1989 (Public Law 100–459) is repealed. PART D—PERSONNEL SEC. 141. LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS. Section 1017(e) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4117) is amended to read as follows: "(e) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, participation in the management of a labor orga-

1	"(A) on the part of any management official or
2	confidential employee;
3	"(B) on the part of any individual who has
4	served as a management official or confidential em-
5	ployee during the preceding two years; or
6	"(C) on the part of any other employee if the
7	participation or activity would result in a conflict of
8	interest or apparent conflict of interest or would oth-
9	erwise be incompatible with law or with the official
10	functions of such employee.
11	"(2) For the purposes of paragraph (1)(B) the term
12	'management official' does not include any chief of mission,
13	principal officer, or deputy thereof, or any administrative
14	or personnel officer abroad.".
15	SEC. 142. WAIVER OF LIMITATION FOR CERTAIN CLAIMS
16	FOR PERSONAL PROPERTY DAMAGE OR LOSS.
17	(a) Claims Resulting From Emergency Evacu-
18	Ation in a Foreign Country.—Subsection 3721(b) of title
19	31 of the United States Code is amended—
20	(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(b)"; and
21	(2) by adding after paragraph (1), as so des-
22	ignated, the following:
23	"(2) The Secretary of State may waive the settlement
24	and payment limitation referred to in paragraph (1) for
25	claims for damage or loss by United States Government

- 1 personnel under the jurisdiction of a chief of mission in
- 2 a foreign country if such claims in circumstances where
- 3 there is in effect a departure from the country authorized
- 4 or ordered under circumstances described in section 5522(a)
- 5 of title 5, if the Secretary determines that there exists excep-
- 6 tional circumstances that warrant such a waiver.".
- 7 (b) Retroactive Application.—The amendments
- 8 made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to claims
- 9 arising on or after October 31, 1988.
- 10 SEC. 143. SALARIES OF CHIEFS OF MISSION.
- 11 Section 401(a) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22)
- 12 U.S.C. 3961(a)) is amended by striking ", exclusive of dan-
- 13 ger pay, ".
- 14 SEC. 144. SENIOR FOREIGN SERVICE PERFORMANCE PAY.
- 15 (a) Prohibition on Awards.—Notwithstanding any
- 16 other provision of law, the Secretary of State may not
- 17 award or pay performance payments for fiscal years 1994
- 18 and 1995 under section 405 of the Foreign Service Act of
- 19 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3965), until the Director of the Office of
- 20 Personnel Management issues regulations or otherwise au-
- 21 thorizes or recommends the payment of rank awards or per-
- 22 formance awards to other Federal employees for such fiscal
- 23 years under section 4507 or 5384 of title 5, United States
- 24 *Code*.

- 1 (b) Awards in Subsequent Fiscal Years.—The
- 2 Secretary may not make a performance award or payment
- 3 in any fiscal year after a fiscal year referred to in sub-
- 4 section (a) for the purpose of providing an individual with
- 5 a performance award or payment to which the individual
- 6 would otherwise have been entitled in a fiscal year referred
- 7 to such subsection but for the prohibition described in such
- 8 subsection.
- 9 (c) Amendment to Foreign Service Act of
- 10 1980.—Section 405(b)(4) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980
- 11 (22 U.S.C. 3965(b)(4)) is amended to read as follows:
- 12 "(4) Any award under this section shall be sub-
- 13 ject to the limitation on certain payments under sec-
- tion 5307 of title 5, United States Code.".
- 15 SEC. 145. REASSIGNMENT AND RETIREMENT OF FORMER
- 16 **PRESIDENTIAL APPOINTEES.**
- 17 Section 813 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22
- 18 U.S.C. 4053) is amended to read as follows:
- 19 "SEC. 813. REASSIGNMENT AND RETIREMENT OF
- 20 Former Presidential Appointees.—(a) If a partici-
- 21 pant completes an assignment under section 302(b) in a
- 22 position to which the participant was appointed by the
- 23 President, and is not otherwise eligible for retirement, the
- 24 participant shall be reassigned in the Service within 90

- 1 days after the completion of such assignment and any pe-
- 2 riod of authorized leave.
- 3 "(b) If a participant completes an assignment under
- 4 section 302(b) in a position to which the participant was
- 5 appointed by the President, and is eligible for retirement,
- 6 and is not reassigned within 90 days after the completion
- 7 of such assignment and any period of authorized leave, the
- 8 participant shall be retired from the Service and receive
- 9 retirement benefits in accordance with section 806 or sec-
- 10 tion 855, as appropriate.".
- 11 SEC. 146. REPORT ON CLASSIFICATION OF SENIOR FOR-
- 12 **EIGN SERVICE POSITIONS.**
- 13 (a) AUDIT AND REVIEW.—Within 180 days after the
- 14 date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General
- 15 of the United States shall conduct a classification audit of
- 16 all Senior Foreign Service positions in Washington, Dis-
- 17 trict of Columbia, assigned to the Department of State, the
- 18 Agency for International Development, and the United
- 19 States Information Agency and shall review the methods for
- 20 classification of such positions.
- 21 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date
- 22 of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall sub-
- 23 mit a report of such audit and review to the Chairman of
- 24 the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the
- 25 Speaker of the House of Representatives.

1 SEC. 147. ALLOWANCES.

- 2 (a) AWAY-FROM-POST EDUCATION ALLOWANCE.—Sec-
- 3 tion 5924(4)(A) of title 5, United States Code, is amended
- 4 by inserting after the first sentence the following: "When
- 5 travel from school to post is infeasible, travel may be al-
- 6 lowed between the school attended and the home of a des-
- 7 ignated relative or family friend or to join a parent at any
- 8 location, with the allowable travel expense not to exceed the
- 9 cost of travel between the school and the post.".
- 10 (b) Educational Travel for College Students
- 11 Studying Abroad.—Section 5924(4)(B) of title 5, United
- 12 States Code, is amended in the first sentence after "in the
- 13 United States" by inserting "(or to and from a school out-
- 14 side the United States if the dependent is attending that
- 15 school for less than one year under a program approved
- 16 by the school in the United States at which the dependent
- 17 is enrolled, with the allowable travel expense not to exceed
- 18 the cost of travel to and from the school in the United
- 19 *States*)".
- 20 SEC. 148. INAPPLICABILITY OF ROLLOVER AUTHORITY FOR
- 21 CERTAIN ALLOWANCES AND OTHER PAY-
- 22 **MENTS**.
- 23 Section 5307(b) of title 5, United States Code (relating
- 24 to rollover authority for the making of certain payments
- 25 to Federal employees) shall not apply to employees of the
- 26 Department of State.

1 SEC. 149. GRIEVANCES.

- 2 (a) Grievance Board Procedures.—Section 1106
- 3 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4136) is
- 4 amended in the first sentence of paragraph (8) by striking
- 5 "until the Board has ruled upon the grievance." and insert-
- 6 ing "until the date which is one year after such determina-
- 7 tion or until the Board has ruled upon the grievance, which-
- 8 ever comes first. The Board shall extend the one-year limita-
- 9 tion under the preceding sentence and the Department shall
- 10 continue to suspend such action, if the Board determines
- 11 that the agency or the Board is responsible for the delay
- 12 in the resolution of the grievance. The Board may also ex-
- 13 tend the 1-year limit if it determines that the delay is due
- 14 to the complexity of the case, the unavailability of witnesses
- 15 or to circumstances beyond the control of the agency, the
- 16 Board or the grievant.".
- 17 (b) Time Limitation on Requests for Judicial
- 18 Review.—Section 1110 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980
- 19 (22 U.S.C. 4140) is amended in the first sentence by insert-
- 20 ing before the period ", if the request for judicial review
- 21 is filed not later than 180 days after the final action of
- 22 the Secretary or the Board (or in the case of an aggrieved
- 23 party who is posted abroad at the time of the final action
- 24 of the Secretary or the Board, if the request for judicial
- 25 review is filed not later than 180 days after the aggrieved
- 26 party's return to the United States)".

SEC. 150. MID-LEVEL WOMEN AND MINORITY PLACEMENT

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7	
/.	PROGRAM.

- 3 (a) Purpose.—It is the purpose of this section to pro-
- 4 mote the acquisition and retention of highly qualified,
- 5 trained and experienced women and minority personnel
- 6 within the Foreign Service and to provide the maximum
- 7 opportunity for the Foreign Service to meet staffing needs
- 8 and to acquire the services of experienced and talented
- 9 women and minority personnel and to help alleviate the
- 10 impact of downsizing, reduction-in-force, and budget re-
- 11 strictions occurring in the defense and national security-
- 12 related agencies of the United States.
- 13 (b) Establishment.—For each of the fiscal years
- 14 1994 and 1995, the Secretary of State shall to the maxi-
- 15 mum extent practicable appoint as Foreign Service officers
- 16 qualified women and minority applicants who are partici-
- 17 pants in the priority placement program of the Department
- 18 of Defense, the Department of Defense out-placement refer-
- 19 ral program, or the Automated Applicant Referral System.
- 20 The Secretary shall make such appointments through the
- 21 mid-level entry program of the Department of State under
- 22 section 306 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980.
- 23 (c) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date
- 24 of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall prepare
- 25 and submit a report concerning the implementation of sub-
- 26 section (a) to the Chairman of the Committee on Foreign

1	Relations of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of
2	Representatives. Such report shall include recommendations
3	on methods to improve implementation of the purpose of
4	this section.
5	SEC. 151. EMPLOYMENT ASSISTANCE REFERRAL SYSTEM
6	FOR CERTAIN DEPARTMENT OF STATE EM-
7	PLOYEES.
8	(a) Referral System.—(1) The Secretary of State,
9	in consultation with the Director of the Office of Personnel
10	Management, shall establish and operate a system that pro-
11	vides job placement assistance to eligible personnel of the
12	Department of State.
13	(2) The system established under this section shall—
14	(A) permit eligible personnel to register for job
15	placement assistance under the system;
16	(B) contain information on vacancies in employ-
17	ment positions throughout the Department;
18	(C) facilitate the provision of information on the
19	positions referred to in subparagraph (B) to the per-
20	sonnel who register for assistance under subparagraph
21	(A); and
22	(D) assist, by referral or other means, the per-
23	sonnel referred to in subparagraph (C) in seeking em-
24	ployment in such position.

	0 0
1	(3) The Secretary of State shall, to the maximum ex-
2	tent practicable, ensure that the system operated under this
3	section is automated.
4	(4) The system shall operate from a single location
5	within the continental United States.
6	(b) Eligible Personnel.—Personnel eligible for par-
7	ticipation in the job placement assistance system established
8	under this section include the following:
9	(1) Personnel of the Department of State who are
10	involuntarily separated from employment in the De-
11	partment by reason of a reduction in force of such
12	personnel.
13	(2) Personnel of the Department who decline to
14	accept a transfer to another position in the Depart-
15	ment under such a reduction in force or other pro-
16	gram for the consolidation of employment positions
17	within the Department.
18	(3) Former personnel of the Department whose
19	employment with the Department was terminated for
20	a reason described in paragraph (1) or (2).
21	(4) Such other personnel of the Department as
22	the Secretary of State determines to be eligible for

(c) Implementation.—The Secretary of State shall

25 commence operation of the system required under this sec-

23

24

such participation.

- 1 tion not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment
- 2 of this Act.
- 3 (d) Report.—Not later than 120 days after the date
- 4 of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall prepare
- 5 and submit a report concerning the implementation of sub-
- 6 section (a) to the Chairman of the Committee on Foreign
- 7 Relations of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of
- 8 Representatives. Such report shall include recommendations
- 9 on methods to improve implementation of the job placement
- 10 assistance system established under this section.
- 11 SEC. 152. FOREIGN LANGUAGE COMPETENCE WITHIN THE
- 12 **FOREIGN SERVICE.**
- 13 (a) Model Foreign Language Competence Posts
- 14 PROGRAM.—Section 161(a) of the Foreign Relations Au-
- 15 thorization Act, Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (22 U.S.C.
- 16 4171 note) is amended by adding at the end the following
- 17 new sentence: "Implementation of this program shall not
- 18 deny other posts, not so designated, of required language-
- 19 qualified personnel.".
- 20 (b) Additions to Language Proficiency in the
- 21 Employee Evaluation Report.—Section 164(a) of the
- 22 Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1990
- 23 and 1991 (22 U.S.C. 4001(a) note) is amended—
- 24 (1) by inserting "(1)" immediately after "Com-
- 25 petence.—"; and

- 1 (2) by adding at the end the following:
- 2 "(2)(A) In any assessment under paragraph (1), if a
- 3 supervisor believes that an employee's proficiency in a for-
- 4 eign language has declined below the minimum proficiency
- 5 level required for the employee's current assignment, the su-
- 6 pervisor shall recommend that the employee seek remedial
- 7 language refresher training and, within reasonable limita-
- 8 tions, excuse the employee from a portion of his or her regu-
- 9 lar responsibilities to do so.
- 10 "(B) In the event the employee identified under sub-
- 11 paragraph (A) is assigned to a language-designated posi-
- 12 tion and is receiving a language differential for having
- 13 achieved a required level of foreign language proficiency,
- 14 the supervisor may also require that the employee's current
- 15 proficiency in the foreign language be reevaluated at the
- 16 earliest opportunity. In this case the employee's proficiency
- 17 shall be evaluated by reference to the standards and prac-
- 18 tices employed by the Foreign Service Institute. If the For-
- 19 eign Service Institute determines that the employee has
- 20 failed to maintain the required level of proficiency, the De-
- 21 partment of State shall suspend the differential until the
- 22 required proficiency level is regained.
- 23 "(C) For purposes of this section, the earliest oppor-
- 24 tunity for reevaluation of an employee's foreign language
- 25 proficiency by the Foreign Service Institute shall be, for em-

1	ployees not already in the Washington, D.C. area, the next
2	time the employee travels to the Washington, D.C. area on
3	official travel orders, or the next time a Foreign Service
4	Institute examiner visits the employee's post of assignment
5	on regularly scheduled travel. No additional travel funds
6	may be expended for this purpose.".
7	SEC. 153. DESIGNATION OF FOREIGN LANGUAGE RE-
8	SOURCES COORDINATOR.
9	(a) Findings.—The Congress finds that—
10	(1) the post-Cold War era is placing increasing
11	demands on limited Federal foreign language re-
12	sources available to support diplomacy, intelligence,
13	military preparedness, international security, and
14	global economic competitiveness goals;
15	(2) the absence of a single interagency mecha-
16	nism to coordinate Federal foreign language resources
17	represents a significant weakness in the United States
18	Government's ability to mobilize and direct existing
19	foreign language assets in support of national foreign
20	policy goals; and
21	(3) there is a growing need for coordination of
22	all Federal agencies maintaining and utilizing for-
23	eign language resources—
24	(A) to increase cost-effectiveness through
25	sharing of resources:

(B) to identify foreign language needs and 1 2 priorities required to support foreign policy objectives; and 3 (C) to identify foreign language resources 4 capable of supporting global economic competi-5 tiveness goals and to facilitate private sector ac-6 7 cess to those resources. 8 (b) Policy.—It is the sense of the Congress that— (1) the Secretary of State, by virtue of his overall 9 responsibility under section 701(a) of the Foreign 10 Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4011(a)) for training 11 and instruction in the field of foreign relations to 12 meet the needs of all Federal agencies, should take the 13 lead in this effort: and 14 (2) in order to avoid other Federal agencies du-15 16 plicating the facilities and training provided by the 17 Secretary of State, a goal set out in section 701(b) of 18 the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4011(b)), 19 the Secretary of State should call upon other Federal 20 agencies to share in the joint management and coordination of Federal foreign language resources. 21 22 (c) Designation of Position and Duties.—(1) The Secretary of State shall appoint a Foreign Language Resources Coordinator (in this subsection referred to as the "Coordinator") who shall be responsible— 25

1	(A) for coordinating the efforts of the appro-
2	priate agencies of Government—
3	(i) to strengthen mechanisms for sharing of
4	foreign language resources; and
5	(ii) to identify Federal foreign language re-
6	source requirements in the areas of diplomacy,
7	intelligence, military preparedness, international
8	security, and other foreign policy objectives; and
9	(B) for making recommendations to the Sec-
10	retary of State as to which Federal foreign language
11	assets, if any, should be made available to the private
12	sector in support of national global economic competi-
13	tiveness goals.
14	(2) All United States Government agencies maintain-
15	ing and utilizing Federal foreign language training and re-
16	lated resources shall cooperate fully with the Coordinator.
17	SEC. 154. FOREIGN LANGUAGE TRANSLATOR AND INTER-
18	PRETER CAREER SERVICE PROGRAM.
19	(a) Purpose.—It is the purpose of this section—
20	(1) to enhance the capability of the Department
21	of State to provide cost-effective, timely, and reliable
22	translation and interpretation services for Govern-
23	ment use;
24	(2) to obtain the services of professionally
25	trained translators and interpreters of foreign lan-

- 1 guages for which the Secretary of State determines
- 2 there is a shortage of qualified Government personnel
- 3 which cannot otherwise be filled; and
- 4 (3) to stimulate United States institutions of
- 5 higher education to dedicate more resources to higher
- 6 levels of proficiency in their foreign language trans-
- 7 lation and interpretation programs.
- 8 (b) Program.—(1)(A) The Secretary shall establish a
- 9 program whereby the Department of State would obtain the
- 10 services of additional translators and interpreters trained
- 11 at institutions of higher education in the United States.
- 12 (B) Such program shall be referred to as the "Foreign
- 13 Language Translator and Interpreter Career Service Pro-
- 14 gram".
- 15 (2)(A) Under such program, the Secretary shall pay
- 16 the costs of tuition for eligible United States citizens who
- 17 pursue professional training in translation or interpreta-
- 18 tion in foreign languages for which the Secretary deter-
- 19 mines there is a shortage of qualified Government personnel.
- 20 In exchange, individuals who successfully complete training
- 21 shall agree to perform such services at an entry-level rate
- 22 of pay in the Department of State for a period of not less
- 23 than one year for each year of academic tuition paid.
- 24 (B) Such individuals may be detailed or referred for
- 25 direct employment to other Government agencies in accord-

ance with practices and procedures established by the Sec-2 retary. 3 (c) Eligibility.—A United States citizen shall be eligible for participation in the program under this section if— 5 6 (1) the individual— 7 (A) is enrolled as a full-time student at an institution of higher education in the United 8 States: and 9 (B) is pursuing a full-time program in a 10 11 foreign language translation or interpretation; (2) the institution and the program meet the ac-12 creditation, curriculum, certification, and other 13 standards prescribed by the Secretary; and 14 (3) the individual submits a written application 15 to the Secretary and meets the minimum criteria pre-16 17 scribed by the Secretary. 18 (d) Noncompliance.—Any individual participating in the program who fails to complete a program meeting the standards prescribed in subsection (c)(2) shall reimburse 20 21 the Department of State for the Federal funds expended for such individual's tuition, together with interest on such funds (calculated at the prevailing rate). 24 (e) Surcharge for Certain Foreign Language Services.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law,

- the Secretary of State is authorized to levy a surcharge, or
 otherwise solicit funds, for providing other executive branch
- 3 agencies with foreign language translation and interpreta-
- 4 tion services.
- 5 (f) Use of Funds.—Funds collected under the author-
- 6 ity of subsections (d) and (e) shall be deposited as an offset-
- 7 ting collection to any Department of State appropriation
- 8 to recover the cost of providing translation or interpretation
- 9 services in any foreign language, including the cost of train-
- 10 ing translators or interpreters pursuant to subsection (b).
- 11 Such funds may remain available until expended.
- 12 (g) Definitions.—For the purposes of this section—
- 13 (1) the term "institution of higher education"
- has the same meaning given to such term by section
- 15 1201(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965;
- 16 (2) the term "Secretary" means the Secretary of
- 17 State, acting through the Office of Language Services
- or any successor office; and
- 19 (3) the term 'shortage of qualified Government
- 20 personnel" means a shortage or absence of sufficiently
- trained and qualified personnel to meet minimum re-
- quirements for permanent Government employment as
- 23 translators or interpreters by reference to the stand-
- 24 ards employed by the Office of Language Services (or

1	successor office), which cannot otherwise be filled from
2	contract rosters or other sources.
3	SEC. 155. ASSIGNMENT OF FOREIGN SERVICE OFFICERS
4	WITH ADVANCED PROFICIENCY IN FOREIGN
5	LANGUAGES.
6	(a) Purpose.—It is the purpose of this section to en-
7	courage the assignment of Foreign Service personnel with
8	language proficiency at the S4/R4 level (full professional
9	proficiency, as tested by the Foreign Service Institute) to
10	posts or positions in which their language capabilities are
11	effectively utilized.
12	(b) Findings.—The Congress finds that—
13	(1) the Department of State's Office of the In-
14	spector General noted, in its July 1993 report, that
15	existing foreign language proficiency among members
16	of the Foreign Service is not adequately weighed in
17	the assignments process, and that existing skills are
18	not adequately utilized, and
19	(2) the Department of State's Office of the In-
20	spector General urged that the Department has legiti-
21	mate requirements at overseas posts that can only be
22	satisfied through S4/R4 level skills, and recommended
23	that certain overseas positions be designated at the
24	S4/R4 competence level.

- 1 (c) Program.—(1) Pursuant to section 702 of the For-
- 2 eign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4022), the Secretary
- 3 of State shall direct the establishment and apportionment
- 4 of a certain number of overseas positions, at the S4/R4 level,
- 5 in each of a majority of overseas missions, as follows:
- 6 (A) For missions using world languages with
- 7 more than nine Foreign Service Officer positions as-
- 8 signed by the Department of State, 8 percent of posi-
- 9 tions and not less than one position will be estab-
- 10 lished at the S4/R4 level.
- 11 (B) For posts using hard or incentive languages,
- with more than nine Foreign Service Officer positions
- assigned by the Department of State, the number of
- 14 S4/R4-designated positions shall be at least four per-
- cent of positions, and not less than one position.
- 16 (2) Overseas posts and the Department of State shall
- 17 retain flexibility to apportion S4/R4 language-designated
- 18 positions within respective overseas posts.
- 19 (3) Assignment of personnel with full professional pro-
- 20 ficiency shall be completed not later than September 30,
- 21 1995.
- 22 (d) Report to the Congress.—The Secretary of
- 23 State shall report to the Congress not later than September
- 24 30, 1994, describing the progress made toward implementa-
- 25 tion of this section.

1	PART E—INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS
2	Subpart A—United Nations and Related Agencies
3	SEC. 161. LIMITATION ON CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE UNITED
4	NATIONS AND AFFILIATED ORGANIZATIONS.
5	The United States shall not make any voluntary or
6	assessed contribution—
7	(1) to any affiliated organization of the United
8	Nations which grants full membership as a state to
9	any organization or group that does not have the
10	internationally recognized attributes of statehood, or
11	(2) to the United Nations, if the United Nations
12	grants full membership as a state in the United Na-
13	tions to any organization or group that does not have
14	the internationally recognized attributes of statehood,
15	during any period in which such membership is effec-
16	tive.
17	SEC. 162. UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL MEMBER-
18	SHIP.
19	(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following
20	findings:
21	(1) The effectiveness of the United Nations Secu-
22	rity Council in maintaining international peace and
23	security depends on its being representative of the
24	membership of the United Nations.
25	(2) The requirement of equitable geographic dis-
26	tribution in Article 23 of the United Nations Charter

- requires that the members of the Security Council of the United Nations be chosen by nondiscriminatory means.
- 4 (3) The use of informal regional groups of the General Assembly as the sole means for election of the nonpermanent members of the Security Council is inherently discriminatory in the absence of guarantees that all member states will have the opportunity to join a regional group, and has resulted in discrimination against Israel.
- 11 (b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress
 12 that the President should direct the Secretary of State to
 13 request the Secretary-General of the United Nations to seek
 14 immediate resolution of the problem described in this sec15 tion. The President shall inform the Congress of any
 16 progress in resolving this situation, together with the sub17 mission to Congress of the request for funding for the "Con18 tributions to International Organizations" account of the
 19 Department of State for the fiscal year 1995.
- 20 **SEC. 163. REFORMS IN THE WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZA-**21 **TION.**
- (a) Sense of the Congress.—It is the sense of the Congress that United States contributions to the World Health Organization (WHO) should be utilized in the most effective and efficient manner possible, particularly for the

1	reduction of diseases and disabilities in developing coun-
2	tries. The President shall direct the United States represent
3	atives to the World Health Assembly, the Executive Board
4	and the World Health Organization to monitor the activi-
5	ties of the World Health Organization to ensure that such
6	organizations achieve—
7	(1) the timely implementation of reforms and
8	management improvements, including those outlined
9	in the resolutions of the 46th World Health Assembly
10	related to the external Auditor (WHA 46.21), the Re-
11	port of the Executive Board on the WHO Response to
12	Global Change (WHA 46.16) and actions for Budge
13	etary Reform (WHA 46.35); and
14	(2) the effective and efficient utilization and
15	monitoring of resources, including—
16	(A) the determination of strategic and fi-
17	nancial priorities; and
18	(B) the establishment of realistic and meas-
19	urable targets in accordance with the established
20	health priorities.
21	(b) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date
22	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submi
23	to the Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee of the
24	Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a

25 report assessing the World Health Organization's progress

1	in implementing the reforms identified in subsection (a)(1)
2	and (2).
3	SEC. 164. REFORMS IN THE FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGA-
4	NIZATION.
5	In view of the longstanding efforts of the United States
6	and the other major donor nations to reform the Food and
7	Agriculture Organization and in view of the findings of the
8	ongoing investigation of the General Accounting Office, it
9	is the sense of the Congress that—
10	(1) the United States should use the opportunity
11	of the 1993 election of a new Director General of the
12	Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) to press
13	for long-needed organizational and management re-
14	forms; and
15	(2) it should be the policy of the United States
16	to promote the following reforms in the Food and Ag-
17	riculture Organization:
18	(A) Decentralization of the administrative
19	structure of FAO, including eliminating redun-
20	dant or unnecessary headquarters staff, increased
21	responsibilities of regional offices, increased time
22	for consideration of budget issues by member
23	states, and a more meaningful and direct role for
24	member states in the decision-making process.

1	(B) Reform of the FAO Council, including
2	formation of an executive management commit-
3	tee to provide oversight of management.
4	(C) Limitation of the term of the Director
5	General and the number of terms which an indi-
6	vidual may serve.
7	(D) Restructuring of the Technical Coopera-
8	tion Program (TCP), including reducing the
9	number of nonemergency projects funds through
10	the TCP and establishing procedures to deploy
11	TCP consultants, supplies, and equipment in a
12	timely manner.
13	SEC. 165. REFORM IN BUDGET DECISIONMAKING PROCE-
13 14	SEC. 165. REFORM IN BUDGET DECISIONMAKING PROCE- DURES OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND ITS
14	DURES OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND ITS
14 15	DURES OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND ITS SPECIALIZED AGENCIES.
14 15 16 17	DURES OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND ITS SPECIALIZED AGENCIES. (a) ASSESSED CONTRIBUTIONS.—For assessed con-
14 15 16 17 18	DURES OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND ITS SPECIALIZED AGENCIES. (a) ASSESSED CONTRIBUTIONS.—For assessed contributions authorized to be appropriated by section 102(a)
14 15 16 17 18	DURES OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND ITS SPECIALIZED AGENCIES. (a) ASSESSED CONTRIBUTIONS.—For assessed contributions authorized to be appropriated by section 102(a) of this Act, the President may withhold 20 percent of the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	DURES OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND ITS SPECIALIZED AGENCIES. (a) ASSESSED CONTRIBUTIONS.—For assessed contributions authorized to be appropriated by section 102(a) of this Act, the President may withhold 20 percent of the funds appropriated for the United States assessed contribu-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	DURES OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND ITS SPECIALIZED AGENCIES. (a) ASSESSED CONTRIBUTIONS.—For assessed contributions authorized to be appropriated by section 102(a) of this Act, the President may withhold 20 percent of the funds appropriated for the United States assessed contribution to the United Nations or to any of its specialized agen-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	DURES OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND ITS SPECIALIZED AGENCIES. (a) ASSESSED CONTRIBUTIONS.—For assessed contributions authorized to be appropriated by section 102(a) of this Act, the President may withhold 20 percent of the funds appropriated for the United States assessed contribution to the United Nations or to any of its specialized agencies for any calendar year if the United Nations or any
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	DURES OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND ITS SPECIALIZED AGENCIES. (a) ASSESSED CONTRIBUTIONS.—For assessed contributions authorized to be appropriated by section 102(a) of this Act, the President may withhold 20 percent of the funds appropriated for the United States assessed contribution to the United Nations or to any of its specialized agencies for any calendar year if the United Nations or any such agency has failed to implement or to continue to im-

- 1 states that are the major financial contributors to such as-
- 2 sessed budgets.
- 3 (b) Notice to Congress.—The President shall notify
- 4 the Congress when a decision is made to withhold any share
- 5 of the United States assessed contribution to the United Na-
- 6 tions or its specialized agencies pursuant to subsection (a)
- 7 and shall notify the Congress when the decision is made
- 8 to pay any previously withheld assessed contribution. A no-
- 9 tification under this subsection shall include appropriate
- 10 consultation between the President (or his representative)
- 11 and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Rep-
- 12 resentatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the
- 13 Senate.
- 14 (c) Contributions for Prior Years.—Subject to
- 15 the availability of appropriations, payment of assessed con-
- 16 tributions for prior years may be made to the United Na-
- 17 tions or any of its specialized agencies notwithstanding sub-
- 18 section (a) of this section, section 162(a) of the Foreign Re-
- 19 lations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993
- 20 (Public Law 102–138), section 405 of the Foreign Relations
- 21 Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (Public
- 22 Law 101–246) and section 143 of the Foreign Relations Au-
- 23 thorization Act, Fiscal Years 1986 and 1987 (Public Law
- 24 99-93) if such payment would further United States inter-
- 25 ests in that organization.

- 1 (d) Report to Congress.—Not later than February
- 2 1 of each year, the President shall submit a report to the
- 3 Congress concerning the payment of assessed contributions
- 4 to the United Nations and any of its specialized agencies
- 5 during the preceding calendar year.
- 6 (e) Repeal of Existing Law.—Subsections (a)
- 7 through (d) of section 162 of the Foreign Relations Author-
- 8 ization Act, Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993, are repealed.
- 9 SEC. 166. UNITED NATIONS BUDGETARY AND MANAGEMENT
- 10 **REFORM.**
- 11 (a) Withholding of Assessed Nonpeacekeeping
- 12 Contributions to the United Nations.—(1) In fiscal
- 13 year 1994, 10 percent of the amount of funds authorized
- 14 to be appropriated for that fiscal year for United States
- 15 assessed contributions to the United Nations and its special-
- 16 ized agencies shall be withheld from obligation and expendi-
- 17 ture until a certification is made under subsection (b).
- 18 (2) Beginning with fiscal year 1995 and at the begin-
- 19 ning of each fiscal year thereafter, 20 percent of the amount
- 20 of funds authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year
- 21 for United States assessed contributions (other than for
- 22 peacekeeping activities) to the United Nations and its spe-
- 23 cialized agencies shall be withheld from obligation and ex-
- 24 penditure until a certification is made under subsection (b).

1	(b) Certification.—The certification referred to in
2	subsection (a) is a certification by the President to the Con-
3	gress that—
4	(1) the United Nations has established an inde-
5	pendent and objective Office of Inspector General to
6	conduct and supervise audits, inspections, and inves-
7	tigations relating to the programs and operations of
8	the United Nations and each of the specialized agen-
9	cies of the United Nations;
10	(2) the Secretary General of the United Nations
11	has appointed an Inspector General, with the consent
12	of the General Assembly, solely on the basis of integ-
13	rity and demonstrated ability in accounting, audit-
14	ing, financial analysis, law, management analysis,
15	public administration, or investigations;
16	(3) the United Nations Office of Inspector Gen-
17	eral is authorized to—
18	(A) make investigations and reports relat-
19	ing to the administration of the programs and
20	operations of the United Nations and its special-
21	ized agencies;
22	(B) have access to all records and docu-
23	ments or other material available which relate to
24	those programs and operations: and

- 1 (C) have direct and prompt access to any
 2 official of the United Nations or of any of its
 3 specialized agencies, including any head of a
 4 specialized agency or official of the United Na5 tions Secretariat;
 - (4) the United Nations Office of Inspector General is keeping the head of each specialized agency, the Secretary General, the members of the Security Council, and the members of the General Assembly fully informed about problems, deficiencies, and the necessity for, and progress of, corrective action;
 - (5) the United Nations has established measures to protect the identity of, and to prevent reprisals against, any staff member making a complaint or disclosing information to, or cooperating in any investigation or inspection by the Office of the Inspector General; and
 - (6) the United Nations has enacted procedures to ensure compliance with the recommendations of the Inspector General.
- 21 (c) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the 22 term "United Nations operations" includes any program, 23 project or activity conducted or supported, in whole or in 24 part, by the United Nations or any of its specialized agen-

25 cies.

1	SEC. 167. AMERICAN PARTICIPATION IN MANAGEMENT OF
2	UNITED NATIONS.
3	(a) Funds authorized in section 102(a) of this Act for
4	fiscal year 1995 for the assessed contribution of the United
5	States to the United Nations are authorized to be appro-
6	priated only upon a certification by the Secretary of State
7	to the appropriate committees of the Congress that the posi-
8	tion of Under Secretary-General of the United Nations for
9	Administration and Management is being held by a citizen
10	of the United States as of October 1, 1994.
11	(b) Subsection (a) may be waived by the Secretary of
12	State only upon a certification to the appropriate commit-
13	tees of the Congress that—
14	(1) such waiver is in the national interest of the
15	United States, including the reason or reasons it is
16	in our interest; and
17	(2) the Secretary of State has confidence the in-
18	dividual holding the position of Under Secretary-Gen-
19	eral of the United Nations for Administration and
20	Management is committed to efficient management
21	practices and restrained budgets for the United Na-
22	tions.
23	(c) If a waiver and certification is made pursuant to
24	subsection (b), such certification shall include a justifica-
25	tion why a citizen of the United States does not hold said

1	position, since the United States is the largest single con-
2	tributor to the United Nations.
3	(d) It is the sense of the Congress that the position
4	of Under Secretary-General of the United Nations for Ad-
5	ministration and Management should be held by a citizen
6	of the United States.
7	SEC. 168. POLICY WITH RESPECT TO THE ESTABLISHMENT
8	OF AN INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL COURT.
9	(a) Congressional Findings.—Congress finds
10	that—
11	(1) the freedom and security of the international
12	community rests on the sanctity of the rule of law;
13	(2) the international community is increasingly
14	threatened by unlawful acts such as war crimes, geno-
15	cide, aggression, crimes against humanity, terrorism,
16	drug trafficking, money laundering, and other crimes
17	of an international character;
18	(3) the prosecution of individuals suspected of
19	carrying out such acts is often impeded by political
20	and legal obstacles such as amnesties, disputes over
21	extradition, differences in the structure and capabili-
22	ties of national courts, and the lack of uniform guide-
23	lines under which to try such individuals;
24	(4) the war crimes trials held in the aftermath
25	of World War II at Nuremberg, Germany, and Tokyo,

1	Japan, demonstrated that fair and effective prosecu-
2	tion of war criminals could be carried out in an
3	international forum;
4	(5) since its inception in 1945 the United Na-
5	tions has sought to build on the precedent established
6	at the Nuremberg and Tokyo trials by establishing a
7	permanent international criminal court with juris-
8	diction over crimes of an international character;
9	(6) United Nations General Assembly Resolution
10	44/39, adopted on December 4, 1989, called on the
11	International Law Commission to study the feasibil-
12	ity of an international criminal court;
13	(7) in the years after passage of that resolution
14	the International Law Commission has taken a num-
15	ber of steps to advance the debate over such a court,
16	including—
17	(A) the provisional adoption of a draft Code
18	of Crimes Against the Peace and Security of
19	Mankind;
20	(B) the creation of a Working Group on an
21	International Criminal Jurisdiction and the for-
22	mulation by that Working Group of several con-
23	crete proposals for the establishment and oper-
24	ation of an international criminal court; and

1	(C) the determination that an international
2	criminal court along the lines of that suggested
3	by the Working Group is feasible and that the
4	logical next step would be to proceed with the
5	formal drafting of a statute for such a court;
6	(8) United Nations General Assembly Resolution
7	47/33, adopted on November 25, 1992, called on the
8	International Law Commission to begin the process of
9	drafting a statute for an international criminal court
10	at its next session; and
11	(9) given the developments of recent years, the
12	time is propitious for the United States to lend its
13	support to this effort.
14	(b) Sense of the Congress.—It is the sense of the
15	Congress that—
16	(1) the establishment of an international crimi-
17	nal court with jurisdiction over crimes of an inter-
18	national character would greatly strengthen the inter-
19	national rule of law;
20	(2) such a court would thereby serve the interests
21	of the United States and the world community; and
22	(3) the United States delegation should make
23	every effort to advance this proposal at the United
24	Nations.

- 1 (c) Required Report.—Not later than February 1,
- 2 1994, the President shall submit to Congress a detailed re-
- 3 port on developments relating to, and United States efforts
- 4 in support of, the establishment of an international crimi-
- 5 nal court with jurisdiction over crimes of an international
- 6 character.

7 SEC. 169. INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL COURT PARTICIPA-

- 8 **TION.**
- 9 The United States Senate will not consent to the ratifi-
- 10 cation of a treaty providing for United States participation
- 11 in an international criminal court with jurisdiction over
- 12 crimes of an international nature which permits represent-
- 13 atives of any terrorist organization, including but not lim-
- 14 ited to the Palestine Liberation Organization, or citizens,
- 15 nationals or residents of any country listed by the Secretary
- 16 of State under section 6(j) of the Export Administration
- 17 Act of 1979 as having repeatedly provided support for acts
- 18 of international terrorism, to sit in judgement on American
- 19 citizens.
- 20 SEC. 170. PROTECTION OF FIRST AND FOURTH AMEND-
- 21 **MENT RIGHTS.**
- 22 The United States Senate will not consent to the ratifi-
- 23 cation of any Treaty providing for United States participa-
- 24 tion in an international criminal court with jurisdiction
- 25 over crimes of an international character unless American

1	citizens are guaranteed, in the terms establishing such a
2	court, and in the court's operation, that the court will take
3	no action infringing upon or diminishing their rights
4	under the First and Fourth Amendments of the Constitu-
5	tion of the United States, as interpreted by the United
6	States.
7	SEC. 170A. JAPAN AND GERMANY BECOMING PERMANENT
8	MEMBERS OF THE UNITED NATIONS SECU-
9	RITY COUNCIL.
10	(a) The Senate finds that—
11	(1) in the post-Cold War period, the inter-
12	national community expects the United Nations to
13	play a larger role, particularly in peacekeeping oper-
14	ations that may, on occasion, require the use of force
15	against determined aggressors;
16	(2) in the past five years the United Nations has
17	engaged in more peacekeeping operations than in the
18	preceding forty;
19	(3) the Security Council is the United Nations
20	body chiefly responsible for matters of peace and secu-
21	rity;
22	(4) the United Nations structure and the Secu-
23	rity Council's roster of permanent members have re-
24	mained largely unchanged since the United Nations
25	was founded almost half a century ago;

- 1 (5) Japan and Germany, as the world's second 2 and third largest economies, respectively, have at-3 tained levels of global reach and influence equal to or 4 surpassing current permanent members of the Secu-5 rity Council;
 - (6) both Japan and Germany have announced their desire to gain permanent membership in the Security Council;
 - (7) any country accorded permanent membership must be capable of fulfilling the responsibilities of such status, including participation in any United Nations military operations;
 - (8) according permanent membership to nations not capable of carrying out these responsibilities will allow those countries to play a central role in shaping United Nations peacekeeping operations which could endanger the lives of American and other troops, but in which their own forces could play no part;
 - (9) currently, in both Japan and Germany the prevailing view is that each country is prohibited from carrying out all the responsibilities that permanent membership entails and appears reluctant to make the changes necessary to gain those capabilities;

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1	(10) in Japan's case, further reconciliation with
2	its Asian neighbors who suffered during the World
3	War II period is recommended, therefore
4	(b) It is the sense of the Senate that—
5	(1) in principle, the United States should sup-
6	port both Japan and Germany in their wish to gain
7	permanent membership in the United Nations Secu-
8	rity Council; but
9	(2) neither Japan nor Germany should be ad-
10	mitted as permanent members until they are capable
11	of discharging the full range of responsibilities accept-
12	ed by all current permanent members of the Security
13	Council.
14	SEC. 170B. TRANSMITTALS OF UNITED NATIONS DOCU-
	SEC. 170B. TRANSMITTALS OF UNITED NATIONS DOCU- MENTS.
14	
14 15	MENTS.
14 15 16 17	ments. (a) Transmittal to Congress of United Nations
14 15 16 17	MENTS. (a) Transmittal to Congress of United Nations Resolutions and Reports.—Section 4 of the United Na-
14 15 16 17 18	MENTS. (a) Transmittal to Congress of United Nations Resolutions and Reports.—Section 4 of the United Nations tions Participation Act of 1945 (22 U.S.C. 287b), as
14 15 16 17 18	MENTS. (a) Transmittal to Congress of United Nations Resolutions and Reports.—Section 4 of the United Nations Participation Act of 1945 (22 U.S.C. 287b), as amended by subsection (a), is further amended by adding at the end the following:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	MENTS. (a) Transmittal to Congress of United Nations Resolutions and Reports.—Section 4 of the United Nations Participation Act of 1945 (22 U.S.C. 287b), as amended by subsection (a), is further amended by adding at the end the following:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Transmittal to Congress of United Nations Resolutions and Reports.—Section 4 of the United Nations Participation Act of 1945 (22 U.S.C. 287b), as amended by subsection (a), is further amended by adding at the end the following: "(c)(1) Not later than 72 hours after adoption by the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	(a) Transmittal to Congress of United Nations Resolutions and Reports.—Section 4 of the United Nations Participation Act of 1945 (22 U.S.C. 287b), as amended by subsection (a), is further amended by adding at the end the following: "(c)(1) Not later than 72 hours after adoption by the Security Council of a resolution authorizing United National Congression (a) and the security Council of a resolution authorizing United National Congression (b) Transmitted National Congression (a) Transmitted National Congression (b) Transmitted National Congression (a) Transmitted National Congression (b) Transmitted National Congression (c) Transmitted National Congression (a) Transmitted National Congression (b) Transmitted National Congression (c) Transm

- 1 authorized United Nations peacekeeping activity or other
- 2 action) which would involve the use of United States Armed
- 3 Forces or the expenditure of United States funds, the Per-
- 4 manent Representative shall transmit the text of such reso-
- 5 lution and any supporting documentation to the appro-
- 6 priate congressional committees.
- 7 "(2) The Permanent Representative shall promptly
- 8 transmit to the appropriate congressional committees any
- 9 report prepared by the United Nations distributed to the
- 10 members of Security Council assessments of any proposed,
- 11 ongoing, or concluded United Nations peacekeeping activ-
- 12 ity.".
- 13 (b) Definitions.—The United Nations Participation
- 14 Act of 1945 (22 U.S.C. 287 et seq.) is amended by adding
- 15 at the end the following new section:
- 16 "Sec. 10. For purposes of this Act—
- 17 *"(1) the term 'appropriate congressional commit-*
- 18 tees' means the Committee on Appropriations, the
- 19 Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on
- 20 Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on
- 21 Appropriations, the Committee on Armed Services,
- and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House
- 23 of Representatives;
- 24 "(2) the term 'Permanent Representative' means
- 25 the Permanent Representative of the United States to

1	the United Nations appointed by the President pursu-
2	ant to section 2 of this Act; and
3	"(3) the term 'United Nations peacekeeping ac-
4	tivities' means any international peacekeeping, peace-
5	making, peace-enforcing, or similar activity involving
6	the use of nationals of member countries of the United
7	Nations that is authorized by the Security Council
8	under chapter VI or VII of the United Nations Char-
9	ter.''.
10	SEC. 170C. LIMITATIONS ON UNITED STATES FUNDING OF
11	UNITED NATIONS PEACEKEEPING ACTIVI-
12	TIES.
13	(a) It is the sense of the Senate that beginning October
14	1, 1995, funds made available to the Department of Defense
15	(including funds for "Operation and Maintenance") shall
16	be available for—
17	(1) United States assessed or voluntary contribu-
18	tions for United Nations peacekeeping activities, or
19	(2) the unreimbursable incremental costs associ-
20	ated with the participation of United States Armed
21	Forces in United Nations peacekeeping activities un-
22	less such activities are necessary to protect American
23	lives or United States national interests,
24	only to the extent that the Congress has authorized, appro-
	offy to the externe that the congress has authorized, appro-

1	(b) Assessed Contributions for United Nations
2	Peacekeeping Activities.—
3	(1) Reassessment of contribution percent-
4	AGES.—The Permanent Representative should make
5	every effort to ensure that the United Nations com-
6	pletes an overall review and reassessment of each na-
7	tion's assessed contributions for United Nations
8	peacekeeping activities. As part of the overall review
9	and assessment, the Permanent Representative should
10	make every effort to advance the concept that host
11	governments and other governments in the region
12	where a United Nations peacekeeping activity is car-
13	ried out should bear a greater burden of its financial
14	cost.
15	(2) United states contributions.—(A) The
16	Permanent Representative should make every effort to
17	obtain agreement by the United Nations to a United
18	States assessed contribution for United Nations peace-
19	keeping activities that is no greater a percentage of
20	such contributions by all countries than the United
21	States percentage share of assessed contributions for
22	other United Nations activities.
23	(B) The Congress declares that, effective for fiscal
24	year 1996, it does not intend to make available funds
25	for payment of United States assessed or voluntary

- 1 contributions for United Nations peacekeeping activi-
- 2 ties that exceed 25 percent of the total amount of the
- 3 assessed and voluntary contributions of all countries
- 4 for such activities unless, after the date of enactment
- 5 of this Act, the Congress enacts a statute specifically
- 6 authorizing a greater percentage contribution.
- 7 (C) The Permanent Representative shall inform
- 8 the Secretary General of the congressional intent ex-
- 9 pressed in paragraph (2).
- 10 (c) United States Contributions to United Na-
- 11 TIONS PEACEKEEPING ACTIVITIES.—Section 4 of the Unit-
- 12 ed Nations Participation Act of 1945 (22 U.S.C. 287b) is
- 13 amended—
- (1) by inserting "(a)" before "The President";
- 15 and
- 16 (2) by adding at the end the following:
- 17 "(b)(1) The President shall, at the time of submission
- 18 of his annual budget request to the Congress, submit a re-
- 19 port to the Congress on the anticipated budget for the fiscal
- 20 year for United States participation in United Nations
- 21 peacekeeping activities.
- 22 "(2) The report required by paragraph (1) shall
- 23 state—
- 24 "(A) the aggregate amount of funds available to
- 25 the United Nations for that fiscal year, including as-

sessed and voluntary contributions, which may be 1 2 made available for United Nations peacekeeping activities: and 3 "(B) the aggregate amount of funds (from all accounts) and the aggregate costs of in-kind contribu-5 tions that the United States proposes to make avail-6 7 able to the United Nations for that fiscal year for United Nations peacekeeping activities. 8 "(3) The President shall include in his budget submis-9 sion for fiscal year 1996 a projection of all United States 10 costs for United Nations peacekeeping activities during each 11 of fiscal years 1996, 1997, and 1998, including costs of inkind contributions and assessed and voluntary contributions.". 14 15 (d) Definitions.— (1) AMENDMENT.—The United Nations Partici-16 17 pation Act of 1945 (22 U.S.C. 287 et seq.) is amended 18 by adding at the end the following new section: 19 "Sec. 10. For purposes of this Act— 20 "(1) the term 'appropriate congressional committees' means the Committee on Appropriations, the 21 22 Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on 23 Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on 24 Appropriations, the Committee on Armed Services,

1	and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House
2	of Representatives; and
3	"(2) the term 'Permanent Representative' means
4	the Permanent Representative of the United States to
5	the United Nations appointed by the President pursu-
6	ant to section 2 of this Act.
7	SEC. 170D. UNITED NATIONS PEACEKEEPING BUDGETARY
8	AND MANAGEMENT REFORM.
9	(a) Withholding of Contributions for United
10	Nations Peacekeeping.—(1) At the beginning of each fis-
11	cal year (beginning with fiscal year 1995), 20 percent of
12	the amounts of funds made available for United States as-
13	sessed contributions for United Nations peacekeeping activi-
14	ties shall be withheld from obligation and expenditure un-
15	less a certification has been made under subsection (b).
16	(2) For each fiscal year (beginning with fiscal year
17	1995), the United States may not pay any voluntary con-
18	tribution for international peacekeeping activities unless a
19	certification has been made under subsection (b).
20	(b) Certification.—The certification referred to in
21	subsection (a) is a certification by the President to the Con-
22	gress that—
23	(1) the United Nations has established an inde-
24	pendent and objective Office of Inspector General to
25	conduct and supervise audits, inspections, and inves-

1	tigations relating to the United Nations peacekeeping
2	activities carried out by the United Nations;
3	(2) the Secretary General of the United Nations
4	has appointed an Inspector General, with the consent
5	of the General Assembly, solely the basis of integrity
6	and demonstrated ability in accounting, auditing, fi-
7	nancial analysis, law, management analysis, public
8	administration, or investigations;
9	(3) the United Nations Office of Inspector Gen-
10	eral is authorized to—
11	(A) make investigations and reports relat-
12	ing to the administration of the United Nations
13	peacekeeping activities carried out by the United
14	Nations;
15	(B) have access to all records and docu-
16	ments or other material available which relate to
17	those activities; and
18	(C) have direct and prompt access to rel-
19	evant officials of the United Nations, including
20	any official of the United Nations Secretariat;
21	(4) the United Nations Office of Inspector Gen-
22	eral is keeping the Secretary General and the mem-
23	bers of the Security Council fully informed about
24	problems, deficiencies, and the necessity for, and
25	progress of corrective action:

(5) the United Nations has established measures 1 2 to protect the identity of, and to prevent reprisals 3 against, any staff member making a complaint or disclosing information to, or cooperating in any investigation or inspection by the Office of the Inspector 5 General: and 6 7 (6) the United Nations has enacted procedures to compliance with Inspector General rec-8 ensure 9 ommendations. (c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section— 10 (1) the term "appropriate congressional commit-11 tees" means the Committee on Appropriations, the 12 Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on 13 14 Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on Armed Services, 15 and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House 16 17 of Representatives; and 18 (2) the term "Permanent Representative" means 19 the Permanent Representative of the United States to

the United Nations appointed by the President pursu-

ant to section 2 of this Act.

20

1	SEC. 170E.	REPORTING REQUIREMENTS INVOLVING MULTI-
2		LATERAL PEACEKEEPING ACTIVITIES.
3	(a) l	Jnited States Personnel Taken Prisoner
4	While S	Serving in Multilateral Peacekeeping
5	Forces.—	_
6		(1) Findings.—The Congress finds that—
7		(A) until recent years United States mili-
8	i	tary personnel rarely served as part of multilat-
9	(eral forces under the United Nations or regional
10	-	international organizations;
11		(B) despite infrequent service as part of
12	ز	multilateral forces, United States personnel, such
13	•	as Colonel William Higgins in Lebanon, have
14		been captured, tortured, and murdered;
15		(C) in recent years, United States military
16	Î	personnel have served much more frequently as
17	Î	part of multilateral forces;
18		(D) the capture and torture of Chief War-
19		rant Officer Michael Durant in Somalia in Oc-
20		tober 1993 was a horrendous and recent example
21	(of the risk to United States personnel in multi-
22		lateral forces;
23		(E) continued multilateral service increases
24	ï	the probability that United States military per-
25	Å	sonnel will be captured, and subject to mistreat-
26		ment;

1	(F) United States military personnel cap-
2	tured while serving as part of multilateral forces
3	have not been treated as prisoners of war under
4	the 1949 Geneva Conventions and other inter-
5	national agreements intended to protect pris-
6	oners of war; and
7	(G) failure of United States military per-
8	sonnel serving as part of a multilateral force to
9	receive protection under international law in-
10	creases the risk to personnel while serving in
11	multinational forces.
12	(2) Policy.—It is the sense of the Congress
13	that—
14	(A) the President should take immediate
15	steps, unilaterally and in appropriate inter-
16	
	national bodies, to assure that any United States
17	national bodies, to assure that any United States military personnel serving as part of a multilat-
17 18	·
	military personnel serving as part of a multilat-
18	military personnel serving as part of a multilateral force who are captured are accorded the pro-
18 19	military personnel serving as part of a multilat- eral force who are captured are accorded the pro- tection accorded to prisoners of war; and
18 19 20	military personnel serving as part of a multilateral force who are captured are accorded the protection accorded to prisoners of war; and (B) the President should also take all nec-
18 19 20 21	military personnel serving as part of a multilateral force who are captured are accorded the protection accorded to prisoners of war; and (B) the President should also take all necessary steps to bring to justice all individuals re-

1	(3) Report.—Each report submitted pursuant
2	to section 169 of this Act shall include a separate sec-
3	tion setting forth—
4	(A) the status under international law of
5	members of multilateral peacekeeping forces, in-
6	cluding the legal status of such personnel if cap-
7	tured, missing, or detained,
8	(B) the extent of the risk for United States
9	military personnel who are captured while par-
10	ticipating in multinational peacekeeping forces
11	in cases where their captors fail to respect the
12	1949 Geneva Conventions and other inter-
13	national agreements intended to protect pris-
14	oners of war, and
15	(C) the specific steps that have been taken
16	to protect United States military personnel par-
17	ticipating in multinational peacekeeping forces,
18	together (if necessary) with any recommenda-
19	tions for the enactment of legislation to achieve
20	that objective.
21	(b) Human Rights Observance in United Nations
22	Peacekeeping Activities.—Section 169 of this Act is
23	amended to include the following at the end:
24	"(5) a description of respect for internationally
25	recognized human rights in countries or territories

- 1 where a United Nations peacekeeping activity has
- 2 taken place during the preceding year by United Na-
- 3 tions forces including a description of United Na-
- 4 tions' efforts to investigate and take appropriate ac-
- 5 tion in cases of alleged human rights violations.".

6 Subpart B—Other International Organizations

7 SEC. 171. INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY AND WATER COMMIS-

- 8 SION.
- 9 (a) AUTHORIZATION TO RECEIVE PAYMENTS.—Sec-
- 10 tion 2 of the American-Mexican Chamizal Convention Act
- 11 of 1964 (22 U.S.C. 277d-18) is amended—
- 12 (1) by inserting "(a)" before "The"; and
- 13 (2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
- 14 sections:
- 15 "(b) The United States Commissioner is authorized to
- 16 receive funds from public or private sources in the United
- 17 States or Mexico for the purpose of sharing in the cost of
- 18 replacement of the Bridge of the Americas, which crosses
- 19 the Rio Grande between El Paso, Texas, and Ciudad
- 20 Juarez, Chihuahua. Notwithstanding any other provision
- 21 of law, such payments of money shall be credited to any
- 22 appropriation to the Commission which is currently avail-
- 23 able. Funds received under this subsection shall be available
- 24 only for the replacement of such bridge.

- 1 "(c) The authority of subsection (b) may be exercised
- 2 only to the extent or in such amounts as are provided in
- 3 advance in appropriation Acts.".
- 4 (b) Expenditures for Water Pollution Prob-
- 5 LEMS.—Title I of the Act of June 20, 1956 (70 Stat. 302;
- 6 22 U.S.C. 277d-12), is amended in the fourth undesignated
- 7 paragraph under the heading ''INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY
- 8 AND WATER COMMISSION, UNITED STATES AND MEXICO" by
- 9 striking "Tijuana Rivers," and all that follows before the
- 10 period and inserting "Tijuana Rivers, or other streams
- 11 running across or near the boundary, and for taking emer-
- 12 gency actions to protect against health-threatening surface
- 13 and ground water pollution problems along the United
- 14 States-Mexico boundary".
- 15 (c) Falcon and Amistad Dams Maintenance
- 16 Fund.—Section 2 of the Act of June 18, 1954 (68 Stat.
- 17 255), as amended by the Act of December 23, 1963 (77 Stat.
- 18 475), is further amended to read as follows:
- 19 "Sec. 2. (a) There is created within the Treasury of
- 20 the United States a separate fund, which shall be known
- 21 as the 'Falcon and Amistad Operating and Maintenance
- 22 Fund' (in this section referred to as the 'Maintenance
- 23 Fund'). The Maintenance Fund shall be administered by
- 24 the Administrator of the Western Area Power Administra-
- 25 tion for use by the Commissioner of the United States Sec-

- 1 tion of the International Boundary and Water Commission
- $2\,$ to defray the operation, maintenance, and emergency costs
- 3 of the hydroelectric facilities at the Falcon and Amistad
- 4 dams.
- 5 "(b) All revenues collected in connection with the dis-
- 6 position of electric power generated at the Falcon and
- 7 Amistad dams, except those revenues paid pursuant to sub-
- 8 section (d) to the general fund of the Treasury of the United
- 9 States, shall be credited to the Maintenance Fund and shall
- 10 remain available until expended for defraying the oper-
- 11 ation, maintenance, and emergency costs of the hydro-
- 12 electric facilities at the dams.
- 13 "(c) The authority of subsection (b) may be exercised
- 14 only to the extent or in such amounts as are provided in
- 15 advance in appropriation Acts.
- 16 "(d) Revenues in the Maintenance Fund in excess of
- 17 the operation, maintenance, and emergency needs shall be
- 18 paid annually to the general fund of the Treasury of the
- 19 United States to return the costs of replacements and the
- 20 original investments, with interest.
- 21 "(e) All funds received from the Government of Mexico
- 22 for any energy which might be delivered to that Government
- 23 by the United States Section of the International Boundary
- 24 and Water Commission pursuant to any special agreement
- 25 concluded in accordance with Article 19 of the treaty of Feb-

- 1 ruary 3, 1944, between the United States and Mexico (Trea-
- 2 ty Series 994) shall be credited to the General Fund of the
- 3 Treasury of the United States.".
- 4 SEC. 172. UNITED STATES MEMBERSHIP IN THE ASIAN-PA-
- 5 CIFIC ECONOMIC COOPERATION ORGANIZA-
- 6 **TION**.
- 7 (a) United States Membership.—The President is
- 8 authorized to maintain membership of the United States
- 9 in the Asian-Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC).
- 10 (b) Payment of Assessed Contributions.—For fis-
- 11 cal year 1994 and for each fiscal year thereafter, the United
- 12 States assessed contributions to APEC may be paid from
- 13 funds appropriated for "Contributions to International Or-
- 14 ganizations".
- 15 SEC. 173. EXTENSION OF THE INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZA-
- 16 TIONS IMMUNITIES ACT TO THE INTER-
- 17 NATIONAL UNION FOR CONSERVATION OF
- 18 NATURE AND NATURAL RESOURCES.
- 19 The International Organizations Immunities Act (22
- 20 U.S.C. 288 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the
- 21 following new section:
- 22 "Sec. 14. The International Union for Conservation
- 23 of Nature and Natural Resources shall be considered to be
- 24 an international organization for the purposes of this title
- 25 and may be extended the provisions of this title in the same

- 1 manner, to the same extent, and subject to the same condi-
- 2 tions, as such provisions may be extended to a public inter-
- 3 national organization in which the United States partici-
- 4 pates pursuant to any treaty or under the authority of any
- 5 Act of Congress authorizing such participation or making
- 6 an appropriation for such participation.".

7 SEC. 174. INTER-AMERICAN ORGANIZATIONS.

- 8 (a) Finding.—The Congress finds that the work done
- 9 by the Inter-American organizations has been of great bene-
- 10 fit to the Hemisphere, and the United States itself has expe-
- 11 rienced a positive return from their efforts.
- 12 (b) Policy.—Taking into consideration the long-term
- 13 commitment by the United States to the affairs of this
- 14 Hemisphere and the need to build further upon the linkages
- 15 between the United States and its neighbors, it is the sense
- 16 of the Congress that the Secretary of State, in allocating
- 17 the level of resources for international organizations, should
- 18 pay particular attention to funding levels of the Inter-
- 19 American organizations.
- 20 SEC. 175. PROHIBITION ON CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE INTER-
- 21 **NATIONAL COFFEE ORGANIZATION.**
- None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this
- 23 Act or any other Act may be used to fund any United States
- 24 contribution to the International Coffee Organization.

1	SEC. 176. PROHIBITION ON CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE INTER-
2	NATIONAL JUTE ORGANIZATION.
3	None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this
4	Act or any other Act may be used to fund any United States
5	contribution to the International Jute Organization.
6	PART F—OTHER STATE DEPARTMENT-RELATED
7	PROVISIONS
8	SEC. 181. MIGRATION AND REFUGEE AMENDMENTS.
9	(a) Migration and Refugee Assistance Act
0	AMENDMENTS.—Section 2 of the Migration and Refugee As-
1	sistance Act of 1962 (22 U.S.C. 2601) is amended—
2	(1) by striking "the Intergovernmental Commit-
3	tee for European Migration'' each place it appears
4	and inserting "the International Organization for
5	Migration'';
6	(2) in subsection (a)—
7	(A) by striking 'the Committee'' and insert-
8	ing "the Organization" each place it appears,
9	and
20	(B) in the first sentence, by inserting before
21	the period ", as amended in Geneva, Switzer-
22	land, on May 20, 1987''; and
23	(3) in subsection (c)(2), by striking
24	"\$50,000,000" and inserting "\$100,000,000".
25	(b) Repeal.—Section 745 of Public Law 100-204 (22
26	U.S.C. 2601 note) is repealed.

1	SEC. 182. UNITED STATES POLICY CONCERNING OVERSEAS
2	ASSISTANCE TO REFUGEES AND DISPLACED
3	PERSONS.
4	(a) Standards for Refugee Women and Chil-
5	DREN.—The United States Government, in providing for
6	overseas assistance and protection of refugees and displaced
7	persons, should seek to address the protection and provision
8	of basic needs of refugee women and children who represent
9	80 percent of the world's refugee population. As called for
10	in the 1991 United Nations High Commissioner for Refu-
11	gees (UNHCR) "Guidelines on the Protection of Refugee
12	Women," whether directly, or through international organi-
13	zations, the Secretary of State should seek to ensure—
14	(1) specific attention on the part of the United
15	Nations and relief organizations to recruit and em-
16	ploy female protection officers;
17	(2) implementation of gender awareness training
18	and field staffing including, but not limited to, secu-
19	rity personnel;
20	(3) the protection of refugee women and children
21	from violence and other abuses on the part of govern-
22	ments or insurgent groups;
23	(4) full involvement of women refugees in the
24	planning and implementation of—
25	(A) the delivery of services and assistance;
26	and

1	(B) the repatriation process;
2	(5) incorporation of maternal and child health
3	needs into refugee health services and education, spe-
4	cifically to include education on and access to services
5	in reproductive health and birth spacing;
6	(6) the availability of counseling and other serv-
7	ices, grievance processes, and protective services to
8	victims of violence and abuse, including but not lim-
9	ited to rape and domestic violence;
10	(7) the provision of educational programs, par-
11	ticularly literacy and numeracy, vocational and in-
12	come generation skills training, and other training ef-
13	forts promoting self sufficiency for refugee women,
14	with special emphasis on women heads of household;
15	(8) education for all refugee children, ensuring
16	equal access for girls, and special services and family
17	tracing for unaccompanied refugee minors;
18	(9) the collection of data that clearly enumerate
19	age and gender so that appropriate health, education,
20	and assistance programs can be planned;
21	(10) the recruitment, hiring, and training of
22	more women program professionals in the inter-
23	national humanitarian field; and
24	(11) gender awareness training for program staff
25	of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refu-

1	gees (UNHCR) and nongovernmental voluntary orga-
2	nizations on implementation of the 1991 UNHCR
3	"Guidelines on the Protection of Refugee Women".
4	(b) Procedures.—The Secretary of State should
5	adopt specific procedures to ensure that all recipients of
6	United States Government refugee and migration assistance
7	funds implement the standards outlined in subsection (a).
8	(c) Requirements for Refugee and Migration
9	Assistance.—The Secretary of State, in providing migra-
10	tion and refugee assistance, should support the protection
11	efforts set forth under this section by raising at the highest
12	levels of Government the issue of abuses against refugee
13	women and children by governments and insurgent groups
14	that engage in, permit, or condone—
15	(1) a pattern of gross violations of internation-
16	ally recognized human rights, such as torture or cruel,
17	inhumane, or degrading treatment or punishment,
18	prolonged detention without charges, or other flagrant
19	denial to life, liberty, and the security of persons;
20	(2) the blockage of humanitarian relief assist-
21	ance;
22	(3) gender-specific persecution such as systematic
23	individual or mass rape, forced pregnancy, forced
24	abortion, enforced prostitution, any form of indecent

- 1 assault or act of violence against refugee women,
- 2 girls, and children; or
- 3 (4) continuing violations of the integrity of the
- 4 person against refugee women and children on the
- 5 part of armed insurgents, local security forces, or
- 6 camp guards.
- 7 (d) Investigation of Reports.—Upon receipt of
- 8 credible reports of abuses under subsection (c), the Secretary
- 9 of State should immediately investigate such reports
- 10 through emergency factfinding missions or other means of
- 11 investigating such reports and help identify appropriate re-
- 12 medial measures.
- 13 (e) Multilateral Implementation of the 1991
- 14 UNHCR "GUIDELINES ON THE PROTECTION OF REFUGEE
- 15 Women".—The Secretary of State should work to ensure
- 16 that multilateral organizations fully incorporate the needs
- 17 of refugee women and children into all elements of refugee
- 18 assistance programs and work to encourage other govern-
- 19 ments that provide refugee assistance to adopt refugee as-
- 20 sistance policies designed to encourage full implementation
- 21 of the UNHCR's "Guidelines on the Protection of Refugee
- 22 Women".

1 SEC. 183. INTERPARLIAMENTARY EXCHANGES.

- 2 (a) Mexico-United States Interparliamentary
- 3 Group.—Section 2 of the Act of April 9, 1960 (22 U.S.C.
- 4 *276i*) is amended—
- 5 (1) by striking "\$100,000" and inserting
- 6 ''\$80,000''; and
- 7 (2) by striking "\$50,000" both places it appears
- 8 *and inserting "\$40,000".*
- 9 (b) Canada-United States Interparliamentary
- 10 Group.—Section 2 of the Act of June 11, 1959 (22 U.S.C.
- 11 *276e*) is amended—
- 12 (1) by striking "\$50,000" and inserting
- 13 *"\$70,000"; and*
- 14 (2) by striking "\$25,000" both places it appears
- 15 and inserting "\$35,000".
- 16 (c) Deposit of Funds in Interest-Bearing Ac-
- 17 COUNTS.—Funds appropriated and disbursed pursuant to
- 18 section 303 of the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and
- 19 State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriation
- 20 Act, 1988 (as added by section 101(a) of Public Law 100-
- 21 202) (101 Stat. 1329–23; 22 U.S.C. 276 note) are author-
- 22 ized to be deposited in interest-bearing accounts and any
- 23 interest which accrues shall be deposited, periodically, in
- 24 the miscellaneous receipts account of the Treasury.

1	SEC. 184. REPORT ON TERRORIST ASSETS IN THE UNITED
2	STATES.
3	(a) In General.—Section 140(a) of the Foreign Rela-
4	tions Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1988 and 1989 (22
5	U.S.C. 2656f(a)) is amended—
6	(1) in paragraph (1), by redesignating subpara-
7	graphs (A) and (B) as clauses (i) and (ii), respec-
8	tively;
9	(2) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as
10	subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively;
11	(3) by inserting "(1)" immediately after "TER-
12	RORISM.—";
13	(4) by striking ''and'' at the end of subpara-
14	graph (A);
15	(5) by striking the period at the end of subpara-
16	graph (B) and inserting "; and"; and
17	(6) by adding at the end the following:
18	"(C) the nature and extent of assets held in
19	the United States on behalf of foreign countries
20	and groups responsible for the acts described in
21	subparagraphs (A) and (B).
22	"(2) In reporting on the information required by
23	paragraph (1)(C), the Secretary of State shall consult
24	with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Attorney Gen-
25	eral and such other heads of relevant departments

1	and agencies of the United States as may be nec-
2	essary.''.
3	(b) Conforming Amendments.—Section 140(b) of
4	such Act is amended—
5	(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "subsection
6	(a)(1)" and inserting "subsection (a)(1)(A)"; and
7	(2) in paragraph (2), by striking "subsection
8	(a)(1)" and inserting "subsection (a)(1)(B)".
9	SEC. 185. COORDINATION OF COUNTERTERRORISM ACTIVITY
10	TIES.
11	(a) Findings.—It is the sense of the Congress that—
12	(1) international terrorism continues to be a se-
13	rious threat to the peace and security of democratic
14	nations, the United States included;
15	(2) international terrorist acts against the Unit-
16	ed States or its people can only be combatted through
17	a vigorous coordination of efforts on the part of re-
18	sponsible United States Federal agencies; and
19	(3) United States citizens have continued to be
20	targets of terrorism both at home and abroad.
21	(b) Coordination.—The Congress strongly urges the
22	Secretary of State to take steps to ensure that coordination
23	of counterterrorism activities occupies a high priority with-
24	in the Department of State by a demonstrated dedication

- 1 to the assignment of both personnel and resources to the
- 2 issue of counterterrorism.
- 3 SEC. 186. FACILITATING ACCESS TO THE DEPARTMENT OF
- 4 STATE BUILDING.
- 5 (a) Procedures To Facilitate Access.—The Of-
- 6 fice of Diplomatic Security shall establish procedures to en-
- 7 sure that the members and staff of the congressional com-
- 8 mittees of jurisdiction are granted easy access to the De-
- 9 partment of State in the conduct of their duties. Such proce-
- 10 dures shall enable an individual employed by any such
- 11 committee to be granted immediate access to the Depart-
- 12 ment of State building upon the presentation of a valid
- 13 United States Senate or House of Representatives identi-
- 14 fication card, if such individual's name appears on a list
- 15 of staff members provided in advance in writing to the Of-
- 16 fice of Diplomatic Security by the chairman and ranking
- 17 member of the committee employing such staff. A copy of
- 18 such list shall be made available to the reception desk at
- 19 the Department of State.
- 20 (b) Parking Permits.—The Office of Diplomatic Se-
- 21 curity shall also make available a reasonable number of
- 22 parking permits to each committee in order to facilitate at-
- 23 tendance of meetings at the Department of State.
- 24 (c) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the
- 25 term "congressional committees of jurisdiction" means the

1	Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Ap-
2	propriations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign
3	Affairs and the Committee on Appropriations of the House
4	of Representatives.
5	SEC. 187. RECORD OF PLACE OF BIRTH FOR TAIWANESE-
6	AMERICANS.
7	For purposes of the registration of birth or certifi-
8	cation of nationality of a United States citizen born in Tai-
9	wan, the Secretary of State shall permit the place of birth
10	to be recorded as Taiwan.
11	SEC. 188. REPEAL OF REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.
12	The following provisions of law are hereby repealed:
13	(1) Section 37(d) of the State Department Basic
14	Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2709), relating to
15	firearms regulations for special agents.
16	(2) Section 214(c) of the State Department Basic
17	Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 4314), relating to
18	extraordinary protective services to foreign missions.
19	(3) Section 216(d) of the State Department
20	Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 4316(d)), re-
21	lating to application of travel restrictions to person-
22	nel of certain countries and organizations.
23	(4) Section 108 of the Foreign Relations Author-
24	ization Act, Fiscal Year 1978 (22 U.S.C. 2151n-1),
25	relating to Americans incarcerated abroad.

1	(5) Section 512(b)(2) of the Foreign Relations
2	Authorization Act, Fiscal Year 1978 (22 U.S.C.
3	2428a(b)), relating to withdrawal of United States
4	troops from Korea.
5	(6) Section 412(b) of the Foreign Service Act of
6	1980 (22 U.S.C. 3972(b)), relating to special differen-
7	tials for Foreign Service officers.
8	(7) The second sentence of section 2207(c) of the
9	Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4171(c)), re-
10	lating to foreign language competence requirements:
11	exceptions.
12	(8) The second sentence of section 103(b) of the
13	Department of State Authorization Act, Fiscal Years
14	1982 and 1983 (22 U.S.C. 2656 note), relating to sta-
15	tus of certain consulates to be reopened.
16	(9) Section 9 of the Radio Broadcasting to Cuba
17	Act (22 U.S.C. 1465g), relating to evaluation of Cuba
18	service programming.
19	(10) Section 130(c) of the Department of State
20	Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985 (22
21	U.S.C. 3982 note), relating to merger of Foreign Serv-
22	ice Information Corps into the Foreign Service Corps.
23	(11) Section 207(b) of the Department of State
24	Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1984 and 1985 (22
25	U.S.C. 2460 note), relating to foreign travel financed

1	from the United States Information Agency's private
2	sector program.
3	(12) Section 120(d) of the Foreign Relations Au-
4	thorization Act, Fiscal Years 1986 and 1987 (Public
5	Law 99–93), relating to Foreign Service associates
6	pilot project.
7	(13) Section 611 of the Foreign Relations Au-
8	thorization Act, Fiscal Years 1986 and 1987 (22
9	U.S.C. 4711), relating to United States scholarship
10	program for developing countries.
11	(14) Section 812(c) of the Foreign Relations Au-
12	thorization Act, Fiscal Years 1986 and 1987 (Public
13	Law 99–93), relating to Japan's fulfillment of its
14	common defense commitments.
15	(15) Section 153(d) of the Foreign Relations Au-
16	thorization Act, Fiscal Years 1988 and 1989 (22
17	U.S.C. 4301 note; Public Law 100–204), relating to
18	United States-Soviet reciprocity in matters relating
19	to embassies.
20	(16) Section 701(b) of the Foreign Relations Au-
21	thorization Act, Fiscal Years 1988 and 1989 (22
22	U.S.C. 287e note; Public Law 100–204), relating to
23	status of secondment within the United Nations.
24	(17) Section 804(b) of the Foreign Relations Au-
25	thorization Act. Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (Public

1	Law 101–246), relating to compliance with commit-
2	ments by the Palestine Liberation Organization.
3	(18) Section 1(5) of the joint resolution entitled
4	"Joint resolution relating to NASA and the Inter-
5	national Space Year'', approved July 31, 1990 (Pub-
6	lic Law 101–339), relating to the international space
7	year—1992.
8	(19) Section 232 of the Conventional Forces in
9	Europe Treaty Implementation Act of 1991 (Public
10	Law 102–228), relating to activities to reduce Soviet
11	military threat.
12	(20) Section 401(c) of the Conventional Forces in
13	Europe Treaty Implementation Act of 1991 (22
14	U.S.C. 2551 note), relating to the Arms Control and
15	Disarmament Agency's revitalization report.
16	SEC. 189. SENSE OF THE SENATE.
17	It is the sense of the Senate that—
18	(1) there is a growing concern among some of the
19	Members of this body that the unlimited terms of Of-
20	fice of Inspectors General in Federal agencies may be
21	undesirable, therefore
22	(2) the issue of amending the Inspector General
23	Act to establish term limits for Inspectors General
24	should be examined and considered as soon as possible
25	by the appropriate committees of jurisdiction.

SEC. 190. VALUE OF CONTRACTED GOODS AND SERVICES.

- 2 (a) The United Nations is increasingly contracting out
- 3 to the private sector various aspects of its peacekeeping op-
- 4 erations. The Permanent Representative of the United
- 5 States to the United Nations should make every effort to
- 6 ensure that United States contractors are awarded an ap-
- 7 propriate portion of these contracts commensurate with the
- 8 overall contribution of the United States to United Nations
- 9 peacekeeping.
- 10 (b) The Permanent Representative shall report to the
- 11 Congress in writing annually setting forth the dollar value
- 12 and percentage of total peacekeeping contracts that have
- 13 been awarded to United States contractors during the pre-
- 14 vious year, beginning twelve months after the date of enact-
- 15 ment of this Act.

16 SEC. 191. BUDGET JUSTIFICATION FOR SECURITY COSTS.

- 17 Beginning ninety days after the enactment of this Act,
- 18 and annually thereafter on the day the budget of the United
- 19 States is submitted to the Congress, the Secretary of State
- 20 shall submit to the Congress a detailed budget justification
- 21 on the costs to provide security and protection to the Sec-
- 22 retary of State both domestically and internationally. Such
- 23 justification shall include the number of full-time perma-
- 24 nent personnel assigned to Secretarial protection, the cost
- 25 of salaries, overtime, per diem, travel, equipment and vehi-
- 26 cles for carrying out such protective activities.

1	TITLE II—UNITED STATES IN-
2	FORMATIONAL, EDUCA-
3	TIONAL, AND CULTURAL PRO-
4	GRAMS
5	PART A—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS
6	SEC. 201. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
7	(a) In General.—The following amounts are author-
8	ized to be appropriated to carry out international informa-
9	tion activities, and educational and cultural exchange pro-
10	grams under the United States Information and Edu-
11	cational Exchange Act of 1948, the Mutual Educational
12	and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961, Reorganization Plan
13	Number 2 of 1977, the Radio Broadcasting to Cuba Act,
14	the Television Broadcasting to Cuba Act, the Board for
15	International Broadcasting Act, the Inspector General Act
16	of 1978, the National Endowment for Democracy Act, and
17	to carry out other authorities in law consistent with such
18	purposes:
19	(1) Salaries and expenses.—For "Salaries
20	and Expenses" for the United States Information
21	Agency, \$478,854,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and
22	\$478,854,000 for the fiscal year 1995.
23	(2) Educational and cultural exchange
24	PROGRAMS.—

1	(A) Fulbright academic exchange pro-
2	GRAMS.—For the "Fulbright Academic Exchange
3	Programs'', \$141,043,000 for the fiscal year 1994
4	and \$141,043,000 for the fiscal year 1995.
5	(B) Other existing programs.—For
6	"Hubert H. Humphrey Fellowship Program",
7	"Edmund S. Muskie Fellowship Program",
8	"International Visitors Program", "Israeli-Arab
9	Scholarship Program'', "Mike Mansfield Fellow-
10	ship Program'', "Claude and Mildred Pepper
11	Scholarship Program of the Washington Work-
12	shops Foundation'', "Citizen Exchange Pro-
13	grams'', ''Congress-Bundestag Exchange Pro-
14	gram", "Newly Independent States and Eastern
15	Europe Training'', ''Institute for Representative
16	Government", "Freedom Support Act Secondary
17	School Exchanges'', and "Arts America",
18	\$105,879,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and
19	\$105,879,000 for the fiscal year 1995.
20	(C) New programs.—
21	(i) GOODWILL GAMES.—For the Good-
22	will Games, \$1,000,000 for the fiscal year
23	1994.
24	(ii) East timor.—For scholarships for
25	East Timorese students established by sec-

1	tion 222, \$150,000 for the fiscal year 1994
2	and \$150,000 for the fiscal year 1995.
3	(iii) Cambodia.—For scholarships for
4	Cambodians established by section 223,
5	\$500,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and
6	\$500,000 for the fiscal year 1995.
7	(iv) World cup.—For events associ-
8	ated with the 1994 World Cup soccer finals,
9	\$1,500,000 for the fiscal year 1994.
10	(3) Broadcasting to cuba.—For "Broadcast-
11	ing to Cuba'', \$28,351,000 for the fiscal year 1994
12	and \$28,351,000 for the fiscal year 1995.
13	(4) International broadcasting activi-
14	TIES.—For ''International Broadcasting Activities''
15	\$560,790,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and
16	\$560,790,000 for the fiscal year 1995.
17	(5) Office of the inspector general.—For
18	the "Office of the Inspector General", \$4,390,000 for
19	the fiscal year 1994 and \$4,390,000 for the fiscal year
20	1995.
21	(6) National endowment for democracy.—
22	For the "National Endowment for Democracy",
23	\$35,000,000 for the fiscal year 1994 and \$35,000,000
24	for the fiscal year 1995.

1	(7) Center for cultural and technical
2	INTERCHANGE BETWEEN EAST AND WEST.—For the
3	"Center for Cultural and Technical Interchange be-
4	tween East and West", \$26,000,000 for the fiscal year
5	1994 and \$26,000,000 for the fiscal year 1995.
6	(8) International broadcasting oper-
7	ATIONS.—For "International Broadcasting Oper-
8	ations", \$395,356,000 for the fiscal year 1996 and
9	\$400,784,000 for the fiscal year 1997.
10	(9) Radio Construction.—For "Radio Con-
11	struction", \$108,874,000 for the fiscal year 1996 and
12	\$111,528,000 for the fiscal year 1997.
13	(b) Authorization Within "Salaries and Ex-
14	PENSES ACCOUNT".—Of the amount authorized to be ap-
15	propriated by subsection (a)(1), \$350,000 is authorized for
16	the fiscal year 1994 for the establishment and operation of
17	a United States Information Agency office in Lhasa, Tibet,
18	under section 219 of this Act and \$350,000 is authorized
19	for the fiscal year 1995 for the continued operation of such
20	office.
21	(c) Authorizations Within "Fulbright Academic
22	Exchange Programs".—
23	(1) Of the amount authorized to be appropriated
24	by subsection (a)(2)(A), \$3,000,000 is authorized for
25	the fiscal year 1994 and \$3,000,000 for the fiscal year

1	1995 for the Vietnam scholarship program established
2	by section 229 of the Foreign Relations Authorization
3	Act, Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993 (Public Law 102-
4	138).
5	(2) Of the amount authorized to be appropriated
6	by subsection $(a)(2)(A)$, \$2,000,000 is authorized for
7	the fiscal year 1994 and \$2,000,000 for the fiscal year
8	1995 for the "Environment and Sustainable Develop-
9	ment Exchange Program'' established by section 224
10	of this Act.
11	PART B—USIA AND RELATED AGENCIES
12	AUTHORITIES AND ACTIVITIES
13	SEC. 211. CHANGES IN ADMINISTRATIVE AUTHORITIES.
14	Section 801 of the United States Information and
15	Educational Exchange Act of 1948 (22 U.S.C. 1471) is
16	amended—
17	(1) in paragraph (5), by striking "and" after the
18	semicolon;
19	(2) in paragraph (6), by striking the period at
20	the end and inserting "; and"; and
21	(3) by adding at the end the following new para-
22	graph:
23	"(7) notwithstanding any other provision of law,
24	to carry out projects involving security construction
25	and related improvements for Agency facilities not

physically located together with Department of State 1 2 facilities abroad.". SEC. 212. BUYING POWER MAINTENANCE ACCOUNT. Section 704(c) of the United States Information and 4 Educational Exchange Act of 1948 (22 U.S.C. 1477b(c)) is amended— 6 (1) by redesignating clauses (1) and (2) as 7 clauses (A) and (B), respectively; 8 (2) by inserting "(1)" after "(c)"; and 9 (3) by adding at the end the following new para-10 11 graphs: "(2) In carrying out this subsection, there may be es-12 tablished a Buying Power Maintenance account. 13 "(3) In order to eliminate substantial gains to the ap-14 proved levels of overseas operations for the United States Information Agency, the Director shall transfer to the Buying Power Maintenance account such amounts appropriated for 'Salaries and Expenses' as the Director determines are excessive to the needs of the approved level of operations under that appropriation account because of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates or changes in 21 22 overseas wages and prices. "(4) In order to offset adverse fluctuations in foreign 23 currency exchange rates or foreign wages and prices, the Director may transfer from the Buying Power Maintenance

- 1 account to the 'Salaries and Expenses' appropriations ac-
- 2 count such amounts as the Director determines are nec-
- 3 essary to maintain the approved level of operations under
- 4 that appropriation account.
- 5 "(5) Funds transferred by the Director from the Buy-
- 6 ing Power Maintenance account to another account shall
- 7 be merged with and be available for the same purpose, and
- 8 for the same time period, as the funds in that other account.
- 9 Funds transferred by the Director from another account to
- 10 the Buying Power Maintenance account shall be merged
- 11 with the funds in the Buying Power Maintenance account
- 12 and shall be available for the purposes of that account until
- 13 expended.
- 14 "(6) Any restriction contained in an appropriation
- 15 Act or other provision of law limiting the amounts that
- 16 may be obligated or expended by the United States Informa-
- 17 tion Agency shall be deemed to be adjusted to the extent
- 18 necessary to offset the net effect of fluctuations in foreign
- 19 currency exchange rates or overseas wage and price changes
- 20 in order to maintain approved levels.
- 21 "(7)(A) Subject to the limitations contained in this
- 22 paragraph, not later than the end of the 5th fiscal year after
- 23 the fiscal year for which funds are appropriated or other-
- 24 wise made available for the 'Salaries and Expenses' ac-

- 1 count, the Director may transfer any unobligated balance
- 2 of such funds to the Buying Power Maintenance account.
- 3 "(B) The balance of the Buying Power Maintenance
- 4 account may not exceed \$50,000,000 as a result of any
- 5 transfer under this paragraph.
- 6 "(C) Any transfer pursuant to this paragraph shall
- 7 be treated as a reprogramming of funds under section 705
- 8 and shall be available for obligation or expenditure only
- 9 in accordance with the procedures under such section.
- 10 "(D) The authorities contained in this section may
- 11 only be exercised to such an extent and in such amounts
- 12 as specifically provided in advance in appropriation Acts.".
- 13 SEC. 213. CONTRACT AUTHORITY.
- 14 Section 802(b) of the United States Information and
- 15 Educational Exchange Act of 1948 (22 U.S.C. 1472(b)) is
- 16 amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- 17 "(4)(A) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this
- 18 subsection, the United States Information Agency is author-
- 19 ized to enter into contracts for periods not to exceed 7 years
- 20 for circuit capacity to distribute radio and television pro-
- 21 grams.
- 22 "(B) The authority of this paragraph may be exercised
- 23 for a fiscal year only to such extent or in such amounts
- 24 as are provided in advance in appropriations Acts.".

1 SEC. 214. PROHIBITION ON DISCRIMINATORY CONTRACTS.

2	(a) Prohibition.—
3	(1) Except for real estate leases and as provided
4	in subsection (b), the United States Information
5	Agency may not enter into any contract that expends
6	funds appropriated to the United States Information
7	Agency for an amount in excess of the small purchase
8	threshold (as defined in section 4(11) of the Office of
9	Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C.
10	403(11))—
11	(A) with a foreign person that complies
12	with the Arab League boycott of Israel, or
13	(B) with any foreign or United States per-
14	son that discriminates in the award of sub-
15	contracts on the basis of religion.
16	(2) For purposes of this section—
17	(A) a foreign person complies with the boy-
18	cott of Israel by Arab League countries when
19	that foreign person takes or knowingly agrees to
20	take any action, with respect to the boycott of Is-
21	rael by Arab League countries, which section
22	8(a) of the Export Administration Act of 1979
23	(50 U.S.C. App. 2407(a)) prohibits a United
24	States person from taking, except that for pur-
25	poses of this paragraph, the term "United States
26	person'' as used in subparagraphs (B) and (C)

of section 8(a)(1) of such Act shall be deemed to 1 2 mean "person"; and (B) the term "foreign person" means any 3 4 person other than a United States person as de-5 fined in section 16(2) of the Export Administration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. App. 2415). 6 7 (3) For purposes of paragraph (1), a foreign person shall be deemed not to comply with the boycott of 8 9 Israel by Arab League countries if that person, or the Director of the United States Information Agency or 10 his designee on the basis of available information, cer-11 tifies that the person violates or otherwise does not 12 13 comply with the boycott of Israel by Arab League 14 countries by taking any actions prohibited by section 15 8(a) of the Export Administration Act of 1979 (50) U.S.C. App. 2407(a)). Certification by the Director of 16 17 the United States Information Agency or his designee 18 may occur only 30 days after notice has been given 19 to the Congress that this certification procedure will 20 be utilized at a specific overseas mission. 21 (b) Waiver by the Director of the United States Information Agency.—The Director of the United States Information Agency may waive the requirements of this section on a country-by-country basis for a period 25 not to exceed one year upon certification to the Congress

1	by the Director that such waiver is in the national interest
2	and is necessary to carry on diplomatic functions of the
3	United States. Each such certification shall include a de-
4	tailed justification for the waiver with respect to each such
5	country.
6	(c) Responses to Contract Solicitations.—(1)
7	Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the
8	Director of the United States Information Agency shall en-
9	sure that any response to a solicitation for a bid or a re-
10	quest for a proposal, with respect to a contract covered by
11	subsection (a), includes the following clause, in substan-
12	tially the following form:
13	"ARAB LEAGUE BOYCOTT OF ISRAEL
14	"(a) Definitions.—As used in this clause—
15	"(1) the term 'foreign person' means any person
16	other than a United States person as defined in para-
17	graph (2); and
18	"(2) the term 'United States person' means any
19	United States resident or national (other than an in-
20	dividual resident outside the United States and em-
21	ployed by other than a United States person), any do-
22	mestic concern (including any permanent domestic
23	establishment of any foreign concern), and any for-
24	eign subsidiary or affiliate (including any permanent

foreign establishment) of any domestic concern which

25

1	is controlled in fact by such domestic concern, as de-
2	termined under regulations of the President.
3	"(b) Certification.—By submitting this offer, the
4	Offeror certifies that it is not—
5	"(1) taking or knowingly agreeing to take any
6	action, with respect to the boycott of Israel by Arab
7	League countries, which section 8(a) of the Export
8	Administration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. App. 2407(a))
9	prohibits a United States person from taking; or
10	"(2) discriminating in the award of subcontracts
11	on the basis of religion.''.
12	(2) An Offeror would not be required to include the
13	certification required by paragraph (1), if the Offeror is
14	deemed not to comply with the Arab League boycott of Is-
15	rael by the Director of the United States Information Agen-
16	cy or a designee on the basis of available information. Cer-
17	tification by the Director of the United States Information
18	Agency or a designee may occur only 30 days after notice
19	has been given to the Congress that this certification proce-
20	dure will be utilized at a specific overseas mission.
21	(3) The Director of the United States Information
22	Agency shall ensure that all State Department contract so-
23	licitations include a detailed explanation of the require-

24 ments of section 8(a) of the Export Administration Act of

25 1979 (50 U.S.C. App. 2407(a)).

1	(d) Review and Termination.—(1) The United
2	States Information Agency shall conduct reviews of the cer-
3	tifications submitted pursuant to this section for the pur-
4	pose of assessing the accuracy of the certifications.
5	(2) Upon complaint of any foreign or United States
6	person of a violation of the certification as required by this
7	section, filed with the Director of the United States Infor-
8	mation Agency, the United States Information Agency shall
9	investigate such complaint, and if such complaint is found
10	to be correct and a violation of the certification has been
11	found, all contracts with such violator shall be terminated
12	for default as soon as practicable, and, for a period of two
13	years thereafter, the Agency shall not enter into any con-
13	, 8 3
14	tracts with such a violator.
14	tracts with such a violator.
14 15	tracts with such a violator. SEC. 215. UNITED STATES TRANSMITTER IN KUWAIT.
14151617	tracts with such a violator. SEC. 215. UNITED STATES TRANSMITTER IN KUWAIT. None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this
1415161718	tracts with such a violator. SEC. 215. UNITED STATES TRANSMITTER IN KUWAIT. None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this or any other Act may be obligated or expended for the de-
141516171819	tracts with such a violator. SEC. 215. UNITED STATES TRANSMITTER IN KUWAIT. None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this or any other Act may be obligated or expended for the design, development, or construction of a United States radio
141516171819	tracts with such a violator. SEC. 215. UNITED STATES TRANSMITTER IN KUWAIT. None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this or any other Act may be obligated or expended for the design, development, or construction of a United States radio transmitter in Kuwait.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	tracts with such a violator. SEC. 215. UNITED STATES TRANSMITTER IN KUWAIT. None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this or any other Act may be obligated or expended for the design, development, or construction of a United States radio transmitter in Kuwait. SEC. 216. SEPARATE LEDGER ACCOUNTS FOR GRANTEES OF
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	tracts with such a violator. SEC. 215. UNITED STATES TRANSMITTER IN KUWAIT. None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this or any other Act may be obligated or expended for the design, development, or construction of a United States radio transmitter in Kuwait. SEC. 216. SEPARATE LEDGER ACCOUNTS FOR GRANTEES OF THE NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR DEMOC-

- 1 "accounts" and inserting "bank accounts or separate self-
- 2 balancing ledger accounts".
- 3 SEC. 217. LIMITATION CONCERNING PARTICIPATION IN
- 4 INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITIONS.
- 5 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Unit-
- 6 ed States Information Agency shall not obligate or expend
- 7 any funds for a United States Government funded pavilion
- 8 or other major exhibit at any international exposition or
- 9 world's fair registered by the Bureau of International Expo-
- 10 sitions in excess of amounts expressly authorized and ap-
- 11 propriated for such purpose.
- 12 SEC. 218. AUTHORITY TO RESPOND TO PUBLIC INQUIRIES.
- 13 Section 208 of the Foreign Relations Authorization
- 14 Act, Fiscal Years 1986 and 1987 (22 U.S.C. 1461-1a) is
- 15 amended by adding at the end the following new sentence:
- 16 "The provisions of this section shall not prohibit the United
- 17 States Information Agency from responding to inquiries
- 18 from members of the public about its operations, policies,
- 19 or programs.".
- 20 SEC. 219. USIA OFFICE IN LHASA, TIBET.
- 21 (a) Establishment of Office.—The Director of the
- 22 United States Information Agency shall establish an office
- 23 in Lhasa, Tibet, for the purpose of—
- 24 (1) disseminating information about the United
- 25 States;

1	(2) promoting discussions on conflict resolution
2	and human rights;
3	(3) facilitating United States private sector in-
4	volvement in educational and cultural activities in
5	Tibet; and
6	(4) advising the United States Government with
7	respect to Tibetan public opinion.
8	(b) Applicable Laws.—Activities under subsection
9	(a) shall be carried out in accordance with the provisions
10	of the United States Information and Educational Ex-
11	change Act of 1948 and the Mutual Educational and Cul-
12	tural Exchange Act of 1961.
13	SEC. 220. REPORTS ON UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT EX-
13 14	SEC. 220. REPORTS ON UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT EX- CHANGE PROGRAMS.
14	CHANGE PROGRAMS.
14 15	CHANGE PROGRAMS. (a) Presidential Report.—Section 112 of the Mu-
14 15 16 17	CHANGE PROGRAMS. (a) Presidential Report.—Section 112 of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22)
14 15 16 17	CHANGE PROGRAMS. (a) PRESIDENTIAL REPORT.—Section 112 of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2460) is amended by adding at the end the following:
114 115 116 117 118	CHANGE PROGRAMS. (a) PRESIDENTIAL REPORT.—Section 112 of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2460) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(f)(1) The President shall ensure that all exchange
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	CHANGE PROGRAMS. (a) PRESIDENTIAL REPORT.—Section 112 of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2460) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(f)(1) The President shall ensure that all exchange programs conducted by the United States Government, its
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	CHANGE PROGRAMS. (a) PRESIDENTIAL REPORT.—Section 112 of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2460) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(f)(1) The President shall ensure that all exchange programs conducted by the United States Government, its departments, and agencies, directly or through agreements
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	CHANGE PROGRAMS. (a) PRESIDENTIAL REPORT.—Section 112 of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2460) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(f)(1) The President shall ensure that all exchange programs conducted by the United States Government, its departments, and agencies, directly or through agreements with other parties, are reported to the Bureau at a time
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- 1 Relations and the Speaker of the House of Representatives
- 2 a report containing the information required to be reported
- 3 under paragraph (1). Such report shall include information
- 4 concerning the objectives of each exchange program sup-
- 5 ported by the United States, the number of exchange par-
- 6 ticipants, the types of exchange activities, and the total
- 7 amount of Federal expenditures for such exchanges.".
- 8 (b) Report by the Director of USIA.—Not later
- 9 than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the
- 10 Director of the United States Information Agency shall sub-
- 11 mit to the Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations
- 12 and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a report—
- (1) outlining the range of exchange programs ad-
- 14 ministered by the Agency;
- 15 (2) identifying possible areas of duplication or
- 16 inefficiency; and
- 17 (3) recommending program consolidation and
- 18 administrative restructuring as warranted.

19 SEC. 221. SCHOLARSHIPS FOR EAST TIMORESE STUDENTS.

- Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Bu-
- 21 reau of Educational and Cultural Affairs of the United
- 22 States Information Agency shall make available for each
- 23 of the fiscal years 1994 and 1995, scholarships for East
- 24 Timorese students qualified to study in the United States
- 25 for the purpose of studying at the undergraduate level in

- 1 a United States college or university. Each scholarship
- 2 made available under this subsection shall be for not less
- 3 than one semester of study.
- 4 SEC. 222. CAMBODIAN SCHOLARSHIP AND EXCHANGE PRO-
- 5 GRAMS.
- 6 (a) Purpose.—It is the purpose of this section to pro-
- 7 vide financial assistance—
- 8 (1) to establish a scholarship program for Cam-
- 9 bodian college and post-graduate students to study in
- 10 the United States; and
- 11 (2) to expand Cambodian participation in ex-
- 12 change programs of the United States Information
- 13 Agency.
- 14 (b) Program.—(1) The Director of the United States
- 15 Information Agency shall establish a scholarship program
- 16 to enable Cambodian college students and post-graduate
- 17 students to study in the United States.
- 18 (2) The Director of the United States Information
- 19 Agency shall also include qualified Cambodian citizens in
- 20 exchange programs funded or otherwise sponsored by the
- 21 Agency, in particular the Fulbright Academic Program, the
- 22 International Visitor Program, and the Citizen Exchange
- 23 Program.
- 24 (c) Definition.—For the purposes of this section, the
- 25 term "scholarship" means an amount to be used for full

1	or partial support of tuition and fees to attend an edu-
2	cational institution, and may include fees, books, and sup-
3	plies, equipment required for courses at an educational in-
4	stitution, living expenses at a United States educational in-
5	stitution, and travel expenses to and from, and within, the
6	United States.
7	SEC. 223. INCREASING AFRICAN PARTICIPATION IN USIA
8	EXCHANGE PROGRAMS.
9	(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—
10	(1) United States Information Agency (USIA)
11	programs with African countries have continued to
12	decrease over the past three years, occurring at a time
13	when economic reform and the expansion of demo-
14	cratic governments and institutions are taking place
15	in more than 25 countries across Africa;
16	(2) African institutions are now attempting to
17	reform their education sector to adjust to population
18	and budget pressures, and to revitalize existing infra-
19	structure to restore quality;
20	(3) higher education is the cornerstone of eco-
21	nomic and political development, and will help im-
22	prove the well-being of Africans citizens; and
23	(4) USIA programs in Africa are insufficient to
24	meet the expanding needs for educational development

- 1 and to help strengthen democratic, educational, and
- 2 free market institutions in Africa.
- 3 (b) Policy.—The Director of United States Informa-
- 4 tion Agency shall expand exchange program allocations to
- 5 Africa, in particular Fulbright Academic Exchanges, Inter-
- 6 national Visitor Programs, and Citizen Exchanges, and
- 7 shall further encourage a broadening of affiliations and
- 8 links between American and African institutions.

9 SEC. 224. ENVIRONMENT AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

- 10 **EXCHANGE PROGRAM.**
- 11 (a) Purpose.—The purpose of this section is to estab-
- 12 lish an exchange program to bring students and teachers
- 13 to the United States for training in the fields of environ-
- 14 ment and development, with particular emphasis on sus-
- 15 tainable development.
- 16 (b) Program Authority.—Notwithstanding any
- 17 other provision of law, the Director of the United States
- 18 Information Agency, through the Bureau of Educational
- 19 and Cultural Affairs, shall provide scholarships beginning
- 20 in the fiscal year 1994, and for each fiscal year thereafter,
- 21 for study at United States institutions of higher education
- 22 in furtherance of the purpose of this section for foreign stu-
- 23 dents who have completed their undergraduate education
- 24 and for postsecondary educators.

1	(c) Guidelines.—The scholarship program under this
2	section shall be carried out in accordance with the following
3	guidelines:
4	(1) Consistent with section 112(b) of the Mutual
5	Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22
6	U.S.C. 2460(b)), all programs created pursuant to
7	this Act shall be nonpolitical and balanced, and shall
8	be administered in keeping with the highest standards
9	of academic integrity and cost-effectiveness.
10	(2) The United States Information Agency shall
11	administer this program under the auspices of the
12	Fulbright Academic Exchange Program.
13	(3) The United States Information Agency shall
14	ensure the regional diversity of this program through
15	the selection of candidates from Asia, Africa, Latin
16	America, as well as Europe and the Middle East.
17	(d) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the
18	term "institution of higher education" has the same mean-
19	ing given to such term by section 1201(a) of the Higher
20	Education Act of 1965.
21	SEC. 225. USIA VOCATIONAL EXCHANGE PROGRAM.
22	(a) AUTHORITY.—Section 102(a) of the Mutual Edu-
23	cational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C.
24	2452) is amended by adding at the end the following new

25 paragraph:

1	``(4) vocational exchanges, by financing visits
2	and interchanges of professionals and skilled workers
3	in the fields of government, public administration, in-
4	frastructure planning and development, business, and
5	finance for the purpose of increasing practical under-
6	standing, management, and problem-solving skills
7	in—
8	"(A) the institution and improvement of
9	public administration and infrastructure at the
10	national, intergovernmental, regional and local
11	level; and
12	"(B) the creation and development of pri-
13	vate enterprise and free market systems based on
14	the principle of private ownership of property.".
15	(b) Report.—Not later than one year after the date
16	of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the United
17	States Information Agency shall submit a detailed report
18	to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and
19	the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Represent-
20	atives on the action taken by the United States Information
21	Agency to carry out section 102(a)(4) of the Mutual Edu-
22	cational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961.
23	SEC. 226. AMERICAN STUDIES COLLECTIONS.
24	(a) AUTHORITY.—In order to promote a thorough un-
25	derstanding of the United States among emerging elites

1	abroad, the Director of the United States Information Agen-
2	cy is authorized to enter into agreements with universities
3	for the establishment and support of collections at appro-
4	priate university libraries located abroad to further the
5	study of the United States.
6	(b) Design and Development.—Such collections—
7	(1) shall be developed in consultation with Unit-
8	ed States associations and organizations of scholars
9	in the principal academic disciplines in which Amer-
10	ican studies are conducted; and
11	(2) shall be designed primarily to meet the needs
12	of undergraduate and graduate students of American
13	studies.
14	(c) Site Selection.—In selecting universities abroad
15	as sites for such collections, the Director shall—
16	(1) ensure that such universities are able, within
17	a reasonable period of the establishment of such collec-
18	tions, to assume responsibility for their maintenance
19	in current form;
20	(2) ensure that undergraduate and graduate stu-
21	dents shall enjoy reasonable access to such collections;
22	and
23	(3) include in any agreement entered into be-
24	tween the United States Information Agency and a
25	university abroad, terms embodying a contractual

1	commitment of such maintenance and access under
2	this subsection.
3	SEC. 227. TECHNICAL AMENDMENT RELATING TO NEAR
4	AND MIDDLE EAST RESEARCH AND TRAINING.
5	Section 228(d) of the Foreign Relations Authorization
6	Act, Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993 (22 U.S.C. 2452 note) is
7	amended by inserting "and includes the Republic of Tur-
8	key" before the period at the end thereof.
9	SEC. 228. DISTRIBUTION WITHIN THE UNITED STATES OF
10	UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY DOC-
11	UMENTARY FILM ENTITLED "CRIMES
12	AGAINST HUMANITY".
13	Notwithstanding the second sentence of section 501 of
14	the United States Information and Educational Exchange
15	Act of 1948 (22 U.S.C. 1461), nor any other provision of
16	law, the Director of the United States Information Agency
17	may make available for distribution within the United
18	States the documentary entitled "Crimes Against Human-
19	" " - Clarate the second to the form V
	ity", a film about the ensuing conflict in the former Yugo-
20	slavia.
	slavia.
	slavia.
21	slavia. SEC. 229. REDUCTION IN FORCE AUTHORITY WITH REGARD

1	(A) by redesignating sections 611, 612, and 613
2	as sections 612, 613, and 614, respectively; and
3	(B) by inserting after section 610 the following
4	new section:
5	"Sec. 611. Reductions in Force.—(a) The Sec-
6	retary may conduct reductions in force and may prescribe
7	regulations for the separation of members of the Service
8	under such reductions in force which give due effect to—
9	"(1) organizational need;
10	"(2) documented employee qualifications, knowl-
11	edge, skills, or competencies;
12	"(3) documented employee performance;
13	"(4) tenure of employment; and
14	"(5) military preference.
15	"(b) For purposes of this section the term members
16	of the Service' means the individuals described under sec-
17	tion 103.".
18	(2) The table of contents for the Foreign Service Act
19	of 1980 is amended by striking out the items related to sec-
20	tion 611, 612, and 613 and inserting in lieu thereof the
21	following:
	"Sec. 611. Reductions in force. "Sec. 612. Termination of limited appointments. "Sec. 613. Termination of appointments of consular agents and foreign national employees.

[&]quot;Sec. 614. Foreign Service awards.".

1	(b) Management Rights.—Section 1005(a) of the
2	Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4105(a)) is amend-
3	ed—
4	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (3) through (6)
5	as paragraphs (4) through (7), respectively; and
6	(2) by inserting after paragraph (2) the follow-
7	ing new paragraph:
8	"(3) to conduct reductions in force, and to pre-
9	scribe regulations for the separation of employees
10	under such reductions in force conducted under sec-
11	tion 611;".
12	(c) Consultation.—The Secretary of State shall con-
13	sult with the Director of the Office of Personnel Manage-
14	ment before prescribing regulations for reductions in force
15	under section 611 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (as
16	added by subsection (a) of this section).
17	SEC. 230. INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGE PROGRAMS INVOLV-
18	ING DISABILITY-RELATED MATTERS.
19	(a) AUTHORITY.—Section 102(b) of the Mutual Edu-
20	cational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C.
21	2452(b)) is amended—
22	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (9) through (11)
23	as paragraphs (10) through (12), respectively; and
24	(2) by inserting after paragraph (8) the follow-
25	ing:

"(9) promoting educational, cultural, medical, 1 2 and scientific meetings, training, research, visits, interchanges, and other activities, with respect to dis-3 4 ability-related matters, including participation by in-5 dividuals with disabilities (within the meaning of sec-6 tion 3(2) of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12102(2)) in such activities, through 7 such nonprofit organizations as have a demonstrated 8 capability to coordinate exchange programs involving 9 10 disability-related matters;". (b) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date 11 of enactment of this Act, the Director of the United States 12 Information Agency shall submit a report to the Congress describing the steps taken during the period since the date of enactment of this Act to implement section 102(b)(9) of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2452(b)(9)). 17 18 (c) Annual Summary of Activities.—As part of the 19 congressional presentation materials submitted in connection with the annual budget request for the United States 20 Information Agency, the Director of the Agency shall in-21 clude a summary of the international exchange activities 23 carried out under section 102(b)(9) of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C.

2452(b)(9)) during the preceding calendar year.

1	PART C—MIKE MANSFIELD FELLOWSHIPS
2	SEC. 231. SHORT TITLE.
3	This part may be cited as the "Mike Mansfield Fellow-
4	ship Act".
5	SEC. 232. ESTABLISHMENT OF MIKE MANSFIELD FELLOW-
6	SHIP PROGRAM.
7	(a) Establishment.—(1) There is hereby established
8	the "Mike Mansfield Fellowship Program" pursuant to
9	which the Director of the United States Information Agency
10	will make grants, subject to the availability of appropria-
11	tions, to the Mansfield Center for Pacific Affairs to award
12	fellowships to eligible United States citizens for periods of
13	2 years each (or, pursuant to section 233(5)(C), for such
14	shorter period of time as the Center may determine based
15	on a Fellow's level of proficiency in the Japanese language
16	or knowledge of the political economy of Japan) as follows:
17	(A) During the first year each fellowship recipi-
18	ent will study the Japanese language as well as Ja-
19	pan's political economy.
20	(B) During the second year each fellowship re-
21	cipient will serve as a Fellow in a parliamentary of-
22	fice, ministry, or other agency of the Government of
23	Japan or, subject to the approval of the Center, a
24	nongovernmental Japanese institution associated with
25	the interests of the fellowship recipient, consistent

26

with the purposes of this part.

- 1 (2) Fellowships under this part may be known as
- 2 "Mansfield Fellowships", and individuals awarded such fel-
- 3 lowships may be known as "Mansfield Fellows".
- 4 (b) Eligibility of Center for Grants.—Grants
- 5 may be made to the Center under this section only if the
- 6 Center agrees to comply with the requirements of section
- 7 233.
- 8 (c) International Agreement.—The Director of the
- 9 United States Information Agency should enter into nego-
- 10 tiations for an agreement with the Government of Japan
- 11 for the purpose of placing Mansfield Fellows in the Govern-
- 12 ment of Japan.
- 13 (d) Private Sources.—The Center is authorized to
- 14 accept, use, and dispose of gifts or donations of services or
- 15 property in carrying out the fellowship program.
- 16 SEC. 233. PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS.
- 17 The program established under this part shall comply
- 18 with the following requirements:
- 19 (1) United States citizens who are eligible for fel-
- 20 lowships under this part shall be employees of the
- 21 Federal Government having at least two years experi-
- 22 ence in any branch of the Government, a strong ca-
- 23 reer interest in United States-Japan relations, and a
- 24 demonstrated commitment to further service in the
- 25 Federal Government.

1	(2) Not less than 10 fellowships shall be awarded
2	each year.
3	(3) Mansfield Fellows shall agree—
4	(A) to maintain satisfactory progress in
5	language training as a condition of continued
6	receipt of Federal funds; and
7	(B) to return to the Federal Government for
8	further employment for a period of at least 2
9	years following the end of their fellowships, un-
10	less, in the determination of the Center, the Fel-
11	low is unable (for reasons beyond the Fellow's
12	control and after receiving assistance from the
13	Center as provided in paragraph (8)) to find re-
14	employment for such period.
15	(4) During the period of the fellowship, the Cen-
16	ter shall provide each Mansfield Fellow—
17	(A) a stipend at a rate of pay equal to the
18	rate of pay that individual was receiving when
19	he or she entered the program, plus a cost-of-liv-
20	ing adjustment calculated at the same rate of
21	pay, and for the same period of time, for which
22	such adjustments were made to the salaries of in-
23	dividuals occupying competitive positions in the
24	civil service during the same period as the fel-
25	lowship; and

(B) certain allowances and benefits as that 1 individual would have been entitled to, but for 2 his or her separation from Government service, 3 4 as a United States Government civilian em-5 ployee overseas under the Standardized Regulations (Government Civilians, Foreign Areas) of 6 7 the Department of State, as follows: a living 8 quarters allowance to cover the cost of housing in 9 Japan, a post allowance to cover the significantly higher costs of living in Japan, a tem-10 11 porary quarters subsistence allowance for up to 7 days for Fellows unable to find housing imme-12 13 diately upon arrival in Japan, an education al-14 lowance to assist parents in providing their chil-15 dren with educational services ordinarily provided without charge by United States public 16 17 schools, moving expenses of up to \$3,000 for per-18 sonal belongings of Fellows and their families in 19 their move to Japan and up to \$500 for Fellows 20 residing outside the Washington, D.C. area in moving to the Washington, D.C. area, and one-21 22 round-trip economy-class airline ticket to Japan for each Fellow and the Fellow's immediate fam-23 24 ily.

1	(5)(A) For the first year of each fellowship, the
2	Center shall provide Fellows with intensive Japanese
3	language training in the Washington, D.C., area, as
4	well as courses in the political economy of Japan.
5	(B) Such training shall be of the same quality
6	as training provided to Foreign Service officers before
7	they are assigned to Japan.
8	(C) The Center may waive any or all of the
9	training required by subparagraph (A) to the extent
10	that a Fellow has Japanese language skills or knowl-
11	edge of Japan's political economy, and the 2 year fel-
12	lowship period shall be shortened to the extent such
13	training is less than one year.
14	(6) Any Mansfield Fellow not complying with
15	the requirements of this section shall reimburse the
16	United States Information Agency for the Federal
17	funds expended for the Fellow's participation in the
18	fellowship, together with interest on such funds (cal-
19	culated at the prevailing rate), as follows:
20	(A) Full reimbursement for noncompliance
21	with paragraph (3)(A) or (9); and
22	(B) pro rata reimbursement for noncompli-
23	ance with paragraph (3)(B) for any period the
24	Fellow is reemployed by the Federal Government

that is less than the period specified in para-

1	graph (3)(B), at a rate equal to the amount the
2	Fellow received during the final year of the fel-
3	lowship for the same period of time, including
4	any allowances and benefits provided under
5	paragraph (4).
6	(7) The Center shall select Mansfield Fellows
7	based solely on merit. The Center shall make positive
8	efforts to recruit candidates reflecting the cultural, ra-
9	cial, and ethnic diversity of the United States.
10	(8) The Center shall assist any Mansfield Fellow
11	in finding employment in the Federal Government if
12	such Fellow was not able, at the end of the fellowship,
13	to be reemployed in the agency from which he or she
14	separated to become a Fellow.
15	(9) No Mansfield Fellow may engage in any in-
16	telligence or intelligence-related activity on behalf of
17	the United States Government.
18	SEC. 234. SEPARATION OF GOVERNMENT PERSONNEL DUR-
19	ING THE FELLOWSHIPS.
20	(a) Separation.—Under such terms and conditions
21	as the agency head may direct, any agency of the United
22	States Government may separate from Government service
23	for a specified period any officer or employee of that agency
24	who accepts a fellowship under the program established by
25	this part.

- 1 (b) REEMPLOYMENT.—Any Mansfield Fellow, at the
- 2 end of the fellowship, is entitled to be reemployed in the
- 3 same manner as if covered by section 3582 of title 5, United
- 4 States Code.
- 5 (c) Rights and Benefits.—Notwithstanding section
- 6 8347(o), 8713, or 8914 of title 5, United States Code, and
- 7 in accordance with regulations of the Office of Personnel
- 8 Management, an employee, while serving as a Mansfield
- 9 Fellow, is entitled to the same rights and benefits as if cov-
- 10 ered by section 3582 of title 5, United States Code. The Cen-
- 11 ter shall reimburse the employing agency for any costs in-
- 12 curred under section 3582 of title 5, United States Code.
- 13 (d) Compliance With Budget Act.—Funds are
- 14 available under this section to the extent and in the
- 15 amounts provided in appropriation Acts.
- 16 SEC. 235. PROGRAM REVIEW AND REPORT.
- 17 (a) Program Review.—The Director of the United
- 18 States Information Agency shall review the administration
- 19 of the program assisted under this part.
- 20 (b) Annual Report.—Each year at the time of the
- 21 submission of the President's budget request to the Congress,
- 22 the Director of the United States Information Agency shall
- 23 submit to the Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Rela-
- 24 tions and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a
- 25 report completed by the Center on the conduct of the pro-

- 1 gram during the preceding year. Each such report shall2 contain—
- 3 (1) an analysis of the assistance provided under 4 the program for the previous fiscal year and the na-5 ture of the assistance provided;
 - (2) an analysis of the performance of the individuals who received assistance under the program during the previous fiscal year, including the degree to which assistance was terminated under the program and the extent to which individual recipients failed to meet their obligation under the program; and
 - (3) an analysis of the results of the program for the previous fiscal year, including, at a minimum, the cumulative percentage of individuals who received assistance under the program who subsequently became employees of the United States Government and, in the case of individuals who did not subsequently become employees of the United States Government, an analysis of the reasons why they did not become employees and an explanation as to what use, if any, was made of the assistance given to those recipients.
- **SEC. 236. DEFINITIONS.**

24 For purposes of this part—

1	(1) the term "agency of the United States Gov-
2	ernment'' includes any agency of the legislative
3	branch and any court of the judicial branch as well
4	as any agency of the executive branch;
5	(2) the term "agency head" means—
6	(A) in the case of the executive branch of
7	Government or an agency of the legislative
8	branch other than the House of Representatives
9	or the Senate, the head of the respective agency;
10	(B) in the case of the judicial branch of
11	Government, the chief judge of the respective
12	court;
13	(C) in the case of the Senate, the President
14	pro tempore, in consultation with the Majority
15	Leader and Minority Leader of the Senate; and
16	(D) in the case of the House of Representa-
17	tives, the Speaker of the House, in consultation
18	with the Majority Leader and Minority Leader
19	of the House; and
20	(3) the term "Center" means the Mansfield Cen-
2.1	ter for Pacific Affairs

1	TITLE III—UNITED STATES
2	INTERNATIONAL BROADCAST-
3	ING ACT OF 1994
4	SEC. 301. SHORT TITLE.
5	This title may be cited as the "United States Inter-
6	national Broadcasting Act of 1994".
7	SEC. 302. CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS AND DECLARATION
8	OF PURPOSES.
9	The Congress hereby finds and declares that—
10	(1) it is the policy of the United States to pro-
11	mote the right of opinion and expression, including
12	the freedom "to seek, receive, and impart information
13	and ideas through any media and regardless of fron-
14	tiers," in accordance with Article 19 of the Universal
15	Declaration of Human Rights;
16	(2) open communication of information and
17	ideas among the peoples of the world contributes to
18	international peace and stability, and that the pro-
19	motion of such communication is in the interests of
20	the United States;
21	(3) prominent in the implementation of this pol-
22	icy has been United States support for the Voice of
23	America, Radio Free Europe, Radio Liberty, and
24	Broadcasting to Cuba. which have demonstrated their

1	effectiveness in providing accurate and timely infor-
2	mation to the people of the world;
3	(4) the continuation of these broadcasting enti-
4	ties, and the creation of a new broadcasting service to
5	the people of the People's Republic of China and the
6	other communist countries of Asia, would continue
7	the promotion of information and ideas, while ad-
8	vancing the goals of United States foreign policy; and
9	(5) the reorganization and consolidation of these
10	services will achieve important economies and
11	strengthen the capability of the United States to uti-
12	lize these instrumentalities to support freedom and
13	democracy in a rapidly changing international envi-
14	ronment.
15	SEC. 303. ESTABLISHMENT OF BROADCASTING BOARD OF
16	GOVERNORS.
17	(a) Establishment.—There is hereby established
18	within the United States Information Agency a Broadcast-
19	ing Board of Governors (hereafter in this title referred to
20	as the "Board").
21	(b) Composition of the Board.—(1) The Board
22	shall consist of 8 members, as follows:
23	(A) C' A' A
	(A) Six voting members who shall be appointed

of the Senate.

1	(B) The Director of the United States Informa-
2	tion Agency who shall also be a voting member.
3	(C) The Director of the International Broadcast-
4	ing Bureau, who shall be an ex officio member of the

6 Board.

5

7 (2) The President shall designate one member (other

Board and may not vote in the determinations of the

- 8 than the Director of the United States Information Agency)
- 9 as Chairman of the Board.
- 10 (3) Exclusive of the Director of the United States In-
- 11 formation Agency, not more than three of the members of
- 12 the Board appointed by the President shall be of the same
- 13 political party.
- 14 (c) Term of Office.—The term of office of each mem-
- 15 ber of the Board shall be three years, except that the Direc-
- 16 tor of the United States Information Agency and the Direc-
- 17 tor of the International Broadcasting Bureau of the United
- 18 States Information Agency shall remain members of the
- 19 Board during their respective terms of service. Of the other
- 20 six voting members, the initial terms of office of two mem-
- 21 bers shall be one year, and the initial terms of office of two
- 22 other members shall be two years, so that the terms of one-
- 23 third of these voting members of the Board expire each year.
- 24 The President shall appoint, by and with the advice and
- 25 consent of the Senate, Board members to fill vacancies oc-

- 1 curring prior to the expiration of a term, in which case
- 2 the members so appointed shall serve for the remainder of
- 3 such term. Any member whose term has expired may serve
- 4 until his or her successor has been appointed and qualified.
- 5 (d) Selection of Board.—Members of the Board ap-
- 6 pointed by the President shall be citizens of the United
- 7 States who are not currently regular full-time employees of
- 8 the United States Government, except the Director of the
- 9 United States Information Agency. Such members shall be
- 10 selected by the President from among Americans distin-
- 11 guished in the fields of mass communications, print, broad-
- 12 cast media or foreign affairs.
- 13 (e) Compensation.—Members of the Board, while at-
- 14 tending meetings of the Board or while engaged in duties
- 15 relating to such meetings or in other activities of the Board
- 16 pursuant to this section, including travel time, shall be enti-
- 17 tled to receive compensation equal to the daily equivalent
- 18 of the compensation prescribed for level IV of the Executive
- 19 Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code.
- 20 While away from their homes or regular places of business
- 21 they may be allowed travel expenses, including per diem
- 22 in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 5703)
- 23 for persons in the Government service employed intermit-
- 24 tently. The Director of the United States Information Agen-
- 25 cy and the Director, International Broadcasting Bureau,

1	United States Information Agency, shall not be entitled to
2	any compensation under this title, but may be allowed trav-
3	el expenses as provided in the preceding sentence.
4	SEC. 304. FUNCTIONS OF THE BOARD.
5	(a) AUTHORITIES.—The Board is authorized—
6	(1) to provide guidance and oversight to the
7	International Broadcasting Bureau;
8	(2) to review and evaluate the mission and oper-
9	ation of the International Broadcasting Bureau and
10	to assess the quality, effectiveness, and professional
11	integrity of its programming within the context of the
12	broad foreign policy objectives of the United States;
13	(3) to review and evaluate, at least annually, the
14	mix of traditional Voice of America programming
15	and surrogate programming and make recommenda-
16	tions to the President, through the Director of the
17	United States Information Agency, regarding the ad-
18	dition or deletion of language services;
19	(4) to make grants to RFE/RL, Incorporated, or
20	to an alternative entity in accordance with section
21	307(e);
22	(5) to review engineering activities to ensure that
23	all broadcasting elements receive the highest quality

and cost-effective delivery services;

- 1 (6) to undertake such studies as may be nec-2 essary to identify areas in which the operations of the 3 International Broadcasting Bureau could be made 4 more efficient and economical;
 - (7) to submit to the President, through the Director of the United States Information Agency, an annual report which summarizes the activities of the Board and evaluates the operations of the International Broadcasting Bureau;
 - (8) to the extent it deems necessary to carry out the functions under this title, procure supplies, services, and other personal property;
 - (9) to appoint such staff personnel for the Board as may be necessary, subject to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, and to fix their compensation in accordance with the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates; and
 - (10) to make available for its own use, for official reception and representation expenses, such amount as provided for in an annual appropriations which shall not exceed the amount appropriated to the Board for International Broadcasting for such purposes in fiscal year 1993.

1	(b) Implementation.—The Director and the Board,
2	in carrying out the functions of subsection (a), shall respect
3	the professional independence and integrity of the Inter-
4	national Broadcasting Bureau and its broadcasting serv-
5	ices.
6	SEC. 305. FOREIGN POLICY GUIDANCE.
7	To assist the Board in carrying out its functions, the
8	Secretary of State, acting through the Director of the United
9	States Information Agency, shall provide information and
10	guidance on foreign policy issues to the Board.
11	SEC. 306. INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING BUREAU.
12	(a) Establishment.—There is hereby established are
13	International Broadcasting Bureau within the United
14	States Information Agency (hereafter in this title referred
15	to as the "Bureau").
16	(b) Organization of the Bureau.—The Bureau, in
17	recognition of and to implement the purposes of this title,
18	shall consist of the following separate elements:
19	(1) The Voice of America.
20	(2) The Office of Surrogate Broadcasting.
21	(3) Such services of the WORLDNET Television
22	and Film Service as determined by the Board with
23	the concurrence of the Director of the United States
24	Information Agency.
25	(4) Engineering and Technical Operations.

1	(5) Such other elements as the Director of the
2	International Broadcasting Bureau may from time to
3	time establish with the concurrence of the Director of
4	the United States Information Agency and the Board.
5	(c) Organization of the Office of Surrogate
6	Broadcasting.—The Office of Surrogate Broadcasting
7	shall administer the grants for Radio Free Europe, Radio
8	Liberty, and Radio Free Asia and shall administer the Of-
9	fice of Cuba Broadcasting (including Radio Marti and TV
10	Marti), and such other surrogate services as may from time
11	to time be established.
12	(d) Selection of the Director of the Bureau.—
13	(1) The Director of the Bureau shall be appointed by the
14	Chairman of the Board, in consultation with the Director
15	of the United States Information Agency and with the con-
16	currence of a majority of the Board. The Director of the
17	Bureau shall be entitled to receive compensation at the rate
18	now or hereafter prescribed by law for level IV of the Execu-
19	tive Schedule.
20	(2) Section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, is
21	amended by adding at the end the following:
22	"Director of the International Broadcasting Bu-
23	reau, the United States Information Agency.''.
24	(e) Separately Identified Appropriation Ac-
25	COUNT.—(1) In any fiscal year, funding for the Board and

- 1 the Bureau shall be made out of a single appropriations
- 2 account designated "International Broadcasting Activities"
- 3 or ''International Broadcasting Operations'', as the case
- 4 may be.
- 5 (2) The Director of the Bureau shall submit proposals
- 6 on appropriation of broadcasting funds to the Board. The
- 7 Board shall forward its recommendations concerning the
- 8 proposed budget for the Board and the Bureau to the Direc-
- 9 tor of the United States Information Agency for his consid-
- 10 eration as a part of the Agency's budget submission to the
- 11 Office of Management and Budget.
- 12 (3) The Director of the United States Information
- 13 Agency shall include in the Agency's submission to the Of-
- 14 fice of Management and Budget the comments and rec-
- 15 ommendations of the Board concerning the proposed broad-
- 16 casting budget.
- 17 (4) The Board shall allocate funds appropriated pur-
- 18 suant to paragraph (1) among the separate elements of the
- 19 International Broadcasting Bureau, subject to the limita-
- 20 tions contained in section 307(d).
- 21 SEC. 307. GRANTS FOR RADIO FREE EUROPE, RADIO LIB-
- 22 ERTY, AND RADIO FREE ASIA.
- 23 (a) AUTHORITY.—The Board is authorized to make
- 24 annual grants to RFE/RL, Incorporated, for the purpose

- 1 of operating Radio Free Europe, Radio Liberty, and Radio
- 2 Free Asia as provided for in sections 308 and 309.
- 3 (b) Board Structure.—No grant may be made to
- 4 RFE/RL, Incorporated, unless the certificate of incorpora-
- 5 tion of RFE/RL, Incorporated, has been amended to provide
- 6 that—
- 7 (1) the Board of Directors of RFE/RL, Incor-
- 8 porated, shall consist of the members of the Broadcast-
- 9 ing Board of Governors established under section 303
- 10 and of no other members;
- 11 (2) such Board of Directors shall make all major
- 12 policy determinations governing the operation of
- 13 RFE/RL, Incorporated, and shall appoint and fix the
- 14 compensation of such managerial officers and employ-
- 15 ees of RFE/RL, Incorporated, as it deems necessary
- to carry out the purposes of the grant provided under
- 17 this title: and
- 18 (3) the name of the corporation shall be amended
- to include reference to Radio Free Asia, and the cor-
- 20 poration shall be authorized to carry out the functions
- 21 described in section 308 with respect to Radio Free
- 22 Asia.
- 23 (c) Location of Principal Place of Business.—
- 24 (1) No grant may be made under this section unless RFE/
- 25 RL, Incorporated, agrees to locate the headquarters of the

- 1 corporation and its senior administrative and managerial
- 2 staff within the metropolitan area of Washington, D.C.
- 3 (2) Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment
- 4 of this Act, the Board shall provide a report to Congress
- 5 on the number of administrative, managerial, and technical
- 6 staff who will be located within the metropolitan area of
- 7 Washington, D.C., and the number of employees whose prin-
- 8 cipal place of business will be located outside the metropoli-
- 9 tan area of Washington, D.C.
- 10 (d) Limitation on Grant Amounts.—(1) Grants
- 11 made after September 30, 1995, for the operating costs of
- 12 Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty may not exceed
- 13 *\$75,000,000* in any fiscal year.
- 14 (2) Grants made for the operating costs of Radio Free
- 15 Asia may not exceed \$22,000,000 in any fiscal year.
- 16 (3) The total amount of grant funds made available
- 17 for one-time capital costs of Radio Free Asia may not ex-
- 18 ceed \$8,000,000.
- 19 (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (1)
- 20 and (2), if RFE/RL, Incorporated, determines that there
- 21 is a need to reallocate resources between funds made avail-
- 22 able for Radio Free Europe, Radio Liberty, and Radio Free
- 23 Asia, RFE/RL, Incorporated, may submit a request for the
- 24 reallocation of such resources to the Board, which may au-

- 1 thorize such reallocation after notifying the appropriate
- 2 congressional committees.
- 3 (e) Alternative Grantee.—If the Board determines
- 4 at any time that RFE/RL, Incorporated, is not carrying
- 5 out the functions described in section 308 or 309 in an effec-
- 6 tive and economical manner, the Board may award the
- 7 grant to carry out these functions to another entity after
- 8 soliciting and considering applications from eligible entities
- 9 in such manner and accompanied by such information as
- 10 the Board may reasonably require.
- 11 (f) Not a Federal Agency or Instrumentality.—
- 12 Compliance with the requirements of subsection (b) shall
- 13 not be construed to make such entity a Federal agency or
- 14 instrumentality.
- 15 SEC. 308. RADIO FREE ASIA.
- 16 (a) AUTHORITY.—(1) Grants authorized under section
- 17 307(a) shall be available to make annual grants for the pur-
- 18 pose of carrying out radio broadcasting to the People's Re-
- 19 public of China, Burma, Cambodia, Laos, North Korea,
- 20 Tibet, or Vietnam.
- 21 (2) Such surrogate broadcasting service shall be
- 22 referred to as "Radio Free Asia".
- 23 (b) Functions.—Radio Free Asia shall—

1	(1) provide accurate and timely information,
2	news, and commentary about events in the respective
3	countries of Asia and elsewhere; and
4	(2) be a forum for a variety of opinions and
5	voices from within Asian nations whose people do not
6	fully enjoy freedom of expression.
7	(c) Submission of Detailed Plan for Radio Free
8	Asia.—(1) No grant may be awarded to carry out this sec-
9	tion unless the Board, through the Director of the United
10	States Information Agency, has submitted to Congress and
11	the Comptroller General of the United States a detailed
12	plan for the establishment and operation of Radio Free
13	Asia, including—
14	(A) a description of the manner in which RFE/
15	RL, Incorporated, would meet the funding limitations
16	provided in section 307(d)(2);
17	(B) a statement that the authority to utilize ex-
18	isting transmitters has been obtained for the broad-
19	casting of Radio Free Asia to countries or regions
20	proposed in the plan, and that existing transmitters
21	meet the technical needs of the new service; and
22	(C) a detailed justification for the number of em-
23	ployees RFE/RL, Incorporated, proposes to hire, the
24	extent to which RFE/RL, Incorporated, intends to
25	utilize technical or other resources of other broadcast-

- 1 ing entities, and the manner in which RFE/RL, In-
- 2 corporated, intends to reimburse such other entities
- 3 for such utilization of resources.
- 4 (2) The plan required by paragraph (1) shall be sub-
- 5 mitted not later than 120 days after the date of enactment
- 6 of this Act.
- 7 (3) No grant may be awarded to carry out the provi-
- 8 sions of this section unless the plan submitted by the Board
- 9 includes a certification by the Board that Radio Free Asia
- 10 can be established and operated within the funding limita-
- 11 tions provided for in section 307(d)(2).
- 12 (4) The Comptroller General of the United States shall
- 13 review the plan submitted by the Board and shall, not later
- 14 than 30 days after receipt of the plan, report to the Director
- 15 of the United States Information Agency, the Board, and
- 16 the appropriate congressional committees on whether the
- 17 Comptroller General determines that the fiscal assumptions
- 18 contained in the plan are adequate and that the plan can
- 19 be implemented within the funding limitations provided for
- 20 in this section.
- 21 (5) If the Board determines that a Radio Free Asia
- 22 cannot be established or operated effectively within the
- 23 funding limitations provided for in this section, the Board
- 24 may submit, through the Director of United States Informa-
- 25 tion Agency, an alternative plan and such proposed changes

- 1 in legislation as may be necessary to the appropriate con-
- 2 gressional committees.
- 3 (d) Grant Agreement.—(1) Grants awarded under
- 4 this section shall be subject to the same terms and conditions
- 5 as are provided in subsections (b), (c), (d), and (e) of section
- 6 309 with respect to the functions of Radio Free Europe and
- 7 Radio Liberty.
- 8 (2) Any grant agreement under this section shall re-
- 9 quire that any contract entered into by RFE/RL, Incor-
- 10 porated, with respect to Radio Free Asia shall specify that
- 11 all obligations are assumed by RFE/RL, Incorporated, and
- 12 not by the United States Government, and shall further
- 13 specify that funds to carry out the activities of RFE/RL,
- 14 Incorporated, may not be available after September 30,
- 15 1999.
- 16 (3) Any such grant agreement shall require that any
- 17 lease agreements entered into by RFE/RL, Incorporated,
- 18 with respect to Radio Free Asia shall be, to the maximum
- 19 extent possible, assignable to the United States Government.
- 20 (e) Limitations on Administrative and Manage-
- 21 RIAL COSTS.—(1) It is the sense of the Congress that ad-
- 22 ministrative and managerial costs for operation of Radio
- 23 Free Asia should be kept to a minimum and, to the maxi-
- 24 mum extent feasible, should not exceed the costs that would

1	have been incurred if Radio Free Asia had been operated
2	as a Federal entity rather than as a grantee.
3	(2) The Board shall include in the annual report re-
4	quired by section 304(a)(7) information on the amount of
5	funds expended on administrative and managerial services
6	by each of the broadcasting services operated through the
7	Bureau, directly or by grant, and the steps it has taken
8	to reduce unnecessary overhead costs for each of the broad-
9	casting services.
10	(f) Assessment of the Effectiveness of Radio
11	Free Asia.—Not later than 3 years after the date funds
12	have been provided to RFE/RL, Incorporated, for the pur-
13	pose of operating Radio Free Asia, the Board, through the
14	Director of the United States Information Agency, shall
15	submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report
16	on—
17	(1) whether Radio Free Asia is technically sound
18	and cost-effective,
19	(2) whether Radio Free Asia consistently meets
20	the standards for quality and objectivity established
21	by law by the United States Information Agency or
22	the Board,
23	(3) whether Radio Free Asia is received by a suf-
24	ficient audience to warrant its continuation.

1	(4) the extent to which such broadcasting is al-
2	ready being received by the target audience from other
3	credible sources; and
4	(5) the extent to which the interest of the United
5	States is being served by maintaining broadcasting of
6	Radio Free Asia.
7	(g) Sunset Provision.—The Board may not make
8	any grant for the purpose of operating Radio Free Asia
9	after September 30, 1998, unless the President of the United
10	States determines in his fiscal year 1999 budget submission
11	that continuation of funding for Radio Free Asia for 1 ad-
12	ditional year is in the interest of the United States.
13	(h) Notification and Consultation Regarding
14	Displacement of Voice of America Broadcasting.—
15	The Board shall notify the appropriate congressional com-
16	mittees before entering into any agreements for the utiliza-
17	tion of Voice of America transmitters, equipment, or other
18	resources that will significantly reduce the broadcasting ac-
19	tivities of the Voice of America in Asia or any other region
20	in order to accommodate the broadcasting activities of
21	Radio Free Asia. The Chairman of the Board shall consult
22	with such committees on the impact of any such reduction
23	in Voice of America broadcasting activities.
24	(i) Principal Place of Business.—Grants may
25	only be made to RFE/RL, Incorporated, if the principal

- 1 place of business of Radio Free Asia is within the Washing-
- 2 ton, D.C., metropolitan area, unless the Board determines
- 3 that another location within the United States is necessary
- 4 to carry out the functions of Radio Free Asia effectively
- 5 and in a cost-effective manner.

6 SEC. 309. RADIO FREE EUROPE AND RADIO LIBERTY.

- 7 (a) AUTHORITY.—Grants authorized under section
- 8 307(a) shall be available to make annual grants for the pur-
- 9 pose of carrying out the same functions as were carried out
- 10 by RFE/RL, Incorporated, before the date of enactment of
- 11 this Act with respect to Radio Free Europe and Radio Lib-
- 12 erty, consistent with section 2 of the Board for Inter-
- 13 national Broadcasting Act of 1973, as in effect on such date.
- 14 (b) Grant Agreement.—(1) Such grants shall be
- 15 made pursuant to a grant agreement between the Board and
- 16 RFE/RL, Incorporated, which requires that grant funds
- 17 shall only be used for activities which the Board determines
- 18 are consistent with the purposes of subsection (a) and that
- 19 RFE/RL, Incorporated, shall otherwise comply with the re-
- 20 quirements of this section. Failure to comply with such re-
- 21 quirements shall permit the grant to be terminated without
- 22 fiscal obligation to the United States.
- 23 (2) The grant agreement shall impose such conditions
- 24 as the Board determines may be appropriate pursuant to
- 25 section 304(a)(3) to reduce overlapping language services

- 1 and broadcasting service with other broadcasting services
- 2 operated within the International Broadcasting Bureau.
- 3 (3) The grant agreement shall require RFE/RL, Incor-
- 4 porated, to justify in detail each proposed expenditure of
- 5 grant funds, and such funds may not be used for any other
- 6 purpose unless the Board gives its prior written approval.
- 7 (c) Prohibited Uses of Grant Funds.—No grant
- 8 funds provided under this section may be used—
- 9 (1) to pay any salary or other compensation, or
- 10 enter into any contract providing for the payment
- thereof in excess of the rates established for com-
- parable positions under title 5 of the United States
- 13 Code or the foreign relations laws of the United
- 14 States, except that no employee may be paid a salary
- or other compensation in an amount in excess of the
- 16 rate of pay payable for level IV of the Executive
- 17 Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States
- 18 Code and that the salary or other compensation limi-
- tations provided for in this paragraph shall not be
- imposed prior to January 1, 1995, with respect to
- any employee covered by a union agreement requiring
- 22 a different salary or other compensation;
- 23 (2) to pay for any activity for the purpose of in-
- 24 fluencing the passage or defeat of legislation being
- 25 considered by Congress;

1	(3) to enter into a contract or obligation to pay
2	severance payments beyond those required by United
3	States law or the laws of the country where the em-
4	ployee is stationed;
5	(4) to pay for first class travel for any employee
6	of RFE/RL, Incorporated, or the employee's relative;
7	or
8	(5) to compensate freelance contractors without
9	the written approval of the Director.
10	(d) Report on Management Practices.—Not later
11	than March 31 and September 30 of each calendar year,
12	the Inspector General of the United States Information
13	Agency shall submit to the Board, the Director of the United
14	States Information Agency, and the Congress a report on
15	management practices of RFE/RL, Incorporated, under this
16	section during the preceding 6-month period. The Inspector
17	General of the United States Information Agency shall es-
18	tablish a special unit within the Inspector General's office
19	to monitor and audit the activities of RFE/RL, Incor-
20	porated, and shall provide for on-site monitoring of such
21	activities.
22	(e) Audit Authority.—(1) Such financial trans-
23	actions of RFE/RL, Incorporated, as relate to functions car-
24	ried out under this section may be audited by the General
25	Accounting Office in accordance with such principles and

- 1 procedures and under such rules and regulations as may
- 2 be prescribed by the Comptroller General of the United
- 3 States. Any such audit shall be conducted at the place or
- 4 places where accounts of RFE/RL, Incorporated, are nor-
- 5 mally kept.
- 6 (2) The representatives of the General Accounting Of-
- 7 fice shall have access to all books, accounts, records, reports,
- 8 files, and all other papers, things or property belonging to
- 9 or in use by the private entity pertaining to such financial
- 10 transactions and necessary to facilitate the audit. Such rep-
- 11 resentatives shall be afforded full facilities for verifying
- 12 transactions with any assets held by depositories, fiscal
- 13 agents, and custodians. All such books, accounts, records,
- 14 reports files, papers, and property of RFE/RL, Incor-
- 15 porated, shall remain in the possession and custody of RFE/
- 16 RL, Incorporated.
- 17 (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the
- 18 Inspector General of the United States Information Agency
- 19 is authorized to exercise the authorities of the Inspector
- 20 General Act of 1978 with respect to RFE/RL, Incorporated.
- 21 (g) Plan for Relocation.—Before relocating the ac-
- 22 tivities of RFE/RL, Incorporated, in the Federal Republic
- 23 of Germany to another site, the Board for International
- 24 Broadcasting or the Board, if established, shall submit to
- 25 the Comptroller General of the United States and the appro-

- 1 priate congressional committees a detailed plan for such re-
- 2 location, including cost estimates. No funds made available
- 3 under law may be used for such relocation unless explicitly
- 4 provided in an appropriation Act or pursuant to a
- 5 reprogramming notification. Any plan developed pursuant
- 6 to this subsection shall include provisions for relocating the
- 7 senior administrative and management personnel of RFE/
- 8 RL, Incorporated, to the geographic area of Washington,
- 9 D.C., as provided for in section 307(c).
- 10 (h) REPORTS ON PERSONNEL CLASSIFICATION.—(1)
- 11 Not later than 3 months after the date of enactment of this
- 12 Act, the Board for International Broadcasting shall submit
- 13 a report to the Office of Personnel Management containing
- 14 a justification, in terms of the types of duties performed
- 15 at specific rates of salary and other compensation, of the
- 16 classification of personnel employed by RFE/RL, Incor-
- 17 porated.
- 18 (2) Not later than 9 months after submission of the
- 19 report referred to in paragraph (1), the Office of Personnel
- 20 Management shall submit to Congress a report containing
- 21 an evaluation of the system of personnel classification used
- 22 by RFE/RL, Incorporated, with respect to its employees.
- 23 (3) The report submitted by the Office of Personnel
- 24 Management shall include a comparison of the rates of sal-
- 25 ary or other compensation and classifications provided to

- 1 employees of RFE/RL, Incorporated, with the rates of sal-
- 2 ary or other compensation and classifications of employees
- 3 of the Voice of America stationed overseas in comparable
- 4 positions and shall identify any disparities and steps which
- 5 should be taken to eliminate such disparities.

6 SEC. 310. TRANSITION.

- 7 (a) AUTHORIZATION.—(1) The President is authorized
- 8 to direct the transfer of all functions and authorities from
- 9 the Board for International Broadcasting to the United
- 10 States Information Agency, the Board, or the Bureau as
- 11 may be necessary to implement this title.
- 12 (2)(A) Not later than 120 days after the date of enact-
- 13 ment of this Act, the Director of the United States Informa-
- 14 tion Agency and the Chairman of the Board for Inter-
- 15 national Broadcasting shall jointly prepare and submit to
- 16 the President for approval and implementation a plan to
- 17 implement the provisions of this title. Such report shall in-
- 18 clude at a minimum a detailed cost analysis to implement
- 19 fully the recommendations of such plan. Additionally, such
- 20 plan shall identify all costs in excess of those authorized
- 21 for such purposes and shall provide that any excess cost
- 22 to implement such plan shall be derived only from funds
- 23 authorized in title II, part A, section 201(a)(1) of this Act.
- 24 (B) The President shall transmit copies of the ap-
- 25 proved plan, together with any recommendations for legisla-

- 1 tive changes that may be necessary, to the appropriate con-
- 2 gressional committees.
- 3 (b) New Appointees.—The Director of the United
- 4 States Information Agency may assign employees of the
- 5 Agency for service with RFE/RL, Incorporated, with the
- 6 concurrence of the president of RFE/RL, Incorporated.
- 7 Such assignment shall not affect the rights and benefits of
- 8 such personnel as employees of the United States Informa-
- 9 tion Agency.
- 10 (c) Board for International Broadcasting Per-
- 11 SONNEL.—All Board for International Broadcasting full-
- 12 time United States Government personnel (except special
- 13 Government employees) and part-time United States Gov-
- 14 ernment personnel holding permanent positions shall be
- 15 transferred to the United States Information Agency, the
- 16 Board, or the Bureau. Such transfer shall not cause any
- 17 such employee to be separated or reduced in grade or com-
- 18 pensation.
- 19 (d) Other Authorities.—The Director of the United
- 20 States Information Agency is authorized to utilize the pro-
- 21 visions of titles VIII and IX of the United States Informa-
- 22 tion and Educational Exchange Act of 1948, and any other
- 23 authority available to the Director on the date of enactment
- 24 of this Act, to the extent that the Director deems necessary
- 25 in carrying out the provisions and purposes of this title.

1	(e) Repeal.—The Board for International Broadcast-
2	ing Act of 1973 (22 U.S.C. 2871, et seq.) is repealed effective
3	September 30, 1995, or the earliest date by which all mem-
4	bers of the Board are appointed, whichever is later.
5	(f) Savings Provisions.—
6	(1) Continuing effect of legal docu-
7	MENTS.—All orders, determinations, rules, regula-
8	tions, permits, agreements, grants, contracts, certifi-
9	cates, licenses, registrations, privileges, and other ad-
10	ministrative actions—
11	(A) which have been issued, made, granted,
12	or allowed to become effective by the President,
13	any Federal agency or official thereof, or by a
14	court of competent jurisdiction, in the perform-
15	ance of functions which are transferred under
16	this title; and
17	(B) which are in effect at the time this title
18	takes effect, or were final before the effective date
19	of this title and are to become effective on or
20	after the effective date of this title,
21	shall continue in effect according to their terms until
22	modified, terminated, superseded, set aside, or revoked
23	in accordance with law by the President, the Director
24	of the United States Information Agency or other au-

thorized official, a court of competent jurisdiction, or
 by operation of law.

(2) Proceedings not affected.—The provisions of this title shall not affect any proceedings pending before the Board for International Broadcasting at the time this title takes effect, with respect to functions transferred by this title, but such proceedings shall be continued. Orders shall be issued in such proceedings, appeals shall be taken therefrom, and payments shall be made pursuant to such orders, as if this title had not been enacted, and orders issued in any such proceedings shall continue in effect until modified, terminated, superseded, or revoked by a duly authorized official, by a court of competent jurisdiction, or by operation of law. Nothing in this subsection shall be deemed to prohibit the discontinuance or modification of any such proceeding under the same terms and conditions and to the same extent that such proceeding could have been discontinued or modified if this title had not been enacted.

(3) Suits not affect suits commenced before the effective date of this title, and in all such suits, proceedings shall be had, appeals taken, and judgments

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- 1 rendered in the same manner and with the same effect 2 as if this title had not been enacted.
 - (4) Nonabatement of actions.—No suit, action, or other proceeding commenced by or against the Board for International Broadcasting or by or against any individual in the official capacity of such individual as an officer of the Board for International Broadcasting shall abate by reason of the enactment of this title.
 - (5) Administrative actions relating to propagation of regulation of regulation of a regulation by the Board for International Broadcasting relating to a function transferred under this title may be continued by the United States Information Agency with the same effect as if this title had not been enacted.
 - (6) References.—A reference in any provision of law, reorganization plan, or other authority to the Associate Director for Broadcasting of the United States Information Agency shall be considered to be a reference to the Director of the International Broadcasting Bureau of the United States Information Agency.

1	(7) Effect on other laws.—The provisions
2	of, and authorities contained in or transferred pursu-
3	ant to, this title are not intended to repeal, limit, or
4	otherwise derogate from the authorities or functions of
5	or available to the Director of the United States In-
6	formation Agency or the Secretary of State under
7	law, reorganization plan, or otherwise, unless such
8	provision hereof—
9	(A) specifically refers to the provision of
10	law or authority existing on the effective date of
11	this title, so affected; or
12	(B) is in direct conflict with such law or
13	authority existing on the effective date of this
14	title.
15	SEC. 311. PRESERVATION OF AMERICAN JOBS.
16	It is the sense of the Congress that the Director of the
17	United States Information Agency and the Chairman of the
18	Board for International Broadcasting should, in developing
19	the plan for consolidation and reorganization of overseas
20	international broadcasting services, limit, to the maximum
21	extent feasible, consistent with the purposes of the consolida-
22	tion, elimination of any United States-based positions and
23	should affirmatively seek to transfer as many positions as
24	possible to the United States.

1	SEC. 312. PRIVATIZATION OF RADIO FREE EUROPE AND
2	RADIO LIBERTY.
3	(a) Declaration of Policy.—It is the sense of the
4	Congress that, in furtherance of the objectives of section 302
5	of this Act, the funding of Radio Free Europe and Radio
6	Liberty should be assumed by the private sector not later
7	than December 31, 1999, and that the funding of Radio
8	Free Europe and Radio Liberty Research Institute should
9	be assumed by the private sector at the earliest possible
10	time.
11	(b) Presidential Submission.—The President shall
12	submit with his annual budget submission for the Inter-
13	national Broadcasting Bureau established by section 306
14	of this Act an analysis and recommendations for achieving
15	the objectives of subsection (a).
16	(c) Reports on Transfer of RFE/RL Research
17	Institute.—No later than 120 days after the date of enact-
18	ment of this Act, the Board for International Broadcasting,
19	or the Board, if established, shall submit to the appropriate
20	congressional committees a report on the steps being taken
21	to transfer RFE/RL Research Institute pursuant to sub-
22	section (a) and shall provide periodic progress reports on
23	such efforts until such transfer has been achieved.
24	SEC. 313. DEFINITIONS.
25	For the purposes of this title—

1	(1) the term "appropriate congressional commit-
2	tees" means the Committee on Foreign Relations and
3	the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and
4	the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee
5	on Appropriations of the House of Representatives;
6	(2) the term "Director" means the Director of the
7	International Broadcasting Bureau, acting through
8	the Office of Surrogate Broadcasting;
9	(3) the term "RFE/RL, Incorporated" in-
10	cludes—
11	(A) the corporation having the corporate
12	title described in section 307(b)(3); and
13	(B) any alternative grantee described in
14	section 307(e).
15	(4) the term "salary or other compensation" in-
16	cludes any deferred compensation or pension pay-
17	ments, any payments for expenses for which the recip-
18	ient is not obligated to itemize, and any payments for
19	personnel services provided to an employee of RFE/
20	RL. Incorporated.

TITLE IV—COMMISSION ON PRO-**TECTING** AND REDUCING 2 **GOVERNMENT SECRECY** 3 SEC. 401. SHORT TITLE. 5 This title may be cited as the "Protection and Reduction of Government Secrecy Act". 7 SEC. 402. PURPOSE. 8 It is the purpose of this title to establish for a two year period a Commission on Protecting and Reducing Government Secrecy which will examine the implications of the extensive classification of information and to make recommendations to reduce the volume of information classified and to thereby strengthen the protection of legitimately classified information. SEC. 403. FINDINGS. The Congress makes the following findings: 16 17 (1) During the Cold War an extensive secrecy system developed which limited the public's access to 18 information and reduced the ability of the public to 19 20 participate with full knowledge in the process of gov-21 ernmental decision-making; 22 (2) In 1992 alone 6,349,532 documents were classified and approximately three million persons 23

held some form of security clearance;

- 1 (3) The burden of managing more than 6 million 2 newly classified documents every year has led to tre-3 mendous administrative expense, reduced communica-4 tion within the government and within the scientific 5 community, reduced communication between the gov-6 ernment and the people of the United States, and the 7 selective and unauthorized public disclosure of classi-8 fied information;
 - (4) It has been estimated that private industries spend over \$14 billion per year implementing government mandated regulations for protecting classified information;
 - (5) If a smaller amount of truly sensitive information was classified the information could be held more securely;
 - (6) In 1970 a Task Force organized by the Defense Science Board and headed by Dr. Frederick Seitz concluded that "more might be gained than lost if our Nation were to adopt—unilaterally, if necessary—a policy of complete openness in all areas of information;" and
 - (7) A bipartisan study commission specially constituted for the purpose of examining the consequences of the secrecy system will be able to offer comprehensive proposals for reform.

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1 SEC. 404. FUNCTIONS OF THE COMMISSION.

2	The functions of the Commission shall be—
3	(1) to conduct, for not more than a period of 2
4	years, an investigation into all matters in any way
5	related to any legislation, executive order, regulation,
6	practice, or procedure relating to the access to or the
7	classification of information or involving security
8	clearances; and
9	(2) to make such recommendations concerning
10	the classification of national security information as
11	the Commission shall deem necessary, including pro-
12	posing new legislation.
13	SEC. 405. COMPOSITION OF THE COMMISSION.
14	(a) Establishment.—To carry out the purposes of
15	this title, there is established a Commission on Protecting
16	and Reducing Government Secrecy (in this title referred to
17	as the "Commission").
18	(b) Composition.—The Commission shall be composed
19	of twelve members, as follows:
20	(1) Four members appointed by the President,
21	two from the executive branch of the Government and
22	two from private life.
23	(2) Four members appointed by the President of
24	the Senate, two from Members of the Senate (one from
25	each of the two major political parties) and two from
26	private life.

- 1 (3) Four members appointed by the Speaker of
- 2 the House of Representatives, two from Members of
- 3 the House of Representatives (one from each of the
- 4 two major political parties) and two from private
- 5 life.
- 6 (c) Chairman and Vice Chairman.—The Commis-
- 7 sion shall elect a Chairman and a Vice Chairman from
- 8 among its members.
- 9 (d) Quorum; Vacancies.—Seven members of the
- 10 Commission shall constitute a quorum. Any vacancy in the
- 11 Commission shall not affect its powers, but shall be filled
- 12 in the same manner in which the original appointment was
- 13 made.
- 14 (e) Compensation and Travel Expenses.—(1) Ex-
- 15 cept as provided in paragraph (2), each member of the Com-
- 16 mission may be compensated at not to exceed the daily
- 17 equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay in effect for a
- 18 position at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section
- 19 5315 of title 5, United States Code, for each day during
- 20 which that member is engaged in the actual performance
- 21 of the duties of the Commission.
- 22 (2) Members of the Commission who are full-time offi-
- 23 cers or employees of the United States or Members of Con-
- 24 gress shall receive no additional pay on account of their
- 25 service on the Commission.

- 1 (3) While away from their homes or regular places of
- 2 business in the performance of services for the Commission,
- 3 members of the Commission shall be allowed travel expenses,
- 4 including per diem in lieu of subsistence, in the same man-
- 5 ner as persons employed intermittently in the Government
- 6 service are allowed expenses under section 5703(b) of title
- 7 5, United States Code.

8 SEC. 406. POWERS OF THE COMMISSION.

- 9 (a) In General.—The Commission or, on the author-
- 10 ization of the Commission, any subcommittee or member
- 11 thereof, may, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions
- 12 of this title, hold such hearings and sit and act at such
- 13 times and places, administer such oaths, and require, by
- 14 subpena or otherwise, the attendance and testimony of such
- 15 witnesses and the production of such books, records, cor-
- 16 respondence, memoranda, papers, and documents as the
- 17 Commission or such subcommittee or member may deem ad-
- 18 visable. Subpenas may be issued under the signature of the
- 19 Chairman of the Commission, of any such subcommittee,
- 20 or any designated member, and may be served by any per-
- 21 son designated by such Chairman or member. The provi-
- 22 sions of sections 102 through 104 of the Revised Statutes
- 23 of the United States (2 U.S.C. 192–194) shall apply in the
- 24 case of any failure of any witness to comply with any sub-

- 1 pena or to testify when summoned under authority of this
- 2 section.
- 3 (b) Cooperation With Other Agencies.—The
- 4 Commission is authorized to secure directly from any execu-
- 5 tive department, bureau, agency, board, commission, office,
- 6 independent establishment, or instrumentality of the Gov-
- 7 ernment information, suggestions, estimates, and statistics
- 8 for the purposes of this title. Each such department, bureau,
- 9 agency, board, commission, office, establishment, or instru-
- 10 mentality shall, to the extent authorized by law, furnish
- 11 such information, suggestions, estimates, and statistics di-
- 12 rectly to the Commission, upon request made by the Chair-
- 13 man or Vice Chairman.

14 SEC. 407. STAFF OF THE COMMISSION.

- 15 (a) In General.—The Commission shall have power
- 16 to appoint and fix the compensation of such personnel as
- 17 it deems advisable, without regard to the provisions of title
- 18 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the com-
- 19 petitive service, and without regard to the provisions of
- 20 chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title
- 21 relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates.
- 22 (b) Consultant Services.—The Commission is au-
- 23 thorized to procure the services of experts and consultants
- 24 in accordance with section 3109 of title 5, United States
- 25 Code, but at rates not to exceed the daily rate paid a person

- 1 occupying a position at level IV of the Executive Schedule
- 2 under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code.
- 3 SEC. 408. FINAL REPORT OF COMMISSION; TERMINATION.
- 4 (a) Final Report.—Not later than two years after
- 5 the date of enactment of this title, the Commission shall
- 6 submit to the President and to the Congress its final report
- 7 and recommendations.
- 8 (b) Termination.—The Commission, and all the au-
- 9 thorities of this title, shall terminate two years after the
- 10 date of enactment of this Act, or upon the submission of
- 11 the final report and recommendations in accordance with
- 12 subsection (a), whichever comes first.
- 13 TITLE V—SPOILS OF WAR ACT OF
- 14 **1993**
- 15 SEC. 501. SHORT TITLE.
- This title may be cited as the "Spoils of War Act of
- 17 1993".
- 18 SEC. 502. TRANSFERS OF SPOILS OF WAR.
- 19 (a) Eligibility for Transfer.—Spoils of war in the
- 20 possession, custody, or control of the United States may be
- 21 transferred to any other party, including any government,
- 22 group, or person, by sale, grant, loan or in any other man-
- 23 ner, only to the extent and in the same manner that prop-
- 24 erty of the same type, if otherwise owned by the United
- 25 States, may be so transferred.

1	(b) Terms and Conditions.—Any transfer pursuant
2	to subsection (a) shall be subject to all of the terms, condi-
3	tions, and requirements applicable to the transfer of prop-
4	erty of the same type otherwise owned by the United States.
5	SEC. 503. PROHIBITION ON TRANSFERS TO COUNTRIES
6	WHICH SUPPORT TERRORISM.
7	Spoils of war in the possession, custody, or control of
8	the United States may not be transferred to any country
9	determined by the Secretary of State, for purposes of section
10	40 of the Arms Export Control Act, to be a nation whose
11	government has repeatedly provided support for acts of
12	international terrorism.
13	SEC. 504. REPORT ON PREVIOUS TRANSFERS.
14	Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of
15	this Act, the President shall submit to the appropriate con-
16	gressional committees a report describing any spoils of war
17	obtained subsequent to August 2, 1990 that were transferred
18	to any party, including any government, group, or person,
19	before the date of enactment of this Act. Such report shall
20	be submitted in unclassified form to the extent possible.
21	SEC. 505. DEFINITIONS.
22	As used in this title—
23	(1) the term "appropriate congressional commit-
24	tees" means the Committee on Foreign Relations of
25	the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of

1	the House of Representatives, or, where required by
2	law for certain reporting purposes, the Select Com-
3	mittee on Intelligence of the Senate and the Select
4	Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representa-
5	tives;
6	(2) the term "enemy" means any country, gov-
7	ernment, group, or person that has been engaged in
8	hostilities, whether or not lawfully authorized, with
9	the United States;
10	(3) the term ''person'' means—
11	(A) any natural person;
12	(B) any corporation, partnership, or other
13	legal entity; and
14	(C) any organization, association, or group;
15	and
16	(4) the term "spoils of war" means enemy mov-
17	able property lawfully captured, seized, confiscated, or
18	found which has become United States property in
19	accordance with the laws of war.
20	SEC. 506. CONSTRUCTION.
21	Nothing in this title shall apply to—
22	(1) the abandonment or failure to take possession
23	of spoils of war by troops in the field for valid mili-
24	tary reasons related to the conduct of the immediate
25	conflict, including the burden of transporting such

1	property or a decision to allow allied forces to take
2	immediate possession of certain property solely for
3	use during an ongoing conflict;
4	(2) the abandonment or return of any property
5	obtained, borrowed, or requisitioned for temporary
6	use during military operations without intent to re-
7	tain possession of such property;
8	(3) the destruction of spoils of war by troops in
9	the field;
10	(4) the return of spoils of war to previous owners
11	from whom such property had been seized by enemy
12	forces; or
13	(5) minor articles of personal property which
14	have lawfully become the property of individual mem-
15	bers of the armed forces as war trophies pursuant to
16	public written authorization from the Department of
17	Defense.
18	TITLE VI—THE KHMER ROUGE
19	PROSECUTION AND EXCLU-
20	SION ACT
21	SEC. 601. SHORT TITLE.
22	This title may be cited as the "Khmer Rouge Prosecu-
23	tion and Exclusion Act".
24	SEC. 602. POLICY.
25	The Congress urges the President—

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1	(1) promptly and actively to assist appropriate
2	organizations to collect relevant data on crimes
3	against humanity committed by the Khmer Rouge in
4	Cambodia between April 17, 1975 and January 7,
5	1979;
6	(2) to carry out paragraph (1) consistent with
7	the Agreement on a Comprehensive Political Settle-
8	ment of the Cambodia Conflict, signed at Paris or
9	October 23, 1991; and
10	(3) to promote vigorously the establishment of a
11	national or international criminal tribunal for the
12	prosecution of those accused of genocide in Cambodia.
13	SEC. 603. ESTABLISHMENT OF STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICE
14	(a) Establishment.—(1) There is established within
15	the Department of State the Office of Cambodian Genocide
16	Investigation (hereafter in this Act referred to as the "Of-
17	fice").
18	(2) The Office shall carry out its operations solely
19	within Cambodia.
20	(3) The Secretary of State shall designate an officer
21	or employee of the Department of State to serve as Director
22	of the Office.

- 23 (b) Administration.—(1) The Assistant Secretary of
- 24 State for East Asian and Pacific Affairs (or any successor
- 25 Assistant Secretary) shall administer the Office.

1	(2) The Secretary of State shall make available to the
2	Office such personnel and office space in Cambodia as the
3	Office may require.
4	(c) Purpose.—The purpose of the Office shall be—
5	(1) to investigate crimes against humanity com-
6	mitted by national Khmer Rouge leaders in the pe-
7	riod beginning on April 17, 1975 and ending Janu-
8	ary 7, 1979;
9	(2) to provide the people of Cambodia with ac-
10	cess to documents, records, and other evidence held by
11	the Office as a result of such investigation;
12	(3) to submit the relevant data to a national or
13	international penal tribunal that may be convened to
14	formally hear and judge the genocidal acts committed
15	by the Khmer Rouge; and
16	(4) to develop the United States proposal for the
17	establishment of an international criminal tribunal
18	for the prosecution of those accused of genocide in
19	Cambodia.
20	SEC. 604. REPORTING REQUIREMENT.
21	(a) In General.—Beginning 6 months after the date
22	of enactment of this Act, and every 6 months thereafter, the
23	President shall submit a report to the appropriate congres-
24	sional committees—

1	(1) that describes the activities of the Office, and
2	sets forth new facts learned about past Khmer Rouge
3	practices, during the preceding 6-month period; and
4	(2) that describes the steps the President has
5	taken during the preceding 6-month period to pro-
6	mote human rights, to support efforts to bring to jus-
7	tice the national political and military leadership of
8	the Khmer Rouge, and to prevent the recurrence of
9	human rights abuses in Cambodia through actions—
10	(A) which are not related to United Nations
11	activities in Cambodia; and
12	(B) which are consistent with Article 15 of
13	the Agreement on a Comprehensive Political Set-
14	tlement of the Cambodia Conflict, signed at
15	Paris on October 23, 1991.
16	(b) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the
17	term "appropriate congressional committees" means the
18	Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Com-
19	mittee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.
20	SEC. 605. EXCLUSION FROM THE UNITED STATES.
21	(a) Amendment to the Immigration and Nation-
22	ALITY ACT.—Section 212(a) of the Immigration and Na-
23	tionality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)) is amended by adding at
24	the end thereof the following new paragraph:

1	"(10)(A) Any alien, who, at any time during the
2	period beginning on April 17, 1975, and ending on
3	January 7, 1979, was a member of the national mili-
4	tary or political leadership of the Khmer Rouge, is ex-
5	cluded.
6	"(B) For purposes of this paragraph, the na-
7	tional military and political leadership of the Khmer
8	Rouge includes, but is not limited to, the following
9	persons: Pol Pot, Khieu Samphan, Son Sen, Ieng
10	Sary, Nuon Chea, Ke Pauk, Mok, Ieng Thirith, and
11	Yun Yat.''.
12	(b) Policy Regarding Admission to Foreign
13	Countries.—The Congress urges the President to encour-
14	age foreign governments similarly to exclude from their
15	countries former and present Khmer Rouge leaders de-
16	scribed in section 212(a)(10) of the Immigration and Na-
17	tionality Act.
18	TITLE VII—MISCELLANEOUS
19	SEC. 701. PEACE CORPS.
20	There are authorized to be appropriated \$219,745,000
21	for the fiscal year 1994 and \$234,745,000 for the fiscal year

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22 1995 to carry out the Peace Corps Act.

1	SEC. 702. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS ON OCCUPIED
2	TIBET.
3	(a) Report on United States-Tibet Relations.—
4	Because Congress has determined that Tibet is an occupied
5	sovereign country under international law and that its true
6	representatives are the Dalai Lama and the Tibetan Gov-
7	ernment-in-Exile:
8	(1) it is the sense of the Congress that the United
9	States should seek to establish a dialog with the Dalai
10	Lama and the Tibetan Government-in-Exile concern-
11	ing the situation in Tibet and the future of the Ti-
12	betan people and to expand and strengthen United
13	States-Tibet cultural and educational relations, in-
14	cluding promoting bilateral exchanges arranged di-
15	rectly with the Tibetan Government-in-Exile; and
16	(2) not later than 6 months after the date of en-
17	actment of this Act, and every 12 months thereafter,
18	the Secretary of State shall transmit to the Chairman
19	of the Committee on Foreign Relations and the
20	Speaker of the House of Representatives a report on
21	the state of United States-Tibetan Government-in-
22	Exile relations and on conditions in Tibet.
23	(b) Separate Tibet Reports.—(1) Whenever a re-
24	port is transmitted to the Congress on a country-by-country
25	basis there shall be included in such report, where applica-

1	ble, a separate report on Tibet listed alphabetically with
2	its own state heading.
3	(2) The reports referred to in paragraph (1) include,
4	but are not limited to, reports transmitted under sections
5	116(d) and 502B(b) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961
6	(relating to human rights).
7	SEC. 703. POLICY ON MIDDLE EAST ARMS SALES.
8	(a) Boycott of Israel.—Section 322 of the Foreign
9	Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993
10	(Public Law 102–138) is amended—
11	(1) in paragraph (2), by striking "and" at the
12	end; and
13	(2) in paragraph (3)—
14	(A) by striking "and" at the end of sub-
15	paragraph (A);
16	(B) by striking the period at the end of sub-
17	paragraph (B) and inserting "; and"; and
18	(C) by adding at the end the following new
19	subparagraph:
20	"(C) does not participate in the Arab
21	League primary or secondary boycott of Israel.".
22	(b) Report to Congress.—Not later than 180 days
23	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
24	of State shall submit to the Speaker of the House of Rep-
25	resentatives and the Chairman of the Committee on Foreign

- 1 Relations of the Senate a report concerning steps taken to
- 2 ensure that the goals of section 322 of the Foreign Relations
- 3 Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993 (Public
- 4 Law 102–138) are being met.
- 5 SEC. 704. PROVIDING MATERIAL SUPPORT TO TERRORISTS.
- 6 (a) Offense.—Chapter 113A of title 18, United
- 7 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following
- 8 new section:
- 9 "SEC. 2339. PROVIDING MATERIAL SUPPORT TO TERROR-
- 10 *ISTS*.
- 11 "Whoever, within the United States, provides material
- 12 support or resources or conceals or disguises the nature, lo-
- 13 cation, source, or ownership of material support or re-
- 14 sources, knowing or intending that they are to be used in
- 15 preparation for, or in carrying out, a violation of section
- 16 32, 36, 351, 844 (f) or (i), 1114, 1116, 1203, 1361, 1363,
- 17 1751, 2280, 2281, 2332, or 2339A of this title or section
- 18 902(i) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. App.
- 19 1472(i)), or in preparation for, or carrying out, the conceal-
- 20 ment or an escape from the commission of any of the fore-
- 21 going, shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more
- 22 than 10 years, or both. For purposes of this section, the term
- 23 'material support or resources' includes currency or other
- 24 financial securities, financial services, lodging, training,
- 25 safehouses, false documentation or identification, commu-

- 1 nications equipment, facilities, weapons, lethal substances,
- 2 explosives, personnel, transportation, and other physical as-
- 3 sets, but does not include humanitarian assistance to per-
- 4 sons not directly involved in such violations.".
- 5 (b) Technical Amendment.—The chapter analysis
- 6 for chapter 113A of title 18, United States Code, as amend-
- 7 ed by section 601(b)(1), is amended by adding at the end
- 8 the following new item:

"2339. Providing material support to terrorists.".

9 SEC. 705. TORTURE CONVENTION IMPLEMENTATION.

- 10 (a) In General.—Part I of title 18, United States
- 11 Code, is amended by inserting after chapter 113A the fol-
- 12 lowing new chapter:

"CHAPTER 113B—TORTURE

"Sec.

"2340. Definitions.

"2340A. Torture.

"2340B. Exclusive remedies.

13 *"SEC. 2340. DEFINITIONS.*

- 14 *"As used in this chapter—*
- 15 "(1) 'torture' means an act committed by a per-
- son acting under the color of law specifically intended
- 17 to inflict severe physical or mental pain or suffering
- 18 (other than pain or suffering incidental to lawful
- sanctions) upon another person with custody or phys-
- 20 ical control;
- 21 "(2) 'severe mental pain or suffering' means the
- 22 prolonged mental harm caused by or resulting from—

1	"(A) the intentional infliction or threatened
2	infliction of severe physical pain or suffering;
3	"(B) the administration or application, or
4	threatened administration or application, of
5	mind-altering substances or other procedures cal-
6	culated to disrupt profoundly the senses or the
7	personality;
8	"(C) the threat of imminent death; or
9	"(D) the threat that another person will im-
10	minently be subjected to death, severe physical
11	pain or suffering, or the administration or ap-
12	plication of mind-altering substances or other
13	procedures calculated to disrupt profoundly the
14	senses or personality; and
15	"(3) 'United States' includes all areas under the
16	jurisdiction of the United States including any of the
17	places described in sections 5 and 7 of this title and
18	section 101(38) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958
19	(49 U.S.C. App. 1301(38)).
20	"SEC. 2340A. TORTURE.
21	"(a) Offense.—Whoever outside the United States
22	commits or attempts to commit torture shall be fined under
23	this title or imprisoned not more than 20 years, or both,
24	and if death results to any person from conduct prohibited

1	by this subsection, shall be imprisoned for any term of years
2	or for life.
3	"(b) Jurisdiction.—There is jurisdiction over the ac-
4	tivity prohibited in subsection (a) if—
5	"(1) the alleged offender is a national of the
6	United States; or
7	"(2) the alleged offender is present in the United
8	States, irrespective of the nationality of the victim or
9	alleged offender.
10	"SEC. 2340B. EXCLUSIVE REMEDIES.
11	"Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as preclud-
12	ing the application of State or local laws on the same sub-
13	ject, nor shall anything in this chapter be construed as cre-
14	ating any substantive or procedural right enforceable by
15	law by any party in any civil proceeding.''.
16	(b) Technical Amendment.—The part analysis for
17	part I of title 18, United States Code, is amended by insert-
18	ing after the item relating to chapter 113A the following
19	new item:
	"113B. Torture2340.".
20	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
21	section shall take effect on the later of—
22	(1) the date of enactment of this Act; or
23	(2) the date on which the United States has be-
24	come a party to the Convention Against Torture and

- 1 Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or
- 2 Punishment.
- 3 SEC. 706. APPLICABILITY OF TAIWAN RELATIONS ACT.
- 4 Section 3 of the Taiwan Relations Act (22 U.S.C.
- 5 3301) is amended by adding at the end the following new
- 6 subsection:
- 7 "(d) The provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this
- 8 section shall supersede any provision of the August 17,
- 9 1982, Joint United States-China Communique related to
- 10 these matters and regulations, directives, and policies based
- 11 thereon.".
- 12 SEC. 707. REPORTS ON RELATIONS WITH TAIWAN.
- 13 Section 12 of the Taiwan Relations Act (22 U.S.C.
- 14 3311(d)) is amended by adding at the end the following
- 15 new subsection:
- 16 "(d) Beginning February 1, 1994, and on February
- 17 1 of each year thereafter, the Secretary of State shall trans-
- 18 mit to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the
- 19 Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report de-
- 20 scribing and reviewing economic relations between the
- 21 United States and Taiwan.".
- 22 SEC. 708. UNITED STATES POLICY CONCERNING IRAQI
- 23 **KURDISTAN**.
- 24 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

1	(1) the international community, pursuant to
2	United Nations Security Council Resolution 688, and
3	with the continuation of Operation Provide Comfort,
4	supports the protection of Iraqi's Kurdish and other
5	ethnic and religious minorities;
6	(2) notwithstanding the international commu-
7	nity's resolve, certain areas of Iraqi Kurdistan re-
8	main at risk of an Iraqi invasion;
9	(3) despite the threat of an Iraqi invasion, the
10	Kurds, along with other minority ethnic and religious
11	groups, have initiated a drive toward self-sufficiency,
12	including—
13	(A) holding free and fair democratic elec-
14	tions to establish a parliament, which supports
15	Iraq's territorial integrity and the transition to
16	a unified, democratic Iraq;
17	(B) planning for and administering public
18	services;
19	(C) reconstructing and rehabilitating the
20	basic infrastructure of Iraqi Kurdistan; and
21	(D) establishing unified police and security
22	forces;
23	(4) despite the provision of substantial inter-
24	national humanitarian assistance, and despite the
25	fact that the United Nations blockade on Iraq con-

1	tains exceptions for humanitarian-related items, the
2	inhabitants of Iraqi Kurdistan still face difficulties
3	because of an internal Iraqi government blockade; and
4	(5) the Kurds and other ethnic and religious mi-
5	norities, with appropriate additional support, would
6	have the ability to meet their goal of self-sufficiency
7	and move beyond the need for international assist-
8	ance.
9	(b) Policy.—It is the sense of the Congress that the
10	President should—
11	(1) take steps to encourage the United Nations
12	Security Council—
13	(A) to reaffirm support for the protection of
14	all Iraqi Kurdish and other minorities in Iraqi
15	Kurdistan pursuant to Security Council Resolu-
16	tion 688; and
17	(B) to consider lifting selectively the United
18	Nations embargo on the areas under the admin-
19	istration of the democratically elected leadership
20	of Iraqi Kurdistan, subject to the verifiable con-
21	ditions that—
22	(i) the inhabitants of such areas do not
23	conduct trade with the Iraqi regime; and
24	(ii) the partial lifting of the embargo
25	will not materially assist the Iraqi regime;

1	(2) continue to advocate the transition to a uni-
2	fied, democratic Iraq;
3	(3) take steps to design a multilateral assistance
4	program for the people of Iraqi Kurdistan that sup-
5	ports their efforts to attain self-sufficiency through the
6	provision of—
7	(A) financial and technical assistance
8	through the democratically elected Kurdish ad-
9	ministration to enable the exploitation of natu-
10	ral resources such as oil; and
11	(B) financial assistance to support the le-
12	gitimate self-defense and security needs of the
13	people of Iraqi Kurdistan; and
14	(4) take steps to intensify discussions with the
15	Government of Turkey, whose support and coopera-
16	tion in the protection of the people of Iraqi Kurdistan
17	is critical, to ensure that the stability of both Turkey
18	and the entire region is enhanced by the measures
19	taken under this section.
20	SEC. 709. ADDITIONAL SANCTIONS AGAINST NORTH KOREA.
21	(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
22	sion of law, no license, instruction, rule, regulation, or order
23	issued under section 5 of the Trading With the Enemy Act
24	of 1917 (50 U.S.C. App. 5) may—

1	(1) authorize any transaction involving the com-
2	mercial sale of any good or technology to North
3	Korea; or
4	(2) authorize any transaction involving the pro-
5	vision of services for travel to North Korea which was
6	not otherwise authorized as of January 2, 1989.
7	(b) Waiver.—The President may waive the applica-
8	tion of subsection (a) if the President determines that such
9	a waiver would serve the national interest.
10	SEC. 710. WAIVER OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO THE
11	REPUBLIC OF SERBIA AND THE REPUBLIC OF
12	MONTENEGRO TO PROMOTE DEMOCRACY
12 13	MONTENEGRO TO PROMOTE DEMOCRACY ABROAD.
13 14	ABROAD.
13 14 15	ABROAD. (a) AUTHORITY.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
13 14 15	ABROAD. (a) AUTHORITY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the President is authorized and encouraged to
13 14 15 16 17	ABROAD. (a) AUTHORITY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the President is authorized and encouraged to exempt from sanctions imposed against the Republic of Ser-
13 14 15 16 17	ABROAD. (a) AUTHORITY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the President is authorized and encouraged to exempt from sanctions imposed against the Republic of Serbia and the Republic of Montenegro those United States-
13 14 15 16 17 18	ABROAD. (a) AUTHORITY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the President is authorized and encouraged to exempt from sanctions imposed against the Republic of Serbia and the Republic of Montenegro those United States-supported programs, projects, or activities involving reform
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	ABROAD. (a) AUTHORITY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the President is authorized and encouraged to exempt from sanctions imposed against the Republic of Serbia and the Republic of Montenegro those United Statessupported programs, projects, or activities involving reform of the electoral process, or the development of democratic
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	ABROAD. (a) AUTHORITY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the President is authorized and encouraged to exempt from sanctions imposed against the Republic of Serbia and the Republic of Montenegro those United Statessupported programs, projects, or activities involving reform of the electoral process, or the development of democratic institutions or democratic political parties, in these two
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	ABROAD. (a) AUTHORITY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the President is authorized and encouraged to exempt from sanctions imposed against the Republic of Serbia and the Republic of Montenegro those United Statessupported programs, projects, or activities involving reform of the electoral process, or the development of democratic institutions or democratic political parties, in these two countries.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	ABROAD. (a) AUTHORITY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the President is authorized and encouraged to exempt from sanctions imposed against the Republic of Serbia and the Republic of Montenegro those United Statessupported programs, projects, or activities involving reform of the electoral process, or the development of democratic institutions or democratic political parties, in these two countries. (b) POLICY.—The President, acting through the United

1	Charter, with respect to the Republic of Serbia or the Re-
2	public of Montenegro, should take account of the exemption
3	described in subsection (a).
4	SEC. 711. CLAIMS BASED ON LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR
5	GOODS SHIPPED BUT NOT PAID FOR BEFORE
6	IMPOSITION OF NATIONAL EMERGENCY.
7	Title I of the International Claims Settlement Act of
8	1949 (22 U.S.C. 1621 et seq.) is amended by adding at the
9	end the following new section:
10	"Sec. 10. Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
11	funds on deposit in United States banks that have been
12	blocked under the International Emergency Economic Pow-
13	ers Act in accounts of foreign banks that issued or con-
14	firmed letters of credit for the benefit of United States na-
15	tionals may be released to pay such letters of credit if the
16	United States beneficiaries lawfully shipped goods or other-
17	wise performed underlying contractual obligations based on
18	such letters of credit before the declaration of a national
19	emergency pursuant to that Act.''.
20	SEC. 712. ENFORCEMENT OF NONPROLIFERATION TREA
21	TIES.
22	(a) POLICY.—It is the sense of the Congress that the
23	President should instruct the United States Permanent
24	Representative to the United Nations to enhance the role

25 of that institution in the enforcement of nonproliferation

1	treaties through the passage of a United Nations Security
2	Council resolution which would state that, any non-nuclear
3	weapon state that is found by the United Nations Security
4	Council, in consultation with the International Atomic En-
5	ergy Agency (IAEA), to have terminated, abrogated, or ma-
6	terially violated an IAEA full-scope safeguards agreement
7	would be subjected to international economic sanctions, the
8	scope of which to be determined by the United Nations Secu-
9	rity Council.
10	(b) Prohibition.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
11	sion of law, no United States assistance, under the Foreign
12	Assistance Act of 1961 shall be provided to any non-nuclear
13	weapon state that is found by the President to have termi-
14	nated, abrogated, or materially violated an IAEA full-scope
15	safeguard agreement or materially violated a bilateral
16	United States nuclear cooperation agreement entered into
17	after the date of enactment of the Nuclear Non-Proliferation
18	Act of 1978.
19	SEC. 713. SENSE OF SENATE ON THE PEACE PROCESS IN
20	NORTHERN IRELAND.
21	(a) Findings.—The Senate makes the following find-
22	ings:
23	(1) The people of Northern Ireland, Ireland, and

Great Britain earnestly seek a peaceful end to a con-

- flict in the North of Ireland which has caused more 1 2 than 3.000 deaths since 1969.
- (2) The people of the United States, many of 3 4 whom share a common ancestry and cultural roots with the people of Northern Ireland, Ireland, and 5 Great Britain, are deeply concerned about the con-6 tinuing conflict and desire to facilitate an early reso-7 lution to the conflict. 8
- (3) In 1993, John Hume, head of the Social 9 Democratic and Labour Party and Gerry Adams, 10 President of Sinn Fein, conducted talks on the conflict. 12
 - (4) These talks were a significant contribution to a climate encouraging peace in the North of Ireland.
 - (5) The Government of the United Kingdom and the Government of Ireland have held talks on Northern Ireland culminating in the Joint Declaration issued by the two governments on December 15, which declaration offers a framework for lasting peace in the region.
- 21 (b) Sense of Senate.—It is the sense of the Senate that the United States should strongly encourage all parties to the conflict in the North of Ireland to renounce violence and to participate in the current search for peace in the 25 region.

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1	SEC. 714. CONTROL OF REEXPORTS TO TERRORIST COUN-
2	TRIES.
3	Section 6(j) of the Export Administration Act of 1979
4	(50 U.S.C. App. 2405(j)) is amended by adding at the end
5	the following new paragraphs:
6	"(5) Upon the request of the chairman or ranking mi-
7	nority member of the Committee on Foreign Relations or
8	the Committee on Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs of
9	the Senate or the Committee on Foreign Affairs or the Com-
10	mittee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs of the
11	House of Representatives, the President shall include in the
12	notification required by paragraph (2)—
13	"(A) a detailed description of the goods or serv-
14	ices to be offered, including a brief description of the
15	capabilities of any article for which a license to ex-
16	port is sought;
17	"(B) an evaluation, prepared by the Director of
18	the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency, in con-
19	sultation with the Secretary of State and the Sec-
20	retary of Defense, of the manner, if any, in which the
21	proposed export would—
22	"(i) contribute to an arms race;
23	"(ii) support international terrorism;
24	"(iii) increase the possibility of an outbreak
25	or escalation of conflict

1	"(iv) prejudice the negotiation of any arms
2	controls; or
3	"(v) adversely affect the arms control policy
4	of the United States;
5	"(C) the reasons why the foreign country or
6	international organization to which the export or
7	transfer is proposed to be made needs the goods or
8	services which are the subject of such export or trans-
9	fer and a description of the manner in which such
10	country or organization intends to use such articles,
11	services, or design and construction services;
12	"(D) the reasons why the proposed export or
13	transfer is in the national interest of the United
14	States;
15	"(E) an analysis by the President of the impact
16	of the proposed export or transfer on the military ca-
17	pabilities of the foreign country or international orga-
18	nization to which such export or transfer would be
19	made;
20	"(F) an analysis by the President of the manner
21	in which the proposed export would affect the relative
22	military strengths of countries in the region to which
23	the goods or services which are the subject of such ex-
24	port would be delivered and whether other countries

1	in the region have comparable kinds and amounts of
2	articles, services, or design and construction services;
3	"(G) an analysis of the impact of the proposed
4	export or transfer on the United States relations with
5	the countries in the region to which the goods or serv-
6	ices which are the subject of such export would be de-
7	livered;
8	"(H) the projected delivery dates of the goods or
9	services to be offered; and
10	"(I) a detailed description of weapons and levels
11	of munitions that may be required as support for the
12	proposed export.
13	"(6) If the Congress within 30 calendar days after re-
14	ceiving a notification under paragraph (2) enacts a joint
15	resolution prohibiting the proposed export, then no license
16	may be issued, unless the President states in his notification
17	that an emergency exists which requires such export in the
18	national security interest of the United States. If the Presi-
19	dent so states that an emergency exists, he shall set forth
20	in the notification a detailed justification for his deter-
21	mination, including a description of the emergency cir-
22	cumstances which necessitate the immediate issuance of the
23	license and a discussion of the national security interest
24	involved.

1	"(7)(A) Any joint resolution under this subsection
2	shall be considered in the Senate in accordance with the
3	provisions of section 601(b) of the International Security
4	Assistance and Arms Export Control Act of 1976.
5	"(B) For the purpose of expediting the consideration
6	and enactment of joint resolutions under this subsection, a
7	motion to proceed to the consideration of any such joint
8	resolution after it has been reported by the appropriate
9	committee shall be treated as highly privileged in the House
10	of Representatives.
11	"(8) For purposes of this section, the terms 'export'
12	and 'transfer' shall include any reexport, third party trans-
13	fer or other consignment of United States-origin goods or
14	services.".
15	SEC. 715. REPORTS UNDER THE ARMS EXPORT CONTROL
16	ACT.
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1 /	(a) QUARTERLY REPORTS.—Section 36(a) of the Arms
	(a) Quarterly Reports.—Section 36(a) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2776(a)) is amended—
18	Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2776(a)) is amended—
18 19	Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2776(a)) is amended— (1) by striking "and" at the end of paragraph
18 19 20	Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2776(a)) is amended— (1) by striking "and" at the end of paragraph (10);
18 19 20 21	Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2776(a)) is amended— (1) by striking "and" at the end of paragraph (10); (2) by striking the period at the end of para-

1	"(12) a listing of all offset agreements proposed
2	to be entered into in connection with the sale of any
3	defense article or defense service.".
4	(b) Numbered Certifications With Respect to
5	GOVERNMENT-TO-GOVERNMENT SALES.—Section 36(b)(1)
6	of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2776(b)(1)) is
7	amended after the second sentence by inserting the following
8	new sentence: "Each such numbered certification shall con-
9	tain a description of any offset agreement proposed to be
10	entered into in connection with such letter of offer to sell.".
11	(c) Numbered Certifications With Respect to
12	Commercial Exports.—Section 36(c)(1) of the Arms Ex-
13	port Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2776(c)(1)) is amended after
14	the first sentence by inserting the following new sentence:
15	"Each such numbered certification shall also contain a de-
16	scription of any offset agreement proposed to be entered into
17	in connection with such export.".
18	(d) Definitions.—Section 36 of the Arms Export
19	Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2776) is amended by adding at the
20	end the following:
21	"(e) For purposes of this section—
22	"(1) the term 'offset agreement' means an agree-
23	ment, arrangement, or understanding between a Unit-
24	ed States supplier of defense articles or defense serv-
25	ices and a foreign country under which the supplier

1	agrees to purchase or acquire, or to promote the pur-
2	chase or acquisition by other United States persons
3	of, goods or services produced, manufactured, grown,
4	or extracted, in whole or in part, in that foreign
5	country in consideration for the purchase by the for-
6	eign country of defense articles or defense service from
7	the supplier; and
8	"(2) the term 'United States person' means—
9	"(A) an individual who is a national or
10	permanent resident alien of the United States;
11	"(B) any corporation, business association,
12	partnership, trust, or other juridical entity—
13	"(i) organized under the laws of the
14	United States or any State, district, terri-
15	tory, or possession thereof; or
16	"(ii) owned or controlled in fact by in-
17	dividuals described in subparagraph (A);
18	and
19	"(C) the United States Government or any
20	agency or instrumentality thereof.".

1	SEC. 716. PROHIBITION ON THIRD PARTY INCENTIVE PAY-
2	MENTS UNDER THE ARMS EXPORT CONTROL
3	ACT.
4	Section 39 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C.
5	2779) is amended by adding at the end the following new
6	subsection:
7	"(e)(1) No sale may be made, no credits may be ex-
8	tended, no guarantees may be issued, and no licenses may
9	be approved under this Act with respect to the sale of any
10	defense article or defense service to a foreign country unless
11	the United States supplier of such articles or services first
12	certifies that neither the supplier nor any employee, agent,
13	or subcontractor thereof will make any third-party incen-
14	tive payments for the purpose of satisfying, in whole or in
15	part, any offset agreement with that country.
16	"(2) For purposes of this subsection—
17	"(A) the term 'offset agreement' means an agree-
18	ment, arrangement, or understanding between a Unit-
19	ed States supplier of defense articles or defense serv-
20	ices and a foreign country under which the supplier
21	agrees to purchase or acquire, or to promote the pur-
22	chase or acquisition by other United States persons
23	of, goods or services produced, manufactured, grown,
24	or extracted, in whole or in part, in that foreign
25	country in consideration for the purchase by the for-

1	eign country of defense articles or defense services
2	from the supplier;
3	"(B) the term 'third-party incentive payments
4	means cash incentives, fees, or compensation of any
5	kind made by a United States supplier of defense ar-
6	ticles or defense services or by any employee, agent,
7	or subcontractor thereof to any other United States
8	person to induce that United States person to pur-
9	chase or acquire goods or services produced, manufac-
10	tured, grown, or extracted, in whole or in part, in the
11	foreign country which is purchasing those defense ar-
12	ticles or services; and
13	"(C) the term 'United States person' means—
14	"(i) an individual who is a national or per-
15	manent resident alien of the United States;
16	"(ii) any corporation, business association,
17	partnership, trust, or other juridical entity—
18	"(I) organized under the laws of the
19	United States or any State, district, terri-
20	tory, or possession thereof; or
21	"(II) owned or controlled in fact by in-
22	dividuals described in subparagraph (A);
23	and
24	"(iii) the United States Government or any
25	agency or instrumentality thereof.".

1	SEC. 717. SENSE OF SENATE ON UNITED STATES POLICY ON
2	NUCLEAR WEAPONS PROLIFERATION BY
3	NORTH KOREA.
4	(a) Findings.—The Senate makes the following find-
5	ings:
6	(1) North Korea is a signatory to the Treaty on
7	the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons.
8	(2) The International Atomic Energy Agency is
9	charged with ensuring that signatories to that treaty
10	meet their obligations under the treaty.
11	(3) The agency fulfills that mission principally
12	by inspections of nuclear facilities and by other legiti-
13	mate means necessary to ensure that signatories are
14	in compliance with the terms and obligations of the
15	treaty.
16	(4) North Korea is the location of seven declared
17	nuclear sites whose inspection is provided for under
18	the terms of the treaty.
19	(5) The International Atomic Energy Agency
20	suspects that North Korea is also the site of at least
21	two additional undeclared nuclear sites at which liq-
22	uid and solid nuclear waste is being stored.
23	(6) Inspection of the undeclared nuclear sites is
24	necessary to ensure the compliance of North Korea
25	with the terms of the treaty.

- 1 (7) The Government of North Korea is attempt-2 ing to place significant restrictions on inspections of 3 its declared nuclear sites and is refusing any inspec-4 tions of its undeclared nuclear sites.
 - (8) The national security interests of the United States require the curtailment of the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction, particularly nuclear weapons.
- (9) To ensure advancement of the goal of nuclear 9 nonproliferation, a signatory to the Treaty on the 10 Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons must permit 11 inspections of its facilities and comply with any other 12 legitimate requests of the International Atomic En-13 14 ergy Agency that are necessary to ensure that the country is in compliance with the terms and obliga-15 tions of the treaty. 16
- 17 (b) Sense of Senate.—It is the sense of the Senate 18 that—
 - (1) the President should not engage in negotiations connected with normalization of relations with the Government of North Korea until that government meets its full obligations under the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, including any inspection of nuclear sites located in North Korea sufficient to ensure the full compliance by the Govern-

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1	ment of North Korea with the terms and obligations
2	of the treaty; and
3	(2) the President undertake such diplomatic ac-
4	tivity with respect to the People's Republic of China
5	as is appropriate to enlist the assistance of that coun-
6	try in gaining the compliance of the Government of
7	North Korea with its obligations under the treaty.
8	(c) Definition.—In this section, the term "normal-
9	ization of relations" means the following:
10	(1) Disbanding the United Nations Forces Com-
11	mand and withdrawing United States troops from the
12	Republic of Korea.
13	(2) Lifting restrictions on trade with and invest-
14	ment in North Korea that are imposed pursuant to
15	United States law on trade with hostile states.
16	(3) Expanding economic cooperation with North
17	Korea.
18	(4) Assisting the entry of the North Korea Gov-
19	ernment into international organizations relating to
20	economic activity.
21	(5) Granting the diplomatic recognition of the
22	United States to the Government of North Korea.
23	SEC. 718. SENSE OF SENATE ON NORMALIZATION OF RELA-
24	TIONS WITH VIETNAM.
25	It is the sense of the Senate that—

- 1 (1) the Government of the United States is com-2 mitted to seeking the fullest possible accounting of 3 American servicemen unaccounted for during the war 4 in Vietnam;
 - (2) cooperation by the Government of Vietnam on resolving the fate of those American servicemen unaccounted for has increased significantly over the last three years and is essential to the resolution of outstanding POW/MIA cases;
 - (3) substantial and tangible progress has been made in the POW/MIA accounting process;
 - (4) cooperative efforts between the United States and Vietnam should continue in order to resolve all outstanding questions concerning the fate of Americans missing-in-action;
 - (5) United States senior military commanders and United States personnel working in the field to account for United States POW/MIAs in Vietnam believe that lifting the United States trade embargo against Vietnam will facilitate and accelerate the accounting efforts;
 - (6) therefore, in order to maintain and expand further United States and Vietnamese efforts to obtain the fullest possible accounting, the President should

1	lift the United States trade embargo against Vietnam
2	expeditiously; and
3	(7) moveover, as the United States and Vietnam
4	move toward normalization of relations, the Govern-
5	ment of Vietnam should demonstrate further improve-
6	ments in meeting internationally recognized stand-
7	ards of human rights.
8	SEC. 719. STUDY OF DEMOCRACY PROGRAM EFFECTIVE-
9	NESS.
10	(a) Findings.—The Congress finds that—
11	(1) the National Endowment for Democracy will
12	fund \$35,000,000 in democracy development pro-
13	grams overseas in fiscal year 1994;
14	(2) the Agency for International Development
15	will fund approximately \$400,000,000 worth of de-
16	mocracy development programs overseas in fiscal year
17	1994;
18	(3) it is in the interest of the United States to
19	have a coordinated approach to the funding of inter-
20	national democracy programs supported by United
21	States Government funds;
22	(4) both the Agency for International Develop-
23	ment and the National Endowment for Democracy
24	have funded overlapping programs in the same coun-
25	try; and

1	(5) the recent study of the independent Board for
2	International Broadcasting and the United States In-
3	formation Agency's Voice of America yielded a plan
4	for a new, more cost-effective structure for United
5	States Government-sponsored broadcasting that re-
6	duces cost and increases coordination.
7	(b) Report.—(1) Not later than 60 days after the date
8	of enactment of this Act, the President shall establish a com-
9	mission for the purpose of conducting a study of United
10	States Government-funded democracy support activities, in-
11	cluding activities funded through the National Endowment
12	for Democracy and the Agency for International Develop-
13	ment. Such commission shall submit a report to the Presi-
14	dent and to the appropriate committees of the Congress on
15	a streamlined, cost-effective organization of United States
16	democracy assistance.
17	(2) The report shall include—
18	(A) a review of all United States-sponsored de-
19	mocracy programs and identification of those pro-
20	grams that are overlapping;
21	(B) a clear statement of achievable goals and ob-
22	jectives for all United States-sponsored democracy
23	programs, and an evaluation of the manner in which
24	current democracy activities meet these goals and ob-
25	iectives:

1	(C) a review of the current United States Gov-
2	ernment organization for the delivery of democracy
3	assistance and recommended changes to reduce cost
4	and streamline overhead involved in the delivery of
5	democracy assistance; and
6	(D) a review of all agencies involved in deliver-
7	ing United States Government funds in the form of
8	democracy assistance and a recommended focal point
9	or lead agency within the United States Government
10	for overall coordination and consolidation of the ef-
11	fort.
12	(3) The report required by paragraph (1) shall be sub-
13	mitted not later than 180 days after the commission is es-
14	tablished.
15	SEC. 720. HIGH-LEVEL VISITS TO TAIWAN.
16	It is the sense of the Congress that—
17	(a) The President should be commended for his
18	meeting with Taiwan's Minister of Economic Affairs
19	during the Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation Con-
20	ference in Seattle;
21	(b) The President should send Cabinet-level ap-
22	pointees to Taiwan to promote American interests
23	and to ensure the continued success of United States
24	business in Taiwan;

1	(c) In addition to Cabinet-level visits, the Presi-
2	dent should take steps to show clear United States
3	support for Taiwan both in our bilateral relationship
4	and in multilateral organizations of which the United
5	States is a member.
6	SEC. 721. FREEDOM OF INFORMATION EXEMPTION FOR
7	CERTAIN OPEN SKIES TREATY DATA.
8	(a) In General.—Data collected by sensors during
9	observation flights conducted in connection with the Treaty
10	on Open Skies, including flights conducted prior to entry
11	into force of the Treaty, shall be exempt from disclosure
12	under the Freedom of Information Act or any other Act—
13	(1) in the case of data with respect to a foreign
14	country—
15	(A) if the country has not disclosed the data
16	to the public; and
17	(B) if the country has not, acting through
18	the Open Skies Consultative Commission or any
19	other diplomatic channel, authorized the United
20	States to disclose the data to the public; or
21	(2) in the case of data with respect to the United
22	States, if disclosure of such data could be reasonably
23	expected to cause substantial harm to the national de-
24	fense as determined by the Secretary of Defense or to

1	the foreign relations of the United States as deter-
2	mined by the Secretary of State.
3	(b) Extension of Withholding of Certain
4	Data.—(1) For purposes of subsection (a)(2), data held for
5	a period of 5 years from the date of collection shall be
6	deemed not to cause substantial harm to the national de-
7	fense or foreign relations of the United States and shall be
8	released unless the head of the agency that made the initial
9	determination determines otherwise, in which case the data
10	may be withheld for an additional period or periods of 5
11	years each.
12	(2) In no case may data be withheld under this sub-
13	section for more than 10 years from the date of collection.
14	(3) Determinations under this subsection may not be
15	delegated.
16	(c) Statutory Construction.—This section con-
17	stitutes a specific exemption within the meaning of section
18	552(b)(3) of title 5, United States Code.
19	(d) Definitions.—For the purposes of this section—
20	(1) the term "Freedom of Information Act"
21	means the provisions of section 552 of title 5, United
22	States Code;
23	(2) the term "Open Skies Consultative Commis-
24	sion" means the commission established pursuant to
25	Article X of the Treaty on Open Skies; and

1	(3) the term "Treaty on Open Skies" means the
2	Treaty on Open Skies, signed at Helsinki on March
3	24, 1992.
4	SEC. 722. TRANSFER OF CERTAIN OBSOLETE OR SURPLUS
5	DEFENSE ARTICLES IN THE WAR RESERVE AL-
6	LIES STOCKPILE TO THE REPUBLIC OF
7	KOREA.
8	(a) AUTHORITY.—(1) Notwithstanding section 514 of
9	the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2321h), the
10	Secretary of Defense is authorized to transfer to the Repub-
11	lic of Korea, in return for concessions to be negotiated by
12	the Secretary, any or all of the items described in para-
13	graph (2).
14	(2) The items referred to in paragraph (1) are equip-
15	ment, tanks, weapons, repair parts, and ammunition
16	that—
17	(A) are obsolete or surplus items;
18	(B) are in the inventory of the Department of
19	Defense;
20	(C) are intended for use as reserve stocks for the
21	Republic of Korea; and
22	(D) as of the date of enactment of this Act, are
23	located in a stockpile in the Republic of Korea.
24	(b) Concessions.—The value of the concessions nego-
25	tiated by the Secretary of Defense shall be at least equal

1	to the fair market value of the items transferred. The conces-
2	sions may include cash compensation, services, waiver of
3	charges otherwise payable by the United States, and other
4	items of value.
5	(c) Advance Notification of Transfer.—Not less
6	than 30 days before making a transfer under the authority
7	of this section, the Secretary of Defense shall transmit to
8	the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, the Com-
9	mittee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives,
10	and the congressional defense committees a notification of
11	the proposed transfer. The notification shall identify the
12	items to be transferred and the concessions to be received.
13	(d) Expiration of Authority.—No transfer may be
14	made under the authority of this section more than two
15	years after the date of the enactment of this Act.
16	SEC. 723. PILOT VISA WAIVER PROJECT FOR KOREANS VIS-
17	ITING ALASKA AND HAWAII.
18	(a) Congressional Findings.—The Congress finds
19	that—
20	(1) travel and tourism play a major role in re-
21	ducing the United States unfavorable balance of
22	trade;
23	(2) the characteristics of the Korean travel mar-
24	ket do not permit long-term planning for longer trips;

- (3) applications for United States visas cannot
 now be processed in a reasonable period of time;
 (4) the United States Department of State has
 directed reductions in staff at the United States Em-
- directed reductions in staff at the United States Embassy in Seoul, which promise to further expand the time necessary for potential Korean travelers to obtain a United States visa;
 - (5) most of the nations of the South Pacific and Europe do not currently require Koreans entering their countries to have a visa, thus providing them with a serious competitive advantage;
 - (6) the United States territory of Guam has been permitted by the United States Government to eliminate visa requirements for Koreans visiting Guam, with resultant impressive increases in travel and tourism from the Republic of Korea;
 - (7) the existing procedures to add any nation, including the Republic of Korea, to the group of favored nations exempted from United States visa regulations, would require many years during which time the United States could well lose its competitive advantages in attracting travel and tourism from the Republic of Korea; and
 - (8) the Republic of Korea as a gesture of goodwill has already unilaterally released United States

1	travelers to the Republic of Korea from the necessity
2	of obtaining a visa.
3	(b) Policy.—The Secretary of State shall explore the
4	procedures necessary to inaugurate a pilot study project
5	which—
6	(1) would be aimed at greatly reducing the time
7	and formalities needed to permit the Republic of
8	Korea to join the other visa-waiver nations of the
9	world; and
10	(2) would immediately permit the noncontiguous
11	States of Alaska and Hawaii to join Guam as visa-
12	free destinations for Korean travelers.
13	(c) Description of Pilot Project.—A pilot project
14	conducted under subsection (a) should consist of the follow-
15	ing elements:
16	(1) United States visas would be declared unnec-
17	essary for Koreans visiting Alaska or Hawaii.
18	(2) At United States Customs passport control
19	stations in Alaska and Hawaii, Koreans would be ex-
20	pected to display their return trip airline ticket, with
21	return to be effected within 2 weeks.
22	(3) At the end of 1 year, if immigration viola-
23	tions do not exceed the numbers experienced for Kore-
24	ans entering other United States gateways, then the

1	Department of State should consider extending visa
2	waivers to all Koreans visiting the United States.
3	(d) Effective Date; Termination Date.—A pilot
4	project conducted under subsection (a) should begin not
5	later than May 1, 1994, and should terminate April 30,
6	1995.
7	SEC. 724. EUROPEAN NATIONS PARTICIPATION IN NATO.
8	(a) The Congress finds that:
9	(1) The Warsaw Pact has been disbanded and re-
10	placed by governments with legitimate political, eco-
11	nomic and security interests;
12	(2) It is in the national interests of the United
13	States to preserve European regional stability through
14	the promotion of political and economic freedom and
15	respect for territorial integrity and national sov-
16	ereignty;
17	(3) The North Atlantic Treaty Organization has
18	served and advanced United States and European in-
19	terests in political stability and collective security for
20	forty-five years;
21	(4) The Partnership for Peace is a positive step
22	towards maintaining and furthering that security, a
23	step that gives the nations of the East time to prepare
24	for membership, therefore
25	(h) It is the sense of the Senate that:

1	(1) European nations which demonstrate both
2	the capability and willingness to support collective
3	defense requirements and established democratic prac-
4	tices including free, fair elections, civilian control of
5	military institutions, respect for territorial integrity
6	and the individual liberties of its citizens, share the
7	goals of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization; and
8	(2) The United States should urge prompt ad-
9	mission to NATO for those nations after they have
10	demonstrated such capability and willingness as set
11	forth in paragraph (1).
12	SEC. 725. POLICY ON TERMINATION OF UNITED STATES
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13	ARMS EMBARGO.
13	ARMS EMBARGO. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following
13 14	ARMS EMBARGO. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following
13 14 15	ARMS EMBARGO. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings:
13 14 15 16	ARMS EMBARGO. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings: (1) On July 10, 1991, the United States adopted
13 14 15 16 17	ARMS EMBARGO. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings: (1) On July 10, 1991, the United States adopted a policy suspending all licenses and other approvals
13 14 15 16 17	ARMS EMBARGO. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings: (1) On July 10, 1991, the United States adopted a policy suspending all licenses and other approvals to export or otherwise transfer defense articles and de-
13 14 15 16 17 18	ARMS EMBARGO. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings: (1) On July 10, 1991, the United States adopted a policy suspending all licenses and other approvals to export or otherwise transfer defense articles and defense services to Yugoslavia.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	ARMS EMBARGO. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings: (1) On July 10, 1991, the United States adopted a policy suspending all licenses and other approvals to export or otherwise transfer defense articles and defense services to Yugoslavia. (2) On September 25, 1991, the United Nations
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	ARMS EMBARGO. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following findings: (1) On July 10, 1991, the United States adopted a policy suspending all licenses and other approvals to export or otherwise transfer defense articles and defense services to Yugoslavia. (2) On September 25, 1991, the United Nations Security Council adopted Resolution 713, which im-

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1	(3) The United States considered the policy
2	adopted July 10, 1991, to comply fully with Resolu-
3	tion 713 and therefore took no additional action in
4	response to that resolution.
5	(4) On January 8, 1992, the United Nations Se-
6	curity Council adopted Resolution 727, which decided
7	that the mandatory arms embargo imposed by Resolu-
8	tion 713 should apply to any independent states that
9	might thereafter emerge on the territory of Yugo-
10	slavia.
11	(5) On February 29 and March 1, 1992, the peo-
12	ple of Bosnia and Herzegovina voted in a referendum
13	to declare independence from Yugoslavia.
14	(6) On April 7, 1992, the United States recog-
15	nized the Government of Bosnia and Herzegovina.
16	(7) On May 22, 1992, the Government of Bosnia
17	and Herzegovina was admitted to full membership in
18	the United Nations.
19	(8) Consistent with Resolution 727, the United
20	States has continued to apply the policy adopted July
21	10, 1991, to independent states that have emerged on
22	the territory of the former Yugoslavia, including
23	Bosnia and Herzegovina.
24	(9) Subsequent to the adoption of Resolution 727

and Bosnia and Herzegovina's independence referen-

- dum, the siege of Sarajevo began and fighting spread
 to other areas of Bosnia and Herzegovina.
- 3 (10) The Government of Serbia intervened di-4 rectly in the fighting by providing significant mili-5 tary, financial, and political support and direction to 6 Serbian-allied irregular forces in Bosnia and 7 Herzegovina.
- (11) In statements dated May 1 and May 12, 8 1992, the Conference on Security and Cooperation in 9 10 Europe declared that the Government of Serbia and the Serbian-controlled Yugoslav National Army were 11 12 committing aggression against the Government of Bosnia and Herzegovina and assigned to them prime 13 responsibility for the escalation of bloodshed and de-14 15 struction.
 - (12) On May 30, 1992, the United Nations Security Council adopted Resolution 757, which condemned the Government of Serbia for its continued failure to respect the territorial integrity of Bosnia and Herzegovina.
 - (13) Serbian-allied irregular forces have occupied approximately 70 percent of the territory of Bosnia and Herzegovina, committed gross violations of human rights in the areas they have occupied, and

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- 1 established a secessionist government committed to 2 eventual unification with Serbia.
- 3 (14) The military and other support and direc-4 tion provided to Serbian-allied irregular forces in 5 Bosnia and Herzegovina constitutes an armed attack 6 on the Government of Bosnia and Herzegovina by the 7 Government of Serbia within the meaning of Article 8 51 of the United Nations Charter.
 - (15) Under Article 51, the Government of Bosnia and Herzegovina, as a member of the United Nations, has an inherent right of individual or collective self-defense against the armed attack from the Government of Serbia until the United Nations Security Council has taken measures necessary to maintain international peace and security.
 - (16) The measures taken by the United Nations Security Council in response to the armed attack on Bosnia and Herzegovina have not been adequate to maintain international peace and security.
 - (17) Bosnia and Herzegovina has been unable successfully to resist the armed attack from Serbia because it lacks the means to counter heavy weaponry that Serbia obtained from the Yugoslav National Army upon the dissolution of Yugoslavia, and because the mandatory international arms embargo has pre-

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- vented Bosnia and Herzegovina from obtaining from
 other countries the means to counter such heavy
 weaponry.
- 4 (18) On December 18, 1992, with the affirmative 5 vote of the United States, the United Nations General 6 Assembly adopted Resolution 47/121, which urged the 7 United Nations Security Council to exempt Bosnia 8 and Herzegovina from the mandatory arms embargo 9 imposed by Resolution 713.
 - (19) In the absence of adequate measures to maintain international peace and security, continued application to the Government of Bosnia and Herzegovina of the mandatory international arms embargo imposed by the United Nations Security Council prior to the armed attack on Bosnia and Herzegovina undermines that government's right of individual or collective self-defense and therefore contravenes Article 51 of the United Nations Charter.
 - (20) Bosnia and Herzegovina's right of self-defense under Article 51 of the United Nations Charter includes the right to ask for military assistance from other countries and to receive such assistance if offered.
- 24 (b) Policy on Termination of Arms Embargo.—
- 25 (1) It is the sense of the Senate that the President should

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- 1 terminate the United States arms embargo of the Govern-
- 2 ment of Bosnia and Herzegovina upon receipt from that
- 3 government of a request for assistance in exercising its right
- 4 of self-defense under Article 51 of the United Nations Char-
- 5 ter.
- 6 (2) As used in this subsection, the term "United States
- 7 arms embargo of the Government of Bosnia and
- 8 Herzegovina" means the application to the Government of
- 9 Bosnia and Herzegovina of—
- 10 (A) the policy adopted July 10, 1991, and pub-
- 11 lished in the Federal Register of July 19, 1991 (58
- 12 Fed. Reg. 33322) under the heading "Suspension of
- 13 Munitions Export Licenses to Yugoslavia"; and
- 14 (B) any similar policy being applied by the
- 15 United States Government as of the date of receipt of
- the request described in subsection (a) pursuant to
- which approval is routinely denied for transfers of de-
- 18 fense articles and defense services to the former Yugo-
- 19 slavia.
- 20 (c) Policy on Military Assistance.—The President
- 21 should provide appropriate military assistance to the Gov-
- 22 ernment of Bosnia and Herzegovina upon receipt from that
- 23 government of a request for assistance in exercising its right
- 24 of self-defense under Article 51 of the United Nations Char-
- 25 ter.

1	SEC. 726. POLICY ON PREPARING TO REINTRODUCE OF
2	TACTICAL NUCLEAR WEAPONS TO THE KO-
3	REAN PENINSULA.
4	(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following
5	findings:
6	(1) It was announced by South Korean President
7	Roh Tae Woo on December 18, 1991, that all tactical
8	nuclear weapons had been removed from the Korean
9	peninsula.
10	(2) On December 31, 1991, North Korea agreed
11	to a denuclearization agreement with South Korea
12	pledging not to possess, manufacture, or use nuclear
13	weapons, not to possess plutonium reprocessing facili-
14	ties, and to negotiate the establishment of a nuclear
15	inspection system.
16	(3) On January 30, 1992, North Korea signed a
17	nuclear safeguards agreement with the International
18	Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA), allowing for IAEA
19	regular inspections of nuclear facilities designated by
20	North Korea.
21	(4) Negotiations between North and South Korea
22	over implementation of the bilateral denuclearization
23	agreement have stalled.
24	(5) North Korea stated its intention on March
25	12, 1993, to withdraw from the Treaty on the Non-

- 1 Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (NPT), done on 2 July 1, 1968.
- 3 (6) North Korea said it would "suspend as long 4 as it considers necessary" its withdrawal from the 5 Treaty on June 11, 1993, but continues to refuse to 6 fully comply with Treaty provisions requiring regular 7 inspections of declared nuclear facilities and allowing 8 special inspections of undeclared sites.
 - (7) North Korea is the only country to ever formally threaten to withdraw from the Treaty, and effectively remains in a state of noncompliance with the Treaty.
 - (8) President Clinton has stated that the United States objective is a Korean peninsula free of nuclear weapons, and reaffirmed the United States security commitment to South Korea during a visit there on July 10–11, 1993.
 - (9) On November 7, 1993, President Clinton stated that "North Korea cannot be allowed to develop a nuclear bomb.".
 - (10) North Korea has reportedly rejected IAEA inspection procedures of seven declared nuclear sites after agreeing, in principle, with United States officials to allow IAEA investigators to visit each of those sites.

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1	(11) In a statement issued on January 21, 1994,
2	to IAEA authorities, North Korea reportedly declared
3	that "routine or ad hoc" inspections, otherwise known
4	as regular or special inspections, would not be al-
5	lowed, and an IAEA spokesman stated that "we are
6	not in agreement" about the inspections.
7	(b) Policy.—It is the sense of Congress that if North
8	Korea continues to resist the efforts of the international
9	community to allow the IAEA to conduct regular and spe-
10	cial inspections of its declared and undeclared nuclear sites
11	and facilities, and refuses to return to, and fully comply
12	with, the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weap-
13	ons, the President should—
14	(1) fully coordinate with United States allies in
15	the region regarding the military posture of North
16	Korea and the ability of the United States to deter
17	any future nuclear attack against South Korea or
18	Japan; and
19	(2) in conjunction with United States allies, act
20	to defend United States security interests on the Ko-
21	rean peninsula and enhance the defense capability of
22	United States forces by preparing to reintroduce tac-
23	tical nuclear weapons in South Korea

1	(c) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the
2	term "IAEA" means the International Atomic Energy
3	Agency.
4	SEC. 727. ASYLUM REFORMS.
5	(a) Findings.—The Congress finds that—
6	(1) in the last decade applications for asylum
7	have greatly exceeded the original 5,000 annual limit
8	provided in the Refugee Act of 1980, with more than
9	150,000 asylum applications filed in fiscal year 1993,
10	and the backlog of cases growing to the current level
11	of 355,000;
12	(2) this flood of asylum claims has swamped the
13	system, creating delays in the processing of applica-
14	tions of up to several years;
15	(3) the delay in processing asylum claims due to
16	the overwhelming numbers has contributed to numer-
17	ous problems, including—
18	(A) an abuse of the asylum laws by fraudu-
19	lent applicants whose primary interest is obtain-
20	ing work authority in the United States while
21	their claim languishes in the backlogged asylum
22	processing system;
23	(B) the growth of alien smuggling oper-
24	ations, often involving organized crime;

1	(C) a drain on limited resources resulting
2	from the high cost of processing frivolous asylum
3	claims through our multi-layered system; and
4	(D) an erosion of public support for asy-
5	lum;
6	(4) asylum, a safe haven protection for aliens
7	abroad who cannot return home, has been perverted
8	by some aliens who use asylum claims to circumvent
9	our immigration and refugee laws and procedures;
10	(5) a comprehensive revision of our asylum law
11	and procedures is required to address these problems.
12	(b) Policy.—It is the sense of the Congress that—
13	(1) asylum is a process intended to protect cer-
14	tain aliens in the United States who, because of
15	events occurring after their arrival here, cannot safely
16	return home;
17	(2) persons outside their country of nationality
18	who have a well-founded fear of persecution if they re-
19	turn should apply for refugee status with the local
20	UNHCR, or other relevant international organiza-
21	tion, office or at one of our refugee processing centers
22	abroad, if possible;
23	(3) the immigration, refugee and asylum laws of
24	the United States should be reformed to provide—

1	(A) a procedure for the expeditious exclu-
2	sion of asylum applicants who arrive at a port-
3	of-entry with fraudulent documents, or no docu-
4	ments, and make a non-credible claim of asylum;
5	and
6	(B) the immigration, refugee, and asylum
7	laws of the United States should be reformed to
8	provide for a streamlined affirmative asylum
9	processing system for asylum applicants who
10	make their application after they have entered
11	the United States.
12	SEC. 728. AMENDMENTS TO THE PLO COMMITMENTS COM-
13	PLIANCE ACT.
14	The PLO Commitments Compliance Act of 1989 (title
15	VIII of Public Law 101–246) is amended—
15 16	VIII of Public Law 101–246) is amended— (1) in section 804(b), by striking "Beginning 30"
16	(1) in section 804(b), by striking "Beginning 30
16 17	(1) in section 804(b), by striking "Beginning 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and every
16 17 18	(1) in section 804(b), by striking "Beginning 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 120 days thereafter in which the dialogue between the
16 17 18 19	(1) in section 804(b), by striking "Beginning 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 120 days thereafter in which the dialogue between the United States and the PLO has not been discon-
16 17 18 19 20	(1) in section 804(b), by striking "Beginning 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 120 days thereafter in which the dialogue between the United States and the PLO has not been discontinued", and inserting in lieu thereof "In conjunction"
116 117 118 119 220 221	(1) in section 804(b), by striking "Beginning 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 120 days thereafter in which the dialogue between the United States and the PLO has not been discontinued", and inserting in lieu thereof "In conjunction with each written policy justification required under
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(1) in section 804(b), by striking "Beginning 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 120 days thereafter in which the dialogue between the United States and the PLO has not been discontinued", and inserting in lieu thereof "In conjunction with each written policy justification required under section (3)(b)(1) of the Middle East Peace Facilita-

1	right to exist" and inserting in lieu thereof "and each
2	of the commitments described in section (4)(A) of the
3	Middle East Peace Facilitation Act of 1994 (Oslo
4	commitments)";
5	(3) in section 804(b)(2), by inserting "and Oslo"
6	after "Geneva";
7	(4) by striking paragraphs (3) and (8) of section
8	804(b);
9	(5) by redesignating paragraphs (4), (5), (6),
10	(7), (9), and (10) of section 804(b) as paragraphs (3),
11	(4), (5), (6), (7), and (8), respectively of that section;
12	(6) in section 802(8), by inserting "and on Sep-
13	tember 9, 1993'' after ''1998'';
14	(7) in section 802, by redesignating paragraph
15	(8) as paragraph (10);
16	(8) by striking "and" at the end of section
17	802(7); and
18	(9) by inserting after section 802(7) the follow-
19	ing:
20	"(8) the President, following an attempted ter-
21	rorist attack upon a Tel Aviv beach on May 30, 1990,
22	suspended the United States dialogue with the PLO;
23	"(9) the President resumed the United States
24	dialogue with the PLO in response to the commit-
25	ments made by the PLO in letters to the Prime Min-

1	ister of Israel and the Foreign Minister of Norway of
2	September 9, 1993; and".
3	SEC. 729. SAFETY OF UNITED STATES PERSONNEL IN SARA
4	JEVO.
5	(a) Findings.—The Congress finds that—
6	(1) the United States has recognized and estab-
7	lished diplomatic relations with the Government of
8	Bosnia-Hercegovina;
9	(2) the United States Ambassador to Bosnia-
10	Hercegovina does not have any secure permanent or
11	semipermanent facilities to conduct United States
12	diplomatic activities in Sarajevo;
13	(3) the protracted conflict in Bosnia-Hercegovina
14	creates serious physical risks to United States diplo-
15	matic personnel serving there;
16	(4) the United States Ambassador to Bosnia-
17	Hercegovina resides and carries out his duties from
18	Vienna, Austria; and
19	(5) an increased and more secure United States
20	diplomatic presence in Sarajevo would enhance Unit-
21	ed States interests in Bosnia-Hercegovina.
22	(b) Policy.—(1) It is, therefore, the sense of the Senate
23	that the Secretary of State should immediately take steps
24	to increase the presence of United States diplomatic person-

- 1 nel in Sarajevo, Bosnia-Hercegovina consistent with the ob-
- 2 jectives of ensuring their physical safety.
- 3 (2) Such steps should include secure facilities, commu-
- 4 nication capability, ground transportation and other capa-
- 5 bilities, as appropriate, to enable United States diplomatic
- 6 personnel to conduct regular official United States diplo-
- 7 matic activities in Sarajevo.
- 8 (c) Report.—The Secretary of State shall report to
- 9 the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Chair-
- 10 man of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations on the
- 11 steps taken to enhance the security and safety of United
- 12 States diplomatic personnel not later than 30 days after
- 13 the date of enactment of this Act.
- 14 SEC. 730. NOTIFICATION OF CONGRESS ON CERTAIN
- 15 **EVENTS INVOLVING THE MTCR.**
- 16 (a) Export in Support of Space Launch Vehicle
- 17 (SLV) Programs.—At least 30 days before the export of
- 18 any item controlled pursuant to United States obligations
- 19 under the Missile Technology Control Regime and intended
- 20 to support the design, development, or production of a Cat-
- 21 egory I system, as defined in the MTCR Annex, to be uti-
- 22 lized for the launch of satellites into space, the President
- 23 shall transmit to Congress a report describing the proposed
- 24 export and the rationale for approving such export, includ-
- 25 ing the consistency of such export with United States mis-

- 1 sile nonproliferation policy. The President may waive the
- 2 30-day waiting period in any case in which the President
- 3 certifies in the report that the national security interests
- 4 of the United States necessitate immediate approval of the
- 5 export or that the export represents the continuation of a
- 6 long-standing relationship with an MTCR partner.
- 7 (b) United States Position Regarding Admission
- 8 OF NEW MTCR MEMBERS.—At least 30 days before the
- 9 United States takes the position to favor the admission of
- 10 a particular country into the Missile Technology Control
- 11 Regime, the President shall transmit to Congress a report
- 12 describing the rationale for such position together with all
- 13 relevant information concerning that country's non-
- 14 proliferation policies, practices, and commitments. The
- 15 President may waive the 30-day waiting period in any case
- 16 in which the President certifies in the report that the na-
- 17 tional security interests of the United States necessitate im-
- 18 mediate approval of the new member.
- 19 (c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
- 20 (1) the terms "Missile Technology Control Re-
- 21 gime" and "MTCR" mean the policy statement, be-
- 22 tween the United States, the United Kingdom, the
- 23 Federal Republic of Germany, France, Italy, Canada,
- 24 and Japan, announced on April 16, 1987, to restrict

1	sensitive missile-relevant transfers based on the
2	MTCR Annex, and any amendments thereto; and
3	(2) the term "MTCR Annex" means the Guide-
4	lines and Equipment and Technology Annex of the
5	MTCR, and any amendments thereto.
6	SEC. 731. EXTENSION OF THE FAIR TRADE IN AUTO PARTS
7	ACT OF 1988.
8	(a) In General.—Section 2125 of the Fair Trade in
9	Auto Parts Act of 1988 (15 U.S.C. 4704) is amended by
10	striking "1993" and inserting "1998".
11	(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by this
12	section shall take effect on December 30, 1993.
13	SEC. 732. REPORT ON THE ACTIVITIES OF THE PEOPLE'S
13 14	SEC. 732. REPORT ON THE ACTIVITIES OF THE PEOPLE'S MUJAHEDDIN OF IRAN.
14	MUJAHEDDIN OF IRAN.
14 15	MUJAHEDDIN OF IRAN. (a) Congress makes the following findings:
14 15 16	MUJAHEDDIN OF IRAN. (a) Congress makes the following findings: (1) The People's Mujaheddin of Iran receives ma-
14 15 16 17	MUJAHEDDIN OF IRAN. (a) Congress makes the following findings: (1) The People's Mujaheddin of Iran receives material, logistic, and financial support from the Iraq
14 15 16 17 18	MUJAHEDDIN OF IRAN. (a) Congress makes the following findings: (1) The People's Mujaheddin of Iran receives material, logistic, and financial support from the Iraq Government.
14 15 16 17 18	MUJAHEDDIN OF IRAN. (a) Congress makes the following findings: (1) The People's Mujaheddin of Iran receives material, logistic, and financial support from the Iraq Government. (2) The People's Mujaheddin of Iran has been in-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	MUJAHEDDIN OF IRAN. (a) Congress makes the following findings: (1) The People's Mujaheddin of Iran receives material, logistic, and financial support from the Iraq Government. (2) The People's Mujaheddin of Iran has been involved in terrorist activities since the inception of the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	MUJAHEDDIN OF IRAN. (a) Congress makes the following findings: (1) The People's Mujaheddin of Iran receives material, logistic, and financial support from the Iraq Government. (2) The People's Mujaheddin of Iran has been involved in terrorist activities since the inception of the organization in 1963.

- 1 (4) The People's Mujaheddin of Iran is respon-2 sible for the deaths of several United States military 3 advisers in 1972 and 1973, for the deaths of two Air 4 Force officers in 1975, and for the deaths of three 5 United States employees of the Rockwell International 6 Corporation in 1976.
 - (5) The People's Mujaheddin of Iran actively and vigorously supported the seizure of the United States Embassy in Tehran, Iran, in 1979.
 - (6) The Department of State informally recognizes the involvement of the People's Mujaheddin of Iran in international terrorist activities and has refused contact with representatives of the organization.
 - (7) The annual report of the Secretary of State on terrorist activities does not provide adequate information on the terrorist activities of the People's Mujaheddin of Iran.
 - (8) The past activities of the People's Mujaheddin of Iran, and the current policy of the Department of State with respect to the organization, create a presumption that the organization is currently engaged in international terrorist activities.
- 23 (b) Except as provided in subsection (d), the annual 24 report of the Secretary of State that is submitted to Con-25 gress on April 30, 1994, under section 140 of the Foreign

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- 1 Relations Authorization Act. Fiscal Years 1988 and 1989
- 2 (Public Law 100–204; 22 U.S.C. 2656f) shall include infor-
- 3 mation referred to in subsection (c) on the People's
- 4 Mujaheddin of Iran.
- 5 (c) The report referred to in subsection (b) shall in-
- 6 clude—
- 7 (1) an assessment of the activities of the People's
- 8 Mujaheddin of Iran in accordance with subsection
- 9 (a)(1) of such section 140; and
- 10 (2) any other relevant information on the Peo-
- 11 ple's Mujaheddin of Iran referred to in subsection
- 12 (a)(2) of such section 140, including a detailed dis-
- cussion of each of the matters referred to in subpara-
- 14 graphs (A) through (D) of subsection (b)(2) of such
- 15 section.
- 16 (d) The Secretary may elect not to include the infor-
- 17 mation referred to in subsection (c) in the report referred
- 18 to in subsection (b). In the event of such an election, the
- 19 Secretary shall transmit to the Speaker of the House of Rep-
- 20 resentatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the
- 21 Senate a justification for such election.
- 22 (e) In the event of an election under subsection (d),
- 23 not less than sixty days from the submittal of the report
- 24 referred to in subsection (b), the Secretary shall submit an
- 25 unclassified report to Congress detailing the structure, cur-

- 1 rent activities, external support and history of the People's
- 2 Mujaheddin of Iran. Such report shall include any connec-
- 3 tion to organizations operating in the United States.
- 4 (f) In this section, the term "People's Mujaheddin of
- 5 Iran'' means the organization also known as the
- 6 Mujaheddin-e Khalq that is based in Iraq and led by Ira-
- 7 nian expatriots Massoud Rajavi or Maryam Rajavi and in-
- 8 cludes any group or organization associated with such orga-
- 9 nization, including the Iraqi-based National Liberation
- 10 Army and the National Council of Resistance of Iran.
- 11 SEC. 733. REIMBURSEMENT OF STATE AND LOCAL GOVERN-
- 12 **MENTS.**
- 13 Section 208 of title 3, United States Code, is amended
- 14 by inserting at the end the following new subsection:
- 15 "(c) Out of funds otherwise available for fiscal year
- 16 1994 and fiscal year 1995 for 'Protection of Foreign Mis-
- 17 sions and Officials', the Secretary of State is authorized to
- 18 reimburse the City of Seattle and State of Washington up
- 19 to a total of \$440,000 for fiscal year 1994 and \$500,000
- 20 for fiscal year 1995 for unexpected extraordinary security
- 21 costs associated with the change in the level of the participa-
- 22 tion in the Asian Pacific Cooperation conference held in
- 23 Seattle in November 1993 from Ministerial to Heads-of-
- 24 State.".

SEC. 734. RESTORATION OF WITHHELD BENEFITS.

- 2 (a) Eligibility.—With respect to any person for
- 3 which the Secretary of State and the Secretary concerned
- 4 within the Department of Defense has approved the employ-
- 5 ment or the holding of a position pursuant to the provisions
- 6 of section 1058, title 10, United States Code, before the date
- 7 of enactment of this Act, the consents, approvals and deter-
- 8 minations under that section shall be deemed to be effective
- 9 as of January 1, 1993.
- 10 (b) Technical Correction.—Subsection (d) of sec-
- 11 tion 1433 of Public Law 103–160 is repealed.
- 12 SEC. 735. REPORT ON THE USE OF FOREIGN FROZEN OR
- 13 **BLOCKED ASSETS.**
- Not later than 30 days after enactment of this Act,
- 15 the President shall submit to the Committee on Foreign Re-
- 16 lations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs
- 17 of the House of Representatives a report containing a de-
- 18 tailed accounting analysis and justification for all expendi-
- 19 tures made from foreign governments' assets that have been
- 20 frozen or blocked by the United States Government, includ-
- 21 ing but not limited to those expenditures made from Hai-
- 22 tian frozen or blocked assets by the Government of President
- 23 Jean Bertrand Aristide, and those made from Iranian and
- 24 Iraqi frozen or blocked assets.

1 SEC. 736. FOREIGN POLICY.

2	(a) It is the sense of the Senate that the President has
3	determined that sustainable development is one of the goals
4	of United States foreign policy and, therefore, the United
5	States, in conducting bilateral and multilateral negotia-
6	tions, should, to the maximum extent feasible, take into con-
7	sideration the principles of sustainable development that
8	encourage broad based economic growth, protect the envi-
9	ronment, build human capital and knowledge, and promote
10	democratic participation and development.
11	(b) It is the further sense of the Senate that domestic
12	producers of environmental goods and services should, to the
13	maximum extent practicable, be notified of any potential
14	business opportunities which result from United States bi-
15	lateral and multilateral assistance programs and negotia-
16	tions.
17	SEC. 737. PASSPORT SECURITY.
18	(a) It is the sense of the Congress that the Department
19	of State is strongly urged to assure that any new passport
20	issuances should, to the maximum extent practicable—
21	(1) be secure against counterfeiting, alteration,
22	duplication or simulation;
23	(2) be easily verifiable with appropriate inspec-
24	tion by public officials and private and commercial
25	personnel; and

1	(3) contain only American-sourced materials
2	and technology.
3	(b) The Secretary of State shall provide a report to
4	the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations and the House
5	Committee on Foreign Affairs within 30 days of enactment
6	detailing actions taken by the Department to accomplish
7	the goals set forth in subsection (a).
8	SEC. 738. PUBLISHING INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS.
9	Section 112a of title I of the United States Code is
10	amended—
11	(1) by inserting "(a)" immediately before "The
12	Secretary of State"; and
13	(2) by adding at the end thereof the following
14	new subsections:
15	"(b) The Secretary of State may determine that publi-
16	cation of certain categories of agreements is not required,
17	provided that the following criteria are met:
18	"(1) Such agreements are not treaties which have
19	been brought into force for the United States after
20	having received Senate advice and consent pursuant
21	to section 2(2) of Article II of the Constitution of the
22	United States;
23	"(2) The public interest in such agreements is
24	insufficient to justify their publication, in that (i) as
25	of the date of enactment of this legislation, the agree-

1 ments are no longer in force, (ii) the agreements do 2 not create private rights or duties, nor establish standards intended to govern government action in 3 the treatment of private individuals, (iii) in view of the limited or specialized nature of the public interest 5 in such agreements, such interest can adequately be 6 7 satisfied by an alternative means, or (iv) the public disclosure of the text of the agreement would, in the 8 opinion of the President, be prejudicial to the na-9 tional security of the United States; and 10 "(3) Copies of such agreements (other than those 11 in subsection (2)(b)(iv)), including certified copies 12 where necessary for litigation or similar purposes, 13 can be made available by the Department of State 14 15 upon reasonable request. "(c) Any determination pursuant to subsection (b) 16 shall be published in the Federal Register.". SEC. 739. CONFERENCE ON SECURITY AND COOPERATION 19 IN EUROPE. 20 The President is authorized to implement, for the United States, the provisions of Annex 1 of the Decision 21 concerning Legal Capacity and Privileges and Immunities, issued by the Council of Ministers of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe on December 1, 1993, in accordance with the terms of that Annex.

1 SEC. 740. AGREEMENT ON STATE AND LOCAL TAXATION.

- 2 The President is authorized to bring into force for the
- 3 United States the Agreement on State and Local Taxation
- 4 of Foreign Employees of Public International Organiza-
- 5 tions, which was signed by the United States on April 21,
- 6 1992: Provided, That, notwithstanding the provisions of Ar-
- 7 ticle 1.B of such Agreement, such Agreement shall not re-
- 8 quire any refunds of monies paid with respect to tax years
- 9 ending on or before December 31, 1993.

10 SEC. 741. FEES FOR COMMERCIAL SERVICES.

- 11 Title I of the State Department Basic Authorities Act
- 12 of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2669 et seq.) is amended by adding the
- 13 following new section at the end:

14 "SEC. 52. FEES FOR COMMERCIAL SERVICES.

- 15 "(a) AUTHORITY TO CHARGE FEE.—(1) Subject to
- 16 paragraph (2), the Secretary of State is authorized to
- 17 charge a fee to cover the actual or estimated cost of provid-
- 18 ing any person, firm or organization (other than agencies
- 19 of the United States Government) with commercial services
- 20 at posts abroad on matters within the authority of the De-
- 21 partment of State.
- 22 "(2) The authority of this section may be exercised
- 23 only in countries where the Department of Commerce does
- 24 not perform commercial services for which it collects fees.
- 25 "(b) USE OF FEES.—Funds collected under the author-
- 26 ity of subsection (a) shall be deposited as an offsetting col-

- 1 lection to any Department of State appropriation to recover
- 2 the costs of providing commercial services.".
- 3 SEC. 742. PERSONAL SERVICES CONTRACTS ABROAD.
- 4 Section 2(c) of the State Department Basic Authorities
- 5 Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2669(c)) is amended by inserting
- 6 the following before the period: "; and such contracts are
- 7 authorized to be negotiated, the terms of the contracts to
- 8 be prescribed, and the work to be performed, where nec-
- 9 essary, without regard to such statutory provisions as relate
- 10 to the negotiation, making, and performance of contracts
- 11 and performance of work in the United States".
- 12 SEC. 743. UNITED STATES MEMBERSHIP IN THE INTER-
- 13 NATIONAL COPPER STUDY GROUP.
- 14 (a) United States Membership.—The President is
- 15 authorized to accept the Terms of Reference of and main-
- 16 tain membership of the United States in the International
- 17 Copper Study Group (ICSG).
- 18 (b) Payments of Assessed Contributions.—For
- 19 fiscal year 1995 and thereafter the United States assessed
- 20 contributions to the ICSG may be paid from funds appro-
- 21 priated for "Contributions to International Organizations".
- 22 SEC. 744. PROHIBITION ON ASSISTANCE TO COUNTRIES EX-
- 23 **PROPRIATING UNITED STATES PROPERTY.**
- 24 (a) Prohibition.—None of the funds made available
- 25 to carry out the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 as amended,

1	the Arms Export Control Act, or the Support for East Euro-
2	pean Democracy Act may be provided to a country (other
3	than a country described in subsection (c)) whose govern-
4	ment (or any agency or instrument thereof)—
5	(2) has before, on, or after the date of enactment
6	of this Act—
7	(A) nationalized or expropriated the prop-
8	erty of any United States person,
9	(B) repudiated or nullified any contract or
10	agreement with any United States person, or
11	(C) taken any other action (such as the im-
12	position of discriminatory taxes or other exac-
13	tions) which has the effect of seizing ownership
14	or control of the property of any United States
15	person, and
16	(2) has not, within a period of 3 years (or where
17	applicable, the period described in subsection (b)), re-
18	turned the property or provided adequate and effec-
19	tive compensation for such property in convertible
20	foreign exchange equivalent to the full value thereof,
21	as required by international law.
22	(3) the President may waive the prohibition in
23	subsection (a) if he determines and so notifies Con-
24	gress that it is in the national interest to do so. Such

1	d	letermination	must l	be mad	e on a	a country .	bу	country	7

- 2 basis every 180 days.
- 3 (b) Extended Period for Compensation in the
- 4 Case of Newly Elected Democratic Governments.—
- 5 In the case of a democratically elected foreign government
- 6 that had been a totalitarian or authoritarian government
- 7 at the time of the action described in subsection (a)(1), the
- 8 3-year period described in subsection (a)(2) shall be deemed
- 9 to have begun as of the date of the installation of the demo-
- 10 cratically elected government.
- 11 (c) Excepted Countries and Territories.—This
- 12 section shall not apply to any country established by inter-
- 13 national mandate through the United Nations or to any
- 14 territory recognized by the United States Government to be
- 15 in dispute.
- 16 (d) Reporting Requirement.—Not later than 90
- 17 days after enactment of this Act, and every 180 days there-
- 18 after, the Secretary of State shall transmit to the Speaker
- 19 of the House of Representatives and to the Committee on
- 20 Foreign Relations of the Senate, a report containing the
- 21 following:
- 22 (1) A list of all countries in which a United
- 23 States person has an outstanding expropriations
- 24 claim.

1	(2) The total number of outstanding expropria-
2	tion claims made by United States persons against
3	any foreign country.
4	(3) The period of time in which each claim has
5	been outstanding.
6	(4) All efforts made on a case by case basis by
7	the United States Government, any international or-
8	ganization, and the country in which the expropria-
9	tion claim has been made, to return the property or
10	provide adequate and effective compensation for such
11	property.
12	(e) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the
13	term "United States person" means a United States citizen
14	or corporation, partnership, or association at least 50 per-
15	cent beneficially owned by United States citizens.
16	SEC. 745. ISRAEL'S DIPLOMATIC STATUS.
17	(a) The Congress finds that—
18	(1) Israel continues to be a leader in the Middle
19	East peace process and the only democracy in the re-
20	gion;
21	(2) on May 14, 1948, the United States was the
22	first country to accord de facto recognition to Israel;
23	(3) after over forty-six years of independence Is-
24	rael is recognized only by 132 countries around the
25	world;

1	(4) forty-nine countries have no diplomatic rela-
2	tions with Israel, including 32 that collectively receive
3	in fiscal year 1994 over \$523,000,000 in United
4	States foreign assistance;
5	(5) China and India recognized the state of Is-
6	rael in 1992;
7	(6) Israel is a legitimate state and sovereign en-
8	tity that deserves to be accorded full diplomatic rec-
9	ognition by members of the international community;
10	and
11	(7) the following states will receive direct and in-
12	direct United States foreign assistance this year and
13	have failed to recognize Israel: Afghanistan; Algeria;
14	Bahrain; Bangladesh; Botswana; Burundi; Cape
15	Verde; Chad; Djibouti; Ghana; Guinea; Guinea-
16	Bissau; Indonesia; Jordan; Laos; Lebanon; Madagas-
17	car; Maldives; Mauritania; Morocco; Namibia; Niger;
18	Oman; Pakistan; Rwanda; Senegal; Somalia; Sri
19	Lanka; Tanzania; Tunisia; Uganda; and Yemen,
20	therefore
21	(b) It is the sense of the Senate that the Secretary of
22	State should make the issue of Israel's diplomatic status a
23	priority and urge countries that receive American aid to
24	immediately establish full diplomatic relations with the
25	state of Israel.

1	SEC. 746. POLICY REGARDING GERMAN PARTICIPATION IN			
2	INTERNATIONAL PEACEKEEPING OPER-			
3	ATIONS.			
4	(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—			
5	(1) for more than four decades following the Sec-			
6	ond World War, Germany was a divided nation;			
7	(2) notwithstanding the creation of the Federal			
8	Republic of Germany on September 7, 1949, and the			
9	German Democratic Republic on October 7, 1949, the			
10	Four Allied Powers retained rights and responsibil-			
11	ities for Germany as a whole;			
12	(3) the Federal Republic of Germany acceded to			
13	the United Nations Charter without reservation,			
14	"accept[ing] the obligations contained in the Charter			
15	and solemnly undertak[ing] to carry them out'',			
16	and was admitted as a member of the United Nations			
17	on September 26, 1973;			
18	(4) the Federal Republic of Germany's admission			
19	to the United Nations did not alter Germany's divi-			
20	sion nor infringe upon the rights and responsibilities			
21	of the Four Allied Powers for Germany as a whole;			
22	(5) these circumstances created impediments to			
23	the Federal Republic of Germany fulfilling all obliga-			
24	tions undertaken upon its accession to the United Na-			
25	tions Charter;			

1	(6) Germany was unified within the Federal Re-
2	public of Germany on October 3, 1990;
3	(7) with the entry into force of the Final Settle-
4	ment With Respect to Germany on March 4, 1991, the
5	unified Germany assumed its place in the community
6	of nations as a fully sovereign national state;
7	(8) German unification and attainment of full
8	sovereignty and the Federal Republic's history of
9	more than four decades of democracy have removed
10	impediments that have prevented its full participa-
11	tion in international efforts to maintain or restore
12	international peace and security;
13	(9) international peacekeeping, peacemaking,
14	and peace-enforcing operations are becoming increas-
15	ingly important for the maintenance and restoration
16	of international peace and security;
17	(10) United Nations Secretary General Boutros
18	Boutros-Ghali has called for the "full participation of
19	Germany in peacekeeping, peacemaking, and peace-
20	enforcing measures'';
21	(11) the North Atlantic Council, meeting in min-
22	isterial session on June 4, 1992, and December 17,
23	1992, stated the preparedness of the North Atlantic
24	Alliance to ''support, on a case-by-case basis in ac-

cordance with our own procedures, peacekeeping ac-

1	tivities under the responsibility of the Conference or
2	Security and Cooperation in Europe" and "peace
3	keeping operations under the authority of the United
4	Nations Security Council'';
5	(12) the Federal Republic of Germany partici-
6	pated in these North Atlantic Council meetings and
7	fully associated itself with the resulting communiques
8	(13) the Western European Union (WEU) Min-
9	isterial Council, in the Petersberg Declaration adopt
10	ed June 19, 1992, declared that "As the WEU devel-
11	ops its operational capabilities in accordance with the
12	Maastricht Declaration, we are prepared to support
13	on a case-by-case basis and in accordance with our
14	own procedures, the effective implementation of con-
15	flict-prevention and crisis-management measures, in-
16	cluding peacekeeping activities of the CSCE or the
17	United Nations Security Council";
18	(14) the Federal Republic of Germany presided
19	over this Western European Union Ministerial Coun-
20	cil meeting and fully associated itself with the
21	Petersberg Declaration;
22	(15) the Federal Republic of Germany, by virtue
23	of its political, economic, and military status and po-
24	tential, will play an important role in determining

1	the success or failure of future international efforts to
2	maintain or restore international peace and security;
3	(16) Germany is currently engaged in a debate
4	on the proper role for the German military in the
5	international community and, in this regard, on how
6	to amend the provisions of the Federal Republic's
7	Basic Law that govern German military activities;
8	(17) one important element in the German de-
9	bate is the attitude of the international community
10	toward full German participation in international
11	peacekeeping, peacemaking, and peace-enforcing oper-
12	ations;
13	(18) it is, therefore, appropriate for the United
14	States, as a member of the international community
15	and as a permanent member of the United Nations
16	Security Council, to express its position on the ques-
17	tion of such German participation; and
18	(19) distinctions between peacekeeping, peace-
19	making, and peace-enforcing measures are becoming
20	blurred, making absolute separation of such measures
21	difficult, if not impossible.
22	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of the Con-
23	gress that—
24	(1) an appropriate response under current cir-
25	cumstances to Germany's past would be for Germany

1 to participate fully in international efforts to main-2 tain or restore international peace and security; and (2) the President should strongly encourage Ger-3 4 many, in light of its increasing political and eco-5 nomic influence, its successful integration into international institutions, and its commitment to peace 6 7 and democratic ideals, to assume full and active participation in international peacekeeping, peace-8 making, and peace-enforcing operations and to take 9 the necessary measures with regard to its constitu-10 tional law and policy and its military capabilities so 11 as to enable the full and active participation of Ger-12 13 many in such operations.

14 SEC. 747. UNITED STATES CITIZENS HIRED ABROAD.

- (a) In order to facilitate the hiring of United States citizens abroad, the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3901 et seq.) ("the Act"), the State Department Basic Authorities Act (22 U.S.C. 2669 et seq.), and other provisions are amended as follows:
- 20 (1) In section 309(b) of the Act by deleting 21 "and" at the end of subsection (b)(3); and by deleting 22 the period at the end of subsection (b)(4) and insert-23 ing in lieu thereof "; and (5) as a foreign national 24 employee.".

1 (2) In sect	ion 311 of the Ad	ct by striking the sec-
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- 2 tion and inserting the following:
- 3 "(a) The Secretary, under section 303, may appoint
- 4 United States citizens, who are family members of govern-
- 5 ment employees assigned abroad or are hired for service at
- 6 their post of residence, for employment in positions cus-
- 7 tomarily filled by Foreign Service officers, Foreign Service
- 8 personnel, and foreign national employees.
- 9 "(b) The fact that an applicant for employment in a
- 10 position referred to in subsection (a) is a family member
- 11 of a Government employee assigned abroad shall be consid-
- 12 ered an affirmative factor in employing such person.
- 13 "(c)(1) Non-family members employed under this sec-
- 14 tion for service at their post of residence shall be paid in
- 15 accordance with local compensation plans established under
- 16 section 408.
- 17 "(2) Family members employed under this section
- 18 shall be paid in accordance with the Foreign Service Sched-
- 19 ule or the salary rates established under section 407.
- 20 "(3) In exceptional circumstances, non-family mem-
- 21 bers may be paid in accordance with the Foreign Service
- 22 Schedule or the salary rates established under section 407,
- 23 if the Secretary determines that the national interest would
- 24 be served by such payments.

1	"(d) Citizens employed under this section shall not be
2	eligible for benefits under chapter 8 of the Foreign Service
3	Act of 1980, as amended, or under chapters 83 and 84 of
4	title 5, unless the Secretary states in writing or by regula-
5	tion that specific individuals shall remain eligible for bene-
6	fits under chapter 83 or 84 of title 5, as appropriate. Each
7	agency should make efforts to find additional funding for
8	retirement coverage for family members.''.
9	(3) In section 404(a) of the Act by deleting the
10	phrase "who are family members of Government em-
11	ployees paid in accordance with a local compensation
12	plan established under".
13	(4) In section 408 of the Act—
14	(A) by rewriting the first sentence of sub-
15	section 408(a)(1) to read as follows: "The Sec-
16	retary shall establish compensation (including
17	position classification) plans for foreign national
18	employees of the Service and United States citi-
19	zens employed under section 311(c)(1).";
20	(B) in the second sentence of subsection
21	408(a)(1), by deleting the phrase "employed in
22	the Service abroad who were hired while residing
23	abroad and to those family members of Govern-
24	ment employees who are paid in accordance with
25	such plans'';

1	(C) in the third sentence of subsection
2	408(a)(1), by deleting the phrase "foreign na-
3	tional" each place it appears; and
4	(D) by adding a fourth sentence as follows.
5	"For United States citizens under a compensa-
6	tion plan, the Secretary shall also (A) provide
7	these citizens with a total compensation package
8	(including wages, allowances, benefits, and other
9	employer payments, such as for social security)
10	that has the equivalent cost to that received by
11	foreign national employees occupying a similar
12	position at that post and (B) define those allow-
13	ances and benefits provided under United States
14	law which shall be included as part of this total
15	compensation package, notwithstanding any
16	other provision of law, except that this section
17	shall not be used to override United States mini-
18	mum wage requirements, or any provision of the
19	Social Security Act or the Internal Revenue
20	Code.
21	(5) In section 504(b) of the Act by inserting
22	"(other than those employed in accordance with sec-
23	tion 311)" immediately after "citizen of the United
24	States".

1	(6) In section 601(b)(2) of the Act by deleting
2	"and" the last time it appears and by inserting "and
3	other members of the Service" immediately after "cat-
4	egories of career candidates, ''.
5	(7) In section 611 of the Act by striking all that
6	follows "Foreign Service Schedule" and inserting in
7	lieu thereof "or who is paid in accordance with sec-
8	tion 407 or is a United States citizen paid under a
9	compensation plan under section 408.''.
10	(8) In section 903(a) of the Act by inserting
11	"(other than a member employed under section 311)"
12	immediately after "member of the Service" each place
13	it appears.
14	(9) In section 1002(8)(A) of the Act by inserting
15	"a member of the Service who is a United States citi-
16	zen (other than a family member) employed under
17	section 311," immediately after "a consular agent,".
18	(10) In section 1101(a)(1) of the Act by inserting
19	"(other than a United States citizen employed under
20	section 311 who is not a family member)" imme-
21	diately after "citizen of the United States".
22	(11) In section 2(c) of the State Department
23	Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2669(c)), by

inserting the following before the period: "; and such

contracts are authorized to be negotiated, the terms of

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1	the contracts to be prescribed, and the work to be per-
2	formed, where necessary, without regard to such statu-
3	tory provisions as relate to the negotiation, making,
4	and performance of contracts and performance of
5	work in the United States".
6	SEC. 748. EXTENSION OF CERTAIN ADJUDICATION PROVI-
7	SIONS.
8	The Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Re-
9	lated Programs Appropriations Act, 1990 (Public Law
10	101–167), is amended—
11	(1) in section 599D (8 U.S.C. 1157 note)—
12	(A) in subsection (b)(3), by striking "1993
13	and 1994" and inserting "1993, 1994, 1995, and
14	1996''; and
15	(B) in subsection (e), by striking out "Octo-
16	ber 1, 1994'' each place it appears and inserting
17	in lieu thereof "October 1, 1996"; and
18	(2) in section 599E (8 U.S.C. 1255 note) in sub-
19	section (b)(2), by striking out "September 30, 1994"
20	and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1996".
21	SEC. 749. POLICY REGARDING THE NORTH KOREAN NU-
22	CLEAR WEAPONS PROGRAM.
23	(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following
24	findings:

(1) On February 10, 1993, North Korea refused to permit the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) to conduct special inspections, as permitted under the terms of the Treaty on the Non-Prolifera-tion of Nuclear Weapons (NPT), of two undeclared nuclear-related sites to clarify discrepancies related to North Korea's nuclear program, and on March 12, 1993, North Korea announced its intention to withdraw from the NPT effective on June 12, 1993, due to the insistence of the IAEA on exercising inspection rights under the NPT.

- (2) On April 1, 1993, the IAEA declared North Korea to be in noncompliance with the NPT; on April 2, 1993, the IAEA voted to refer North Korean violations of the Treaty to the United Nations Security Council; and on April 7, 1993, the IAEA issued a formal censure on North Korea for its noncompliance with the NPT, the first censure in the history of the IAEA.
- (3) On May 11, 1993, the United Nations Security Council passed a resolution asking North Korea to allow IAEA inspections under the NPT, and on May 12, 1993, North Korea rejected the request of the United Nations Security Council and has since im-

- peded or refused access to any of its sites by IAEA
 inspectors.
- 3 (4) On June 2, 1993, the United States and 4 North Korea initiated a series of meetings in New 5 York to discuss the impasse in nuclear site inspec-6 tions, which continued until January 4, 1994, when 7 Under Secretary of State Lynn Davis announced that 8 North Korea had agreed to inspections of seven de-9 clared nuclear-related sites.
 - (5) Discussions between the IAEA and North Korea to implement the announced agreement to permit inspections in North Korea have reached an apparent impasse, and the issue is anticipated to be discussed at the IAEA Board of Governors meeting on February 21, 1994.
 - (6) The People's Republic of China (PRC) has repeatedly stated it would not support any action of the United Nations Security Council to impose sanctions on North Korea, and the PRC may not be cooperating fully and effectively in seeking a resolution of this issue.
 - (7) The United States must clearly communicate its firm resolve to compel North Korea to comply with the inspections required under the NPT and has instead offered to cancel 1994 Team Spirit joint mili-

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1	tary exercises with South Korea; indications are that
2	numerous other concessions, such as diplomatic rec-
3	ognition and economic assistance, are also being con-
4	sidered.
5	(8) The development of nuclear weapons by
6	North Korea would significantly increase the already
7	serious threat to the safety and security of South
8	Korea and the stability of the Pacific region posed by
9	North Korea's military forces, which include—
10	(A) an army of 1,200,000 men, much of
11	which is positioned near the border with South
12	Korea;
13	(B) an estimated 250 tons of biological and
14	chemical weapons; and
15	(C) extended range SCUD-C missiles re-
16	portedly armed with chemical warheads, No
17	Dong missiles, and possibly a much longer range
18	intermediate-range ballistic missile in develop-
19	ment.
20	(b) Policy.—It is the sense of the Congress that—
21	(1) North Korea must halt its nuclear weapons
22	program and fully comply with the terms of the NPT
23	and the January 30, 1992, full-scope safeguards
24	agreement agreed to by North Korea and the IAEA;

- 1 (2) the President should seek international con-2 sensus to isolate North Korea economically until 3 North Korea halts its nuclear weapons program and 4 reaches acceptable agreement with the IAEA on in-5 spections of its nuclear facilities and those inspections 6 have begun; 7 (3) the President should support United States-
 - (3) the President should support United States-South Korea joint military exercises as an expression of commitment to the United States-Republic of Korea Mutual Defense Treaty of 1954;
 - (4) the President should ensure that sufficient United States military forces are deployed in the Pacific region, including the deployment of Patriot batteries in South Korea, in order to be prepared to effectively defend South Korea against any offensive action by North Korea;
 - (5) the President should make resolution of this issue a matter of urgent national security priority; and
 - (6) an "acceptable agreement" between the IAEA and North Korea should include regular inspection of all declared nuclear sites as well as special inspections of any suspected nuclear-related site, as agreed to by North Korea in the January 30, 1992, full-scope safeguards agreement with the IAEA.

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1	(c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
2	(1) the term "IAEA" means the International
3	Atomic Energy Agency;
4	(2) the term "NPT" means the Treaty on the
5	Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, done on July
6	1, 1968 at London, Moscow, and Washington; and
7	(3) the term ''safeguards'' means the safeguards
8	set forth in an agreement between a country and the
9	IAEA, as authorized by Article III(A)(5) of the Stat-
10	ute of the International Atomic Energy Agency.
11	SEC. 750. REPORT ON RUSSIAN MILITARY OPERATIONS IN
12	THE INDEPENDENT STATES OF THE FORMER
13	SOVIET UNION.
14	(a) In General.—Not later than July 1, 1994, the
15	President shall submit to Congress a report on the oper-
16	ations and activities of the armed forces of the Russian Fed-
17	eration, including elements purportedly operating outside
18	the chain of command of the armed forces of the Russian
19	Federation, outside the borders of the Russian Federation
20	and, specifically, in the other independent states that were
21	a part of the former Soviet Union and the Baltic States.
22	(b) Content of Report.—The report required by
23	subsection (a) shall include, but not be limited to—
24	(1) an assessment of the numbers and types of
25	Russian armed forces deployed in each of the other

- independent states of the former Soviet Union and the 1 2 Baltic States and a summary of their operations and activities since the demise of the Soviet Union in De-3 cember 1991:
 - (2) a detailed assessment of the involvement of Russian armed forces in conflicts in or involving Armenia, Azerbaijan, Georgia, Moldova, and Tajikistan, including support provided directly or indirectly to one or more parties to these conflicts;
 - (3) an assessment of the political and military objectives of the operations and activities discussed in paragraphs (1) and (2) and of the strategic objectives of the Russian Federation in its relations with the other independent states of the former Soviet Union and the Baltic States:
 - (4) an assessment of other significant actions, including political and economic, taken by the Russian Federation to influence the other independent states of the former Soviet Union and the Baltic States in pursuit of its strategic objectives; and
 - (5) an analysis of the new Russian military doctrine adopted by President Yeltsin on November 2, 1993, with particular regard to its implications for Russian policy toward the other independent states of

25 the former Soviet Union and the Baltic States.

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1	(c) Definitions.—For the purposes of this section—
2	(1) "the other independent states of the former
3	Soviet Union'' means Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus,
4	Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Moldova,
5	Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, and Uzbekistan,
6	and
7	(2) ''the Baltic States'' means Latvia, Lithuania,
8	and Estonia.
9	SEC. 751. REPORT ON BOSNIAN REFUGEES.
10	(a) The Senate finds that:
11	(1) In Bosnia-Hercegovina the civilian popu-
12	lation has been subject to egregious violations of basic
13	human rights, including wide-spread willful killing,
14	the torture of prisoners, deliberate attacks on non-
15	combatants, the intentional impeding of the delivery
16	of food and medical supplies to the civilian popu-
17	lation, mass forcible expulsion and deportation of ci-
18	vilians, the abuse of civilians in detention centers,
19	and the wanton devastation and destruction of prop-
20	erty.
21	(2) Ethnic cleansing, the systematic persecution
22	of minorities, indiscriminate attacks on civilians, vio-
23	lations of internationally-held humanitarian prin-

ciples, and the deliberate targeting of aid workers has

1	been and continues to be common events in the con-
2	flict in Bosnia-Hercegovina.
3	(b) The Department of State shall within 60 days after
4	the enactment of this law brief the Committees of Judiciary
5	of the House of Representatives and the Senate on the steps
6	being taken by the United States to assure that all appro-
7	priate efforts are being made to expeditiously identify and
8	assist all cases of Bosnian individuals and families who
9	are requesting third country resettlement and who are eligi-
10	ble to seek refugee status in the United States and who are
11	seeking such refugee status.
12	SEC. 752. POLICY REGARDING THE CONDITIONS WHICH
13	THE GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUB-
13 14	THE GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUB- LIC OF CHINA SHOULD MEET TO CONTINUE
14	LIC OF CHINA SHOULD MEET TO CONTINUE
14 15	LIC OF CHINA SHOULD MEET TO CONTINUE TO RECEIVE NONDISCRIMINATORY MOST-FA-
14 15 16	LIC OF CHINA SHOULD MEET TO CONTINUE TO RECEIVE NONDISCRIMINATORY MOST-FA- VORED-NATION TREATMENT.
14 15 16 17 18	LIC OF CHINA SHOULD MEET TO CONTINUE TO RECEIVE NONDISCRIMINATORY MOST-FA- VORED-NATION TREATMENT. (a) The Congress finds that:
14 15 16 17	LIC OF CHINA SHOULD MEET TO CONTINUE TO RECEIVE NONDISCRIMINATORY MOST-FA- VORED-NATION TREATMENT. (a) The Congress finds that: (1) In an Executive Order of May 28, 1993, the
14 15 16 17 18	LIC OF CHINA SHOULD MEET TO CONTINUE TO RECEIVE NONDISCRIMINATORY MOST-FA- VORED-NATION TREATMENT. (a) The Congress finds that: (1) In an Executive Order of May 28, 1993, the President established conditions for renewal of most-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	LIC OF CHINA SHOULD MEET TO CONTINUE TO RECEIVE NONDISCRIMINATORY MOST-FA- VORED-NATION TREATMENT. (a) The Congress finds that: (1) In an Executive Order of May 28, 1993, the President established conditions for renewal of most- favored-nation (MFN) status for the People's Republic
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	LIC OF CHINA SHOULD MEET TO CONTINUE TO RECEIVE NONDISCRIMINATORY MOST-FA- VORED-NATION TREATMENT. (a) The Congress finds that: (1) In an Executive Order of May 28, 1993, the President established conditions for renewal of most- favored-nation (MFN) status for the People's Republic of China in 1994.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	LIC OF CHINA SHOULD MEET TO CONTINUE TO RECEIVE NONDISCRIMINATORY MOST-FA- VORED-NATION TREATMENT. (a) The Congress finds that: (1) In an Executive Order of May 28, 1993, the President established conditions for renewal of most- favored-nation (MFN) status for the People's Republic of China in 1994. (2) This Executive Order requires that in mak-

1	(A) extension will substantially promote the
2	freedom of emigration objectives of section 402 of
3	the Trade Act of 1974; and
4	(B) China is complying with the 1992 bi-
5	lateral agreement between the United States and
6	China concerning prison labor.
7	(3) The Executive Order further requires that in
8	making his recommendation, the Secretary of State
9	shall determine whether China has made overall, sig-
10	nificant progress with respect to—
11	(A) taking steps to begin adhering to the
12	Universal Declaration of Human Rights;
13	(B) releasing and providing an acceptable
14	accounting for Chinese citizens imprisoned or de-
15	tained for the non-violent expression of their po-
16	litical and religious beliefs, including such ex-
17	pression of religious beliefs in connection with
18	the Democracy Wall and Tiananmen Square
19	movements;
20	(C) ensuring humane treatment of pris-
21	oners, such as by allowing access to prisons by
22	international humanitarian and human rights
23	organizations;
24	(D) protecting Tibet's distinctive religious
25	and cultural heritage; and

- 1 (E) permitting international radio and tele-2 vision broadcasts into China.
 - (4) The Executive Order further requires the Executive Branch to resolutely pursue all legislative and executive actions to ensure that China abides by its commitments to follow fair, nondiscriminatory trade practices in dealing with United States businesses, and adheres to the Nuclear Nonproliferation Treaty, the Missile Technology Control Regime guidelines and parameters, and other nonproliferation commitments.
 - (5) The Chinese government should cooperate with international efforts to obtain North Korea's full, unconditional compliance with the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty.
 - (6) The President has initiated an intensive high-level dialogue with the Chinese government which began last year with a meeting between the Secretary of State and the Chinese Foreign Minister, including a meeting in Seattle between the President and the President of China, meetings in Beijing with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Assistant Secretary for Human Rights and others, a recent meeting in Paris between the Secretary of State and the Chinese Foreign Minister, and recent meetings in Washington

1	with se	veral	Under	Secretaries	and	their	Chinese
2	counterp	oarts.					

- (7) The President's efforts have led to some re-3 cent progress on some issues of concern to the United States. 5
- Notwithstanding this, substantially more 6 7 progress is needed to meet the standards in the President's Executive Order. 8
- (9) The Chinese government's overall human 9 rights record in 1993 fell far short of internationally 10 11 accepted norms as it continued to repress critics and failed to control abuses by its own security forces, 12 therefore
- (b) It is the sense of the Senate that the President of 14
- the United States should use all appropriate opportunities,
- in particular more high-level exchanges with the Chinese
- government, to press for further concrete progress towards
- meeting the standards for continuation of MFN status as
- contained in the Executive Order. 19

SEC. 753. IMPLEMENTATION OF PARTNERSHIP FOR PEACE.

- 21 Report.—The President shall submit every six
- months, beginning six months after the date of enactment
- of this Act, a detailed report to the Senate Foreign Rela-
- tions Committee, the House Foreign Affairs Committee, and
- the House and the Senate Armed Services Committees on

- 1 the implementation of the "Partnership for Peace" initia-
- 2 tive, including an assessment of the progress made by
- 3 former members of the Warsaw Treaty Organization in
- 4 meeting the criteria for full membership articulated in Arti-
- 5 cle 10 of the North Atlantic Treaty, wherein any other Eu-
- 6 ropean state may, by unanimous agreement, be invited to
- 7 accede to the North Atlantic Treaty if it is in a position
- 8 to further the principles of the Treaty and to contribute to
- 9 the security of the North Atlantic area.

10 SEC. 754. FUNDING FOR DEMOCRACY PROMOTION PRO-

- 11 GRAMS.
- In addition to the other matters to be reviewed by the
- 13 commission established by this Act to study the effectiveness
- 14 of democracy programs funded by the United States, the
- 15 commission shall also undertake a review of the feasibility
- 16 and desirability of mandating non-United States Govern-
- 17 ment funding, including matching funds and in-kind sup-
- 18 port, for democracy promotion programs. If the commission
- 19 determines that mandating such non-government funding
- 20 is feasible and desirable it shall make recommendations re-
- 21 garding goals and procedures for implementation.

22 SEC. 755. HUMANITARIAN ACTIVITIES.

- It is the sense of the Senate that the President should
- 24 not restrict informational, educational, religious, or hu-
- 25 manitarian exchanges, or exchanges for public performances

1	or exhibitions, or travel for any such informational, edu-
2	cational, religious, performance, or exhibition exchanges, or
3	travel for furtherance of humanitarian activities, between
4	the United States and any other country.
5	SEC. 756. LIMITATION ON AUTHORITY TO TRANSFER EX-
6	CESS DEFENSE ARTICLES.
7	(a) Transfers to Countries on the Southern
8	and Southeastern Flank of NATO.—Section 516(b) of
9	the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2321j(b)) is
10	amended—
11	(1) by striking out "and" at the end of para-
12	graph (2);
13	(2) by striking out the period at the end of para-
14	graph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and
15	(3) by adding at the end the following new para-
16	graph:
17	"(4) the President first considers the effects of the
18	transfer of the excess defense articles on the national
19	technology and industrial base, particularly the ex-
20	tent, if any, to which the transfer reduces the oppor-
21	tunities of entities in the national technology and in-
22	dustrial base to sell new equipment to the country or
23	countries to which the excess defense articles are
24	transferred.''.

1	(b) Transfers to Countries Participating in A
2	Comprehensive National Antinarcotics Program.—
3	Section 517(f) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22
4	U.S.C. 2321k(f)) is amended—
5	(1) by striking out "and" at the end of para-
6	graph (2);
7	(2) by striking out the period at the end of para-
8	graph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and
9	(3) by adding at the end the following new para-
10	graph:
11	"(4) the President first considers the effects of the
12	transfer of the excess defense articles on the national
13	technology and industrial base, particularly the ex-
14	tent, if any, to which the transfer reduces the oppor-
15	tunities of entities in the national technology and in-
16	dustrial base to sell new equipment to the country or
17	countries to which the excess defense articles are
18	transferred.''.
19	(c) Transfers to Countries Eligible To Partici-
20	PATE IN A FOREIGN MILITARY FINANCING PROGRAM.—Sec-
21	tion 519(b) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C.
22	2321m(b)) is amended—
23	(1) by striking out "and" at the end of para-
24	graph (3):

(2) by striking out the period at the end of para-1 2 graph (4) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and 3 (3) by adding at the end the following new para-4 graph: "(5) the President first considers the effects of the 5 transfer of the excess defense articles on the national 6 technology and industrial base, particularly the ex-7 tent, if any, to which the transfer reduces the oppor-8 tunities of entities in the national technology and in-9 dustrial base to sell new equipment to the country or 10 countries to which the excess defense articles are 11 transferred.". 12 13 (d) Sales from Stock Under Arms Export Con-TROL ACT.—Section 21 of the Arms Export Control Act (22) 14 U.S.C. 2761) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection: 16 17 "(k) Before entering into the sale under this Act of defense articles that are excess to the stocks of the Department of Defense, the President shall first consider the effects of the sale of the articles on the national technology and industrial base, particularly the extent, if any, to which the sale 21 reduces the opportunities of entities in the national technology and industrial base to sell new equipment to the country or countries to which the excess defense articles are 25 *sold.* ".

1	(e) Leases under Arms Export Control Act.—
2	Section 61(a) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C.
3	2796(a)) is amended—
4	(1) by striking out "and" at the end of para-
5	graph (2);
6	(2) by redesignating paragraph (3) as para-
7	graph (4);
8	(3) by inserting after paragraph (2) the follow-
9	ing new paragraph (3):
10	"(3) the President first considers the effects of the
11	lease of the articles on the national technology and in-
12	dustrial base, particularly the extent, if any, to which
13	the lease reduces the opportunities of entities in the
14	national technology and industrial base to sell new
15	equipment to the country or countries to which the
16	articles are leased; and"; and
17	(4) in the matter following paragraph (4), as re-
18	designated by paragraph (2) of this subsection, by
19	striking out "paragraph (3)" each place it appears
20	and inserting in lieu thereof "paragraph (4)".
21	SEC. 757. MISSILE TECHNOLOGY EXPORTS TO CERTAIN
22	MIDDLE EASTERN AND ASIAN COUNTRIES.
23	(a) Exports by United States Persons.—Section
24	72 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2797a) is
25	amended—

1	(1) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection
2	(d); and
3	(2) by inserting after subsection (b) the follow-
4	ing:
5	"(c) Presumption.—In determining whether to apply
6	sanctions under subsection (a) to a United States person
7	involved in the export, transfer, or trade of an item on the
8	MTCR Annex, it shall be a rebuttable presumption that
9	such item is designed for use in a missile listed under the
10	MTCR Annex if the President determines that the final des-
11	tination of the item is a country the government of which
12	the Secretary of State determines, for purposes of 6(j)(1)(A)
13	of the Export Administration Act of 1979, has repeatedly
14	provided support for acts of international terrorism.".
15	(b) Exports by Foreign Persons.—Section 73 of
16	the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2797b) is amend-
17	ed—
18	(1) by redesignating subsections (f) and (g) as
19	subsections (g) and (h), respectively; and
20	(2) by inserting after subsection (e) the following:
21	"(f) Presumption.—In determining whether to apply
22	sanctions under subsection (a) to a foreign person involved
23	in the export, transfer, or trade of an item on the MTCR
24	Annex, it shall be a rebuttable presumption that such item
25	is designed for use in a missile listed under the MTCR

- 1 Annex if the President determines that the final destination
- 2 of the item is a country the government of which the Sec-
- 3 retary of State determines, for purposes of 6(j)(1)(A) of the
- 4 Export Administration Act of 1979, has repeatedly pro-
- 5 vided support for acts of international terrorism.".

6 SEC. 758. CHINESE FLEEING COERCIVE POPULATION CON-

7 TROL POLICIES.

- 8 (a) In numbers not to exceed those specified in sub-
- 9 section (e), the Attorney General shall protect from
- 10 deportion or exclusion to the People's Republic of China na-
- 11 tionals of the People's Republic of China who demonstrate
- 12 a reasonable likelihood that they will be forced to abort a
- 13 pregnancy or will be subjected to forced sterilization under
- 14 Chinese Communist Party directives and/or government di-
- 15 rectives of the People's Republic of China on population or
- 16 will suffer other severe harm for refusal to comply with such
- 17 directives, or who demonstrate that they have experienced
- 18 severe harm on account of their refusal to comply with such
- 19 directives.
- 20 (b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to pre-
- 21 clude the Attorney General from deporting or excluding any
- 22 national of the People's Republic of China to the People's
- 23 Republic of China if the Attorney General determines that
- 24 such national is inadmissible to the United States under
- 25 section 212(a) (2), (3), (6)(E) (if such action were taken

- 1 knowingly and for gain), or (9) of the Immigration and
- 2 Nationality Act.
- 3 (c) The Attorney General shall, within 90 days of en-
- 4 actment of this section, promulgate regulations and guide-
- 5 lines to carry out the provisions of this section.
- 6 (d) Nothing in this section shall be construed as—
- 7 (1) Shifting the burden of providing, in each in-8 dividual case, facts sufficient to establish a claim 9 within the scope of subsection (a) of this section from 10 any person making such claim to the Attorney Gen-
- 11 eral; or
- 12 (2) Requiring the Attorney General to dis-
- approve such claim in the absence of proof of facts
- sufficient to establish a claim described in subsection
- 15 (a) of this section by any person making such claim.
- 16 (e) The number of persons receiving the benefit of this
- 17 section shall not exceed 2,000 applicants in any fiscal year.
- 18 (f) The provisions of this section shall take effect on
- 19 the date of enactment of this Act, and relief under this sec-
- 20 tion shall be available, in numbers not to exceed those speci-
- 21 fied in subsection (e), to any national of the People's Repub-
- 22 lic of China who is entitled to such relief under the provi-
- 23 sions of this section notwithstanding the pendency of ad-
- 24 ministrative or judicial proceedings or appeals on the date

- 1 of enactment of this Act, and to any such national whose
- 2 claim arises on or after the date of enactment.
- 3 (g) A person who is not deported or excluded to the
- 4 People's Republic of China pursuant to subsection (a) of
- 5 this section shall be entitled to the same associated benefits
- 6 as a person granted asylum under section 208 of the Immi-
- 7 gration and Nationality Act.
- 8 (h) This section does not apply to an alien who has
- 9 received a final conviction of an aggravated felony or who
- 10 has claimed the benefit of subsection (a) solely for the pur-
- 11 pose of evading the immigration laws of the United States.
- 12 (i) This section shall remain in effect for a period of
- 13 three years from its date of enactment.
- 14 SEC. 759. OPPOSITION TO FINANCING BY INTERNATIONAL
- 15 FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS FOR COUNTRIES
- 16 EXPROPRIATING UNITED STATES PROPERTY.
- 17 (a) Prohibition.—The President shall instruct the
- 18 United States Executive Director of the International Bank
- 19 for Reconstruction and Development, the International De-
- 20 velopment Association, the International Finance Corpora-
- 21 tion, the Inter-American Development Bank, the African
- 22 Development Fund, the Asian Development Bank, the Afri-
- 23 can Development Bank, the European Bank for Reconstruc-
- 24 tion and Development, and the International Monetary

1	Fund to vote against any loan or other utilization of the
2	funds of the bank for benefit of any country which—
3	(1) has before, on, or after the date of enactment
4	of this Act—
5	(A) nationalized or expropriated the prop-
6	erty of any United States person,
7	(B) repudiated or nullified any contract or
8	agreement with any United States person, or
9	(C) taken any other action (such as the im-
10	position of discriminatory taxes or other exac-
11	tions) which has the effect of seizing ownership
12	or control of the property of any United States
13	person, and
14	(2) has not, within a period of 3 years (or where
15	applicable, the period described in subsection (b)), re-
16	turned the property or provided adequate and effec-
17	tive compensation for such property in convertible
18	foreign exchange equivalent to the full value thereof,
19	as required by international law.
20	(b) Extended Period for Compensation in the
21	Case of Newly Democratic Governments.—In the case
22	of a democratically elected foreign government that had
23	been a totalitarian or authoritarian government at the time
24	of the action described in subsection (a)(1), the 3-year pe-
25	riod described in subsection (a)(2) shall be deemed to have

1	begun as of the date of the installation of the democratically
2	elected government.
3	(c) Excepted Countries and Territories.—This
4	section shall not apply to any country established by inter-
5	national mandate through the United Nations or to any
6	territory recognized by the United States Government to be
7	in dispute.
8	(d) Reporting Requirement.—Not later than 90
9	days after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 180
10	days thereafter, the President shall transmit to the Speaker
11	of the House of Representatives and to the Committee on
12	Foreign Relations of the Senate, a report containing the
13	following:
14	(1) A list of all countries against which United
15	States persons have outstanding expropriation claims.
16	(2) The total number of outstanding expropria-
17	tion claims made by United States persons against
18	any foreign country.
19	(3) The period of time in which each claim has
20	been outstanding.
21	(4) A description on a case-by-case basis of each
22	effort made by the United States Government, or the
23	country in which the expropriation claim has been
24	made, to return the property or provide adequate and
25	effective compensation for such property.

1	(5) Each project a United States Executive Di-
2	rector voted against as a result of the action described
3	in subsection (a).
4	(e) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the
5	term "United States person" means a United States citizen
6	or corporation, partnership, or association at least 50 per-
7	cent beneficially owned by United States citizens.
8	(f) Waiver.—The President may waive the prohibi-
9	tion in subsection (a) if he determines and so notifies Con-
10	gress that—
11	(1) it is in the national interest to do so and
12	such determination must be made on a country by
13	country basis every 180 days; or
14	(2) the parties have submitted the dispute to ar-
15	bitration under rules of the Convention for the Settle-
16	ment of Investment Disputes.
17	SEC. 760. REPORT ON DISMANTLEMENT OF NUCLEAR WEAP-
18	ONS OF THE FORMER SOVIET UNION.
19	(a) REPORT.—In the report required by section 1207
20	of title XII of Public Law 103–160 and due on April 30,
21	1994, to be submitted the President, as prepared by the Sec-
22	retaries of State and Defense in consultation with the Arms
23	Control and Disarmament Agency and the Central Intel-
24	ligence Agency, shall include the following:

1	(1) The anticipated timetable for dismantlement
2	of former Soviet Union nuclear and chemical weapons
3	and the status of stocks and production capacity in
4	the Russian Federation, Ukraine, Kazakhstan and
5	Belarus and how appropriated funds are being used
6	to effect this purpose;
7	(2) The cost of each activity carried out to date,
8	as well as each projected activity;
9	(3) The United States agency or host country
10	agency responsible for each element of the project;
11	(4) Obstacles that might hinder the effective use
12	of United States funds in dismantling nuclear and
13	chemical weapons in each of the four nuclear repub-
14	lics of the former Soviet Union and recommendations
15	for overcoming these obstacles;
16	(5) The specific impact of United States funds
17	on the pace and quality of nuclear and chemical
18	weapons dismantlement in each of the four republics;
19	(6) A classified appendix detailing actual reduc-
20	tion in weapons and capabilities as a result of the
21	expendature of United States funds.
22	SEC. 761. REPORT ON SANCTIONS ON VIETMAN.
23	Not later than 30 days after any action to modify or
24	terminate any prohibition, restriction, condition or limita-
25	tion on transaction involving commercial sale of any good

- 1 or technology to the Socialist Republic of Vietnam, or in-
- 2 volving the importation into the United States of goods or
- 3 services of Vietnamese origin, in effect as of January 27,
- 4 1994 under the Act of October 6, 1917 (40 Stat. 411 et seq.)
- 5 as amended, the President shall submit a report, taking into
- 6 account information available to the United States Govern-
- 7 ment, to the Senate and the House of Representatives on
- 8 achieving the fullest possible accounting of United States
- 9 personnel unaccounted for from the Vietnam War, includ-
- 10 ing—
- 11 (1) Progress on recovering and repatriating
- 12 American remains from Vietnam;
- 13 (2) Progress on resolution of discrepancy cases;
- 14 (3) the status of Vietnamese cooperation in im-
- 15 plementing trilateral investigations with Laos; and
- 16 (4) Progress on accelerated efforts to obtain all
- 17 POW/MIA related documents from Vietnam.
- 18 SEC. 762. COORDINATOR FOR COUNTER-TERRORISM.
- 19 (a) Establishment.—There shall be within the De-
- 20 partment of State a Coordinator for Counter-Terrorism
- 21 (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Coordinator")
- 22 who shall be appointed by the President.
- 23 (b) Responsibilities.—(1) The Coordinator shall
- 24 perform such duties and exercise such power as the Sec-
- 25 retary of State shall prescribe.

1	(2) The Coordinator shall have as his principal duty
2	the overall supervision (including oversight of policy and
3	resources) of counter-terrorism activities of the Department
4	of State. The Coordinator shall be the principal advisor to
5	the Secretary of State on counter-terrorism matters and
6	(after the Secretary, Deputy Secretary, and the appropriate
7	Under Secretary) shall be the principal counter-terrorism
8	official within the senior management of the Department
9	of State.
10	(c) Rank and Status.—The Coordinator shall have
11	the rank and status of an Assistant Secretary. The Coordi-
12	nator shall be compensated at the annual rate of basic pay
13	in effect for a position at level IV of the Executive Schedule
14	under section 5314 of title 5, United States Code.
15	(d) Sense of the Senate.—It is the sense of the Sen-
16	ate that there shall be in the Department of State a Deputy
17	Assistant Secretary of State with the rank of ambassador
18	whose sole responsibility shall be the day-to-day manage-
19	ment of counter-terrorism activities in the Department of
20	State.
21	SEC. 763. POLICY REGARDING THE RELATIONSHIP OF THAI-
22	LAND WITH ITS NEIGHBORS STRUGGLING
23	FOR DEMOCRACY, CAMBODIA AND BURMA.
24	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

1	(1) the Government of Thailand is to be com-
2	mended for its return to democracy and its commit-
3	ment to representative government;
4	(2) the United States-Thai security relationship
5	is a cornerstone of the Association of Southeast Asian
6	Nations (ASEAN) and a key to stability in Southeast
7	Asia;
8	(3) Cambodia, Thailand's neighbor to the East,
9	is struggling to prevent violence from disrupting the
10	creation of a democratic state;
11	(4) the cooperation of Thailand in implementing
12	the Paris Peace Accords was instrumental in assist-
13	ing Cambodians to achieve their goal of political rec-
14	onciliation;
15	(5) Peace in Cambodia promotes stability in
16	Southeast Asia and the continued cooperation of
17	Thailand in bringing lasting peace to that nation is
18	vital. That peace is threatened by the Khmer Rouge,
19	which has attempted to violently disrupt the Cam-
20	bodian effort to institute an elected government.
21	(6) The Government of Thailand is commended
22	for the steps it has taken to discontinue the Thai rela-
23	tionship with the Khmer Rouge, and in particular its

adherence to United Nations sanctions on timber and

- petroleum trade between Thailand and Khmer con trolled areas of Cambodia.
- (7) Prime Minister Chuan Leekpai and the Com-3 mander-in-Chief of the Thai military, 4 Wimol 5 Wongawanich, have publicly enunciated a policy of non-support for the Khmer Rouge. Furthermore, 6 7 Prime Minister Chuan has demonstrated considerable 8 support for the freely elected Government of Camhodia 9
 - (8) The extent to which the Government of Thailand permits trade and particularly military contact with the armed opposition to the newly elected Cambodian government, directly impact the prospects for peace and political reconciliation in Cambodia.
 - (9) Congress is concerned that elements of the Thai military and companies with close links to the Thai military, continue to operate against the will and policy of the government to support the Khmer Rouge.
 - (10) Congress is concerned that the Clinton Administration has not articulated its position regarding United States policy toward Burma.
- (11) The Senate unanimously declared in S. Res.
 112 that it does not recognize the military junta in
 Burma known as the State Law and Order Restora-

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- tion Council (referred to as the "SLORC"), since the people of Burma gave the National League for Democracy a clear victory in the election of May 27, 1990.
- 4 (12) Nobel Peace Prize winner Daw Aung San
 5 Suu Kyi, a leader of the National League for Democ6 racy, has been under house arrest since July 1989.
 7 Many of her colleagues who were able to escape im8 prisonment or death have taken refuge in Thailand,
 9 where they have organized to work peacefully to bring
 10 democracy to Burma.
 - (13) The Government of Thailand should be praised for providing safe haven to the many Burmese forced to flee the brutal repression of the SLORC regime. Despite pressure from the SLORC, Thailand has allowed those groups to operate within its borders, and has granted visas for international travel.
 - (14) Congress is concerned by reports that the Government of Thailand may adopt more restrictive policies towards the Burmese have raised considerable concern. In particular, Congress is concerned by reports that Dr. Sein Win and other Burmese dissidents may not be allowed to return from their trip to the United States and to the United Nations to secure support for their democratic aspirations.

(15) Congress is deeply interested in seeing the peaceful transition of power to those elected in 1990. Aung San Suu Kyi and other senior National League for Democracy leaders imprisoned in Burmese jails, are unable to conduct political activity inside Burma and have never been allowed to take their elected posi-tions. Those who were able to escape must rely on Thailand's continued hospitality.

in the number of Burmese women and girls conscripted into Thai brothels. Human Rights Watch has recently issued a report documenting the problems faced by these women. Many of these Burmese become virtual slaves, with no way to escape the brothels where they are kept. When these prostitution rings have been broken up by Thai authorities, often those forced into prostitution are detained in jails, or deported to Burma where they are arrested for prostitution, further victimizing them, and

(17) in 1992, Thai Prime Minister Chuan Leekpai pledged to crack down on official involvement in forced and child prostitution. Congress welcomes the Government of Thailand's efforts to eliminate forced prostitution. However, Thai border officials and police are reportedly involved in the transport of

1	these women from Burma, and at times, directly in
2	the brothel operations.
3	(b) Sense of the Congress.—It is the Sense of the
4	Congress that—
5	(1) the Government of Thailand should continue
6	and must intensify its efforts to end the relationship
7	between the Khmer Rouge and the Thai military;
8	(2) the President of the United States should
9	convey to the Government of Thailand American con-
10	cern over renegade Thai military support for the
11	Khmer Rouge;
12	(3) the President should adopt the policies called
13	for in S. Res. 112 and to clearly enunciate policy
14	with respect to Burma;
15	(4) the Government of Thailand should continue
16	to allow the democratic leaders of Burma to operate
17	freely within Thailand and to grant them free pas-
18	sage to allow them to present their case to the world
19	at the United Nations and other international gather-
20	ings; and
21	(5) the Government of Thailand is further urged
22	to prosecute those responsible for the trafficking,
23	forced labor and physical and sexual abuse of women.
24	If Thai officials are found to be involved, they should
25	be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. In addi-

1	tion, the Government of Thailand should protect the
2	civil and human rights of Burmese women and re-
3	frain from their further victimization.
4	SEC. 764. SEWAGE TREATMENT ALONG THE UNITED
5	STATES-MEXICO BORDER.
6	(a) Definitions.—As used in this section:
7	(1) Commissioner.—The term "Commissioner"
8	means the United States Commissioner of the Inter-
9	national Boundary and Water Commission.
10	(2) Construction.—The term "construction"
11	has the meaning provided the term under section
12	212(1) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33
13	U.S.C. 1292(1)).
14	(3) Treatment Works.—The term "treatment
15	works" has the meaning provided the term under sec-
16	tion 212(2) of the Federal Water Pollution Control
17	Act (33 U.S.C. 1292(2)).
18	(b) Agreements To Correct Pollution.—
19	(1) In general.—The Secretary of State, acting
20	through the Commissioner, may enter into an agree-
21	ment with the appropriate representative of the Min-
22	istry of Foreign Relations of Mexico to address the
23	international problems related to pollution caused by
24	the discharge of raw and inadequately treated sewage
25	originating in the Republic of Mexico to waters which

1	form or cross the boundary between the United States
2	and Mexico.
3	(2) Contents of agreements.—An agreement
4	entered into under paragraph (1) shall consist of rec-
5	ommendations to the appropriate officials of the Fed-
6	eral Government and the Government of Mexico con-
7	cerning measures to protect the health and welfare of
8	individuals from adverse effects of the pollution re-
9	ferred to in paragraph (1), including recommenda-
10	tions concerning—
11	(A) whether treatment works should be con-
12	structed, operated, and maintained in Mexico or
13	the United States;
14	(B) estimates of the cost of the planning,
15	construction, operation, and maintenance of the
16	treatment works referred to in subparagraph (A);
17	(C) formulas for the initial allocation of
18	costs between the United States and Mexico with
19	respect to the planning, construction, operation,
20	and maintenance of the treatment works referred
21	to in subparagraph (A);
22	(D) a method for the review and adjustment
23	of the formulas recommended under subpara-
24	graph (C), not later than 5 years after the date
25	of issuance of the formulas, and every 5 years

1	thereafter, that recognizes that the initial for-
2	mulas should not be used as a precedent with re-
3	spect to a subsequent review and adjustment car-
4	ried out pursuant to this subparagraph; and
5	(E) an estimated time period for the con-
6	struction of a treatment works referred to in sub-
7	paragraph (A).
8	(c) Authority of Secretary of State to Plan,
9	Construct, Operate, and Maintain Facilities.—The
10	Secretary of State, acting through the Commissioner, may
11	act jointly with the appropriate representative of the Gov-
12	ernment of Mexico to supervise—
13	(1) the planning of; and
13	(1) the planning of, and
14	(2) the construction, operation, and maintenance
	•
14 15	(2) the construction, operation, and maintenance
14 15	(2) the construction, operation, and maintenance of,
141516	(2) the construction, operation, and maintenance of, the treatment works recommended in an agreement entered
14 15 16 17 18	(2) the construction, operation, and maintenance of, the treatment works recommended in an agreement entered into pursuant to subsection (b)(1).
14 15 16 17 18 19	(2) the construction, operation, and maintenance of, the treatment works recommended in an agreement entered into pursuant to subsection (b)(1). (d) Consultation With The Administrator and
14 15 16 17 18 19	(2) the construction, operation, and maintenance of, the treatment works recommended in an agreement entered into pursuant to subsection (b)(1). (d) Consultation With The Administrator and Other Officials.—In carrying out subsection (b), the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(2) the construction, operation, and maintenance of, the treatment works recommended in an agreement entered into pursuant to subsection (b)(1). (d) Consultation With The Administrator and other Secretary shall consult with the Administrator and other
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(2) the construction, operation, and maintenance of, the treatment works recommended in an agreement entered into pursuant to subsection (b)(1). (d) Consultation With the Administrator and other Officials of the Federal Government, and appropriate officials of the governments of States and political

1	(1) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the
2	date of termination of each fiscal year, the Secretary of
3	State, acting through the Commissioner, shall prepare and
4	submit to the President, the Speaker of the House of Rep-
5	resentatives, and the Majority Leader of the Senate an an-
6	nual report concerning the activities of the International
7	Boundary and Water Commission in carrying out the re-
8	sponsibilities of the Secretary of State pursuant to this sec-
9	tion.
10	(2) Contents.—The report required under paragraph
11	(1) shall include—
12	(A) a summary of the activities of the Commis-
13	sion during the fiscal year;
14	(B) a review of the problems related to pollution
15	caused by the discharge of raw and inadequately
16	treated sewage from the Republic of Mexico to the wa-
17	ters which form or cross the boundary between the
18	United States and Mexico;
19	(C) a summary of the progress made by the
20	Commissioner during the fiscal year in entering into
21	agreement pursuant to subsection (b)(1);
22	(D) a summary of the progress made toward ful-
23	filling the recommendations included in an agreement
24	referred to in subparagraph (C);

1	(E) a summary of any actions taken by the
2	Commissioner to plan, construct, operate, and main-
3	tain treatment works pursuant to this section;
4	(F) a summary of the consultations made by the
5	Commissioner pursuant to subsection (e);
6	(G) recommendations that the Commissioner de-
7	termines will be beneficial in correcting pollution
8	caused by the discharge of raw and inadequately
9	treated sewage from the Republic of Mexico to waters
10	which form or cross the boundary between the United
11	States and Mexico; and
12	(H) such other information as the Commissioner
13	determines is necessary or appropriate.
14	(f) Authorization of Appropriations.—
15	(1) there is authorized to be appropriated to the
16	Secretary of State such sums as may be necessary to
17	support agreements concluded pursuant to subsection
18	(b).
19	(2) nothing in this section authorizes funds ap-
20	propriated pursuant to the fiscal year 1994 appro-
21	priations bill for the Departments of Veterans Affairs,
22	Housing and Urban Development, and Independent
23	Agencies (Public Law 103–124).

1	TITLE VIII—ARMS CONTROL AND
2	NONPROLIFERATION ACT OF
3	<i>1994</i> –
4	SEC. 801. SHORT TITLE; REFERENCES IN ACT; TABLE OF
5	CONTENTS.
6	(a) Short Title.—This title may be cited as the
7	"Arms Control and Nonproliferation Act of 1994".
8	(b) References in Title.—Except as specifically
9	provided in this title, whenever in this title an amendment
10	or repeal is expressed as an amendment to or repeal of a
11	provision, the reference shall be deemed to be made to the
12	Arms Control and Disarmament Act.
13	SEC. 802. CONGRESSIONAL DECLARATIONS; PURPOSE.
14	(a) Congressional Declarations.—The Congress
15	declares that—
16	(1) a fundamental goal of the United States,
17	particularly in the wake of the highly turbulent and
18	uncertain international situation fostered by the end
19	of the Cold War, the disintegration of the Soviet
20	Union and the resulting emergence of fifteen new
21	independent states, and the revolutionary changes in
22	Eastern Europe, is to eliminate chemical and biologi-
23	cal weapons and to reduce and limit the large num-
24	bers of nuclear weapons in the former Soviet Union
25	and, more generally, to prevent the proliferation of

1	weapons of mass destruction and their means of deliv-
2	ery, and of high-technology conventional armaments
3	as well as to prevent regional conflicts and conven-
4	tional arms races; and
5	(2) an ultimate goal of the United States contin-
6	ues to be a world in which the use of force is subordi-
7	nated to the rule of law and international change is
8	achieved peacefully without the danger and burden of
9	destabilizing and costly armaments.
10	(b) Purpose.—The purpose of this title is—
11	(1) to strengthen the United States Arms Control
12	and Disarmament Agency; and
13	(2) to improve congressional oversight of the
14	arms control, nonproliferation, and disarmament ac-
15	tivities of the United States Arms Control and Disar-
16	mament Agency.
17	SEC. 803. PURPOSES.
18	Section 2 (22 U.S.C. 2551) is amended in the text fol-
19	lowing the third undesignated paragraph by striking para-
20	graphs (a), (b), (c), and (d) and by inserting the following
21	new paragraphs:
22	"(1) The preparation for and management of
23	United States participation in international negotia-
24	tions and implementation fora in the arms control
25	and disarmament field.

1	"(2) When directed by the President, the prepa-
2	ration for, and management of, United States partici-
3	pation in international negotiations and implementa-
4	tion fora in the nonproliferation field.
5	"(3) The conduct, support, and coordination of
6	research for arms control, nonproliferation, and dis-
7	armament policy formulation.
8	"(4) The preparation for, operation of, or, as ap-
9	propriate, direction of, United States participation in
10	such control systems as may become part of United
11	States arms control, nonproliferation, and disar-
12	mament activities.
13	"(5) The dissemination and coordination of pub-
14	lic information concerning arms control, non-
15	proliferation, and disarmament.".
16	SEC. 804. REPEALS.
17	The following provisions of law are hereby repealed.
18	(1) Section 26 (22 U.S.C. 2566), relating to the
19	General Advisory Committee.
20	(2) Section 36 (22 U.S.C. 2578), relating to
21	arms control impact information and analysis.
22	(3) Section 38 (22 U.S.C. 2578), relating to re-
23	ports on Standing Consultative Commission activi-
24	ties.

(4) Section 1002 of the Department of Defense 1 2 Authorization Act, 1986 (22 U.S.C. 2592a), relating to an annual report on Soviet compliance with arms 3 control commitments. 4 SEC. 805. DIRECTOR. Section 22 (22 U.S.C. 2562) is amended to read as 6 follows: 7 8 "DIRECTOR 9 "SEC. 22. (a) APPOINTMENT.—The Agency shall be headed by a Director appointed by the President, by and 10 with the advice and consent of the Senate. No person serving 11 on active duty as a commissioned officer of the Armed Forces of the United States may be appointed Director. "(b) Duties.—(1) The Director shall serve as the 14 principal adviser to the Secretary of State, the National Security Council, and the President and other executive branch Government officials on matters relating to arms control, nonproliferation, and disarmament matters. In carrying out his duties under this Act, the Director, under the direction of the President and the Secretary of State, shall have primary responsibility within the Government for matters relating to arms control and disarmament, and, whenever directed by the President, primary responsibility 23 within the Government for matters relating to nonprolifera-

tion.

- 1 "(2) The Director shall attend all meetings of the Na-
- 2 tional Security Council involving weapons procurement,
- 3 arms sales, consideration of the defense budget, and all arms
- 4 control, nonproliferation, and disarmament matters.".
- 5 SEC. 806. BUREAUS, OFFICES, AND DIVISIONS.
- 6 Section 25 (22 U.S.C. 2565) is amended to read as
- 7 follows:
- 8 "SEC. 25. BUREAUS, OFFICES, AND DIVISIONS.
- 9 "The Director, under the direction of the Secretary of
- 10 State, may establish within the Agency such bureaus, of-
- 11 fices, and divisions as he may determine to be necessary
- 12 to discharge his responsibilities pursuant to this Act, in-
- 13 cluding a bureau of intelligence and information support
- 14 and an office to perform legal services for the Agency.".
- 15 SEC. 807. PRESIDENTIAL SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVES.
- 16 (a) Sections 27 and 28 (22 U.S.C. 2567, 2568) are
- 17 redesignated as sections 26 and 27, respectively.
- 18 (b) Section 26 (as redesignated by subsection (a)) is
- 19 amended to read as follows:
- 20 "PRESIDENTIAL SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVES
- 21 "Sec. 26. The President may appoint, by and with
- 22 the advice and consent of the Senate, Special Representa-
- 23 tives of the President for Arms Control, Nonproliferation,
- 24 and Disarmament. Each Presidential Special Representa-
- 25 tive shall hold the personal rank of ambassador. Presi-
- 26 dential Special Representatives appointed under this sec-

- 1 tion shall perform their duties and exercise their powers
- 2 under direction of the President and the Secretary of State,
- 3 acting through the Director. The Agency shall be the Gov-
- 4 ernment agency responsible for providing administrative
- 5 support, including funding, staff, and office space, to all
- 6 Presidential Special Representatives.".

7 SEC. 808. POLICY FORMULATION.

- 8 Section 33 (22 U.S.C. 2573) is amended to read as
- 9 follows:
- 10 "POLICY FORMULATION
- 11 "Sec. 33. (a) Formulation.—The Director shall pre-
- 12 pare for the President, the Secretary of State, and the heads
- 13 of such other Government agencies as the President may
- 14 determine, recommendations and advice concerning United
- 15 States arms control, nonproliferation, and disarmament
- 16 policy.
- 17 "(b) Prohibition.—No action shall be taken pursuant
- 18 to this or any other Act that would obligate the United
- 19 States to reduce or limit the Armed Forces or armaments
- 20 of the United States in a militarily significant manner,
- 21 except pursuant to the treaty-making power of the President
- 22 set forth in Article II, Section 2, Clause 2 of the Constitu-
- 23 tion or unless authorized by the enactment of further af-
- 24 firmative legislation by the Congress of the United States.".

SEC. 809. NEGOTIATION MANAGEMENT.

- 2 Section 34 (22 U.S.C. 2574) is amended to read as
- 3 follows:
- 4 "NEGOTIATION MANAGEMENT
- 5 "Sec. 34. (a) Responsibilities.—The Director,
- 6 under the direction of the President and the Secretary of
- 7 State, shall have primary responsibility for the prepara-
- 8 tion, conduct, and management of United States participa-
- 9 tion in all international negotiations and implementation
- 10 fora in the field of arms control and disarmament and shall
- 11 have primary responsibility, whenever directed by the
- 12 President, for the preparation, conduct, and management
- 13 of United States participation in international negotia-
- 14 tions and implementation for ain the field of nonprolifera-
- 15 tion. In furtherance of these responsibilities Special Rep-
- 16 resentatives of the President for Nonproliferation, estab-
- 17 lished pursuant to section 26, shall, as directed by the Presi-
- 18 dent, serve as the United States Government representatives
- 19 to international organizations, conferences, and activities
- 20 relating to the field of nonproliferation, such as the prep-
- 21 arations for and conduct of the review relating to the Treaty
- 22 on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons.
- 23 "(b) Functions With Respect to the United
- 24 States Information Agency.—The Director shall per-
- 25 form functions pursuant to section 2(c) of the Reorganiza-
- 26 tion Plan 8 of 1953 with respect to providing to the United

1	States Information Agency official United States positions
2	and policy on arms control, nonproliferation, and disar-
3	mament matters for dissemination abroad.
4	"(c) Authority.—The Director is authorized—
5	"(1) to formulate plans and make preparations
6	for the establishment, operation, and funding of in-
7	spections and control systems which may become part
8	of the United States arms control, nonproliferation,
9	and disarmament activities; and
10	"(2) as authorized by law, to put into effect, di-
11	rect, or otherwise assume United States responsibility
	for such systems.''.
12	101 Such Systems
1213	SEC. 810. REPORT ON MEASURES TO COORDINATE RE-
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13 14	SEC. 810. REPORT ON MEASURES TO COORDINATE RE-
13 14 15	SEC. 810. REPORT ON MEASURES TO COORDINATE RE- SEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.
13 14 15 16	SEC. 810. REPORT ON MEASURES TO COORDINATE RE- SEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT. Not later than March 31, 1995, the President shall sub-
13 14 15 16 17	SEC. 810. REPORT ON MEASURES TO COORDINATE RE- SEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT. Not later than March 31, 1995, the President shall sub- mit to the Congress a report prepared by the Director of
13 14 15 16 17	SEC. 810. REPORT ON MEASURES TO COORDINATE RE- SEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT. Not later than March 31, 1995, the President shall sub- mit to the Congress a report prepared by the Director of the United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency,
13 14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 810. REPORT ON MEASURES TO COORDINATE RE- SEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT. Not later than March 31, 1995, the President shall sub- mit to the Congress a report prepared by the Director of the United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency, in coordination with the Secretary of State, the Secretary
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 810. REPORT ON MEASURES TO COORDINATE RE- SEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT. Not later than March 31, 1995, the President shall sub- mit to the Congress a report prepared by the Director of the United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency, in coordination with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Energy, the Chairman of the
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 810. REPORT ON MEASURES TO COORDINATE RE- SEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT. Not later than March 31, 1995, the President shall sub- mit to the Congress a report prepared by the Director of the United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency, in coordination with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Energy, the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, and the Director of Central Intel-
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	SEC. 810. REPORT ON MEASURES TO COORDINATE RE- SEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT. Not later than March 31, 1995, the President shall sub- mit to the Congress a report prepared by the Director of the United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency, in coordination with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Energy, the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, and the Director of Central Intel- ligence, with respect to the procedures established pursuant

- 1 disarmament among all departments and agencies of the
- 2 executive branch of Government.
- 3 SEC. 811. NEGOTIATING RECORDS.
- 4 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Arms Control and Disar-
- 5 mament Act is amended by inserting after section 35 the
- 6 following:
- 7 "NEGOTIATING RECORDS
- 8 "Sec. 36. (a) Preparation of Records.—The Di-
- 9 rector shall establish and maintain records for each arms
- 10 control, nonproliferation, and disarmament agreement to
- 11 which the United States is a party and which was under
- 12 negotiation or in force on or after January 1, 1990, which
- 13 shall include classified and unclassified materials such as
- 14 instructions and guidance, position papers, reporting cables
- 15 and memoranda of conversation, working papers, draft
- 16 texts of the agreement, diplomatic notes, notes verbal, and
- 17 other internal and external correspondence.
- 18 "(b) Negotiating and Implementation
- 19 Records.—In particular, the Director shall establish and
- 20 maintain a negotiating and implementation record for each
- 21 such agreement, which shall be comprehensive and detailed,
- 22 and shall document all communications between the parties
- 23 with respect to such agreement. Such records shall be main-
- 24 tained both in hard copy and magnetic media.
- 25 "(c) Participation of Agency Personnel.—In
- 26 order to implement effectively this section, the Director shall

- 1 ensure that Agency personnel participate throughout the ne-
- 2 gotiation and implementation phases of all arms control,
- 3 nonproliferation, and disarmament agreements.".
- 4 (b) Report Required.—Not later than January 31,
- 5 1995, the Director of the United States Arms Control and
- 6 Disarmament Agency shall submit to the Speaker of the
- 7 House of Representatives and to the chairman of the Com-
- 8 mittee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a detailed report
- 9 describing the actions he has undertaken to implement sec-
- 10 tion 36 of the Arms Control and Disarmament Act.
- 11 SEC. 812. VERIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE.
- 12 Section 37 (22 U.S.C. 2577) is amended to read as
- 13 follows:
- 14 "VERIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE
- 15 "Sec. 37. (a) In General.—In order to ensure that
- 16 arms control, nonproliferation, and disarmament agree-
- 17 ments can be adequately verified, the Director shall report
- 18 to Congress, on a timely basis, or upon request by an appro-
- 19 priate committee of the Congress—
- 20 "(1) in the case of any arms control, non-
- 21 proliferation, or disarmament agreement that has
- 22 been concluded by the United States, the determina-
- 23 tion of the Director as to the degree to which the com-
- 24 ponents of such agreement can be verified;
- 25 "(2) in the case of any arms control, non-
- 26 proliferation, or disarmament agreement that has en-

- 1 tered into force, any significant degradation or alter-
- 2 ation in the capacity of the United States to verify
- 3 compliance of the components of such agreement; and
- 4 "(3) the amount and percentage of research
- 5 funds expended by the Agency for the purpose of ana-
- 6 lyzing issues relating to arms control, nonprolifera-
- 7 tion, and disarmament verification.
- 8 "(b) Standard for Verification of Compliance.—
- 9 In making determinations under paragraphs (1) and (2)
- 10 of subsection (a), the Director shall assume all measures of
- 11 concealment not expressly prohibited could be employed and
- 12 that standard practices could be altered so as to impede
- 13 verification.
- 14 "(c) Rule of Construction.—Except as otherwise
- 15 provided for by law, nothing in this section may be con-
- 16 strued as requiring the disclosure of sensitive information
- 17 relating to intelligence sources or methods or persons em-
- 18 ployed in the verification of compliance with arms control,
- 19 nonproliferation, and disarmament agreements.
- 20 "(d) Participation of the Agency.—In order to en-
- 21 sure adherence of the United States to obligations or com-
- 22 mitments undertaken in arms control, nonproliferation,
- 23 and disarmament agreements, and in order for the Director
- 24 to make the assessment required by section 51(a)(5), the Di-
- 25 rector, or the Director's designee, shall participate in all

- 1 interagency groups or organizations within the executive
- 2 branch of Government that assess, analyze, or review
- 3 United States planned or ongoing policies, programs, or ac-
- 4 tions that have a direct bearing on United States adherence
- 5 to obligations undertaken in arms control, nonproliferation,
- 6 or disarmament agreements.".

7 SEC. 813. AUTHORITIES WITH RESPECT TO NONPROLIFERA-

- 8 TION MATTERS.
- 9 (a) Amendments to the Arms Export Control
- 10 Act.—(1) Section 38(a)(2) of the Arms Export Control Act
- 11 (22 U.S.C. 2778(a)(2)) is amended to read as follows:
- 12 "(2) Decisions on issuing export licenses under this
- 13 section shall be made in coordination with the Director of
- 14 the United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency,
- 15 taking into account the Director's assessment as to whether
- 16 the export of an article would contribute to an arms race,
- 17 support international terrorism, increase the possibility of
- 18 outbreak or escalation of conflict, or prejudice the develop-
- 19 ment of bilateral or multilateral arms control or non-
- 20 proliferation agreements or other arrangements. The Direc-
- 21 tor of the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency is au-
- thorized, whenever the Director determines that the issuance
- 23 of an export license under this section would be detrimental
- 24 to the national security of the United States, to recommend
- 25 to the President that such export license be disapproved.".

1	(2) Section 42(a) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2791(a)) is
2	amended—
3	(A) by redesignating clauses (1), (2), and (3) as
4	clauses (A), (B), and (C), respectively;
5	(B) by inserting "(1)" immediately after "(a)";
6	(C) by amending clause (C) (as redesignated) to
7	read as follows:
8	"(C) the assessment of the Director of the United
9	States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency as to
10	whether, and the extent to which, such sale might con-
11	tribute to an arms race, support international terror-
12	ism, increase the possibility of outbreak or escalation
13	of conflict, or prejudice the development of bilateral or
14	multilateral arms control or nonproliferation agree-
15	ments or other arrangements;"; and
16	(D) by adding at the end the following:
17	"(2) Any proposed sale made pursuant to this Act shall
18	be approved only after consultation with the Director of the
19	United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency. The
20	Director of the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency is
21	authorized, whenever the Director determines that a sale
22	under this section would be detrimental to the national se-
23	curity of the United States, to recommend to the President
24	that such sale be disapproved.".

- 1 (3) Section 71(a) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2797(a)) is
- 2 amended by inserting "and the Director of the Arms Con-
- 3 trol and Disarmament Agency'' after "The Secretary of De-
- 4 fense".
- 5 (4) Section 71(b)(1) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2797(b)(1))
- 6 is amended by inserting "and the Director of the United
- 7 States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency' after "Sec-
- 8 retary of Defense".
- 9 (5) Section 71(b)(2) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2797(b)(2))
- 10 is amended by inserting "and the Director of the United
- 11 States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency" after "The
- 12 Secretary of Commerce".
- 13 (6) Section 71(c) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2797(c)) is
- 14 amended by inserting "to include the Director of the Arms
- 15 Control and Disarmament Agency" after "other appro-
- 16 priate Government agencies".
- 17 (7) Section 73(d) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2797(d)) is
- 18 amended by inserting "and the Director of the United
- 19 States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency" after "The
- 20 Secretary of Commerce".
- 21 (b) Amendment to the Nuclear Non-Prolifera-
- 22 TION ACT.—Section 309(c) of the Nuclear Non-Proliferation
- 23 Act of 1978 (42 U.S.C. 2139(a)) is amended in the second
- 24 sentence by striking out ", as required,".

1	SEC. 814. APPOINTMENT AND COMPENSATION OF PERSON-
2	NEL.
3	Section 41(b) (22 U.S.C. 2581(b)) is amended by strik-
4	ing all that follows "General Schedule pay rates," and in-
5	serting in lieu thereof 'except that—
6	"(1) the Director may, to the extent the Director
7	determines necessary, appoint in the excepted service,
8	and fix the compensation of, employees possessing spe-
9	cialized technical expertise without regard to provi-
10	sions of title 5, United States Code, governing ap-
11	pointment or compensation of employees of the United
12	States,
13	"(2) an employee who is appointed under this
14	provision may not be paid a salary in excess of the
15	rate payable for positions of equivalent difficulty or
16	responsibility, and in no event, may be paid at a rate
17	exceeding the maximum rate in effect for level 15 of
18	the General Schedule, and
19	"(3) the number of employees appointed under
20	this paragraph shall not exceed ten percent of the
21	number of positions allowed under the Agency's full-
22	time equivalent limitation.''.
23	SEC. 815. SECURITY REQUIREMENTS.
24	Section 45(a) (22 U.S.C. 2585) is amended in the
25	third sentence—

1	(1) by inserting "or employed directly from other
2	Government agencies" after "persons detailed from
3	other Government agencies''; and
4	(2) by striking "by the Department of Defense or
5	the Department of State" and inserting "by such
6	agencies''.
7	SEC. 816. ANNUAL REPORT TO CONGRESS; AUTHORIZATION
8	OF APPROPRIATIONS.
9	(a) In General.—Title IV of the Arms Control and
10	Disarmament Act is amended—
11	(1) by striking sections 49 and 50;
12	(2) by redesignating sections 51 and 53 as sec-
13	tions 49 and 50, respectively; and
14	(3) by inserting after section 50 (as redesignated
15	by paragraph (2)) the following new sections:
16	"ANNUAL REPORT TO CONGRESS
17	"Sec. 51. (a) In General.—Not later than January
18	31 of each year, the President shall submit to the Speaker
19	of the House of Representatives and to the chairman of the
20	Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report pre-
21	pared by the Director, in consultation with the Secretary
22	of State, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Energy,
23	the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, and Director of
24	Central Intelligence, on the status of United States policy
25	and actions with respect to arms control, nonproliferation,
26	and disarmament. Such report shall include—

- 1 "(1) a detailed statement concerning the arms 2 control and disarmament objectives of the executive 3 branch of Government for the forthcoming year;
 - "(2) a detailed statement concerning the nonproliferation objectives of the executive branch of Government for the forthcoming year;
 - "(3) a detailed assessment of the status of any ongoing arms control or disarmament negotiations, including a comprehensive description of negotiations or other activities during the preceding year and an appraisal of the status and prospects for the forthcoming year;
 - "(4) a detailed assessment of the status of any ongoing nonproliferation negotiations or other activities, including a comprehensive description of the negotiations or other activities during the preceding year and an appraisal of the status and prospects for the forthcoming year;
 - "(5) a detailed assessment of adherence of the United States to obligations undertaken in arms control, nonproliferation, and disarmament agreements, including information on the policies and organization of each relevant agency or department of the United States to ensure adherence to such obligations, a description of national security programs with a

1	direct bearing on questions of adherence to such obli-
2	gations and of steps being taken to ensure adherence,
3	and a compilation of any substantive questions raised
4	during the preceding year and any corrective action
5	taken; and
6	"(6) a detailed assessment of the adherence of
7	other nations to obligations undertaken in all arms
8	control, nonproliferation, and disarmament agree-
9	ments to which the United States is a participating
10	state, including information on actions taken by each
11	nation with regard to the size, structure, and disposi-
12	tion of its military forces in order to comply with
13	arms control, nonproliferation, or disarmament agree-
14	ments, and shall include, in the case of each agree-
15	ment about which compliance questions exist—
16	"(A) a description of each significant issue
17	raised and efforts made and contemplated with
18	the other participating state to seek resolution of
19	the difficulty;
20	"(B) an assessment of damage, if any, to
21	the United States security and other interests;
22	and
23	"(C) recommendations as to any steps that
24	should be considered to redress any damage to

1	United States national security and to reduce
2	compliance problems.
3	"(b) Classification of the Report.—The report
4	required by this section shall be submitted in unclassified
5	form, with classified annexes, as appropriate.
6	"AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS
7	"Sec. 52. (a) Authorization of Appropriations.—
8	To carry out the purposes of this Act, there are authorized
9	to be appropriated—
10	"(1) \$57,500,000 for fiscal year 1994 and
11	\$59,375,000 for fiscal year 1995; and
12	"(2) such additional amounts as may be nec-
13	essary for each fiscal year for which an authorization
14	of appropriations is provided for in paragraph (1) of
15	this subsection for increases in salary, pay, retire-
16	ment, other employee benefits authorized by law, and
17	other nondiscretionary costs, and to offset adverse
18	fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates.
19	"(b) Transfer of Funds.—Funds appropriated pur-
20	suant to this section may be allocated or transferred to any
21	agency for carrying out the purposes of this Act. Such funds
22	shall be available for obligation and expenditure in accord-
23	ance with the authorities of this Act or in accordance with
24	the authorities governing the activities of the agencies to
25	which such funds are allocated or transferred.

1	"(c) Limitation.—Not more than 12 percent of any
2	appropriation made pursuant to this Act shall be obligated
3	or reserved during the last month of the fiscal year.".
4	(b) Effective Date.—So much of the amendment
5	made by subsection (a) as inserts section 52 of the Arms
6	Control and Disarmament Act shall be deemed to have be-
7	come effective as of October 1, 1993.
8	SEC. 817. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.
9	(a) Section 2 (22 U.S.C. 2551) is amended—
10	(1) in the second undesignated paragraph, by in-
11	serting ", nonproliferation," after "Arms control";
12	and
13	(2) in the second and third undesignated para-
14	graphs, by inserting ", nonproliferation," after "arms
15	control'' each place it appears.
16	(b) Section 28 (22 U.S.C. 2568) is amended—
17	(1) in the first sentence, by striking "field of
18	arms control and disarmament" and inserting "fields
19	of arms control, nonproliferation, and disarmament";
20	and
21	(2) in the second sentence, by inserting ", non-
22	proliferation,'' after ''arms control''.
23	(c) Section 31 (22 U.S.C. 2571) is amended—
24	(1) in the text above paragraph (a), by striking
25	"field of arms control and disarmament" each of the

1	three places it appears and inserting "fields of arms
2	control, nonproliferation, and disarmament";
3	(2) in the first sentence, by inserting "and non-
4	proliferation'' after disarmament; and
5	(3) in the fourth sentence, by inserting ", non-
6	proliferation,'' after arms control each of the eight
7	places it appears.
8	(d) Section 35 (22 U.S.C. 2575) is amended by insert-
9	ing ", nonproliferation," after "arms control".
10	(e) Section 39 (22 U.S.C. 2579) is amended by insert-
11	ing ", nonproliferation," after "arms control" each of the
12	two places it appears.
13	TITLE IX—ANTI-ECONOMIC
14	DISCRIMINATION ACT OF 1994
15	SEC. 901. SHORT TITLE.
16	This title may be cited as the "Anti-Economic Dis-
17	crimination Act of 1994".
18	SEC. 902. CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS.
19	The Congress finds that—
20	(1) certain countries maintain an economic boy-
21	cott of Israel, including a secondary boycott of compa-
22	nies that have investments in or trade with Israel;
23	(2) the secondary boycott has caused economic
24	damage to the countries that maintain the boycott as
25	well as to Israel:

- (3) the secondary boycott causes great difficulties
 for United States firms that trade with Israel, depriving them of trade opportunities and violating internationally accepted principles of free trade;
 (4) the United States has a longstanding policy
 opposing the Arab League boycott and United States
 - (4) the United States has a longstanding policy opposing the Arab League boycott and United States law prohibits American firms from providing information to Arab countries to demonstrate compliance with the boycott;
 - (5) many American companies may be denied contracts in the West Bank and Gaza for infrastructure development because they conduct business with Israel;
 - (6) many American companies may be denied contracts by the Kuwaiti Government for the reconstruction of Kuwait because they conduct business with Israel;
 - (7) under the Administration's leadership the United States has sent a clear, consistent and unambiguous message that the Arab League boycott of companies that do business with Israel is an obstacle to peace and should be terminated;
 - (8) the United States has laws prohibiting United States firms from providing Arab states with the

- requested information about compliance with boycott
 regulations;
- 3 (9) the United States Trade Representative, in 4 August 1993, commissioned the International Trade 5 Commission to undertake a study of the boycott's im-6 pact on United States businesses which will provide, 7 for the first time, a carefully researched estimate of 8 the impact of the boycott on the United States;
 - (10) the Administration has conducted an active diplomatic campaign to convince Arab League countries that the time to end the boycott and economic discrimination against United States businesses is now;
 - (11) the Administration's efforts have produced encouraging developments, as for example, with statements by officials of the Arab League that at its next meeting in March, the Arab League states will consider ending their discrimination against firms that do business with Israel and the decision to postpone the October 1993 meeting of the Central Boycott Committee:
 - (12) under United States leadership, the G-7 countries have unconditionally called for an end to the Arab boycott;

1	(13) the President, the Vice President, the Sec-
2	retary of State and other senior Administration offi-
3	cials have assured the Congress that they will speak
4	forcefully and candidly, in every forum which touches
5	upon the search for peace in the Middle East, about
6	the need to end the boycott;
7	(14) the Congress wishes to support the efforts of
8	the Administration and to help see the promises made
9	to date translated into tangible results;
10	(15) the statements made by Arab leaders must
11	be translated into action, as measured by quarterly
12	reports from the Office of Anti-Boycott Compliance.
13	SEC. 903. PROHIBITION ON CERTAIN SALES AND LEASES.
14	(a) Prohibition.—No defense article or defense serv-
15	ice may be sold or leased by the United States Government
16	to any country or international organization that, as a
17	matter of policy or practice, is known to have sent letters
18	to United States firms requesting compliance with, or solic-
19	iting information regarding compliance with, the secondary
20	or tertiary Arab boycott, unless the President determines,
21	and so certifies to the appropriate congressional committees,
22	that that country or organization does not currently main-
23	tain a policy or practice of making such requests or solicita-
24	tions.
25	(b) Waiver.—

1	(1) 1-YEAR WAIVER.—On or after the effective
2	date of this section, the President may waive, for a
3	period of 1 year, the application of subsection (a)
4	with respect to any country or organization if the
5	President determines, and reports to the appropriate
6	congressional committees, that—
7	(A) such waiver is in the national interest
8	of the United States, and such waiver will pro-
9	mote the objectives of this section to eliminate the
10	Arab boycott; or
11	(B) such waiver is in the national security
12	interest of the United States.
13	(2) Extension of waiver.—If the President de-
14	termines that the further extension of a waiver will
15	promote the objectives of this section, the President,
16	upon notification of the appropriate congressional
17	committees, may grant further extensions of such
18	waiver for successive 12-month periods.
19	(3) Termination of waiver.—The President
20	may, at any time, terminate any waiver granted
21	under this subsection.
22	(c) Definitions.—As used in this section—
23	(1) the term "appropriate congressional commit-
24	tees'' means the Committee on Foreign Relations of

1	the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of
2	the House of Representatives; and
3	(2) the terms "defense article" and "defense serv-
4	ice" have the meanings given to such terms by para-
5	graphs (3) and (4), respectively, of section 47 of the
6	Arms Export Control Act.
7	(d) Effective Date.—This section shall take effect
8	1 year after the date of enactment of this Act.
9	TITLE X—MIDDLE EAST PEACE
10	FACILITATION
11	SEC. 1001. SHORT TITLE.
12	This title may be cited as the "Middle East Peace Fa-
13	cilitation Act of 1994".
14	SEC. 1002. FINDINGS.
15	The Congress finds that—
16	(1) the Palestine Liberation Organization has
17	recognized the State of Israel's right to exist in peace
18	and security and to amend its covenant to recognize
19	that fact; accepted United Nations Security Council
20	Resolutions 242 and 338; committed itself to the peace
21	process and peaceful coexistence with Israel, free from
22	violence and all other acts which endanger peace and
23	stability; and assumed responsibility over all Pal-
24	estine Liberation Organization elements and person-

1	nel in order to assure their compliance, prevent viola-
2	tions, and discipline violators;
3	(2) Israel has recognized the Palestine Liberation
4	Organization as the representative of the Palestinian
5	people;
6	(3) Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organi-
7	zation signed a Declaration of Principles on Interim
8	Self-Government Arrangements on September 13,
9	1993, at the White House;
10	(4) the United States has resumed a bilateral
11	dialogue with the Palestine Liberation Organization;
12	and
13	(5) in order to implement the Declaration of
14	Principles on Interim Self-Government Arrangements
15	and facilitate the Middle East peace process, the
16	President has requested flexibility to suspend certain
17	provisions of law pertaining to the Palestine Libera-
18	tion Organization.
19	SEC. 1003. AUTHORITY TO SUSPEND CERTAIN PROVISIONS.
20	(a) In General.—Subject to subsection (b), beginning
21	July 1, 1994, the President may suspend for a period of
22	not more than 180 days any provision of law specified in
23	subsection (c). The President may continue the suspension
24	for a period or periods of not more than 180 days if, before
25	each such period, the President satisfies the requirements

of subsection (b). Any suspension shall cease to be effective after 180 days, or at such earlier date as the President may 3 specify. 4 (b) CONDITIONS.— (1) Consultation.—Prior to each exercise of 5 the authority provided in subsection (a), the President 6 7 shall consult with the relevant congressional committees. The President may not exercise that authority 8 until 30 days after a written policy justification is 9 submitted to the relevant Congressional Committees. 10 11 (2) Presidential certification.—The President may exercise the authority provided in sub-12 13 section (a) only if the President certifies to the relevant congressional committees each time he exercises 14 15 such authority that— (A) it is in the national interest of the 16 17 United States to exercise such authority; and 18 (B) the Palestine Liberation Organization 19 continues to abide in good faith by all the com-20 mitments described in paragraph (4). 21 (3) REQUIREMENT FOR CONTINUING PLO COM-22 PLIANCE.—Any suspension under subsection (a) of a provision of law specified in subsection (c) shall cease 23 to be effective if the President certifies to the relevant 24

congressional committees, or if the Congress deter-

1	mines by Joint Resolution, that the Palestine Libera-
2	tion Organization has not continued to abide in good
3	faith by all the commitments described in paragraph
4	(4).
5	(A) Any joint resolution under this sub-
6	section shall be considered in the Senate in ac-
7	cordance with the provisions of section 601(b) of
8	the International Security Assistance and Arms
9	Export Control Act of 1976.
10	(B) For the purpose of expediting the con-
11	sideration and enactment of joint resolutions
12	under this subsection, a motion to proceed to the
13	consideration of any such joint resolution after it
14	has been reported by the appropriate committee
15	shall be treated as highly privileged in the House
16	of Representatives.
17	(4) PLO COMMITMENTS DESCRIBED.—The com-
18	mitments referred to in paragraphs (2) and (3) are
19	the commitments made by the Palestine Liberation
20	Organization—
21	(A) in its letter of September 9, 1993, to the
22	Prime Minister of Israel; in its letter of Septem-
23	ber 9, 1993, to the Foreign Minister of Norway
24	to

1	(i) recognize the right of the State of
2	Israel to exist in peace and security;
3	(ii) accept United Nations Security
4	Council Resolutions 242 and 338;
5	(iii) renounce the use of terrorism and
6	other acts of violence;
7	(iv) assume responsibility over all PLO
8	elements and personnel in order to assure
9	their compliance, prevent violations and
10	discipline violators;
11	(v) call upon the Palestinian people in
12	the West Bank and Gaza Strip to take part
13	in the steps leading to the normalization of
14	life, rejecting violence and terrorism, and
15	contributing to peace and stability; and
16	(vi) submit to the Palestine National
17	Council for formal approval the necessary
18	changes to the Palestinian Covenant regard-
19	ing recognizing Israel's right to exist in
20	peace and security, and
21	(B) in, and resulting from the implementa-
22	tion of, the Declaration of Principles on Interim
23	Self-Government Arrangements signed on Sep-
24	tember 13, 1993.

1	(c) Provisions That May Be Suspended.—The
2	provisions that may be suspended under the authority of
3	subsection (a) are the following:
4	(1) Section 307 of the Foreign Assistance Act of
5	1961 (22 U.S.C. 2227) as it applies with respect to
6	the Palestine Liberation Organization or entities as-
7	sociated with it.
8	(2) Section 114 of the Department of State Au-
9	thorization Act, Fiscal years 1984 and 1985 (22
10	U.S.C. 287e note) as it applies with respect to the
11	Palestine Liberation Organization or entities associ-
12	ated with it.
13	(3) Section 1003 of the Foreign Relations Au-
14	thorization Act, Fiscal years 1988 and 1989 (22
15	U.S.C. 5202).
16	(4) Section 37 of the Bretton Woods Agreement
17	Act (22 U.S.C. 286w) as it applies to the granting to
18	the Palestine Liberation Organization of observer sta-
19	tus or other official status at any meeting sponsored
20	by or associated with the International Monetary
21	Fund. As used in this paragraph, the term "other of-
22	ficial status'' does not include membership in the
23	International Monetary Fund.

1	(d) Relevent Congressional Committees De-
2	FINED.—As used in this section, the term "relevant congres-
3	sional committees' means—
4	(1) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Com-
5	mittee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs, and
6	the Committee on Appropriations of the House of
7	Representatives; and
8	(2) the Committee on Foreign Relations and the
9	Committee on Appropriations of the Senate.
10	TITLE XI—IRAN-IRAQ ARMS NON-
11	PROLIFERATION AMEND-
12	<i>MENTS OF 1994</i>
	SEC. 1101. SHORT TITLE, REFERENCES IN TITLE.
13	
13 14	(a) Short Title.—This title may be cited as the
	(a) Short Title.—This title may be cited as the "Iran-Iraq Arms Non-Proliferation Amendments of 1994".
14	·
14 15	"Iran-Iraq Arms Non-Proliferation Amendments of 1994".
14 15 16 17	"Iran-Iraq Arms Non-Proliferation Amendments of 1994". (b) Reference in Title.—Except as specifically pro-
14 15 16 17	"Iran-Iraq Arms Non-Proliferation Amendments of 1994". (b) Reference in Title.—Except as specifically provided in this title, whenever in this title an amendment or
114 115 116 117 118	"Iran-Iraq Arms Non-Proliferation Amendments of 1994". (b) Reference in Title.—Except as specifically provided in this title, whenever in this title an amendment or repeal is expressed as an amendment to or repeal of a provi-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"Iran-Iraq Arms Non-Proliferation Amendments of 1994". (b) Reference in Title.—Except as specifically provided in this title, whenever in this title an amendment or repeal is expressed as an amendment to or repeal of a provision, the reference shall be deemed to be made to the Na-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"Iran-Iraq Arms Non-Proliferation Amendments of 1994". (b) Reference in Title.—Except as specifically provided in this title, whenever in this title an amendment or repeal is expressed as an amendment to or repeal of a provision, the reference shall be deemed to be made to the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"Tran-Iraq Arms Non-Proliferation Amendments of 1994". (b) Reference in Title.—Except as specifically provided in this title, whenever in this title an amendment or repeal is expressed as an amendment to or repeal of a provision, the reference shall be deemed to be made to the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993. SEC. 1102. STATEMENT OF POLICY.

1 SEC. 1103. STATEMENT OF PURPOSE.

2	It is the purpose of this title to impose additional sanc-
3	tions against those foreign countries and persons that trans-
4	fer destabilizing numbers and types of advanced conven-
5	tional weapons, or goods and technology that assist in en-
6	hancing the capabilities of Iran and Iraq to manufacture
7	and deliver such weapons.
8	SEC. 1104. SANCTIONS AGAINST PERSONS.
9	Section 1604 is amended to read as follows:
10	"(a) Prohibition.—If the President determines that
11	any person has transferred or retransferred goods or tech-
12	nology so as to contribute knowingly and materially to the
13	efforts by Iran or Iraq (or any agency or instrumentality
14	of either such country) to acquire destabilizing numbers and
15	types of advanced conventional weapons, then—
16	"(1) the sanctions described in subsection (b)
17	shall be imposed; and
18	"(2) the President may apply, in the discretion
19	of the President, the sanctions described in subsection
20	(c).
21	"(b) Mandatory Sanctions.—The sanctions to be
22	imposed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) are as follows:
23	"(1) Procurement sanction.—Except as pro-
24	vided in subsection (d), the United States Government
25	shall not procure directly or indirectly, or enter into

1	any contract for the procurement of, any goods or
2	services from the sanctioned person.
3	"(2) Export sanction.—The United States
4	Government shall not issue any license for any export
5	by or to the sanctioned person.
6	"(c) Discretionary Sanctions.—The sanctions re-
7	ferred to in subsection (a)(2) are as follows:
8	"(1) Transiting united states territory.—
9	"(A) Notwithstanding any other provision
10	of law (other than a treaty or other international
11	agreement), no employee or official of a sanc-
12	tioned person and no good or technology that is
13	manufactured, produced, sold, or shipped by the
14	sanctioned person may transit by vessel or air-
15	craft any territory subject to the jurisdiction of
16	the United States. The Secretary of Transpor-
17	tation may promulgate regulations, as necessary,
18	to provide for the implementation of this sanc-
19	tion in the most effective manner.
20	"(B) The Secretary of Transportation may
21	provide for such exceptions from this paragraph
22	as the Secretary considers in the interest of the
23	United States.
24	"(2) Financial institutions.—(A) The Presi-
25	dent may by order prohibit any depositary institu-

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1	tion that is chartered by, or that has its principal
2	place of business within, a State or the United States
3	from making any loan or providing any credit to the
4	sanctioned person, except for loans or credits for the
5	purpose of purchasing food or other agricultural com-
6	modities.
7	"(B) As used in this paragraph, the term 'depos-
8	itory institution' means a bank or savings associa-

- itory institution' means a bank or savings association, as defined in section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.
- "(3) Use of authorities of the inter-National emergency economic powers act.—The President may exercise the authorities of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act to prohibit any transaction involving any property in which the sanctioned person has any interest whatsoever except for transactions involving the provision of humanitarian assistance.
- "(4) Prohibition on vessels that enter Ports of Sanctioned Countries to engage in Trade.—
- 22 "(A) IN GENERAL.—Beginning on the 10th 23 day after a sanction is imposed under this Act 24 against a country, a vessel which enters a port 25 or place in the sanctioned country to engage in

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1	the trade of goods or services may not if the
2	President so requires within 180 days after de-
3	parture from such port or place in the sanc-
4	tioned country, load or unload any freight at
5	any place in the United States.
6	"(B) Definitions.—As used in this para-
7	graph, the term 'vessel' includes every description
8	of water craft or other contrivance used, or capa-
9	ble of being used, as a means of transportation
10	in water, but does not include aircraft.
11	"(d) Exceptions.—The sanction described in sub-
12	section (b)(1) shall not apply—
13	"(1) in the case of procurement of defense articles
14	or defense services—
15	"(A) under existing contracts or sub-
16	contracts, including the exercise of options for
17	production quantities to satisfy operational mili-
18	tary requirements essential to the national secu-
19	rity of the United States;
20	"(B) if the President determines that the
21	person or other entity to which the sanctions
22	would otherwise be applied is a sole source sup-
23	plier of the defense articles or services, that the
24	defense articles or services are essential, and that

1	alternative sources are not readily or reasonably
2	available; or
3	"(C) if the President determines that such
4	articles or services are essential to the national
5	security under defense coproduction agreements;
6	"(2) to products or services provided under con-
7	tracts entered into before the date on which the Presi-
8	dent makes a determination under subsection (a);
9	"(3) in the case of contracts entered into before
10	the date on which the President makes a determina-
11	tion under subsection (a), with respect to—
12	"(A) spare parts which are essential to
13	United States products or production; or
14	"(B) component parts, but not finished
15	products, essential to United States products or
16	production; or
17	"(C) routine servicing and maintenance of
18	products, to the extent that alternative sources
19	are not readily or reasonably available;
20	"(4) to information and technology essential to
21	United States products or production; or
22	"(5) to medical or other humanitarian items.
23	"(e) Consultation With and Actions By Foreign
24	Government of Jurisdiction.—

1	"(1) Consultations.—Whenever the President
2	makes a determination under subsection (a) with re-
3	spect to a foreign person, the Congress urges the
4	President—
5	"(A) to initiate consultations immediately
6	with the government with primary jurisdiction
7	over that foreign person with respect to the im-
8	position of sanctions pursuant to this section;
9	and, as appropriate,
10	"(B) to take steps in the United Nations
11	and other multilateral groups to negotiate com-
12	prehensive multilateral sanctions pursuant to the
13	provisions of chapter 7 of the United Nations
14	Charter, including a partial or complete embar-
15	go, against the government of the foreign country
16	of primary jurisdiction over that sanctioned per-
17	son, as long as that government has not taken
18	specific and effective actions, including appro-
19	priate penalties, to terminate the involvement of
20	the sanctioned person or firm in the activities
21	described in section 1604(a).
22	"(2) Actions by government of jurisdic-
23	TION.—In order to pursue such consultations with the
24	government, the President may delay imposition of

sanctions pursuant to subsections (b) and (c) for up

24	TRIES.
23	SEC. 1105. SANCTIONS AGAINST CERTAIN FOREIGN COUN-
22	cific corrective actions.".
21	this subsection that such government has taken spe-
20	basis for any determination under paragraph (2) of
19	priate government under this subsection, and the
18	port on the status of consultations with the appro-
17	Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives a re-
16	mental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on
15	Foreign Relations and the Committee on Govern-
14	tion, the President shall submit to the Committee on
13	days after the application of sanctions under this sec-
12	"(3) Report to congress.—Not later than 90
11	taking the actions described in the preceding sentence.
10	Congress that that government is in the process of
9	days if the President determines and certifies to the
8	the imposition of sanctions for up to an additional 90
7	described in subsection (a). The President may delay
6	the involvement of the foreign person in the activities
5	actions, including appropriate penalties, to terminate
4	that that government has taken specific and effective
3	President determines and certifies to the Congress
2	dent shall impose sanctions immediately unless the
1	to 90 days. Following these consultations, the Presi-

Section 1605 is amended—

1	(1) in subsection (a)(2), by striking "sanction"
2	and inserting ''sanctions'';
3	(2) in subsection (c)—
4	(A) by striking "Sanction.—The sanction
5	referred to in subsection (a)(2) is" and inserting
6	"Sanctions.—The sanctions referred to in sub-
7	section (a)(2) are''; and
8	(B) by adding at the end the following new
9	paragraphs:
10	"(3) Diplomatic relations.—The President is
11	urged to downgrade or suspend diplomatic relations
12	between the United States and the government of the
13	sanctioned country.
14	"(4) Suspension of trade agreements.—The
15	President may exercise the authorities of the Inter-
16	national Emergency Economic Powers Act to suspend
17	any trade agreement with the sanctioned country, ex-
18	cept those affecting imports into the United States for
19	the sanctioned country.
20	"(5) Revocations of licenses for export of
21	NUCLEAR MATERIAL.—The Nuclear Regulatory Com-
22	mission is authorized to revoke any license for the ex-
23	port of nuclear material pursuant to a nuclear co-
24	operation agreement with the sanctioned country.

1	"(6) Presidential action regarding avia-
2	TION.—
3	"(A)(i) The President is authorized to no-
4	tify the government of a sanctioned country of
5	his intention to suspend the authority of foreign
6	air carriers owned or controlled by the govern-
7	ment of that country to engage in foreign air
8	transportation to or from the United States.
9	"(ii) The President is authorized to direct
10	the Secretary of Transportation to suspend at
11	the earliest possible date the authority of any
12	foreign air carrier owned or controlled, directly
13	or indirectly, by that government to engage in
14	foreign air transportation to or from the United
15	States, notwithstanding any agreement relating
16	to air services.
17	"(B)(i) The President may direct the Sec-
18	retary of State to terminate any air service
19	agreement between the United States and a sanc-
20	tioned country in accordance with the provisions
21	of that agreement.
22	"(ii) Upon termination of an agreement
23	under this subparagraph, the Secretary of Trans-
24	portation is authorized to take such steps as may
25	be necessary to revoke at the earliest possible date

1	the right of any foreign air carrier owned, or
2	controlled, directly or indirectly, by the govern-
3	ment of that country to engage in foreign air
4	transportation to or from the United States.
5	"(C) The President may direct the Sec-
6	retary of Transportation to provide for such ex-
7	ceptions from this subsection as the President
8	considers necessary to provide for emergencies in
9	which the safety of an aircraft or its crew or
10	passengers is threatened.
11	"(D) For purposes of this paragraph, the
12	terms 'aircraft', 'air carrier', 'air transpor-
13	tation', and 'foreign air carrier' have the mean-
14	ings given those terms in section 101 of the Fed-
15	eral Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1301).
16	"(7) OTHER SANCTIONS.—The President may
17	apply the sanctions described in section 1605(c) with
18	respect to actions of a foreign government.".
19	SEC. 1106. WAIVER.
20	Section 1606 is amended—
21	(1) by striking "waiver" each place it appears
22	and inserting "modification, and waiver"; and
23	(2) by striking ''waive'' each place it appears
24	and inserting "modify or waive".

1	SEC. 1107. TERMINATION OF SANCTIONS.
2	The Act is amended by inserting after section 1606 the
3	following new section:
4	"SEC. 1606A. TERMINATION OF SANCTIONS.
5	"Except as otherwise provided in this title, the sanc-
6	tions imposed pursuant to the Act shall apply for a period
7	of at least 24 months following the imposition of sanctions
8	and shall case to apply thereafter only if the President de-
9	termines and certifies to the Congress that—
10	"(1) reliable information indicates that the gov-
11	ernment of jurisdiction has taken specific and effec-
12	tive action, including appropriate penalties, to termi-
13	nate the involvement of the sanctioned person in the
14	sanctionable activity;
15	"(2) the President has received reliable assur-
16	ances from the sanctioned government that such gov-
17	ernment will not, in the future, violate this Act.".
18	SEC. 1108. STAY OF SANCTIONS.
19	The Act is amended by inserting after section 1607 the
20	following new section:
21	"(a) Criterion for Stay.—The President may stay
22	the imposition of any sanction on any entity in order to
23	protect—
24	"(1) ongoing criminal investigations, or
25	"(2) sensitive intelligence sources and methods

which are being used to acquire further information

- on the proliferation of advanced conventional weap-
- 2 ons, weapons of mass destruction, or missiles that
- 3 would be comprised by the publication of the sanc-
- 4 tioned entity's name.
- 5 "(b) Determination.—The President shall exercise
- 6 the authority described in paragraph (1) only when the
- 7 President determines that the non-proliferation goals of the
- 8 Act are better served by delaying the imposition of sanctions
- 9 rather than by compromising the criminal investigation or
- 10 intelligence sources and methods at issue.
- 11 "(c) Lifting of Stay.—The President shall lift any
- 12 stay imposed pursuant to this subsection as soon as the
- 13 basis for the determination made pursuant to paragraph
- 14 (2) no longer exists.
- 15 "(d) Notification and Report to Congress.—
- 16 Whenever the duration of any stay imposed pursuant to this
- 17 subsection exceeds 120 days, the President shall promptly
- 18 report to the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate
- 19 and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the
- 20 House of Representatives the rationale and circumstances
- 21 that led the President to exercise the stay authority.".
- 22 SEC. 1109. RULES AND REGULATIONS.
- 23 The Act is amended by inserting after section 1607 the
- 24 following new section:

1 "SEC. 1607A. RULES AND REGULATIONS.

- 2 "The President is authorized to prescribe such rules
- 3 and regulations as the President may require to carry out
- 4 this Act.".

5 SEC. 1110. DEFINITIONS.

- 6 Section 1608 is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 7 lowing new paragraph;
- 8 "(8) The term 'goods or technology' includes any item
- 9 of the type that is listed on the Nuclear Referral List under
- 10 section 309(c) of the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Act of 1978,
- 11 the United States Munitions List (established in section 38
- 12 of the Arms Export Control Act), or the MTCR Annex (as
- 13 defined in section 74(4) of the Arms Export Control Act)
- 14 or any item that is subject to licensing by the Nuclear Regu-
- 15 latory Commission.
- 16 "(9) The term 'United States' includes territories and
- 17 possessions of the United States and the customs waters of
- $18\,$ the United States, as defined in section 401 of the Tariff
- 19 Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1401).".

20 SEC. 1111. SENSE OF THE SENATE.

- 21 Whereas both Iran and Iraq have re-emerged as con-
- 22 tinuing threats to the peace and stability of the Middle East
- 23 and thus pose a threat to the stability of the post-Cold War
- 24 world, it is the sense of the Senate that the conference agree-
- 25 ment on H.R. 2333 should include as additional discre-
- 26 tionary sanctions under section 1105 of this title denial of

- 1 Most-Favored-Nation status to a sanctioned country and
- 2 suspension of special trade privileges for a sanctioned coun-
- 3 try which were extended pursuant to the Generalized Sys-
- 4 tem of Preferences or the Caribbean Basin Initiative.

5 TITLE XII—IMMIGRATION AND

6 **NATIONALITY ACT**

- 7 SEC. 1201. ALIEN PHYSICALLY PRESENT IN UNITED STATES.
- 8 Section 245 of the Immigration and Nationality Act,
- 9 as amended (8 U.S.C. 1255), is amended by adding at the
- 10 end thereof the following new subsection:
- 11 "(i)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections
- 12 (a) and (c) of this section, an alien physically present in
- 13 the United States who (A) entered the United States with-
- 14 out inspection; or (B) is within one of the classes enumer-
- 15 ated in subsection (c) of this section may apply to the Attor-
- 16 ney General for the adjustment of his or her status to that
- 17 of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence. The
- 18 Attorney General may accept such application only if the
- 19 alien remits with such application a sum equalling five
- 20 times the fee required for the processing of applications
- 21 under this section as of the date of receipt of the applica-
- 22 tion. The sum specified herein shall be in addition to the
- 23 fee normally required for the processing of an application
- 24 under this section.

1	"(2) Upon receipt of such an application and the sum
2	hereby required, the Attorney General may adjust the status
3	of the alien to that of an alien lawfully admitted for perma-
4	nent residence if (A) the alien is eligible to receive an immi-
5	grant visa and is admissible to the United States for perma-
6	nent residence; and (B) an immigrant visa is immediately
7	available to the alien at the time the application is filed.
8	"(3) Sums remitted to the Attorney General pursuant
9	to paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection shall be dis-
10	posed of by the Attorney General as provided in sections
11	286 (m), (n), and (o) of this title.".
12	SEC. 1202. ALIEN VISA.
13	Section 212(a)(9) of the Immigration and Nationality
14	Act, as amended (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(9)), is amended by add-
15	ing at the end thereof the following:
16	"(D) An alien applying for an immigrant
17	visa who has been physically present in the
18	United States within the ninety day period im-
19	mediately preceding the date of such application
20	is excludable.''.

1	TITLE XIII—NUCLEAR PROLIF-
2	ERATION PREVENTION ACT
3	OF 1994
4	SEC. 1301. SHORT TITLE.
5	This title may be cited as the "Nuclear Proliferation
6	Prevention Act of 1994".
7	Subtitle A—Reporting on Nuclear
8	Exports
9	SEC. 1311. REPORTS TO CONGRESS.
10	Section 601(a) of the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Act of
11	1978 (22 U.S.C. 3281(a)) is amended—
12	(1) in paragraph (4), by striking ''and'' after the
13	semicolon;
14	(2) in paragraph (5), by striking the period and
15	inserting a semicolon; and
16	(3) by adding after paragraph (5) the following:
17	"(6) a description of the implementation of nu-
18	clear and nuclear-related dual-use export controls in
19	the preceding calendar year, including a summary by
20	type of commodity and destination of—
21	"(A) all transactions for which—
22	"(i) an export license was issued for
23	any good controlled under section 309(c) of
24	the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Act of 1978;

1	"(ii) an export license was issued
2	under section 109 b. of the 1954 Act;
3	"(iii) approvals were issued under the
4	Export Administration Act of 1979, or sec-
5	tion 109 b.(3) of the 1954 Act, for the
6	retransfer of any item, technical data, com-
7	ponent, or substance; or
8	"(iv) authorizations were made as re-
9	quired by section 57 b.(2) of the 1954 Act
10	to engage, directly or indirectly, in the pro-
11	duction of special nuclear material;
12	"(B) each instance in which—
13	"(i) a sanction has been imposed under
14	section 1321(a) of the Nuclear Proliferation
15	Prevention Act of 1994, section 1002(b)(1)
16	of the Arms Export Control Act, or section
17	601 or 602 of the Federal Deposit Insurance
18	Corporation Improvement Act of 1991;
19	"(ii) sales or leases have been denied
20	under section 3(f) of the Arms Export Con-
21	trol Act or transactions prohibited by rea-
22	son of acts relating to proliferation of nu-
23	clear explosive devices as described in sec-
24	tion 40(d) of that Act:

1	"(iii) a sanction has not been imposed
2	by reason of section 1321(c)(2) of the Nu-
3	clear Proliferation Prevention Act of 1994
4	or the imposition of a sanction has been de-
5	layed under section 1002(b)(4) of the Arms
6	Export Control Act; or
7	"(iv) a waiver of a sanction has been
8	made under—
9	"(I) section 1321(f) of the Nuclear
10	Proliferation Prevention Act of 1994,
11	"(II) section 620E(d) of the For-
12	eign Assistance Act of 1961, or para-
13	graph (5) or (6)(B) of section 1002(b)
14	of the Arms Export Control Act,
15	"(III) section 605 of the Federal
16	Deposit Insurance Corporation Im-
17	provement Act of 1991;
18	"(IV) section 40(g) of the Arms
19	Export Control Act with respect to the
20	last sentence of section 40(d) of that
21	Act, or
22	"(V) section 614 of the Foreign
23	Assistance Act of 1961 with respect to
24	section 620E of that Act or section 3(f),
25	the last sentence of section 40(d), or

1	1002(b)(1) of the Arms Export Control
2	Act; and
3	"(C) the progress of those independent states
4	of the former Soviet Union that are non-nuclear-
5	weapon states and of the Baltic states towards
6	achieving the objective of applying full scope
7	safeguards to all their peaceful nuclear activities.
8	Portions of the information required by paragraph (6) may
9	be submitted in classified form, as necessary. Any such in-
10	formation that may not be published or disclosed under sec-
11	tion 12(c)(1) of the Export Administration Act of 1979
12	shall be submitted as confidential.".
13	Subtitle B—Sanction for Nuclear
14	Proliferation
15	SEC. 1321. IMPOSITION OF SANCTION.
16	(a) Determination by the President.—
17	(1) In general.—Except as provided in sub-
18	section (b)(2), the President shall impose the sanction
19	described in subsection (c) if the President determines
20	in writing that a foreign person or a United States
21	person, on or after the effective date of this subtitle,
22	has materially and with requisite knowledge contrib-

1	(A) through the export from the United
2	States of any goods or technology that are subject
3	to the jurisdiction of the United States, or
4	(B) through the export from any other coun-
5	try of any goods or technology that would be, if
6	they were exported from the United States, sub-
7	ject to the jurisdiction of the United States,
8	to the efforts by any individual, group, or non-nu-
9	clear-weapon state to acquire unsafeguarded special
10	nuclear material or to use, develop, produce, stockpile,
11	or otherwise acquire any nuclear explosive device.
12	(2) Persons against which the sanction is
13	TO BE IMPOSED.—The sanction shall be imposed pur-
14	suant to paragraph (1) on—
15	(A) the foreign person or United States per-
16	son with respect to which the President makes
17	the determination described in that paragraph;
18	(B) any successor entity to that foreign per-
19	son or United States person;
20	(C) any foreign person or United States
21	person that is a parent or subsidiary of that per-
22	son if that parent or subsidiary materially and
23	with requisite knowledge assisted in the activities
24	which were the basis of that determination; and

- (D) any foreign person or United States
 person that is an affiliate of that person if that
 affiliate materially and with requisite knowledge
 assisted in the activities which were the basis of
 that determination and if that affiliate is controlled in fact by that foreign person.
 - (3) OTHER SANCTIONS AVAILABLE.—The sanctions which are required to be imposed for activities described in this subsection are in addition to any other sanction which may be imposed for the same activities under any other provision of law.
 - (4) Definition.—For purposes of this subsection, the term "requisite knowledge" means situations in which a person "knows", as "knowing" is defined in section 104 of the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977 (15 U.S.C. 78dd–2).
- 17 (b) Consultation With and Actions by Foreign 18 Government of Jurisdiction.—
- 19 (1) Consultations.—If the President makes a 20 determination described in subsection (a)(1) with re-21 spect to a foreign person, the Congress urges the 22 President to initiate consultations immediately with 23 the government with primary jurisdiction over that 24 foreign person with respect to the imposition of the 25 sanction pursuant to this section.

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(2) Actions by government of jurisdic-TION.—In order to pursue such consultations with that government, the President may delay imposition of the sanction pursuant to this section for up to 90 days. Following these consultations, the President shall impose the sanction unless the President determines and certifies in writing to the Congress that that government has taken specific and effective actions, including appropriate penalties, to terminate the involvement of the foreign person in the activities described in subsection (a)(1). The President may delay the imposition of the sanction for up to an additional 90 days if the President determines and certifies in writing to the Congress that that government is in the process of taking the actions described in the preceding sentence.

(3) Report to congress.—Not later than 90 days after making a determination under subsection (a)(1), the President shall submit to the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives a report on the status of consultations with the appropriate government under this subsection, and the basis for any determination under paragraph (2) of

1	this subsection that such government has taken spe-
2	cific corrective actions.
3	(c) Sanction.—
4	(1) Description of Sanction.—The sanction
5	to be imposed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) are, ex-
6	cept as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection,
7	that the United States Government shall not procure,
8	or enter into any contract for the procurement of, any
9	goods or services from any person described in sub-
10	section (a)(2).
11	(2) Exceptions.—The President shall not be re-
12	quired to apply or maintain the sanction under this
13	section—
14	(A) in the case of procurement of defense ar-
15	ticles or defense services—
16	(i) under existing contracts or sub-
17	contracts, including the exercise of options
18	for production quantities to satisfy require-
19	ments essential to the national security of
20	the United States;
21	(ii) if the President determines in
22	writing that the person or other entity to
23	which the sanction would otherwise be ap-
24	plied is a sole source supplier of the defense
25	articles or services, that the defense articles

1	or services are essential, and that alter-
2	native sources are not readily or reasonably
3	available; or
4	(iii) if the President determines in
5	writing that such articles or services are es-
6	sential to the national security under de-
7	fense coproduction agreements;
8	(B) to products or services provided under
9	contracts entered into before the date on which
10	the President publishes his intention to impose
11	the sanction;
12	(C) to—
13	(i) spare parts which are essential to
14	United States products or production;
15	(ii) component parts, but not finished
16	products, essential to United States prod-
17	ucts or production; or
18	(iii) routine servicing and mainte-
19	nance of products, to the extent that alter-
20	native sources are not readily or reasonably
21	available;
22	(D) to information and technology essential
23	to United States products or production; or
24	(E) to medical or other humanitarian
25	items.

1	(d) Advisory Opinions.—Upon the request of any
2	person, the Secretary of State may, in consultation with
3	the Secretary of Defense, issue in writing an advisory opin-
4	ion to that person as to whether a proposed activity by that
5	person would subject that person to the sanction under this
6	section. Any person who relies in good faith on such an
7	advisory opinion which states that the proposed activity
8	would not subject a person to such sanction, and any person
9	who thereafter engages in such activity, may not be made
10	subject to such sanction on account of such activity.
11	(e) Termination of the Sanction.—The sanction
12	imposed pursuant to this section shall apply for a period
13	of at least 12 months following the imposition of the sanc-
14	tion and shall cease to apply thereafter only if the President
15	determines and certifies in writing to the Congress that—
16	(1) reliable information indicates that the for-
17	eign person or United States person with respect to
18	which the determination was made under subsection
19	(a)(1) has ceased to aid or abet any individual,
20	group, or non-nuclear-weapon state in its efforts to
21	acquire unsafeguarded special nuclear material or
22	any nuclear explosive device, as described in that sub-
23	section; and
24	(2) the President has received reliable assurances
25	from the foreign person or United States person, as

the case may be, that such person will not, in the future, aid or abet any individual, group, or non-nuclear-weapon state in its efforts to acquire unsafeguarded special nuclear material or any nuclear explosive device, as described in subsection (a)(1).

(f) Waiver.—

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- (1) Criterion for Waiver.—The President may waive the application of the sanction imposed on any person pursuant to this section, after the end of the 12-month period beginning on the date on which that sanction was imposed on that person, if the President determines and certifies in writing to the Congress that the continued imposition of the sanction would have a serious adverse effect on vital United States interests.
- (2) Notification of and report to con-GRESS.—If the President decides to exercise the waiver authority provided in paragraph (1), the President shall so notify the Congress not less than 20 days before the waiver takes effect. Such notification shall include a report fully articulating the rationale and circumstances which led the President to exercise the waiver authority.
- 25 (g) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—

1	(1) the term ''foreign person'' means—
2	(A) an individual who is not a citizen of
3	the United States or an alien admitted for per-
4	manent residence to the United States; or
5	(B) a corporation, partnership, or other
6	nongovernment entity which is created or orga-
7	nized under the laws of a foreign country or
8	which has its principal place of business outside
9	the United States; and
10	(2) the term "United States person" means—
11	(A) an individual who is a citizen of the
12	United States or an alien admitted for perma-
13	nent residence to the United States; or
14	(B) a corporation, partnership, or other en-
15	tity which is not a foreign person.
16	SEC. 1322. ELIGIBILITY FOR ASSISTANCE.
17	(a) Amendments to the Arms Export Control
18	Act.—(1) Section 3 of the Arms Export Control Act (22)
19	U.S.C. 2753) is amended by adding at the end the following
20	new subsection:
21	"(f) No sales or leases shall be made to any country
22	that the President has determined is in material breach of
23	its binding commitments to the United States under inter-
24	national treaties or agreements concerning the nonprolifera-
25	tion of nuclear explosive devices (as defined in section

1	1330(3) of the Nuclear Proliferation Prevention Act of
2	1994) and unsafeguarded special nuclear material (as de-
3	fined in section 1330(6) of that Act).".
4	(2) Section 40 of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2780) is amend-
5	ed—
6	(A) in subsection (d), by adding at the end the
7	following new sentence: "For purposes of this sub-
8	section, such acts shall include all activities that the
9	Secretary determines willfully aid or abet the inter-
10	national proliferation of nuclear explosive devices to
11	individuals or groups or willfully aid or abet an in-
12	dividual or groups in acquiring unsafeguarded spe-
13	cial nuclear material.''; and
14	(B) in subsection (l)—
15	(i) in paragraph (2), by striking "and"
16	after the semicolon;
17	(ii) in paragraph (3), by striking the period
18	at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
19	(iii) by adding at the end the following:
20	"(4) the term 'nuclear explosive device' has the
21	meaning given that term in section 1330(3) of the
22	Nuclear Proliferation Prevention Act of 1994; and
23	"(5) the term 'unsafeguarded special nuclear ma-
24	terial' has the meaning given that term in section

1330(6) of the Nuclear Proliferation Prevention Act of 1 2 1994. ''. 3 (b) Amendment to the Foreign Assistance Act OF 1961.— (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, 5 6 Presidential Determination No. 82–7 of February 10, 7 1982, made pursuant to section 670(a)(2) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, shall have no force or ef-8 fect with respect to any grounds for the prohibition 9 10 of assistance under section 1002(a)(1) of the Arms Eport Act arising on or after the effective date of this 11 subtitle. 12 (2) Section 620E(d) of the Foreign Assistance 13 14 Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2375(d)) is amended to read as follows: 15 "(d) The President may waive the prohibitions of sec-16 tion 1001 of the Arms Export Control Act with respect to any grounds for the prohibition of assistance under that section arising before the effective date of subtitle B of the Nuclear Proliferation Prevention Act of 1994 to provide assistance to Pakistan if he determines that to do so is in the national interest of the United States.".

1	SEC. 1323. ROLE OF INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITU-
2	TIONS.
3	(a) In General.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall
4	instruct the United States executive director to each of the
5	international financial institutions described in section
6	701(a) of the International Financial Institutions Act (22
7	U.S.C. 262d(a)) to use the voice and vote of the United
8	States to oppose any direct or indirect use of the institu-
9	tion's funds to promote the acquisition of unsafeguarded
10	special nuclear material or the development, stockpiling, or
11	use of any nuclear explosive device by any non-nuclear-
12	weapon state.
13	(b) Duties of United States Executive Direc-
14	TORS.—Section 701(b)(3) of the International Financial
15	Institutions Act (22 U.S.C. 262d(b)(3)) is amended to read
16	as follows:
17	"(3) whether the recipient country—
18	"(A) is seeking to acquire unsafeguarded
19	special nuclear material (as defined in section
20	1330(6) of the Nuclear Proliferation Prevention
21	Act of 1994) or a nuclear explosive device (as de-
22	fined in section 1330(3) of that Act);
23	"(B) is not a State Party to the Treaty on
24	Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons; or
25	"(C) has detonated a nuclear explosive de-
26	vice; and''.

1	SEC. 1324. AMENDMENTS TO THE FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSUR-
2	ANCE CORPORATION IMPROVEMENT ACT OF
3	1991.
4	The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Improve-
5	ment Act of 1991 is amended by adding at the end the fol-
6	lowing new title:
7	"TITLE VI—SANCTIONS ON
8	FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS
9	"SEC. 601. PRESIDENTIAL DETERMINATION.
10	"(a) In General.—The prohibitions in section 603
11	shall be imposed on a financial institution if the President
12	determines in writing that such financial institution, on
13	or after the date which is 60 days after the date of enact-
14	ment of this section, has materially and with requisite
15	knowledge contributed, through provision of financing or
16	other services, to the efforts by any individual, group, or
17	non-nuclear-weapon state to acquire unsafeguarded special
18	nuclear material or to use, develop, produce, stockpile, or
19	otherwise acquire any nuclear explosive device, as these
20	standards and terms would be applied under section
21	1321(a) of the Nuclear Proliferation Prevention Act of 1994.
22	"(b) Presidential Order.—Whenever the President
23	makes a determination under subsection (a) with respect
24	to a financial institution, the President shall issue an order
25	specifying a date within 180 days after such determination

1	on which the prohibitions in section 603 shall begin to
2	apply to such institution.
3	"SEC. 602. ADDITIONAL ENTITIES AGAINST WHICH SANC-
4	TIONS ARE TO BE IMPOSED.
5	"The prohibitions described in section 603 shall also
6	be imposed, pursuant to section 601, on—
7	"(1) any successor entity to the financial institu-
8	tion with respect to which the President makes a de-
9	termination under section 601(a);
10	"(2) any foreign person or United States person
11	that is a parent or subsidiary of that financial insti-
12	tution if that parent or subsidiary materially and
13	with requisite knowledge assisted in the activities
14	which were the basis of that determination; and
15	"(3) any foreign person or United States person
16	that is an affiliate of that financial institution if that
17	affiliate materially and with requisite knowledge as-
18	sisted in the activities which were the basis of such
19	determination and if that affiliate is controlled in
20	fact by that financial institution.
21	"SEC. 603. PROHIBITIONS.
22	"The following prohibitions shall apply to a financial
23	institution with respect to which a determination is made
24	under section 601(a) and to the entities described in section
25	602·

1	"(1) Ban on dealings in government fi-
2	NANCE.—
3	"(A) Designation as primary dealer.—
4	Neither the Board of Governors of the Federal
5	Reserve System nor the Federal Reserve Bank of
6	New York may designate, or permit the continu-
7	ation of any prior designation of, such financial
8	institution or any such entity as a primary
9	dealer in United States Government debt instru-
10	ments.
11	"(B) Government funds.—Such financial
12	institution or any such entity shall not serve as
13	agent of the United States Government or serve
14	as repository for United States Government
15	funds.
16	"(2) Restrictions on operations.—Such fi-
17	nancial institution or any such entity shall not, di-
18	rectly or indirectly—
19	"(A) commence any line of business in the
20	United States in which it was not engaged as of
21	the date of the determination; or
22	"(B) conduct business from any location in
23	the United States at which it did not conduct
24	business as of the date of the determination.

1	"SEC. 604. CONDITIONS AND TERMINATION OF SANCTIONS.
2	"The same requirements for consultation with the for-
3	eign government of jurisdiction, where appropriate, and for
4	termination of sanctions shall apply under this title as are
5	provided in subsections (b) and (e), respectively, of section
6	1321 of the Nuclear Proliferation Prevention Act of 1994.
7	"SEC. 605. WAIVER.
8	"The President may waive the imposition of any pro-
9	hibition imposed on any financial institution or other en-
10	tity pursuant to section 601 or 602 if the President deter-
11	mines and certifies in writing to the Congress that the im-
12	position of such prohibition would have a serious adverse
13	effect on the safety and soundness of the domestic or inter-
14	national financial system or on domestic or international
15	payments systems.
16	"SEC. 606. DEFINITIONS.
17	"As used in this title—
18	"(1) the term 'financial institution' includes—
19	"(A) a depository institution, including a
20	branch or agency of a foreign bank;
21	"(B) a securities firm, including a broker or
22	dealer;
23	"(C) an insurance company, including an
24	agency or underwriter;
25	"(D) any other company that provides pri-
26	marily financial services; or

1	"(E) any subsidiary of any entity described
2	in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D);
3	"(2) the term 'requisite knowledge' means situa-
4	tions in which a person 'knows', as 'knowing' is de-
5	fined in section 104 of the Foreign Corrupt Practices
6	Act of 1977 (15 U.S.C. 78dd-2); and
7	"(3) the terms 'foreign person' and 'United
8	States person' have the meanings given those terms in
9	section 1321(g) of the Nuclear Proliferation Preven-
10	tion Act of 1994.".
11	SEC. 1325. EXPORT-IMPORT BANK.
12	Section 2(b)(4) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945
13	(12 U.S.C. 635(b)(4)) is amended in the first sentence by
14	inserting after "device" the following: "(as defined in sec-
15	tion 1330(3) of the Nuclear Proliferation Prevention Act of
16	1994), or that any country has willfully aided or abetted
17	any non-nuclear-weapon state (as defined in section
18	1330(4) of that Act) to acquire any such nuclear explosive
19	device or to acquire unsafeguarded special nuclear material
20	(as defined in section 1330(6) of that Act).".
21	SEC. 1326. AMENDMENT TO THE ARMS EXPORT CONTROL
22	ACT.
23	(a) In General.—The Arms Export Control Act is
24	amended by adding at the end the following new chapter:

1	"CHAPTER 10—NUCLEAR
2	NONPROLIFERATION CONTROLS
3	"SEC. 1001. NUCLEAR ENRICHMENT TRANSFERS.
4	"(a) Prohibitions; Safeguards and Manage-
5	MENT.—Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section,
6	no funds authorized to be appropriated by the Foreign As-
7	sistance Act of 1961 or this Act may be used for the purpose
8	of providing economic assistance (including assistance
9	under chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act
10	of 1961), providing military assistance or grant military
11	education and training, providing assistance under chapter
12	6 of part II of that Act, or extending military credits or
13	making guarantees, to any country which, on or after Au-
14	gust 4, 1977, delivers nuclear enrichment equipment, mate-
15	rials, or technology to any other country, or receives such
16	equipment, materials, or technology from any other coun-
17	try, unless before such delivery—
18	"(1) the supplying country and receiving coun-
19	try have reached agreement to place all such equip-
20	ment, materials, or technology, upon delivery, under
21	multilateral auspices and management when avail-
22	able; and
23	"(2) the recipient country has entered into an
24	agreement with the International Atomic Energy
25	Agency to place all such equipment, materials, tech-

	1	nology,	and	all	nuclear	fuel	and	facilities	in	such
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- 2 country under the safeguards system of such Agency.
- 3 "(b) Certification by President of Necessity of
- 4 CONTINUED ASSISTANCE; CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF
- 5 DISAPPROVAL BY CONGRESS.—(1) Notwithstanding sub-
- 6 section (a) of this section, the President may furnish assist-
- 7 ance which would otherwise be prohibited under such sub-
- 8 section if he determines and certifies in writing to the
- 9 Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Committee
- 10 on Foreign Relations of the Senate that—
- 11 "(A) the termination of such assistance would
- 12 have a serious adverse effect on vital United States
- 13 interests; and
- 14 "(B) he has received reliable assurances that the
- 15 country in question will not acquire or develop nu-
- clear weapons or assist other nations in doing so.
- 17 Such certification shall set forth the reasons supporting
- 18 such determination in each particular case.
- 19 "(2)(A) A certification under paragraph (1) of this
- 20 subsection shall take effect on the date on which the certifi-
- 21 cation is received by the Congress. However, if, within thir-
- 22 ty calendar days after receiving this certification, the Con-
- 23 gress adopts a concurrent resolution stating in substance
- 24 that the Congress disapproves the furnishing of assistance
- 25 pursuant to the certification, then upon the adoption of that

- 1 resolution the certification shall cease to be effective and all
- 2 deliveries of assistance furnished under the authority of that
- 3 certification shall be suspended immediately.
- 4 "(B) Any concurrent resolution under this paragraph
- 5 shall be considered in the Senate in accordance with the
- 6 provisions of section 601(b) of the International Security
- 7 Assistance and Arms Export Control Act of 1976.
- 8 "(C) For the purpose of expediting the consideration
- 9 and adoption of concurrent resolutions under this para-
- 10 graph, a motion to proceed to the consideration of any such
- 11 resolution after it has been reported by the appropriate
- 12 committee shall be treated as highly privileged in the House
- 13 of Representatives.
- 14 "SEC. 1002. NUCLEAR REPROCESSING TRANSFERS, ILLEGAL
- 15 EXPORTS FOR NUCLEAR EXPLOSIVE DEVICES,
- 16 TRANSFERS OF NUCLEAR EXPLOSIVE DE-
- 17 *VICES, AND NUCLEAR DETONATIONS.*
- 18 "(a) Prohibitions on Assistance to Countries
- 19 Involved in Transfer of Nuclear Reprocessing
- 20 Equipment, Materials, or Technology; Exceptions;
- 21 PROCEDURES APPLICABLE.—(1) Except as provided in
- 22 paragraph (2) of this subsection, no funds authorized to be
- 23 appropriated by the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 or this
- 24 Act may be used for the purpose of providing economic as-
- 25 sistance (including assistance under chapter 4 of part II

- 1 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961), providing military
- 2 assistance or grant military education and training, pro-
- 3 viding assistance under chapter 6 of part II of that Act,
- 4 or extending military credits or making guarantees, to any
- 5 country which (A) on or after August 4, 1977, delivers nu-
- 6 clear reprocessing equipment, materials, or technology to
- 7 any other country or receives such equipment, materials,
- 8 or technology from any other country (except for the trans-
- 9 fer of reprocessing technology associated with the investiga-
- 10 tion, under international evaluation programs in which the
- 11 United States participates, of technologies which are alter-
- 12 natives to pure plutonium reprocessing), or (B) is a non-
- 13 nuclear-weapon state which, on or after August 8, 1985, ex-
- 14 ports illegally (or attempts to export illegally) from the
- 15 United States any material, equipment, or technology
- 16 which would contribute significantly to the ability of such
- 17 country to manufacture a nuclear explosive device, if the
- 18 President determines that the material, equipment, or tech-
- 19 nology was to be used by such country in the manufacture
- 20 of a nuclear explosive device. For purposes of clause (B),
- 21 an export (or attempted export) by a person who is an agent
- 22 of, or is otherwise acting on behalf of or in the interests
- 23 of, a country shall be considered to be an export (or at-
- 24 tempted export) by that country.

- 1 "(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) of this subsection,
- 2 the President in any fiscal year may furnish assistance
- 3 which would otherwise be prohibited under that paragraph
- 4 if he determines and certifies in writing during that fiscal
- 5 year to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and
- 6 the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate that the
- 7 termination of such assistance would be seriously preju-
- 8 dicial to the achievement of United States nonproliferation
- 9 objectives or otherwise jeopardize the common defense and
- 10 security. The President shall transmit with such certifi-
- 11 cation a statement setting forth the specific reasons therefor.
- 12 "(3)(A) A certification under paragraph (2) of this
- 13 subsection shall take effect on the date on which the certifi-
- 14 cation is received by the Congress. However, if, within 30
- 15 calendar days after receiving this certification, the Congress
- 16 adopts a concurrent resolution stating in substance that the
- 17 Congress disapproves the furnishing of assistance pursuant
- 18 to the certification, then upon the adoption of that resolu-
- 19 tion the certification shall cease to be effective and all deliv-
- 20 eries of assistance furnished under the authority of that cer-
- 21 tification shall be suspended immediately.
- 22 "(B) Any concurrent resolution under this paragraph
- 23 shall be considered in the Senate in accordance with the
- 24 provisions of section 601(b) of the International Security
- 25 Assistance and Arms Export Control Act of 1976.

1	"(C) For the purpose of expediting the consideration
2	and adoption of concurrent resolutions under this para-
3	graph, a motion to proceed to the consideration of any such
4	resolution after it has been reported by the appropriate
5	committee shall be treated as highly privileged in the House
6	of Representatives.
7	"(b) Prohibitions on Assistance to Countries
8	Involved in Transfer or Use of Nuclear Explosive
9	Devices; Exceptions; Procedures Applicable.—(1)
10	Except as provided in paragraphs (4), (5), and (6), in the
11	event that the President determines that any country, after
12	the effective date of subtitle B of the Nuclear Proliferation
13	Prevention Act of 1994—
14	"(A) transfers to a non-nuclear-weapon state a
15	nuclear explosive device,
16	"(B) is a non-nuclear-weapon state and either—
17	"(i) receives a nuclear explosive device, or
18	"(ii) detonates a nuclear explosive device,
19	"(C) transfers to a non-nuclear-weapon state any
20	design information or component which is determined
21	by the President to be important to, and known by
22	the transferring country to be intended by the recipi-
23	ent state for use in, the development or manufacture
24	of any nuclear explosive device, or

1	"(D) is a non-nuclear-weapon state and has
2	sought and received any design information or com-
3	ponent which is determined by the President to be im-
4	portant to, and intended by the recipient state for use
5	in, the development or manufacture of any nuclear
6	explosive device,
7	then the President shall forthwith report in writing his de-
8	termination to the Congress and shall forthwith impose the
9	sanctions described in paragraph (2) against that country.
10	"(2) The sanctions referred to in paragraph (1) are
11	as follows:
12	"(A) The United States Government shall termi-
13	nate assistance to that country under this Act, except
14	for humanitarian assistance or food or other agricul-
15	tural commodities.
16	"(B) The United States Government shall termi-
17	nate—
18	"(i) sales to that country under the Arms
19	Export Control Act of any defense articles, de-
20	fense services, or design and construction serv-
21	ices, and
22	"(ii) licenses for the export to that country
23	of any item on the United States Munitions List.

1	"(C) The United States Government shall termi-
2	nate all foreign military financing for that country
3	under this Act.
4	"(D) The United States Government shall deny
5	to that country any credit, credit guarantees, or other
6	financial assistance by any department, agency, or
7	instrumentality of the United States Government, ex-
8	cept that the sanction of this subparagraph shall not
9	apply—
10	"(i) to any transaction subject to the report-
11	ing requirements of title V of the National Secu-
12	rity Act of 1947 (relating to congressional over-
13	sight of intelligence activities), or
14	"(ii) to humanitarian assistance.
15	"(E) The United States Government shall op-
16	pose, in accordance with section 701 of the Inter-
17	national Financial Institutions Act (22 U.S.C. 262d),
18	the extension of any loan or financial or technical as-
19	sistance to that country by any international finan-
20	cial institution.
21	"(F) The United States Government shall pro-
22	hibit any United States bank from making any loan
23	or providing any credit to the government of that
24	country, except for loans or credits for the purpose of
25	purchasing food or other agricultural commodities.

1	"(G) The authorities of section 6 of the Export
2	Administration Act of 1979 shall be used to prohibit
3	exports to that country of specific goods and tech-
4	nology (excluding food and other agricultural com-
5	modities), except that such prohibition shall not
6	apply to any transaction subject to the reporting re-
7	quirements of title V of the National Security Act of
8	1947 (relating to congressional oversight of intel-
9	ligence activities).
10	"(3) As used in this subsection—
11	"(A) the term 'design information' means spe-
12	cific information that relates to the design of a nu-
13	clear explosive device and that is not available to the
14	public; and
15	"(B) the term 'component' means a specific com-
16	ponent of a nuclear explosive device.
17	"(4)(A) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) of this sub-
18	section, the President may, for a period of not more than
19	30 days of continuous session, delay the imposition of sanc-
20	tions which would otherwise be required under paragraph
21	(1)(A) or (1)(B) of this subsection if the President first
22	transmits to the Speaker of the House of Representatives,
23	and to the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations
24	of the Senate, a certification that he has determined that
25	an immediate imposition of sanctions on that country

- 1 would be detrimental to the national security of the United
- 2 States. Not more than one such certification may be trans-
- 3 mitted for a country with respect to the same detonation,
- 4 transfer, or receipt of a nuclear explosive device.
- 5 "(B) If the President transmits a certification to the
- 6 Congress under subparagraph (A), a joint resolution which
- 7 would permit the President to exercise the waiver authority
- 8 of paragraph (5) of this subsection shall, if introduced in
- 9 either House within thirty days of continuous session after
- 10 the Congress receives this certification, be considered in the
- 11 Senate and House of Representatives in accordance with
- 12 subparagraphs (C) and (D) of this paragraph.
- 13 "(C) Any joint resolution under this paragraph shall
- 14 be considered in the Senate in accordance with the provi-
- 15 sions of section 601(b) of the International Security Assist-
- 16 ance and Arms Export Control Act of 1976.
- 17 "(D) For the purpose of expediting the consideration
- 18 and adoption of joint resolutions under this paragraph, a
- 19 motion to proceed to the consideration of such a joint resolu-
- 20 tion after it has been reported by the appropriate committee
- 21 shall be treated as highly privileged in the House of Rep-
- 22 resentatives.
- 23 "(E) For purposes of this paragraph, the term "joint
- 24 resolution" means a joint resolution the matter after the
- 25 resolving clause of which is as follows: "That the Congress

- 1 having received on a certification by the President under
- 2 section 670(b)(4) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 with
- 3 respect to, the Congress hereby authorizes the President to
- 4 exercise the waiver authority contained in section 670(b)(5)
- 5 of that Act.", with the date of receipt of the certification
- 6 inserted in the first blank and the name of the country in-
- 7 serted in the second blank.
- 8 "(5) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) of this subsection,
- 9 if the Congress enacts a joint resolution under paragraph
- 10 (4) of this subsection, the President may waive any sanction
- 11 which would otherwise be required under paragraph (1)(A)
- 12 or (1)(B) if he determines and certifies in writing to the
- 13 Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Committee
- 14 on Foreign Relations of the Senate that the imposition of
- 15 such sanction would be seriously prejudicial to the achieve-
- 16 ment of United State nonproliferation objectives or other-
- 17 wise jeopardize the common defense and security. The Presi-
- 18 dent shall transmit with such certification a statement set-
- 19 ting forth the specific reasons therefor.
- 20 "(6)(A) In the event the President is required to im-
- 21 pose sanctions against a country under paragraph (1)(C)
- 22 or (1)(D), the President shall forthwith so inform such
- 23 country and shall impose the required sanctions beginning
- 24 30 days after submitting to the Congress the report required
- 25 by paragraph (1) unless, and to the extent that, there is

- 1 enacted during the 30-day period a law prohibiting the im-
- 2 position of such sanctions.
- 3 "(B) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the
- 4 sanctions which are required to be imposed against a coun-
- 5 try under paragraph (1)(C) or (1)(D) shall not apply if
- 6 the President determines and certifies in writing to the
- 7 Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on
- 8 Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on
- 9 Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives that the ap-
- 10 plication of such sanctions against such country would have
- 11 a serious adverse effect on vital United States interests. The
- 12 President shall transmit with such certification a statement
- 13 setting forth the specific reasons therefor.
- 14 "(7) For purposes of this subsection, continuity of ses-
- 15 sion is broken only by an adjournment of Congress sine die
- 16 and the days on which either House is not in session be-
- 17 cause of an adjournment of more than three days to a day
- 18 certain are excluded in the computation of any period of
- 19 time in which Congress is in continuous session.
- 20 "(8) The President may not delegate or transfer his
- 21 power, authority, or discretion to make or modify deter-
- 22 minations under this subsection.
- 23 "(c) 'Non-Nuclear-Weapon State' defined.—As
- 24 used in this section, the term "non-nuclear-weapon state"
- 25 means any country which is not a nuclear-weapon state,

- as defined in Article IX(3) of the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons. 3 "SEC. 1003. DEFINITION OF NUCLEAR EXPLOSIVE DEVICE. 4 "As used in this chapter, the term 'nuclear explosive device' has the meaning given that term in section 1330(3) of the Nuclear Proliferation Prevention Act of 1994.". (b) Repeals.—Sections 669 and 670 of the Foreign 7 Assistance Act of 1961 are hereby repealed. (c) References in Law.—Any reference in law as 9 of the date of enactment of this Act to section 669 or 670 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall, after such date, be deemed to be a reference to section 1001 or 1002, as the case may be, of the Arms Export Control Act. 14 SEC. 1327. REWARD. Section 36(a) of the State Department Basic Authori-15 ties Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2708(a)) is amended— 17 (1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (3) 18 as subparagraphs (A) through (C), respectively; 19 (2) by inserting "(1)" after "(a)"; and (3) by adding at the end the following: 20
- 21 "(2) For purposes of this subsection, the term 'act of
- 22 international terrorism' includes any act substantially con-
- 23 tributing to the acquisition of unsafeguarded special nu-
- 24 clear material (as defined in section 1330(6) of the Nuclear
- 25 Proliferation Prevention Act of 1994) or any nuclear explo-

1	sive device (as defined in section 1330(3) of that Act) by
2	an individual, group, or non-nuclear-weapon state, as de-
3	fined in section 1330(4) of that Act.".
4	SEC. 1328. REPORTS.
5	(a) Content of ACDA Annual Report.—Section 51
6	of the Arms Control and Disarmament Act, as inserted by
7	this Act, is amended—
8	(1) by striking ''and'' at the end of paragraph
9	(5);
10	(2) by striking the period at the end of para-
11	graph (6) and inserting "; and";
12	(3) by adding after paragraph (6) the following
13	new paragraph:
14	"(7) a discussion of any material noncompliance
15	by foreign governments with their binding commit-
16	ments to the United States with respect to the preven-
17	tion of the spread of nuclear explosive devices (as de-
18	fined in section 1330(3) of the Nuclear Proliferation
19	Prevention Act of 1994) by non-nuclear-weapon states
20	(as defined in section 1330(4) of that Act) or the ac-
21	quisition by such states of unsafeguarded special nu-
22	clear material (as defined in section 1330(6) of that
23	Act), including—
24	"(A) a net assessment of the aggregate mili-
25	tary significance of all such violations;

1	"(B) a statement of the compliance policy of
2	the United States with respect to violations of
3	those commitments; and
4	"(C) what actions, if any, the President has
5	taken or proposes to take to bring any nation
6	committing such a violation into compliance
7	with those commitments."; and
8	(4) by adding at the end the following new sub-
9	section:
10	"(c) Reporting Consecutive Noncompliance.—If
11	the President in consecutive reports submitted to the Con-
12	gress under this section reports that any designated nation
13	is not in full compliance with its binding nonproliferation
14	commitments to the United States, then the President shall
15	include in the second such report an assessment of what
16	actions are necessary to compensate for such violations.".
17	(b) Reporting on Demarches.—(1) It is the sense
18	of the Congress that the Department of State should, in the
19	course of implementing its reporting responsibilities under
20	section 602(c) of the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Act of 1978,
21	include a summary of demarches that the United States has
22	issued or received from foreign governments with respect to
23	activities which are of significance from the proliferation
24	standpoint.

1	(2) For purposes of this section, the term "demarche"
2	means any official communication by one government to
3	another, by written or oral means, intended by the originat-
4	ing government to express—
5	(A) a concern over a past, present, or possible fu-
6	ture action or activity of the recipient government, or
7	of a person within the jurisdiction of that govern-
8	ment, contributing to the global spread of
9	unsafeguarded special nuclear material or of nuclear
10	explosive devices;
11	(B) a request for the recipient government to
12	counter such action or activity; or
13	(C) both the concern and request described in
14	subparagraphs (A) and (B).
15	(c) Repeal.—Section 52 of the Arms Control and Dis-
16	armament Act (22 U.S.C. 2592), as in effect before the en-
17	actment of this Act, is hereby repealed.
18	SEC. 1329. TECHNICAL CORRECTION.
19	Section 133 b. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42
20	U.S.C. 2160c) is amended by striking "20 kilograms" and
21	inserting "5 kilograms".
22	SEC. 1330. DEFINITIONS.
23	For purposes of this subtitle—
24	(1) the term "goods or technology" means nu-
25	clear materials and equipment and sensitive nuclear

- technology (as such terms are defined in section 4 of the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Act of 1978), all export items designated by the President pursuant to section 309(c) of the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Act of 1978, and all technical assistance requiring authorization under section 57 b. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954;
 - (2) the term "IAEA safeguards" means the safeguards set forth in an agreement between a country and the International Atomic Energy Agency, as authorized by Article III(A)(5) of the Statute of the International Atomic Energy Agency;
 - (3) the term "nuclear explosive device" means any device, whether assembled or disassembled, that is designed to produce an instantaneous release of an amount of nuclear energy from special nuclear material that is greater than the amount of energy that would be released from the detonation of one pound of trinitrotoluene (TNT);
 - (4) the term "non-nuclear-weapon state" means any country which is not a nuclear-weapon state, as defined by Article IX (3) of the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, signed at Washington, London, and Moscow on July 1, 1968;

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1	(5) the term ''special nuclear material'' has the
2	meaning given that term in section 11 aa. of the
3	Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2014aa); and
4	(6) the term "unsafeguarded special nuclear ma-
5	terial" means special nuclear material which is held
6	in violation of IAEA safeguards or not subject to
7	IAEA safeguards (excluding any quantity of material
8	that could, if it were exported from the United States,
9	be exported under a general license issued by the Nu-
10	clear Regulatory Commission).
11	SEC. 1331. EFFECTIVE DATE.
12	The provisions of this subtitle, and the amendments
13	made by this subtitle, shall take effect 60 days after the date
	of the enactment of this Act.
14	of the officerness of this rice.
14 15	Subtitle C—International Atomic
15	Subtitle C—International Atomic
15 16 17	Subtitle C—International Atomic Energy Agency
15 16 17 18	Subtitle C—International Atomic Energy Agency SEC. 1341. BILATERAL AND MULTILATERAL INITIATIVES.
15 16 17 18 19	Subtitle C—International Atomic Energy Agency SEC. 1341. BILATERAL AND MULTILATERAL INITIATIVES. It is the sense of the Congress that in order to maintain
115 116 117 118 119 220	Subtitle C—International Atomic Energy Agency SEC. 1341. BILATERAL AND MULTILATERAL INITIATIVES. It is the sense of the Congress that in order to maintain and enhance international confidence in the effectiveness of
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Subtitle C—International Atomic Energy Agency SEC. 1341. BILATERAL AND MULTILATERAL INITIATIVES. It is the sense of the Congress that in order to maintain and enhance international confidence in the effectiveness of IAEA safeguards and in other multilateral undertakings to
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Subtitle C—International Atomic Energy Agency SEC. 1341. BILATERAL AND MULTILATERAL INITIATIVES. It is the sense of the Congress that in order to maintain and enhance international confidence in the effectiveness of IAEA safeguards and in other multilateral undertakings to halt the global proliferation of nuclear weapons, the United

- 1 (1) build international support for the principle 2 that nuclear supply relationships must require pur-3 chasing nations to agree to full-scope international 4 safeguards;
 - (2) encourage each nuclear-weapon state within the meaning of the Treaty to undertake a comprehensive review of its own procedures for declassifying information relating to the design or production of nuclear explosive devices and to investigate any measures that would reduce the risk of such information contributing to nuclear weapons proliferation;
 - (3) encourage the deferral of efforts to produce weapons-grade nuclear material for large-scale commercial uses until such time as safeguards are developed that can detect, on a timely and reliable basis, the diversion of significant quantities of such material for nuclear explosive purposes;
 - (4) pursue greater financial support for the implementation and improvement of safeguards from all IAEA member nations with significant nuclear programs, particularly from those nations that are currently using or planning to use weapons-grade nuclear material for commercial purposes;

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1	(5) arrange for the timely payment of annual fi-
2	nancial contributions by all members of the IAEA,
3	including the United States;
4	(6) pursue a prohibition on international com-
5	merce in highly enriched uranium for use in research
6	reactors while encouraging multilateral cooperation to
7	develop and to use low-enriched alternative nuclear
8	fuels;
9	(7) oppose efforts by non-nuclear-weapon states
10	to develop or use unsafeguarded nuclear fuels for pur-
11	poses of naval propulsion;
12	(8) pursue an international open skies arrange-
13	ment that would authorize the IAEA to operate sur-
14	veillance aircraft and would facilitate IAEA access to
15	satellite information for safeguards verification pur-
16	poses;
17	(9) develop an institutional means for IAEA
18	member nations to share intelligence material with
19	the IAEA on possible safeguards violations without
20	compromising national security or intelligence
21	sources or methods;
22	(10) require any exporter of a sensitive nuclear
23	facility or sensitive nuclear technology to a non-nu-

clear-weapon state to notify the IAEA prior to export

1	and to require safeguards over that facility or tech-
2	nology, regardless of its destination; and
3	(11) seek agreement among the parties to the
4	Treaty to apply IAEA safeguards in perpetuity and
5	to establish new limits on the right to withdraw from
6	the Treaty.
7	SEC. 1342. IAEA INTERNAL REFORMS.
8	In order to promote the early adoption of reforms in
9	the implementation of the safeguards responsibilities of the
10	IAEA, the Congress urges the President to negotiate with
11	other nations and groups of nations, including the IAEA
12	Board of Governors and the Nuclear Suppliers Group, to—
13	(1) improve the access of the IAEA within nu-
14	clear facilities that are capable of producing, process-
15	ing, or fabricating special nuclear material suitable
16	for use in a nuclear explosive device;
17	(2)(A) facilitate the IAEA's efforts to meet and
18	to maintain its own goals for detecting the diversion
19	of nuclear materials and equipment, giving particu-
20	lar attention to facilities in which there are bulk
21	quantities of plutonium; and
22	(B) if it is not technically feasible for the IAEA
23	to meet those detection goals in a particular facility,
24	require the IAEA to declare publicly that it is unable
25	to do so:

- 1 (3) enable the IAEA to issue fines for violations 2 of safeguards procedures, to pay rewards for informa-3 tion on possible safeguards violations, and to establish 4 a 'hot line' for the reporting of such violations and 5 other illicit uses of weapons-grade nuclear material;
 - (4) establish safeguards at facilities engaged in the manufacture of equipment or material that is especially designated or prepared for the processing, use, or production of special fissionable material or, in the case of non-nuclear-weapon states, of any nuclear explosive device;
 - (5) establish safeguards over nuclear research and development activities and facilities;
 - (6) implement special inspections of undeclared nuclear facilities, as provided for under existing safeguards procedures, and seek authority for the IAEA to conduct challenge inspections on demand at suspected nuclear sites;
 - (7) expand the scope of safeguards to include tritium, uranium concentrates, and nuclear waste containing special fissionable material, and increase the scope of such safeguards on heavy water;
 - (8) revise downward the IAEA's official minimum amounts of nuclear material ("significant quantity") needed to make a nuclear explosive device

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1	and establish these amounts as national rather than
2	facility standards;
3	(9) expand the use of full-time resident IAEA in-
4	spectors at sensitive fuel cycle facilities;
5	(10) promote the use of near real time material
6	accountancy in the conduct of safeguards at facilities
7	that use, produce, or store significant quantities of
8	special fissionable material;
9	(11) develop with other IAEA member nations
10	an agreement on procedures to expedite approvals of
11	visa applications by IAEA inspectors;
12	(12) provide the IAEA the additional funds,
13	technical assistance, and political support necessary
14	to carry out the goals set forth in this subsection; and
15	(13) make public the annual safeguards imple-
16	mentation report of the IAEA, establishing a public
17	registry of commodities in international nuclear com-
18	merce, including dual-use goods, and creating a pub-
19	lic repository of current nuclear trade control laws,
20	agreements, regulations, and enforcement and judicial
21	actions by IAEA member nations.
22	SEC. 1343. REPORTING REQUIREMENT.
23	(a) Report Required.—The President shall, in the
24	report required by section 601(a) of the Nuclear Non-Pro-
25	liferation Act of 1978, describe—

1	(1) the steps he has taken to implement sections
2	1341 and 1342, and
3	(2) the progress that has been made and the ob-
4	stacles that have been encountered in seeking to meet
5	the objectives set forth in sections 1341 and 1342.
6	(b) Contents of Report.—Each report under para-
7	graph (1) shall describe—
8	(1) the bilateral and multilateral initiatives that
9	the President has taken during the period since the
10	enactment of this Act in pursuit of each of the objec-
11	tives set forth in sections 1341 and 1342;
12	(2) any obstacles that have been encountered in
13	the pursuit of those initiatives;
14	(3) any additional initiatives that have been
15	proposed by other countries or international organi-
16	zations to strengthen the implementation of IAEA
17	safeguards;
18	(4) all activities of the Federal Government in
19	support of the objectives set forth in sections 1341 and
20	1342;
21	(5) any recommendations of the President on ad-
22	ditional measures to enhance the effectiveness of IAEA
23	safeguards; and

1	(6) any initiatives that the President plans to
2	take in support of each of the objectives set forth in
3	sections 1341 and 1342.
4	SEC. 1344. DEFINITIONS.
5	As used in this subtitle—
6	(1) the term "highly enriched uranium" means
7	uranium enriched to 20 percent or more in the iso-
8	tope U–235;
9	(2) the term "IAEA" means the International
10	Atomic Energy Agency;
11	(3) the term "near real time material account-
12	ancy" means a method of accounting for the location,
13	quantity, and disposition of special fissionable mate-
14	rial at facilities that store or process such material,
15	in which verification of peaceful use is continuously
16	achieved by means of frequent physical inventories
17	and the use of in-process instrumentation;
18	(4) the term "special fissionable material" has
19	the meaning given that term by Article XX(1) of the
20	Statute of the International Atomic Energy Agency,
21	done at the Headquarters of the United Nations or
22	October 26, 1956;
23	(5) the term ''the Treaty'' means the Treaty or
24	the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, signed as

1	Washington, London, and Moscow on July 1, 1968,
2	and
3	(6) the terms "IAEA safeguards", "non-nuclear-
4	weapon state", "nuclear explosive device", and "spe-
5	cial nuclear material" have the meanings given those
6	terms in section 1330 of this Act.
7	TITLE XIV—CROATIA
8	SEC. 1401. FINDINGS.
9	The Congress finds that—
10	(a) The international boundaries between the
11	independent countries of the former Yugoslavia are
12	the same as the internal borders among the constitu-
13	ent republics of the former Yugoslavia as specified in
14	the 1974 Yugoslav Federal Constitution (except with
15	regard to the border between Serbia and Montenegro,
16	and cannot be altered without the consent of all coun-
17	tries concerned.
18	(b) The Government of Croatia is violating the
19	sovereignty of Bosnia-Hercegovina by sending thou-
20	sands of Croatian troops to Hercegovina, ostensibly to
21	counter an offensive against ethnic Coratian civilians
22	by Bosnian Government forces.
23	(c) Croatian forces are interfering with United
24	Nations peacekeeping operations, including the deliv-
25	ery of humanitarian aid to Bosnia-Hercegovina.

1 SEC. 1402. POLICY TOWARDS CROATIA.

2	It is the sense of the Senate that the President should
3	consider taking the following actions—
4	(a) Instruct the United States Executive Director
5	or representative at all international financial insti-
6	tutions of which the United States is a member to
7	vote against all loans except for loans directed at pro-
8	grams which serve basic human needs to Croatia;
9	(b) Provide no assistance to Croatia (except for
10	humanitarian and refugee assistance);
11	(c) Make no sales to Croatia of any kind of mili-
12	tary equipment;
13	(d) Prohibit the licensing of commercial military
14	sales to Croatia;
15	(e) Provide no credits, and provide no guaran-
16	tees of any credits to Croatia;
17	(f) Prohibit the sale or transfer to Croatia of any
18	item subject to export controls by any agency of the
19	United States;
20	(g) Direct the Secretary of Transportation to re-
21	voke the right of any air carrier designated by the
22	Government of Croatia to provide service to the Unit-
23	ed States; and
24	(h) Negotiate comprehensive multilateral sanc-
25	tions pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 7 of the
26	United Nations Charter.

1	TITLE XV—UNITED STATES PAR-
2	TICIPATION IN UNITED NA-
3	TIONS PEACEKEEPING OPER-
4	ATIONS
5	SEC. 1501. COST ASSESSMENT REPORT REGARDING ANY
6	UNITED STATES PARTICIPATION IN ACTION
7	UNDER ARTICLE 42 OF THE UNITED NATIONS
8	CHARTER.
9	(a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection
10	(b), at least 15 days before—
11	(1) any obligation of funds for United States
12	participation in international peace operations, or
13	(2) any vote by the Security Council to take ac-
14	tion under Article 42 of the Charter of the United Na-
15	tions which would involve the use of United States
16	Armed Forces,
17	the President shall submit to the Committee on Foreign Re-
18	lations and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate
19	and the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee
20	on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report
21	containing a cost assessment of the participation of the
22	United States Armed Forces in those operations.
23	(b) Exception.—The period for submission of the re-
24	port specified in subsection (a) shall not apply if the Presi-

1	dent determines that an emergency exists which prevents
2	submission of the report in a timely manner.
3	(c) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the
4	term "United States participation in international peace
5	operations" means the use of the United States Armed
6	Forces—
7	(1) pursuant to, or consistent with, action taken
8	by the Security Council under Article 42 of the Char-
9	ter of the United Nations; or
10	(2) consistent with the United Nations Partici-
11	pation Act of 1945.
12	SEC. 1502. CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION REGARDING
1213	SEC. 1502. CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION REGARDING ANY UNITED STATES IMPLEMENTATION OF
13	ANY UNITED STATES IMPLEMENTATION OF
13 14	ANY UNITED STATES IMPLEMENTATION OF ARTICLE 43 OF THE UNITED NATIONS CHAR-
13 14 15 16	ANY UNITED STATES IMPLEMENTATION OF ARTICLE 43 OF THE UNITED NATIONS CHARTER.
13 14 15 16 17	ANY UNITED STATES IMPLEMENTATION OF ARTICLE 43 OF THE UNITED NATIONS CHAR- TER. (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection
13 14 15 16 17	ANY UNITED STATES IMPLEMENTATION OF ARTICLE 43 OF THE UNITED NATIONS CHARTER. (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b), at least 15 days before any agency or entity of the Unit-
13 14 15 16 17 18	ANY UNITED STATES IMPLEMENTATION OF ARTICLE 43 OF THE UNITED NATIONS CHARTER. (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b), at least 15 days before any agency or entity of the United States Government makes available armed forces, assist-
13 14 15 16 17 18	ANY UNITED STATES IMPLEMENTATION OF ARTICLE 43 OF THE UNITED NATIONS CHARTER. (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b), at least 15 days before any agency or entity of the United States Government makes available armed forces, assistance, or facilities to the United Nations under Article 43
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	ANY UNITED STATES IMPLEMENTATION OF ARTICLE 43 OF THE UNITED NATIONS CHARTER. (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b), at least 15 days before any agency or entity of the United States Government makes available armed forces, assistance, or facilities to the United Nations under Article 43 of the United Nations Charter, the President shall so notify
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	ANY UNITED STATES IMPLEMENTATION OF ARTICLE 43 OF THE UNITED NATIONS CHARTER. (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b), at least 15 days before any agency or entity of the United States Government makes available armed forces, assistance, or facilities to the United Nations under Article 43 of the United Nations Charter, the President shall so notify the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on

1	(b) Exception.—The period for notifying Congress in
2	subsection (a) shall not apply if the President determines
3	that an emergency exists which prevents making a notifica-
4	tion in a timely manner.
5	(c) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the
6	term "assistance" means assistance of any kind, including
7	the provision of logistical support and the grant of rights
8	of passage.
9	SEC. 1503. REPORT ON UNITED NATIONS PEACEKEEPING
10	ACTIVITIES.
11	Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of
12	this Act, and each year thereafter at the time of the Presi-
13	dent's budget submission to Congress, the Secretary of State,
13	
	after consultation with the heads of other relevant Federal
14	after consultation with the heads of other relevant Federal agencies (including the Department of Defense), shall sub-
14 15	
141516	agencies (including the Department of Defense), shall sub-
14 15 16 17	agencies (including the Department of Defense), shall sub- mit to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of
14 15 16 17 18	agencies (including the Department of Defense), shall sub- mit to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of
14 15 16 17 18	agencies (including the Department of Defense), shall sub- mit to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report on United States contributions to Unit-
14 15 16 17 18	agencies (including the Department of Defense), shall sub- mit to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report on United States contributions to Unit- ed Nations peacekeeping activities. Such report shall in-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	agencies (including the Department of Defense), shall sub- mit to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report on United States contributions to Unit- ed Nations peacekeeping activities. Such report shall in- clude—

1	(3) the amount of United States contributions
2	(assessed and voluntary) on an operation-by-oper-
3	ation basis; and
4	(4) an assessment of the effectiveness of ongoing
5	peacekeeping operations, their relevance to United
6	States national interests, the efforts by the United Na-
7	tions to resolve the relevant armed conflicts, and the
8	projected termination dates for such operations.
9	SEC. 1504. UNITED STATES PARTICIPATION IN UNITED NA-
10	TIONS PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS.
11	(a) Findings.—The Congress finds that—
12	(1) the President of the United States has as-
13	serted that reform of United Nations peacekeeping op-
14	erations is to be of the highest national priority in
15	furtherance of United States national security objec-
16	tives;
17	(2) at the direction of the President of the United
18	States the National Security Council is coordinating
19	a comprehensive review of United States policy to-
20	wards United Nations peacekeeping operations on
21	which the Congress of the United States is to be con-
22	sulted;
23	(3) in cooperation with the Congress of the Unit-
24	ed States, the purpose of the National Security Coun-
25	cil review is to reform policies and programs govern-

ing United States participation in United Nations
 operations;

(4) in conjunction with the President's review, the Majority Leader of the United States Senate has requested the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Senate Select Committee on Intelligence to examine thoroughly the proper role of United States troops in the post-Cold War world and the implications for United States foreign policy with the intent of enacting legislation, in cooperation with the President, regarding United States policy toward post-Cold War conflicts, United States involvement in peacekeeping operations, and of establishing a process to ensure proper accommodations of legislative and executive branch prerogatives in addressing such issues;

(5) such a process will embody sound constitutional principles and reflect the appropriate roles of the President and the Congress relating to the use of United States Armed Forces both in unilateral and multilateral operations in order for such operations to enjoy the support of both the executive and legislative branches and the American people; and

1	(6) the concerned committees of jurisdiction have
2	initiated a process of examination of the appropriate
3	use of United States Forces.
4	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress
5	that—
6	(1) the primacy of United States national secu-
7	rity interests with respect to United States participa-
8	tion in and support for United Nations peacekeeping
9	activities must be maintained;
10	(2) congressional oversight of United Nations
11	peacekeeping activities and other United Nations ac-
12	tivities must be strengthened;
13	(3) coordination between the executive and legis-
14	lative branches of Government regarding United
15	States participation in and support for United Na-
16	tions peacekeeping operations must be improved and
17	communication between the two branches prompt;
18	(4) the Congress should be notified in advance of
19	the intent to approve United Nations peacekeeping
20	operations;
21	(5) for United Nations peacekeeping operations
22	that would involve the participation of United States
23	combat forces, such notification should include de-
24	tailed information concerning command and control

1	arrangements for such forces, their military mission
2	and objectives, and their rules of engagement; and
3	(6) United States contributions to United Na-
4	tions peacekeeping activities must be fair and equi-
5	table.
	Attest:

Secretary.

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HR 2333 EAS——3

HR 2333 EAS——4

HR 2333 EAS——5

HR 2333 EAS——6

HR 2333 EAS——7

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